

PRICE ONE SHILLING

No. 129.

1877.

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A RETAIL LIST

OF

NEW

BEAUTIFUL & RARE

PLANTS

OFFERED BY

WILLIAM BULL,
F.L.S., F.R.G.S., F.Z.S., F.R.H.S., M.A.I., F.R.B.S.,
& M.S.A.,

Soc. Hort. BEROL., BRUXELL., ST. PETERSBURGH ET PARIS,
ET Soc. AGRIC. ET BOT. GANDAV. SOCIUS,

NEW PLANT MERCHANT,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA,

LONDON, S.W.

The following are some of the PRIZES won during last year by
WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

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GRAND HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITIONS at the
ROYAL AQUARIUM, WESTMINSTER, LONDON.

FIRST PRIZE, £9.

For SIX NEW AND RARE PLANTS never before exhibited in Europe.

FIRST PRIZE, £12.

For TWELVE NEW AND RARE PLANTS in or out of flower.

FIRST PRIZE, £12.

For TWELVE DISTINCT DRACÆNAS.

FIRST PRIZE, £6.

For TWELVE PLANTS suitable for the Dinner Table.

FIRST PRIZE, £12.

For TWELVE NEW PLANTS in or out of commerce.

FIRST PRIZE, £10.

For TWENTY FINE-FOLIAGED PLANTS.

FIRST PRIZE, £8.

For SIX NEW PLANTS not in commerce.

FIRST PRIZE, £4.

For THREE NEW PLANTS not in commerce.

FIRST PRIZE, £8.

For SIX NEW AND RARE PLANTS never before exhibited in Europe.

FIRST PRIZE, £6.

For THREE NEW AND RARE PLANTS never before exhibited in Europe.

FIRST PRIZE, £12.

For NINE FINE-FOLIAGED PLANTS.

FIRST PRIZE, £12.

For FOUR LARGE TREE FERNS.

FIRST PRIZE, £8.

For TWELVE DISTINCT PALMS in eight-inch pots.

FIRST PRIZE, £10.

For SIX DISTINCT PALMS, in sixteen-inch pots.

FIRST PRIZE, £8.

For SIX DISTINCT CROTONS

FIRST PRIZE, £10.

For TWELVE DISTINCT DRACÆNAS.

CONTINUATION OF PRIZES WON LAST YEAR.

International Exhibition at Brussels:—

First Prize—LARGE GOLD MEDAL,

For SIX NEW PLANTS, introduced into Europe by the Exhibitor, and not yet
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First Prize—GOLD MEDAL,

For THREE NEW PLANTS, introduced into Europe by the Exhibitor, and not
yet in commerce.

First Prize—LARGE SILVER-GILT MEDAL,

For NEW PALM not yet in commerce.

First Prize—LARGE SILVER-GILT MEDAL,

For NEW DRACÆNA not yet in commerce.

First Prize—LARGE SILVER-GILT MEDAL,

For THREE NEWLY-INTRODUCED ORNAMENTAL STOVE PLANTS.

In addition to the above Prizes at the Brussels Exhibition,

A LARGE GOLD MEDAL

Was awarded to Mr. WILLIAM BULL, for the scientific merit of his Collection.

GREAT SUMMER SHOW of the

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, LONDON.

FIRST PRIZE, £6.

For TWELVE NEW PLANTS in or out of commerce; those in commerce sent
out in 1874, 1875 or 1876.

FIRST PRIZE, £7.

For TWENTY FINE FOLIAGE PLANTS.

FIRST PRIZE, £6.

For TWELVE DISTINCT DRACÆNAS.

FIRST PRIZE, £4.

For SIX NEW PLANTS exhibited for the first time in England.

Exhibition of the

ROYAL BOTANIC SOCIETY, LONDON.

FIRST PRIZE, £6.

For TWELVE DISTINCT DRACÆNAS.

GRAND INTERNATIONAL HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION at

DUNDEE.

FIRST PRIZE, £20.

For TWELVE NEW PLANTS not yet in commerce.

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE IS NOW OFFERING FOR THE FIRST TIME MANY

BEAUTIFUL PLANTS,

WHICH ARE

PERFECTLY NEW TO THIS COUNTRY,

COMPRISING INTRODUCTIONS FROM

MADAGASCAR, PERU, JAVA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,
NEW CALEDONIA, ST. CATHERINE'S, RIO NEGRO, NICARAGUA,
UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA, COSTA-RICA, PARA, NATAL,
JAPAN, ASCENSION, SOUTH SEA AND FIJI ISLANDS, &c., &c.

AN INSPECTION OF WHICH IS INVITED.

THE PRINCE CONSORT'S GOLD MEDAL,

THE LINDLEY MEDAL,

MANY GOLD MEDALS,

AND

UPWARDS OF ONE THOUSAND PRIZES

AND AWARDS

HAVE BEEN MADE TO

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS ALONE,

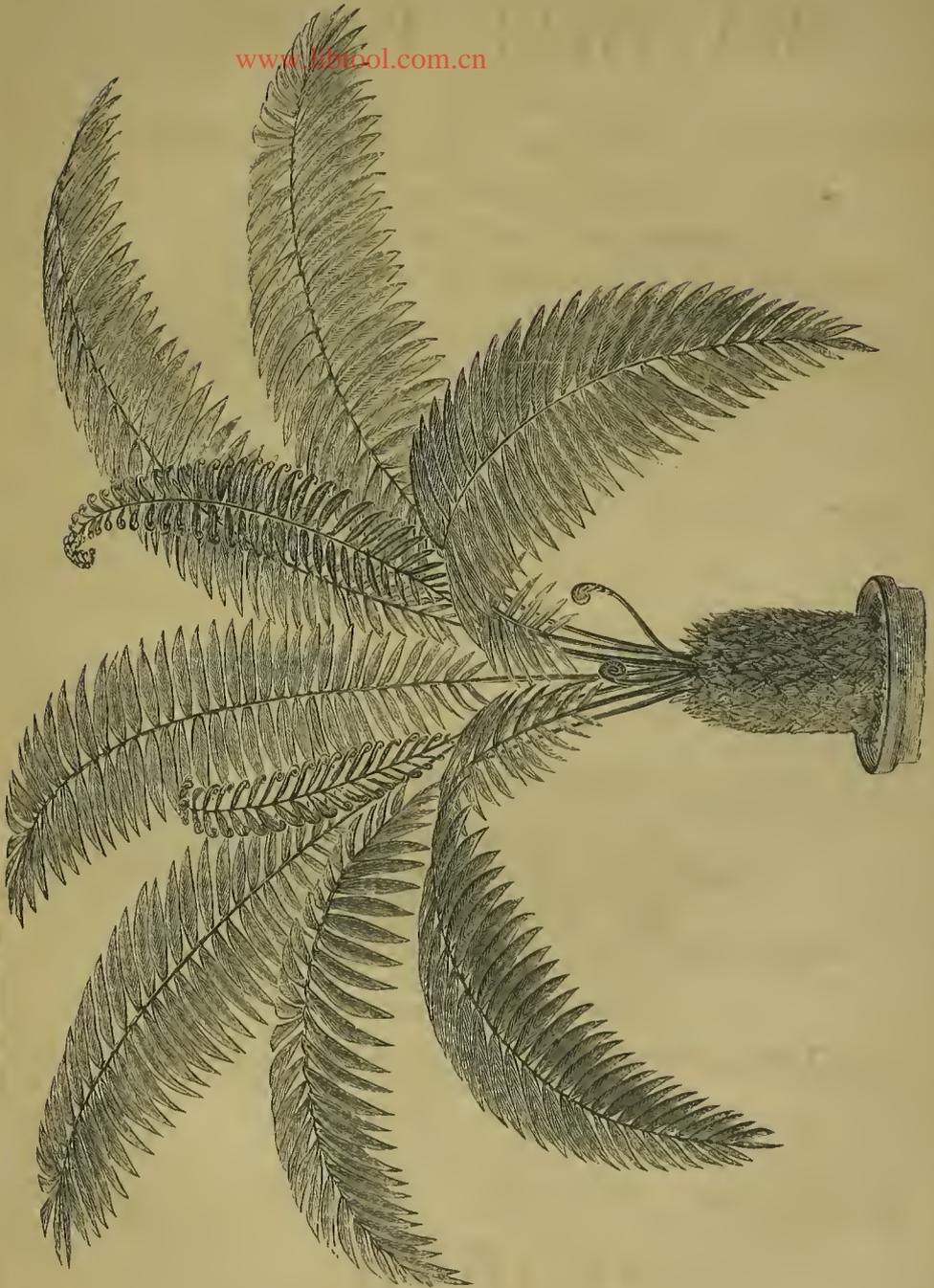
AT THE PRINCIPAL LONDON AND INTERNATIONAL FLOWER SHOWS.

Mr. W. BULL mentions this as conveying some idea of the importance of his collection.

Mr. W. BULL begs to intimate that Ladies and Gentlemen possessing plants that have grown too large for their houses, can have them exchanged at his Establishment for New Plants.

Mr. W. B. wishes to remark that his attention is especially directed to the introduction of New, Rare and Beautiful Plants, and that he will be happy to make arrangements with *Botanists* or *Naturalists* going abroad for the transmission of *Plants, Seeds, &c.*; and will be glad to purchase or make arrangements for the sending out of any first-rate *Seedling varieties of Plants* that may be raised by *Amateurs* or *Gardeners* in this country.

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LOMARIA DALGAIRSTIÆ.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.

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MACROZAMIA MACKENZII.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.

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ARALIA FILICIFOLIA.

For description and price, *vide* page 3

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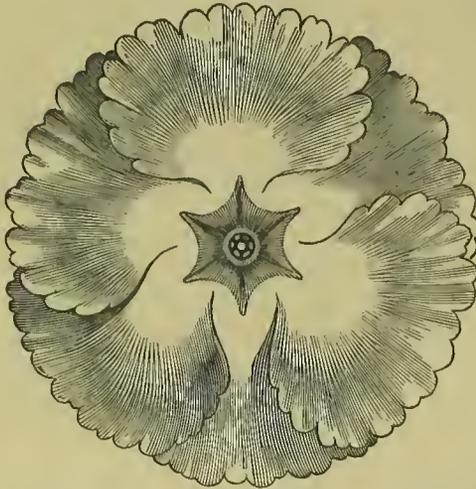
PHŒNIX RUPICOLA.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.



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PRIZE STRAINS
OF
PRIMULA SINENSIS.



PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA.

SEED of Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S select and unrivalled strain of this useful and favourite plant is now offered in mixture containing all the new and most distinct colours and varieties; the many unsolicited testimonials received at Mr. W. BULL'S Establishment point conclusively to the fact of its being appreciated among growers as an unequalled strain. To distinguish this from the ordinary mixture of P. Alba and Rubra usually supplied, Mr. W. B. designates this choice mixture as "**Bull's Premier Mixture.**" 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

From Mr. T. GODFREY, Gardener to Lady JOLLIFFE, Southwood House, St. Lawrence.

"From the Primula seed I had from you I have such a variety of colour I never saw before, white, violet, pink, a beautiful rose, lilac, and a brick red, without exception I never saw their equal."

From Mr. WYNN, Gardener to J. R. LOWE, Esq., Wothorpe, Stamford.

"The strain of Primula seed I had from you last spring have turned out to be extremely fine, many of the single flowers being about the size of a Crown piece, the colours being exceedingly rich."

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA ALBA } Extra choice.
PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA RUBRA }

Mr. WILLIAM BULL, has the greatest confidence in offering this seed, knowing that the produce cannot be excelled, it having been saved from one of the finest strains in cultivation, the flowers being remarkable for size, brightness of colour, and substance, while in general habit the plant leaves nothing to be desired. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

From Mr. R. EVANS, The Hall Gardens, Bushey.

“Your Primulas were all that one could wish for, fine flowers and robust growers, some of the plants were nearly two feet through.”

From Mr. APPLIN, Gardener to H. J. SIMONDS, Esq., Caversham.

“I have had your strain of Primula admired by several gardeners.”

From Mr. E. ABBOTT, Nurseryman, Ardleigh, Essex.

“Your Primulas I am blooming now are a splendid strain. I hope you will send me some again.”

From Mr. WM. H. HALL, Florist, Truro.

“The Primulas from your seed turned out splendid, the Fern-leaved were very large and good quality, the best lot I have seen in Cornwall for many years.”

From Mr. E. COOLING, Nurseryman, &c., Derby.

“Your Primulas were first rate here this season.”

From Mr. S. STRAHAN, Gardener to P. CROWLEY, Esq., Waddon House, Croydon.

“I am pleased to tell you I have always had the best plants and flowers from your Primula seeds.”

From Mr. S. HYSLOP, Gardener to JOHN MUSGRAVE, Esq., “Ferns,” Bolton.

“The Primulas we had from you last year were really fine.”

From Mr. STEPHEN BROWN, Nurseryman, Weston-super-mare.

“The Primulas, both red and white, which I have been having from you several seasons past I have found a very good strain.”

From Mr. ROWDON, The Gardens, Round Croft, Cheshunt.

“Your Primulas have turned out remarkably good, the edges of the flowers being elegantly fringed, and of good substance, size, and colour, the habit is also very good.”

From Mr. HENRY SEXSTONE, The Gardens, Blunsdon Abbey, Wilts.

“The Primula seed which you have supplied us with for the last two or three years has given great satisfaction.”

P. SINENSIS FIMBR. FILICIFOLIA ALBA } (extra choice).
P. SINENSIS FIMBR. FILICIFOLIA RUBRA }

These two varieties of the fern-leaved section possess most elegantly-fringed edges, and are offered with the greatest confidence. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

From Mr. C. SMITH, Gardener to Sir A. E. GUINNESS, Bt., Clontarf, Dublin.

“I was much pleased with all the Primula seed I got from you: they are truly superb. The filicifolia alba and rubra are most remarkable; the foliage is exquisite, with flowers so well thrown up above.”

From Mr. H. MORGAN, Gardener to Coln. LANE, Broad Oak, Bexhill.

“The Primula seed (Fern-leaved) turned out distinct and beautiful, its habit close and compact, flowers all a florist could wish; our ladies have been wearing the leaflets with Euphorbia Jacquinæflora as head-dress, in preference to maiden-hair fern.”

From Mr. G. STEVENS, Gardener to Sir ROBERT AFFLECK, Bt., Dalham Hall, Newmarket.

“The strain of Primula was very good indeed.”

From Mr. J. RUSSELL, Florist, Humberston Road, Leicester.

“I can highly recommend the quality of your Primula seed.”

From Messrs. W. F. MASSEY & Co., Waverley, Baltimore, U.S. America.

“I never saw Primula seed come so well as the last I had from you.”

From Mr. HUGH ELLIOTT, Gardener to W. G. BATESON, Esq., New Hays, near Liverpool.

“The Primula seeds which I received Feb. 9th, 1876, both white, pink, and carmine, have turned out very fine.”

From Mr. W. HARRISON, Gardener to T. S. TAYLOR, Esq., Leicester Frith, Leicester.

“Your Fern-leaved Primula was when in bloom the most beautiful of any variety I ever had.”

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA KERMESINA
SPLENDENS. A fine variety, with rich crimson-coloured flowers. 1s. 6d.
and 2s. 6d. per packet.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA ALBA FL. PL. }
PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA ROSEA PL. PL. }

These double Primulas are a valuable acquisition, especially to cut from, as they do not drop their flowers, like the single varieties, 3s. 6d. and 5s. per packet.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA "VILLAGE MAID."
 White striped with rosy carmine. Splendid variety. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA, LILACINA ALBO MARGINATA. Lilac with white border, very distinct and beautiful. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

BEGONIA, from handsome-flowered hybrids. The Begonia from which this seed was saved are new kinds of the handsome flowered bulbous-rooted section, many of them not yet sent out, and having been again hybridised, must give striking novelties of great merit. The flowers that this seed will produce will be of gigantic size, many of them as much as two inches in length by three inches in breadth; and the colours exceedingly varied, embracing crimson, orange, pink, carmine, salmon, orange-scarlet, cinnamon, blush, lake, rose, vermilion, with various intermediate shades. 2s. 6d. per packet.

CALCEOLARIA, HERBACEOUS extra choice hybridised. Saved from a collection of the most beautiful and varied flowers, of excellent form and substance, and including almost every shade of colour, exquisitely spotted and blotched. The plants from which the seed now offered was saved were of compact habit, the foliage retaining a healthy green colour throughout the season. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

CINERARIA, extra choice mixed. Saved from a collection unsurpassed for richness and variety of colour, perfection of form, and excellence of habit. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, extra choice mixed. This has been saved from one of the finest prize collections extant, and is of a very different description to the Cyclamen seed ordinarily sold. It may be expected to produce the largest feathered and all the best varieties peculiar to this family; the colours of the flowers embracing pink, carmine, blush, rose, and purple, together with the mottled and striped flowers so rarely to be met with. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per packet.

	PER PACKET.
	s. d.
AURICULA, ALPINE, from the best flowers	2 6
GLOXINIA, extra choice mixed, from the splendid new varieties enumerated in Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Plant Catalogue...	1s. 6d. and 2 6
MYOSOTIS DISSITIFLORA	1 0
PANSY, FANCY, extra choice, from the most distinctly blotched and striped varieties	1s. 6d. and 2 6
PANSY, SHOW, extra choice mixed, from the best named varieties including dark self, yellow and white ground varieties	1s. 6d. and 2 6
PELARGONIUM, IVY-LEAVED, various colours mixed	2 6

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

Establishment for New and Rare Plants,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.

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COLEUS PICTUS.

For description and price, *vide* page 3.

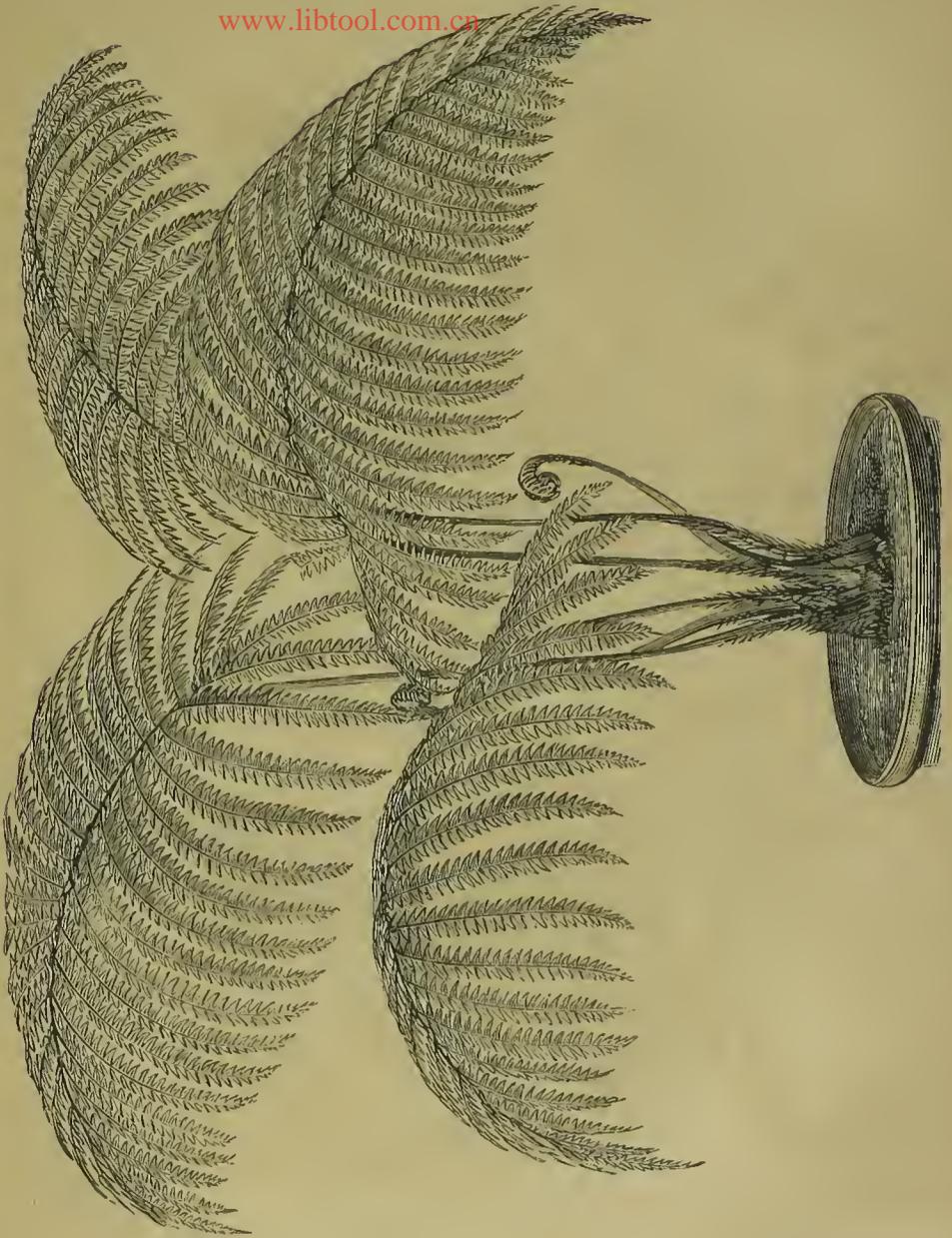
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CURMERIA WALLISII.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.

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SADLERIA CYATHOIDES.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.

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DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.

For description, *vide* page 9

NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME

www.libtool.com.cn

BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA.

An ornamental-leaved stove plant, of the first rank, graceful in habit, and well-furnished with foliage, and altogether one of the most valuable decorative plants of its family. It is a native of the South Sea Islands. The stem and the leaf-stalks are purplish, thickly marked with oblong white spots; the leaf stalks are sheathing at the base, and terete in the upper part, expanding into a broad leafy limb which is impari-pinnately divided; the pinnae themselves are of a bright green with a purplish costa, opposite, and deeply pinnatifid. This plant is the same with that which was exhibited at the Brussels International Exhibition under the name of *Aralia spectabilis*. For illustration, *vide* page III. 1 guinea.

ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA.

A stove plant of distinct aspect. It has erect fleshy stems, which are scabrous on the surface, and conspicuously coloured red at the nodes. The leaf-stalks are pubescent, and bear a cordate-ovate leaf-blade, which is bullate on the upper surface, deep sap green, having whilst young the appearance of being frosted over with silver-gray. It has been introduced from the United States of Colombia through my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth. 10s. 6d.

CHAMÆDOREA EBURNEA.

A distinct Palm of very effective habit, introduced from the United States of Colombia through my collector, Mr. Carder. The stems and petioles are perfectly smooth and somewhat glaucous, the laminae in the young plants are broad and bilobed, but as the plants develop they break up into broadish segments of a very bright cheerful green colour, which contrasts well with the ivory-white mid-rib which runs through the blade, and is apparent both on the upper and under surface. This, which is a well-marked feature, is a prominent peculiarity of the plant. 10s. 6d.

COLEUS PICTUS.

This distinct and attractive plant has been introduced from Duke of York Island. Its divers colours are curiously blended and very effective, the leaves, which have a green ground, being more or less but variably flushed with yellow in irregular patches; the leaves are also marked in the direction of the veins with longitudinal bars, varying in size and outline, of a rich chocolate brown, which where it meets the parts flushed with yellow, assumes a reddish-brown hue. The marginal teeth are bordered with chocolate colour. These peculiar markings, and the unusual form of the leaves, give the plant a bizarre and curious appearance. For illustration, *vide* page V. 10s. 6d.

CROTON HENDERSONI.

This is a highly effective plant. The leaves are oblong-obovate with a short acuminate point. The ground colour is a very deep green, the principal veins being marked by bright yellow lines, interlacing near the edge, where, and especially near the point, the surface is chiefly yellow, with irregular small green spots. The midrib forms a brownish yellow band. The green spaces between the yellow veins are more or less freckled with yellow. It is one of the many forms which have come to us from the South Sea Islands. 1½ guinea.

CROTON REX.

A remarkably attractive and handsome variety introduced from the South Sea Islands. The predominant colour throughout the leaves is bright crimson, indeed it is the best of the red-coloured series. The drooping strap-shaped leaves are of a bronzy green ground colour, with conspicuous rich crimson midrib, the margins sometimes undulated, and the laminae occasionally spirally twisted for two or three turns. The younger leaves are veined and spotted with yellow, which colour changes to reddish crimson as they acquire age, rendering the plant extremely effective. 1 and 1½ guinea.

CURMERIA WALLISII.

A dwarf-growing stove plant, of distinct aspect, and very ornamental in character. The leaves are spreading, and marked with very irregular dark green maculations, some running out from the green costa, and others situated near the edge. The intermediate spaces are furnished with broadish patches of very pale yellowish green, which in the more matured leaves becomes a greenish-gray. The colours are about equally dispersed, though the marking is very irregular, both as to the size and form of the blotches. Introduced from the United States of Colombia. For illustration, *vide* page VI. 1 guinea.

CYCAS MEDIA.

One of the noblest forms of Cycads yet introduced to our gardens. The trunk is both stout and tall, cylindrical, and tolerably even in outline, but slightly contracted at intervals by shallow annular depressions, which mark the different stages of growth, the surface closely dotted by the scar-like marks which indicate the places whence leaves have been removed. This stem produces a grand head of leaves, which are of large size, and somewhat variable in form and character in different specimens. The leaves are elliptic-lanceolate, pinnately parted, with very numerous linear acuminate segments, the lower of which are abbreviated and pass into spines. The petiole and rachis are nearly plane on the upper side, and convex beneath. This fine species comes from intertropical New Holland, and although not before described, Mr. W. B. first introduced and sold it in 1874, and therefore it must be considered an introduction of that year. Trunks of various sizes, ranging from 1 to 13 feet high. Prices on application.

CYCAS PLUMA.

A distinct Indian Cycad, from the Presidency of Madras, remarkable for its plume-like leaves of a bright green colour. The leaf-stalks are green, quite smooth, terete, or very slightly compressed vertically; the blade is lanceolate and pinnatisect; the segments are linear acute and slightly decurrent, the central ones about four inches long, set on, at about half-an-inch apart, to the smooth rachis, which is convex both above and below. A few of the lower segments are shorter, and below these are a few pairs of short stiff deflexed spines. From its elegant form and pleasing colour, this novel Indian Cycad cannot fail to be a favourite. Price on application.

CYPRIPEDIUM DRURYI.

A distinct and handsome new species of *Lady's Slipper*, introduced from the South Travancore Mountains, in India. It has green ligulate leaves, from amongst which rise the purple villose peduncles, each bearing a solitary yellow flower, of which the sepal is bluntly ovate, the petals bluntly oblong, all striped with a dark purple central band, while the sacculate lip is clear yellow. It is one of the most interesting of the many species now known. 3 guineas.

DIEFFENBACHIA CHELSONI.

A very handsome stove plant, obtained by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in the United States of Colombia. The colour of the leaves is a dark satiny green, the costa marked with a gray band, which runs out into a feathered edge, and extends about one-third across each half of the blade, the surface of which is also freely spotted and blotched with bright yellow green for about two-thirds of its breadth, the spots distinct or coalescing into patches of irregular form. The well-marked contrast between the three colours renders the leaf variegation very effective. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA VELUTINA.

A charming stove plant, introduced from the United States of Colombia. It has a dark green stem, the short green internodes of which contrast well with the ivory-coloured sheathing base of the petioles, which are indistinctly spotted with a pallid brownish green. The leaf-blade is elliptic-oblong, its surface of a bright glossy or satiny green, and hence it will be very effective and telling in the composition of ornamental groups. 10s. 6d.

DIPLADENIA ORNATA.

A very fine variety of this useful and effective class of stove climbers. It produces fine large flowers of a rich crimson colour beautifully suffused with violet. 15s.

DIPLADENIA REGINA.

An extremely beautiful early-flowering variety, the best of all the light coloured Dipladenias; it is of neat growth and remarkably free habit; the flowers are blush on first opening, and change afterwards to a most delicate flesh colour, the throat being suffused with rose; they are of good round shape, the lobes well formed and of great substance. 1 guinea.

DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII.

A stout free-growing arborescent Fern from the Sandwich Islands, and consequently requiring stove heat. The fronds are of a broad or triangular outline, the pinnae oblong acuminate, and the pinnules of the same form and cut into close-set lobes, bearing the duplex sori which are characteristic of *Diplazium*. It is a large growing plant, and consequently well adapted for clothing masses of bold rockwork in warm plant houses. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA AMPLIATA.

A pretty and effective variety, with distinctly marked foliage; the lanceolate leaves are of a rich green colour, variably striped, suffused and margined with creamy white, rose and crimson. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA CRUENTA.

A very fine bold-habited variety, of free robust growth; the leaves are oblong-acuminate in form, of a dark bronze colour, attractively flaked and striped with rose and deep crimson; extremely ornamental and effective. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA MINIATA.

This variety has fine bold gracefully arching oblong-acuminate leaves, of a rich bronzy green colour, margined and flaked with bright rosy crimson; it is of neat and compact habit. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA MIRABILIS.

The leaves of this showy variety are very gracefully recurved; they are oblong-lanceolate in form, and of a bronzy green colour, margined with bright crimson rose; some of the leaves are very much suffused with rosy crimson. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA NIVALIS.

A neat habited variety, with elegant drooping leaves, of a bright green colour, margined with ivory white; the white marking extending down to the edges of the petioles. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA ROBINSONIANA.

This distinct *Dracæna* has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has long lanceolate-acuminate leaves, which are elegantly arched. They are of a light green ground colour, variously striped and marked with dark bronzy green and brownish crimson; the leaf-stalks are also striped with brownish crimson. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA ROSEO-PERFECTA.

Extremely elegant lanceolate-acuminate leaves, of a bright bronzy green colour, broadly margined and striped with rich crimson; the younger foliage is creamy white, suffused with purplish rose; a very showy and attractive variety. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA RUBESCENS.

This variety has very gracefully recurved lanceolate leaves, of a deep olive green colour, with distinct margin of rich rosy crimson; some of the younger leaves being tinged with rosy violet. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA TRIUMPHANS.

This variety is remarkable for the very dark colour of its narrow lanceolate leaves which appear to taper into the stalk by the incurving of the winged edges of the petiole, while in the upper part the blade assumes a half-channeled form. The colour is a black purple relieved by the glaucous line of the under surface and of the leaf-stalks, while the edges of the young leaves towards the centre are deeply edged with rose colour, which in combination with the dark body-colour has a peculiar purplish blush. It is a fine decorative plant, contrasting admirably with the numerous broad leaved varieties now grown. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA VESTALIS.

A variety of graceful habit with long lanceolate acuminate leaves of a rich green colour, distinctly margined with white, the white marking extending down the edges of the petiole. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA VIVICANS.

An ornamental variety with very long and narrow leaves of a dark bronzy purple colour, edged with bright rose, and occasionally suffused with the same colour. 1 guinea.

DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES.

One of a series of curious tuberous-rooted Stove Plants, introduced from Antioquia, through my collector, Mr. Carder. From a fleshy root-stock rises the solitary leaf, the stalk of which is tall, stout, and scabrous at the base, tapering upwards, of a grayish white, with distinct blotches of a darkish brown colour running round them in irregular bands. The leaf is tripartite, the divisions winged, and bearing irregularly dichotomous leaflets of a bright green colour. 10s. 6d.

DRACONTIUM ANNULATUM.

Of similar habit to the foregoing, and also sent from Antioquia by Mr. Carder. The root-stock has many buds on the crown, and coarse fibrous roots below, and from this rises the stoutish erect petiole, which is of a dull umber-brown, mottled in irregular rings with pale brown and whitish-brown markings. The leaf-blade is three-branched and of a bright green, each division laterally branched on one side. 10s. 6d.

DRACONTIUM CARDERI.

This curious plant was introduced from Antioquia through my collector, Mr. Carder. It is of similar habit to the preceding, with a fleshy root-stock and tall erect leaf-stalk, which is slightly asperous near the base, of a dull flesh-colour and freely banded with irregular blotchy rings of an umber-brown hue, the flesh-colour predominating. The limb is tripartite, the divisions often twice dichotomous, with oblong segments and an irregularly winged rachis. 10s. 6d.

ENCEPHALARTOS HILDEBRANDII.

A grand addition to the family of Cyeads, requiring greenhouse culture. The leaves are particularly bold-looking, with spiny edges, the stipes being leafy to the base, and there clothed with close cobwebby hairs. The leaf-blade is lanceolate, with numerous pairs of pinnae or lobes, the lower pairs diminishing into trifid scales half an inch long; the larger segments are lanceolate, with distinct marginal and stronger and more crowded terminal teeth, there being often as many as six or eight crowded around the apex, and five or six distributed along each side. The plant is a native of Zanzibar. Price on application.

EUCALYPTUS CITRIODORA.

The pleasant fragrance of the foliage of this greenhouse plant renders it a desirable acquisition. The strong lemon-scent, which is emitted when the leaves are gently rubbed, is equally powerful and agreeable with that of the lemon-scented Verbena (*Aloysia citriodora*). The plant is of slender habit, with oblong leaves, clothed with glandular hairs, which give off the powerful and grateful odour above referred to. It is a native of Australia. 7s. 6d.

GYMNOGRAMMA MERTENSII DOBROYDENSIS.

A new form of Gold Fern, with the shortish triangular fronds, and irregular shaped pinnules of *G. Mertensii*, densely clothed with golden powder beneath, and partially so on the upper surface of the younger fronds. 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COLLERII.

A remarkably free and distinct variety, recently introduced from the South Sea Islands. The general habit of the plant, and the character of the ovate foliage entirely correspond with those of the type, but the flowers are of a buff-yellow, with a crimson-scarlet base, and are particularly handsome. Being of a free-blooming habit, it will be quite an acquisition amongst flowering stove plants. 15s.

IRIS ROBINSONIANA.

A very grand and distinct species, introduced from Lord Howe's Island, where by the natives it is called the Wedding Flower. It is a strong growing plant, with ensiform rigid leaves, and with flower spike 4 to 5 feet high, which expands into several flowering stems candelabrum-like, two, three and four flowers in succession being developed from each sheath. The expanded flower is of a pure white colour, except at the inner base of the outer and larger petals, which are marked by irregular lines of a bright golden yellow hue. The fully-developed flower measures 4 inches across. Probably the finest Irid yet known. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

LOMARIA DALGAINSIÆ.

A very fine greenhouse Fern of arborescent habit, possibly a form of *L. Boryana* (*magellanica*), and having something the aspect of that arborescent variety of this species which bears the name of *L. xanioides*. It has a blackish trunk which is shaggy at the apex with long subulate dark brown scales. The fronds are subcoriaceous, pinnate below, and pinnatifid above, the pinnae lanceolate acute, the lower ones tapered to the base but scarcely stalked, the upper adnate, and the uppermost decurrently confluent; the few lower pinnae are somewhat small, and below these are numerous abortive ones reduced to wart-like excrecences or callosities. They are dark green on the upper surface and paler beneath. It has been introduced from South Africa, and is a free-growing vigorous plant in a greenhouse temperature, and therefore a valuable acquisition. In the absence of fertile fronds, its glabrous surface and confluent upper pinnae point to the plant published by Dr. Pappe under the name here adopted. For illustration, *vide* page 1. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

MACROZAMIA MACKENZII.

One of the handsome Cyeads, which are found inhabiting the Australian Continent. It has been obtained from Queensland, and is a fine ornamental species. The leaves are ovate in outline, with numerous pairs of narrow tapering segments of a dark green colour, and 9 to 10 inches in length. The rachis is strongly convex behind, slightly so in front, with the segments of the central portion set out at about half an inch apart, the upper ones being more closely, the lower ones more distantly placed. For illustration, *vide* page II. 2, 3 and 5 guineas.

NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM.

An elegant free growing subarborescent stove Fern introduced from the Sandwich Islands. It is well figured by Gaudichaud in his account of the plants of Freycinet's voyage, and is quite distinct from the *N. truncatum (abruptum)* of gardens. It has a short erect caudex, with smooth green stipes. The fronds are large, lanceolate-ovate in outline, palish green in colour, of a firm membranaceous texture, and are chiefly remarkable in the pinnato-pinnatifid series for their elegantly wavy surface. 10s. 6d.

PANAX LACINIATUM.

An elegant and very distinct-habited stove plant from the islands of the South Sea. The leaves are tinted and indistinctly marked with pale olive brown, and form a rather complicated mass of narrow segments; they are bipinnate, nearly as broad as long, and have a drooping contour; and the pinnules or segments are very variable in size and form, presenting the appearance of a complex head of foliage in which the lanceolate lobes or pinnules have the preponderance. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

PHŒNIX RUPICOLA.

This is one of the most exquisitely graceful amongst the smaller Palms, and in elegance takes a similar place among Phœnices to what *Cocos Weddelliana* does among the species of *Cocos*. It is of acaulescent habit, with wide spreading arching pinnate leaves, having a slender rachis and very short petiole, which is dilated at the base and partially encircles the growing point. They are broadly lance-shaped in outline, with long narrow pinnae, the lower of which become gradually reduced to spines. The pinnae are channelled at the base, and appear to be attached by the folded base which joins on to the winged rachis, the wings being pressed together along the spaces between the pinnae and continued into the lamina. Some of the lower pinnae and spines are set on in contiguous pairs. It comes from India, and is a most valuable acquisition for collections of ornamental plants, amongst which it will occupy one of the foremost positions. For illustration, *vide* page IV. Small seedling plants, 10s. 6d.

PLECTRANTHUS FŒTIDUS.

An interesting hothouse plant, with thick tetragonal villose stems, and broadly ovate veiny rugose and hairy leaves, which are erenate at the margin. The flowers are produced in spike-like racemes, some two to three inches long, and somewhat branched, the corolla being three-times as long as the calyx, with the exerted tube deflexed in the middle. It is a native of tropical New Holland. 7s. 6d.

SADLERIA CYATHEOIDES.

A very handsome Tree Fern of moderate stature, introduced from the Sandwich Islands. The fronds are bold and of coriaceous texture; the pinnae cut down to the rachis into numerous linear pinnules. The sori form a continuous line on each side the midrib, in the way of *Blechnum*, to which genus it is closely related, differing technically in the fact of the veins forming a series of costal arches. For illustration, *vide* page VII. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

SMILAX SHUTTLEWORTHII.

An ornamental-leaved stove climber of free growth, and attaining a considerable height. The stem bears at intervals large cordate acuminate prettily marked leaves, which are seven-nerved, of a deep green colour, marked in the spaces between the nerves with confluent blotches of silvery gray. The younger leaves are purplish at the back, as are the ribs throughout. The leaf-stalks are curiously deflexed at the base, so that what appears to be the axil is at the back of the petiole, while the opposite side, which appears to be behind, in due course develops a young shoot, by which growth is extended. The plant was discovered by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in the United States of Colombia. 15s.

STANHOPEA SHUTTLEWORTHII.

An interesting species discovered in the United States of Colombia by the collector whose name it bears. It combines the colours of *Stanhopea Wardii* with the characters of *S. insignis*. The sepals, petals and basilar part of the lip are apricot-colour, with dark purplish blotches. The anterior part of the lip is whitish yellow. There are dark purplish spots on the anterior blade of the lip. Column whitish, with a green middle part, spotted purple inside. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

NEW IVY-LEAVED AND HYBRID IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS, WITH DOUBLE FLOWERS.

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- BIJOU**, an extremely attractive hybrid, producing large trusses of full double flowers of a rich bright scarlet colour. 10s. 6d.
- EMBLEM**, a beautiful hybrid, with pretty double flowers of a cerise pink colour slightly shaded with salmon; light centre. 10s. 6d.
- FINETTE**, blush white, the upper petals flushed with rose and feathered with dark crimson; a very fine, large and distinct flower. 7s. 6d.
- GAZELLE**, delicate blush with light rose tint; upper petals feathered with crimson; a very full double flower. 7s. 6d.
- IONA**, soft lavender with white centre, upper petals marked with purplish crimson; a large and beautiful flower. 7s. 6d.
- MARSHAL**, rich rosy cerise; a most attractive hybrid variety producing fine double flowers. 10s. 6d.
- NORMA**, a distinct variety, giving fine flowers of a deep lavender pink colour, the upper petals barred with violet crimson. 7s. 6d.
- ONDINE**, a very fine large flower of a soft rosy pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright carmine. 7s. 6d.
- RENOWN**, a magnificent hybrid, producing fine double flowers of a rich rosy carmine colour shaded with scarlet; exceedingly showy. 10s. 6d.
- ROSETTE**, soft rose shaded with mauve; a beautifully formed large rosette-like flower; the plant is of compact habit and very free blooming. 7s. 6d.
- SERAPH**, light mauve pink, the upper petals beautifully barred and feathered with rich dark crimson; flowers very full and double. 7s. 6d.
- VESTA**, fine large double flowers of a very delicate blush pink colour, the upper petals rayed with purplish crimson. 7s. 6d.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

- ALCMENA**, a fine variety, producing very large trusses of rich magenta crimson flowers. 5s.
- ALSATIA**, bright salmon flowers of large size and excellent form; a very effective variety. 5s.
- GASPAR**, a showy variety, giving fine large trusses of very deep rich crimson scarlet flowers. 7s. 6d.
- PROCKES**, this distinct and showy variety produces good trusses of brilliant cerise flowers, shaded with vermilion. 7s. 6d.
- THESEUS**, splendid rich bright scarlet flowers, with thick shell-like petals, produced in fine large trusses. 5s.
- ZARA**, white, with distinct and well marked ring of a beautiful salmon rose colour around the white centre; very pretty. 7s. 6d.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

- ALBANIA**, a magnificent variety, producing immense trusses of rich rosy violet flowers. 5s.
- ALETHIA**, cerise, shaded with salmon and margined with vermilion; a most distinct and effective variety. 7s. 6d.
- LEVANA**, good trusses of fine large flowers of a rich deep pink colour, with white marking in the upper petals. 7s. 6d.
- MANRIQUE**, deep rosy magenta, with light scarlet marking in the upper petals; flowers produced in fine large trusses. 5s.
- PERSEUS**, light cerise pink, beautifully shaded with salmon; one of the largest flowers in the section; of good form, with fine broad petals; good trusses; an extremely distinct and attractive variety. 7s. 6d.
- SIBYLLA**, a beautiful flower; blush white, the central half of the petals marked with bright salmon pink, forming a ring around the light centre; a remarkably attractive variety. 7s. 6d.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

- ARETUSA**, a magnificent variety, producing very fine large well-expanded flowers of a deep rich crimson scarlet colour; extremely attractive. 15s.
- ELDRED**, light salmon pink; a very pretty flower of excellent form: a free flowering variety, producing fine large trusses. 7s. 6d.
- HARMONIA**, a fine variety, giving enormous globular trusses of very large full flowers of a light cerise colour, shaded with vermilion. 10s. 6d.
- PILGRIM**, a very distinct and attractive variety, producing immense trusses of fine large flowers of a beautiful shade of deep violet rose colour. 10s. 6d.
- STUDENT**, rich rosy scarlet, shaded with magenta; a fine large and full flower; extremely showy and effective. 7s. 6d.
- XENOPHON**, a splendid variety, producing huge trusses of very large and well-formed flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 15s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

PRINCE OF WALES.

This is an exceedingly handsome variety of this new and popular class of Pelargonium. It is of excellent habit, very free blooming, and produces good trusses of large effective flowers; they are not really double, but from their fulness of form and extra number of petals, which are prettily undulated, they have the appearance of being so. The colour is a bright vermilion with light centre and light edge to the petals, the superior ones being marked with light crimson and darkly blotched. 1 guinea.

PRINCESS OF WALES.

An extremely beautiful variety with very large and effective flowers, which are of a most pleasing colour; rosy lake marbled and reticulated with white; large, clear and distinct white centre; all the petals margined with white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon; an exceedingly attractive flower. This and the preceding may truly be pronounced "two of the gems of the season." 1 guinea.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FUCHSIA WITH VARIEGATED FOLIAGE.

RAINBOW, an extremely pretty variety with attractively variegated leaves, the colours of which are rose, white and crimson on a light green ground. The flowers have a double white corolla contrasting well with the bright carmine tube and sepals, the latter being nicely reflexed. 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.

TO BE SENT OUT IN 1878.

One of the most magnificent ornamental-foliaged plants ever introduced, and altogether unique in character and aspect. It is a native of Western Tropical Africa. The plant is of erect habit, and the stems are closely set with stalked spreading leaves, the petioles of which are of a grayish colour, terete with a narrow furrow along the upper side, the base being dilated and sheathing the stem. The blade of the leaf is cordate-ovate acuminate, with a yellowish-green costa, and banded with dark green and silver-gray in alternate straight or furcate bands, the colours being about equally distributed. The back of the unrolled leaves is a pale reddish-purple or wine-colour, and the stem where visible at the upper joints is of similar hue, the lower parts becoming green. It is, without doubt, one of the finest of all stove plants, and indispensable in all first-class collections. For illustration, *vide* page VIII.

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

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ACALYPHA TORTA.

A free-growing stove plant, introduced from the Samoan Islands, remarkable for its curiously contorted foliage. It has erect stems, which are terete, and covered by the leaves in a very singular way. The outline of the blade of the leaf is semi-cordate, but this is not at all apparent from the manner in which the leaves are twisted around the stem in various directions. The colour is a dark olive-tinted green, and the margin is cut into blunt oblong segments. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ACALYPHA MARGINATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	ALLAMANDA NOBILIS, 3s. 6d.
„ WILKESIANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ SCHOTTII, 3s. 6d.
ACANTHUS MONTANUS, 3s. 6d.	„ VIOLACEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
ACHIMENES, <i>vide</i> Index.	ALOCASIA GIGANTEA, 5s.
ADANSONIA DIGITATA, 10s. 6d.	„ HYBRIDA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
ÆCHMEA AMAZONICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ ILLUSTRIS, 5s.
„ DISCOLOR, 5s.	„ INTERMEDIA, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
„ FULGENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ JENNINGSII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ MARIE REGINÆ, 10s. 6d.	„ LOWII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.; strong plants, 15s. and 1 guinea
ÆSCHYNANTHUS, of sorts, at 3s. 6d.	„ MACRORRHIZA VARIEGATA, 5s.
AGLAONEMA COMMUTATUM, 3s. 6d.	„ MARSHALLII, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
ALLAMANDA CATHARTICA, 3s. 6d.	„ METALLICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ CHELSONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ (SCHISTOCASIA) PORTEI, 1½ and 2 guineas.
„ GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.	
„ HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d.	
„ NERIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.	

ALOCASIA ROEZLII.

A handsome-foliaged stove perennial, with the habit of a Caladium, furnished with tuberous root-stocks, and having broad peltate leaves, upwards of a foot in length. The leaf-stalks are terete, greenish mottled with purple; the blades are sagittate-ovate in outline, acute or shortly acuminate, the two basal lobes being slightly divergent. The colour is a dark bottle-green, variegated with grayish or silvery angular spots and blotches. It was discovered by M. Roehl, in the United States of Colombia. 1 guinea.

ALOCASIA ROEZLII COSTATA.

This, like the preceding, is a handsome-foliaged stove perennial. The leaves, as in *A. Roezlii*, are of a deep bottle-green, paler beneath, the upper surface marked with numerous angular spots and blotches of silvery-gray, larger towards the centre, but they differ from the type in having the course of the costa or mid-rib marked out by a tapering band of silver gray. It, with the typical form, was introduced from the United States of Colombia. 1 guinea.

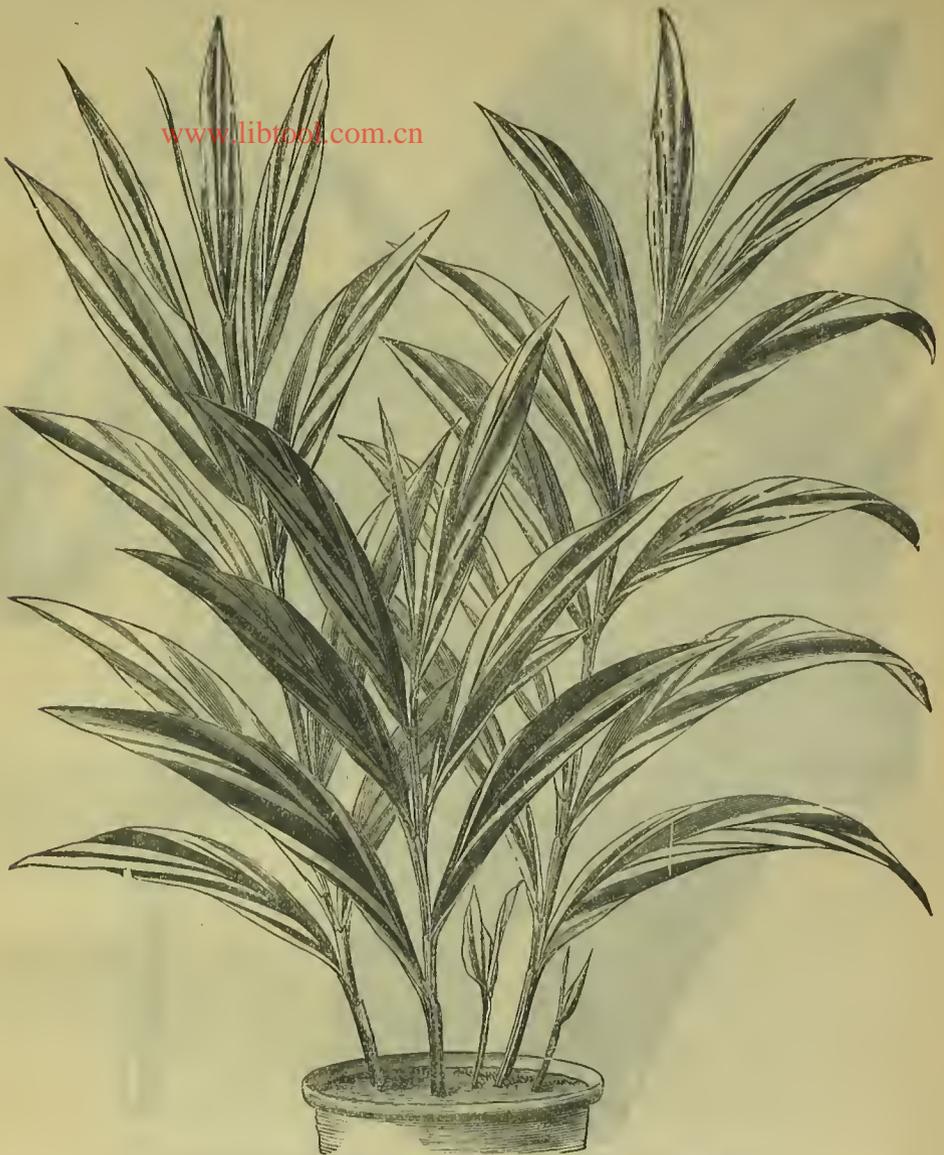
ALOCASIA VEITCHII, 10s. 6d. | ALOCASIA ZEBRINA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) HENDERSONI.

A magnificent variety, freely producing its fine showy flowers during the mid-winter months. The predominant colour is a rich velvet maroon crimson over three-fourths of the surface, finely contrasted with cream white; the crimson ground partially extends beyond the main body colour by diverging into separate crimson veins or lines, the intervening spaces being elegantly sprinkled with crimson spots, and beyond these each petal terminates in a broad ovately-oblong cream white tip. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) HENDERSONI COCCINEA.

A very fine variety, similar to *A. Hendersoni* in habit, equally attractive and beautiful, and blooming at the same desirable period. The only difference is that the predominating colour, instead of being rich crimson, is scarlet. 10s. 6d. and 15s.



ALPINIA VITTATA.

This variegated perennial, from the South Sea Islands, is very striking, the underground rhizome producing erect pseudostems (formed by the clasping sheaths of the leaves), and these supporting several leaves, which are 6 to 8-inches long, elliptic-lanceolate, tapering of to a long fine point, and also narrowed gradually towards the sheathing base; they are pale green, and marked by broad stripes of dark green and of creamy white, running off from the mid-rib in divergent lines corresponding to the venation. Being variously marked, the leaves have a pretty effect, the yellow colour in some, and the pale green and dark green in others, here and there preponderating. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) RUTILA.

A very free-flowering variety, even small bulbs producing abundantly spikes of its showy orange red blossoms, which in some of the varieties are more brilliantly coloured, tending to scarlet. Instead of showing a green funnel, as in *A. pyrrochroa*, each of the perianth segments has here a lance-shaped green bar which extends nearly half the length of the segments, and forms a conspicuous green star in the centre of the flowers. It is a native of Brazil. 5s. and 7s. 6d.



AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) IGNESCENS.

A fine stove bulb from Colombia, producing umbels of flowers, which emerge from between the sessile lanceolate bracts. The flowers expand to a breadth of about five inches, and are of a light fiery orange red colour, stained at the base with pale green, forming a large greenish white eye or centre; the stamens are declinate, of the same colour as the perianth, with yellow pollen. A bold and attractive flower. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS ACKERMANNI PUL-	
CHERRIMA,	1 guinea.
„ AMAZON,	10s. 6d.
„ AMBASSADOR,	10s. 6d.
„ ARIADNE,	10s. 6d.
„ ASPASIA,	7s. 6d.
„ AULICA SUPERBA,	
	5s. and 7s. 6d.

AMARYLLIS BARON,	7s. 6d.
„ CERBERUS,	10s. 6d.
„ COMMANDER,	7s. 6d.
„ COQUETTE,	7s. 6d.
„ CORSAIR,	10s. 6d.
„ COUNTESS,	10s. 6d.
„ CYRUS,	10s. 6d.
„ DIADEM,	15s.

AMARYLLIS ELECTRA, 1 guinea.
„ EMMELINE, 7s. 6d.
„ EUROPA, 1 guinea
„ EUTERPE, 15s.
„ FIGARO, 10s. 6d.
„ GENERALI, 1 guinea
„ HEROINE, 10s. 6d.
„ IMPERIALIS, 1 guinea
„ JOSEPHINÆ, 15s.
„ JUPITER, 7s. 6d.
„ LEOPOLDII, 1 and 1½ guineas
„ MABEL, 10s. 6d.
„ METEOR, 7s. 6d.
„ NEPTUNE, 10s. 6d.
„ NIMROD, 7s. 6d.
„ OBERON, 1 guinea
„ ONDINE, 10s. 6d.
„ OPTIMA, 10s. 6d.
„ OSCAR, 10s. 6d.
„ PARDINA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
„ PAULINE, 15s.

AMARYLLIS, choice selections of good sorts, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.

AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS
5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ CAMPANULATUS OR-
NATUS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ (PROTEINOPHALLUS)
RIVIERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

AMARYLLIS PORTIA, 7s. 6d.
„ PRINCEPS, 1 guinea
„ PYRROCHROA, 7s. 6d. and
10s. 6d.
„ REGALIS, 1 guinea
„ RETICULATA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
„ ROMEO, 10s. 6d.
„ ROSALIND, 7s. 6d.
„ SAPPHO, 7s. 6d.
„ SOLANDRIFLORUM, 7s. 6d.
„ SOUVENIR, 7s. 6d.
„ SULTANA, 10s. 6d.
„ SYLVIA, 10s. 6d.
„ TITANIA, 7s. 6d.
„ TROJAN, 10s. 6d.
„ URANIE, 10s. 6d.
„ VESTA, 10s. 6d.
„ VESUVIUS, 7s. 6d.
„ VICTORIA, 10s. 6d.
„ VITTATA HARRISONIÆ,
15s. and 1 guinea.

ANÆCTOCHILUS, <i>vide</i> Orchids.
ANANASSA SATIVA VARIEGATA,
10s. 6d. and 15s.
ANCHOMANES DUBIUM, 10s. 6d.
ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA, 3s. 6d.
ANDROPOGON SCHENANTHUS, 5s.

ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM.

A charming and elegant stove plant, introduced through my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, from the United States of Colombia. It has a creeping rhizome, from which spring up ovate-lanceolate leaves, on slender erect petioles. The peduncles, somewhat longer than the leaves, are often, if not constantly, knee-jointed just below the spathe, which is ovate-acuminate, and pure white, the spadix being straight, slender, cylindrical, and shorter than the spathe. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM.

This extremely attractive and ornamental plant has fine large leaves of a rich dark olive green colour, the mid-rib and principal veins being bordered on each side with a beautiful bright silvery white band. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy shade, forming an effective contrast with the more matured foliage. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

ANTHURIUM FLORIBUNDUM, 7s. 6d.
„ GALEOTTIANUM, 10s. 6d.
„ LEUCONEURUM, 3s. 6d.
„ NYMPHÆIFOLIUM, 10s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM MAGNIFICUM — <i>syn.</i> A.
grande and A. cordifolium,
5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ REGALE, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM.

This has been introduced from Costa Rica, and is a most striking and attractive dwarf flowering plant, producing beautiful scarlet floral spathes, each of which remains from two to three months fresh and brilliant. 5s. and 7s. 6d. to 1 guinea. Extra sizes, 2, 3, and 4 guineas.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM.

This most desirable novelty, which is a white variety of the well-known favourite *A. Scherzerianum*, has been introduced from Costa Rica; it has lanceolate acuminate stalked leaves, of a deep green colour, and partakes of the same general character as *A. Scherzerianum*. Being, like that species, an abundant bloomer it will make a splendid companion plant, its beautiful white spathes forming an admirable contrast to the brilliant scarlet of those of the older typical form. 5 guineas.

ANTIARIS TOXICARIA.

The virulent (but fabled) Upas tree of Java. 10s. 6d.

ANTIGONON AMABILE, 5s.

APHELANDRA AURANTIACA, 3s. 6d.

" " ROEZLII, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.

APHELANDRA CRISTATA, 3s. 6d.

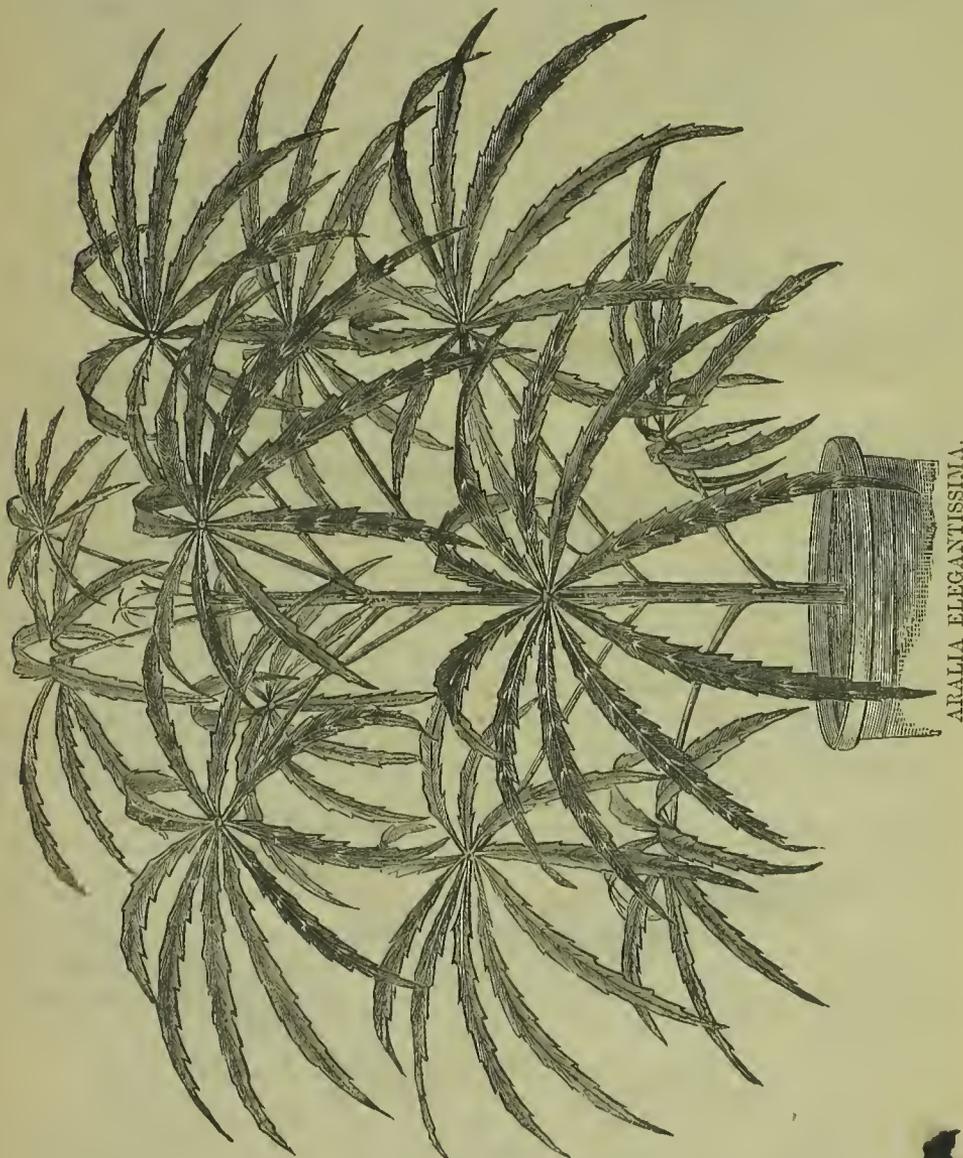
" LEOPOLDII, 3s. 6d.

" NITENS, 3s. 6d.

" PORTEANA, 3s. 6d.

www.**APHELANDRA FASCINATOR.**

A very fine species, with very ornamental foliage as well as magnificent flowers; the leaves are rich dark green, beautifully banded with silvery white, and underneath of an uniform purplish violet; the spikes of bloom are very large and of a dazzling vermilion colour. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA.**

The elegant and ornamental foliage of this handsome Aralia is of a deep green colour shaded with brown, the mid-rib of each leaflet being white. The stem is erect, and furnished with digitate leaves on long dark green foot-stalks, which are mottled with white; the filiform leaflets, being pendulous, impart a very graceful character to the plant. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands, and is a remarkably effective ornamental foliaged plant. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA, *vide* page 3.

ARALIA GRACILLIMA.

An erect-growing stove plant, of remarkably graceful habit and well adapted for decorative purposes. The stem is furnished at close intervals with alternate leaves, spreading in all directions, of a dark green colour, with a prominent ivory white central rib or costa. The leaves, though almost linear, really taper to a point, and they are narrowed to the base. This plant bears a considerable resemblance to *A. reticulata*, but is much more elegant. It is a native of the South Sea Islands. 15s.



ARALIA GUILFOYLEI.

This fine and distinct ornamental stove plant is a native of the South Sea Islands. It is of shrubby habit, with an erect stem, copiously dotted with lenticular markings. The bold pinnate leaves have longish smooth terete petioles, and are made up, in the case of young plants, of from three to seven stalked oblong-elliptic bluntish leaflets, which are sometimes obscurely lobed, and irregularly spinoserrate; these leaflets vary in size from two to three inches long, and are neatly and evenly margined with creamy white, the surface being in addition occasionally splashed with gray. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



ARTOCARPUS CANNONI.

ARTOCARPUS CANNONI.

This remarkably ornamental plant, which is a native of the Society Islands, was first made known to me by Mr. Walter Hill, of Brisbane, and was afterwards sent to me in a living state by Mr. Henderson, of Sydney. It is, without exaggeration, one of the finest coloured-leaved plants which it has ever been my good fortune to offer. The leaves are alternate and petiolate, the petiole and hairy costa being of a bright red colour. The leaves are of membranaceous texture, with a glossy upper surface, and of a rich full bronzy crimson hue, beautifully tinted with purple. The colour is remarkably rich and constant, that of the under surface being of a bright vinous red. The form of the leaves varies greatly; some are simple and cordate at the base, with the apex irregularly lobate; some have the apex regularly three-lobed, with short entire lobes; some are deeply three-lobed, being divided nearly to the base, the segments themselves, of which the centre one is largest, being slightly sinuate-lobed. This variety of form, and the rich colouring of the polished surface, render this one of the most effective coloured-leaved plants of recent introduction. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ARALIA MACULATA.

A shrubby species, having an erect stem, which, as well as the stalks of the leaves, is of a blackish purple hue, thickly spotted with green dots; this colouring is very peculiar, and is, moreover, conspicuous. The leaves are of a light green colour, and consist of about four pairs of oblong-acuminate leaflets. It has been introduced from the South Pacific Islands. 10s. 6d.

ARALIA LEPTOPHYLLA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **RETICULATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **VEITCHII**, 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea

ARDISIAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ARISÆMA WIGHTII, 7s. 6d.

ARISTOLOCHIA CLYPEATA, 10s. 6d.

„ **DUCHARTREI**, 7s. 6d.

„ **FLORIBUNDA**, 7s. 6d.

„ **GIGAS**, 5s.

„ **ORNITHOCEPHALA**.

5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **RINGENS**, 7s. 6d.

„ **TRILOBATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **TRICAUDATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA, *vide* page 3.

ARTOCARPUS INCISA (*Bread Fruit*), 1½ guinea.

„ **LACINIATA**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

„ **METALLICA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ATACCIA CRISTATA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

BATATAS PANICULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BAUHINIA MALABARICA, 7s. 6d.

BAUHINIAS, of sorts, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BEGONIA, *vide* Index.

BERTOLONIA GUTTATA, 5s.

„ **ALBA**, 10s. 6d.

„ **PUNCTATA**, 5s.

„ **SPLENDENS**, 15s.

„ **SUPERBA**, 7s. 6d.

„ **MARCHANDI**, 5s.

„ **MARGARITACEA SU**

PERBA, 15s. and 1 guinea

MARMOREA, 3s. 6d.

„ **MIRANDÆI**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **PRIMULÆFLORA**, *vide* Monolena primulæflora.

„ **VAN HOUTEI**, 15s. and 1 guinea.

BERTOLONIA SUPERBISSIMA.

An exquisitely beautiful stove perennial, belonging to the ornamental-leaved class, and truly deserving the designation “most superb.” The ground colour of the leaves is bright olive green, on which, in each space between the ribs, are usually three rows of spots about an eighth of an inch in diameter, of a charming purplish rose colour, the surface between the spots being freckled with minute dots of the same colour; these markings are finely relieved by the clear emerald green which shows along the course of the ribs. At the edge there is one row of the larger spots. The under surface is of a delicate purplish rose. It is a charmingly beautiful plant, not inappropriately called by general observers the “Jewel Plant.” 2 and 3 guineas.

BIGLANDULARIA, *vide* Index.

BIGNONIA ARGYREA VIOLASCENS, 3s. 6d.

„ **AURANTIACA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **CHAMBERLAYNII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **EXCELSA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **ORNATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **PICTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **RETICULATA**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

„ **ROZLIANA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **VILLOSA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **SPECIOSA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **VENUSTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BILLBERGIA CHLOROSTICA, 1½ guinea

„ **FARINOSA**, 10s. 6d.

„ **MORELIANA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **SAUNDERSII**, 10s. 6d.

„ **THYRSOIDEA**, 5s.

BILLBERGIA VITTATA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BONAPARTEA JUNCEA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BOUGAINVILLEA GLABRA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

„ **LATERITIA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **SPECIOSA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **SPECTABILIS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **SPLENDENS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BROWNEA ARIZA, 10s. 6d.

„ **ERECTA**, 1 and 1½ guinea

„ **GRANDICEPS**, 1½ guinea

„ **PRINCEPS**, 1 and 1½ guinea

BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

CALADIUM, *vide* Index

CALATHEA ARRECTA, 7s. 6d.

CALONYCTION SANGUINEUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CAMPYLOBOTRYS, *vide* Hoffmannia.



CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM.

A free-growing slender woody climber, from the Fiji Islands. It has opposite leaves, consisting of about twelve pairs of leaflets, which are small, ovate, deeply cut into two or three lobes on each side, the larger lobes being sometimes also toothed. The growth and general character of the plant are so elegant that whether cultivated as a small pot plant, trained on globular or other trellises, or planted as a climber, it has a most charming and engaging appearance. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CANNA, *vide* Index.

| CARAGUATA, *vide* Tillandsia.

CARUMBium POLYANDRUM.

A fine-looking stove plant, of erect-growing shrubby habit, with a glabrous terete stem. The leaves are alternate, with purplish petioles; the leaf-blades, which are broadly-ovate in outline, are of a clear glaucous green above, and of a rich vinous purple beneath. The clear, smooth, unstained surface is a very beautiful example of soft waxy colouring. The plant has been introduced from Lord Howe's Island. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CARICA AURANTIACA, 10s. 6d.	CISSUS PORPHYROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CASSIA FISTULA, 7s. 6d.	CLERODENDRON BALFOURIANUM, 3s. 6d.
CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA, 3s. 6d.	" CALAMITOSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d.	" FALLAX, 3s. 6d.
CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS, 3s. 6d.	" FRAGRANS FL. PL., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIA TESSELATA), 5s.	" HASTATUM, 5s.
CEROPEGIA GARDNERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	" INFORTUNATUM, 5s.
CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHII VARIEGATUM, 3s. 6d.	" KÆMPFERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" GAUDICHAUDI-ANUM, 3s. 6d.	" SPECIOSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" VERBENACEUM, 3s. 6d.	" SPLENDENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CINNAMOMUM VERUM, 7s. 6d.	" THOMSONÆ, 3s. 6d.
CISSUS ALBO-NITENS, 5s.	" VISCOSUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
" AMAZONICA, 3s. 6d.	COFFEA ARABICA (The Coffee Plant), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" ARGENTEA, 3s. 6d.	" " VARIEGATA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" DISCOLOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	
" LINDENI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	

COLEUS.

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well known; they are easily grown, and make fine specimens in a short time. Price 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen. New varieties, 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

COLEUS AROMATICUS, 3s. 6d.	COSTUS MALORTIANUS, 3s. 6d.
" PICTUS, <i>vide</i> page 3.	" ZEBRINUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
COLOCASIA ARGYRONEURA, 7s. 6d.	COVELLIA RHIZOCARPA, 7s. 6d.
COLUMNÆAS, of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	CRESCENTIA ALATA, 7s. 6d.
COMBRETUM GRANDIFLORUM, 5s.	CRINUM AMABILE, 15s. and 1 guinea.
" PURPUREUM, 5s.	" AUSTRALE, <i>vide</i> Greenhouse Plants
COSSIGNEA BORBONICA, 15s. and 1 guinea	" BRACHYNEMA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
COSTUS ALBESCENS, 7s. 6d.	" CAREYANUM, 10s. 6d.
" LUCIDUS, 7s. 6d.	CRINUM GIGANTEUM, 7s. 6d. to 1 guinea.

CRINUM ORNATUM RUBRO-VITTATUM.

This beautiful Amaryllid, which has been imported from Brazil, somewhat resembles *C. ornatum*, but the blossoms instead of being striped and flushed with purple are white with a rosy crimson band along each segment. The flowers, which are freely produced in large umbels, are sessile, nodding, with a slender envring tube, and a campanulate limb, the segments moderately spreading, white, with a band or broad stripe of deep rosy crimson down the centre, evident on both surfaces. The brilliant and pleasing colouring, and the abundant flowers give the plant a very ornamental character. 10s. 6d.

CRINUM PRATENSE CANALICULATUM, 5s.	CROTON ANGUSTIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CROSSANDRA FLAVA, 5s.	" " GIGANTEUS, 7s. 6d.
" UNDULATA, 5s.	" AUCUBÆFOLIUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CROTON BISMARCKI.

A distinct and handsome form of Croton, one of the recent types introduced from the South Sea Islands, approaching to but distinct from the hastate group. The leaf is in fact almost panduriform or fiddle-shaped, with the basal half broadest and obovate, the middle part narrowed, and the apex again swollen out into an ovate form, but not attaining the breadth of the basal part. The colour is a deep green, with a broad band of golden yellow along the costa, and yellow markings indicating the course of the lateral veins, in addition to which a few slight yellow blotches are scattered over the surface. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CROTON CHRYSOPHYLLUS. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



CORYNSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

The genus *Corynostylis* belongs to the family of the Violets. The present species was found on the banks of the Amazon. It is a remarkably free-blooming plant, of a trailing or climbing habit, bearing ovate-acuminate leaves, and lovely white horn-shaped or trumpet-shaped flowers, about two inches long, suspended on long thread-like peduncles. These interesting flowers, taken in profile, present the appearance of some long-spurred *Tropæolum*, while on the front view they bear a resemblance to those of a gigantic Violet. 10s. 6d.

CROTON CONCINNUS.

This is a very desirable variety of Croton, and has been imported from the South Sea Islands. It is of close habit, particularly neat and chaste in its aspect, regular and well-marked as to variegation. The leaves are lanceolate, flat, from 5 to 9 inches long, the course of the mid-rib being marked by a well-defined broad yellow band, from which the principal lateral veins branch out in thin yellow lines, becoming more or less reticulatedly united near the edge. Ultimately the yellow rib and transverse lines, which are all well-defined, become changed to crimson, so that the colouring is as rich as the plant is neat in habit. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CROTON CONTORTUS. 15s. and 1 guinea. | **CROTON EARL OF DERBY,** 3 guineas.



CROTON IMPERIALIS.

This is a remarkably fine form of Croton, from the New Hebrides. The leaves are very stout in texture, very unequal in length, bluntly rounded at the apex, and with the mid-rib excurrent in the form of an awl-shaped horn about an inch below the apex. Most of the leaves are twisted, the twisting occurring in various degrees, but it is usually as if the upper half of the leaf had been turned half round while the other portion had been fixed in the normal position. The course of the mid-rib, which takes on a crimson hue, is marked by a broader golden band, and the margin is coloured with crimson at the extreme edge, and within that by a broken line of yellow. The surface of the leaves is also mottled with yellow and red. The colouring of the foliage is very effective. 1 and 1½ guinea.

CROTON FUCATUS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **GRANDIS**, 7s. 6d.

„ **HENDERSONI**, *vide* page 3.

„ **HOOKERIANUS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CROTON INTERRUPTUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **IRREGULARIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **JOHANNIS (ANGUSTISSIMUS)**,
5s. and 7s. 6d.



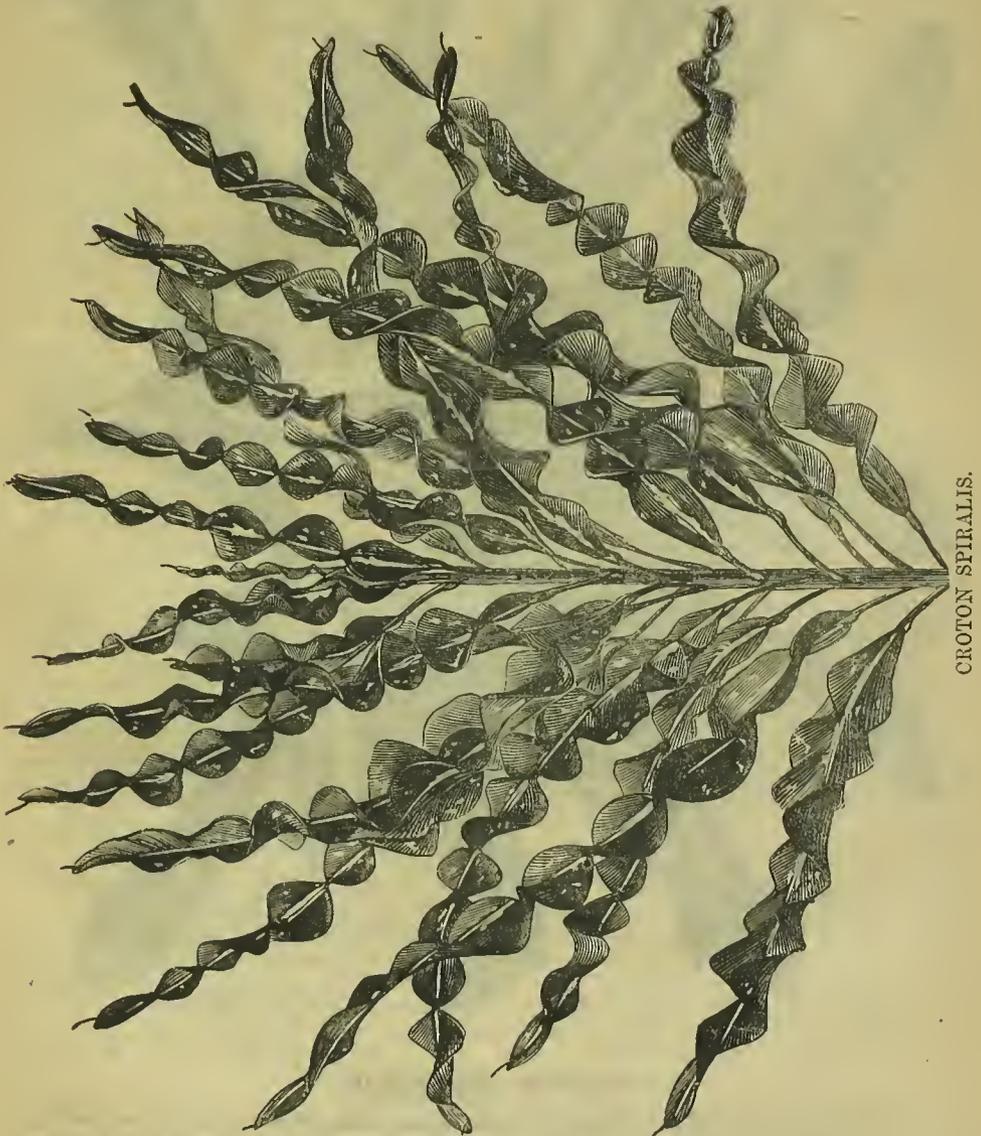
CROTON PICTURATUS.

CROTON PICTURATUS.

A handsome and distinct variety of the polymorphous *Codiaeum* or *Croton*, which has been obtained from the New Hebrides. It is highly-coloured and effective, as well as curious in its development. The older leaves are some 18 inches long, and about an inch broad, somewhat irregular at the edge, and with a tendency towards spiral contortion. The mid-rib is bright red, and the surface is marked throughout in an irregular blotchy manner with clear yellow passing to red. In certain stages of growth leaves of a different character are produced; there is, for example, an oblong leafy peltate base, from the back of which the costa is continued like an excurrent thread, at the end of which is appended another elongate leafy portion, having a cupped or peltate base. The form of these parts is variable. 1 and 1½ guinea.

CROTON MACAFEEANUS.

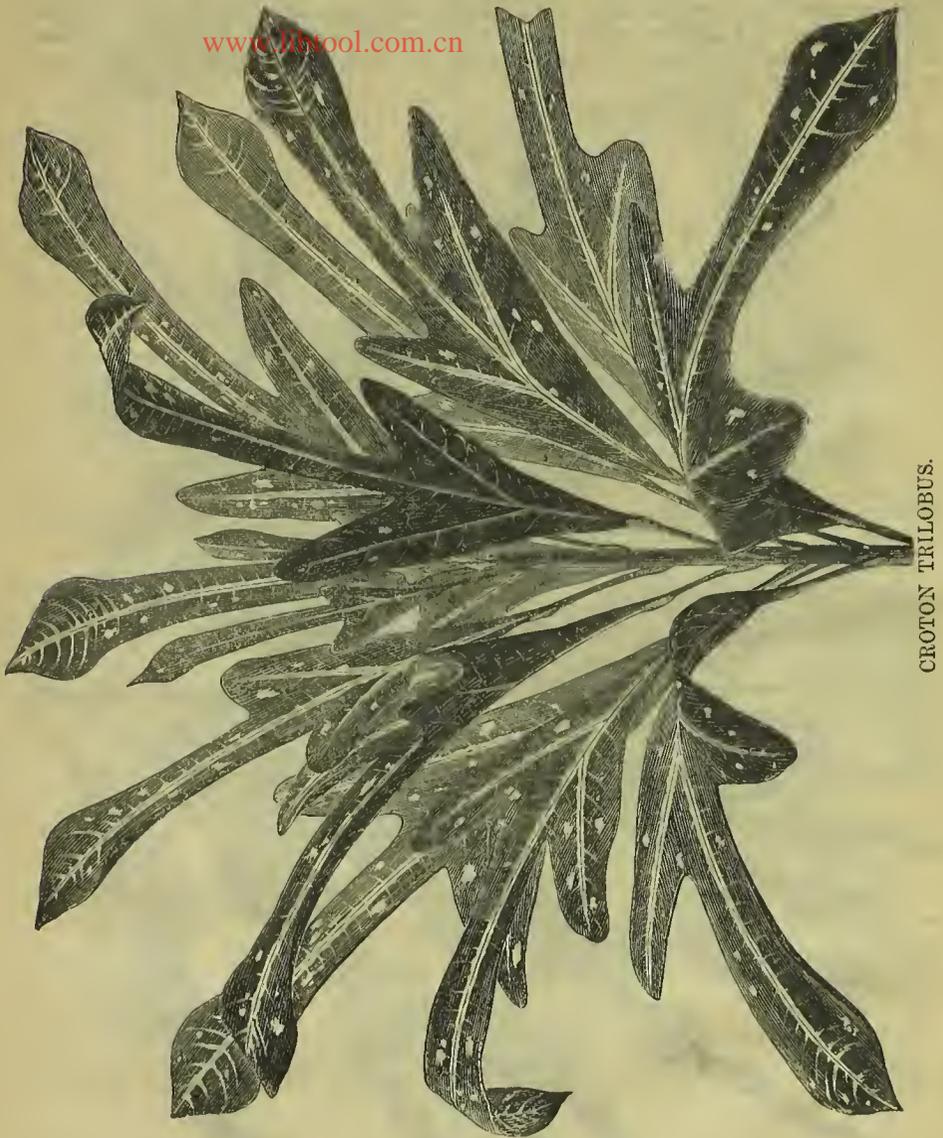
This a very broad-leaved variety of Croton, and is a plant of remarkably free growth. The leaves are oblong, ovate, transversely marked near the centre with a system of mottled blotching extending from the mid-rib half way to the edge. The leaves are marked with distant but distinct yellow spots. It has been named in honour of a gentleman who is a celebrated amateur and patron of horticulture at the Antipodes, and who probably possesses the best and most complete collection of the Codiaum family extant. 15s. and 1 guinea.



CROTON SPIRALIS.

CROTON SPIRALIS.

This is a very distinct and effective variety, both on account of its form and colouring. The spiral twisting of the leaf blade, which has suggested its name, is very marked and very constant. The leaves are deep green, with a broad golden yellow bar up the centre, the green margin twisting spirally around the golden bar, some leaves being partially spiral and partially undulate. The older leaves become a deep bronzy green, almost purple, and the mid-rib a deep crimson. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. ; extra sizes, 1 and 1½ guinea.



CROTON TRILOBUS.

CROTON TRILOBUS.

In this we have the type of an entirely new race of Crotons, having lobate leaves, and therefore quite distinct from those already familiar in gardens. The more perfectly formed leaves have a kind of hastate or halberd-shaped outline, but with an elongated base. The costa and principal veins are marked out by lines of golden yellow, and the leaves are variously reticulated and spotted with the same on a green ground; the veins themselves eventually take on a crimson hue, and the same is extended to the spots, while more or less of the orange tint, caused by the blending of the yellow and red, becomes suffused over the surface, and the underside is of an uniform wine-red in the mature stages. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CROTON MAJESTICUS.

One of the finest of this varied family of ornamental-leaved stove plants. It is of free-growing and bold habit; the leaves are linear in form, acute or sometimes bluntish, in the young growth deep green, with golden rib, and markings representing venation, but more or less confluent. In the older and more matured foliage the green takes on a deep olive hue, while the yellow portions change to deep crimson. The regularly-drooping elongate leaves give the plant a very elegant character, which is greatly enhanced by its rich tints of colour. It was imported from the South Sea Islands. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; extra sizes, 1 and 1½ guinea.

CROTON MACARTHURI, 1 guinea.

| CROTON MAXIMUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CROTON MORTII.

A strong-growing, robust, and finely-marked addition to this now comprehensive family. The leaves are large, oblong-elliptic or obovate, broadest on the upper half, acute or shortly acuminate at the apex, and narrowed to an acute base; they are of a very dark green colour, the costa being marked out by a band of golden yellow a quarter of an inch wide, and all the principal veins also being broadly marked with yellow; these latter markings meet near the edge, where there is a variegation of broken reticulated golden lines. The intermediate spaces are freckled with yellow dots. 1½ guinea.

CROTON MOOREANUS, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

| CROTON PICTUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ PICTURATUS, *vide* page 22.

„ REX, *vide* page 3.

CROTON ROYAL PRINCE.

A dense-habited variety from the South Sea Islands. The branches are well furnished with broad short obovate leaves, in which the costa is yellow, and the lateral veins indistinctly so, while the surface is freely blotched in every part with bright lemon yellow producing a variegation somewhat resembling that of the well-known Aucuba. It is a distinct and effective variety. 1 guinea.

CROTON SPIRALIS, *vide* page 23.

| CROTON SPLENDIDUS, 1½ guinea.

CROTON TRILOBUS ALBERTI.

This is one of the hastiferous forms of Croton which have been recently introduced from the Islands of the South Sea. In the present form the leaves are wedge-shaped at the base, with a pair of lateral lobes, produced at different points in different leaves, but within the lower half of the leaf, the middle lobe being oblong-spathulate, bulged near the end, and terminating in a short acute point. The middle and lateral veins are yellow, while a few yellow dots are scattered aberrantly here and there over the surface—this yellow colouring passing to red as it acquires age. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CROTON TRILOBUS DISRAELI.

A handsome variety, bearing long-stalked leaves, widening upwards from a wedge-shaped base, and diverging usually into a pair of nearly opposite and equal basal lobes, but sometimes unequally developed, one or other of the lobes being reduced to a roundish shoulder; above this they are contracted, and then near the apex they are somewhat widened again, and then narrowed to an acute point; they are nearly or quite 2 feet long, and have the costa and most of the ribs of a golden yellow, with scattered spots of the same colour. These yellow markings take on a crimson tint on full exposure, like most of the other kinds. 1 guinea.

CROTON TRILOBUS LORD CAIRNS, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

CROTON TRILOBUS TRAVELLER.

One of the three-lobed or hastiferous varieties of Croton, having, like the rest of that series, leaves with a long central and two short lateral lobes. These leaves are of a dark green colour, and are marked by a yellow mid-rib and a few yellow scattered spots. It was imported from the South Sea Islands. 1 and 1½ guinea.

CROTON UNDULATUS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

| CROTON VEITCHII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ WEISMANNI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ VOLUTUS, *vide* page 26.

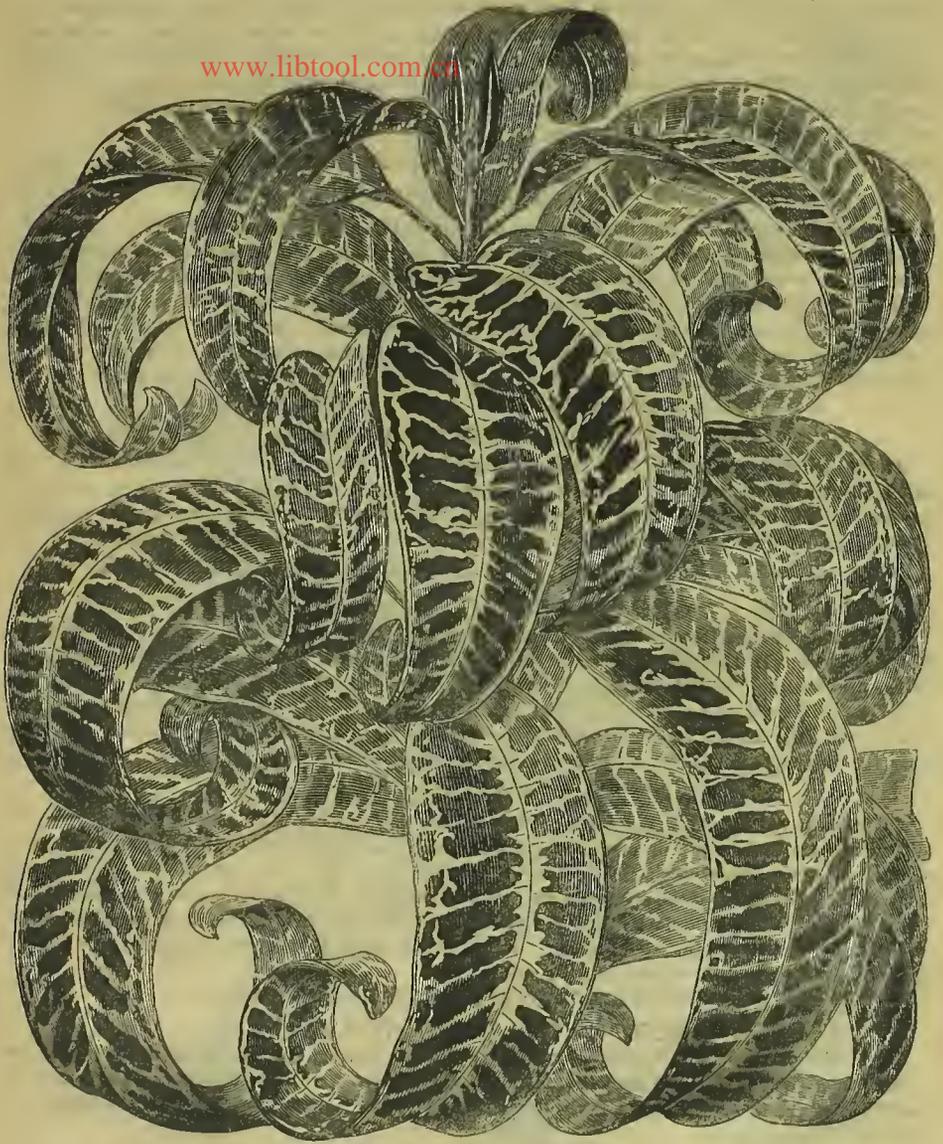
„ YOUNGII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA.

A noble plant, of Indian origin, extremely useful for decorative purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

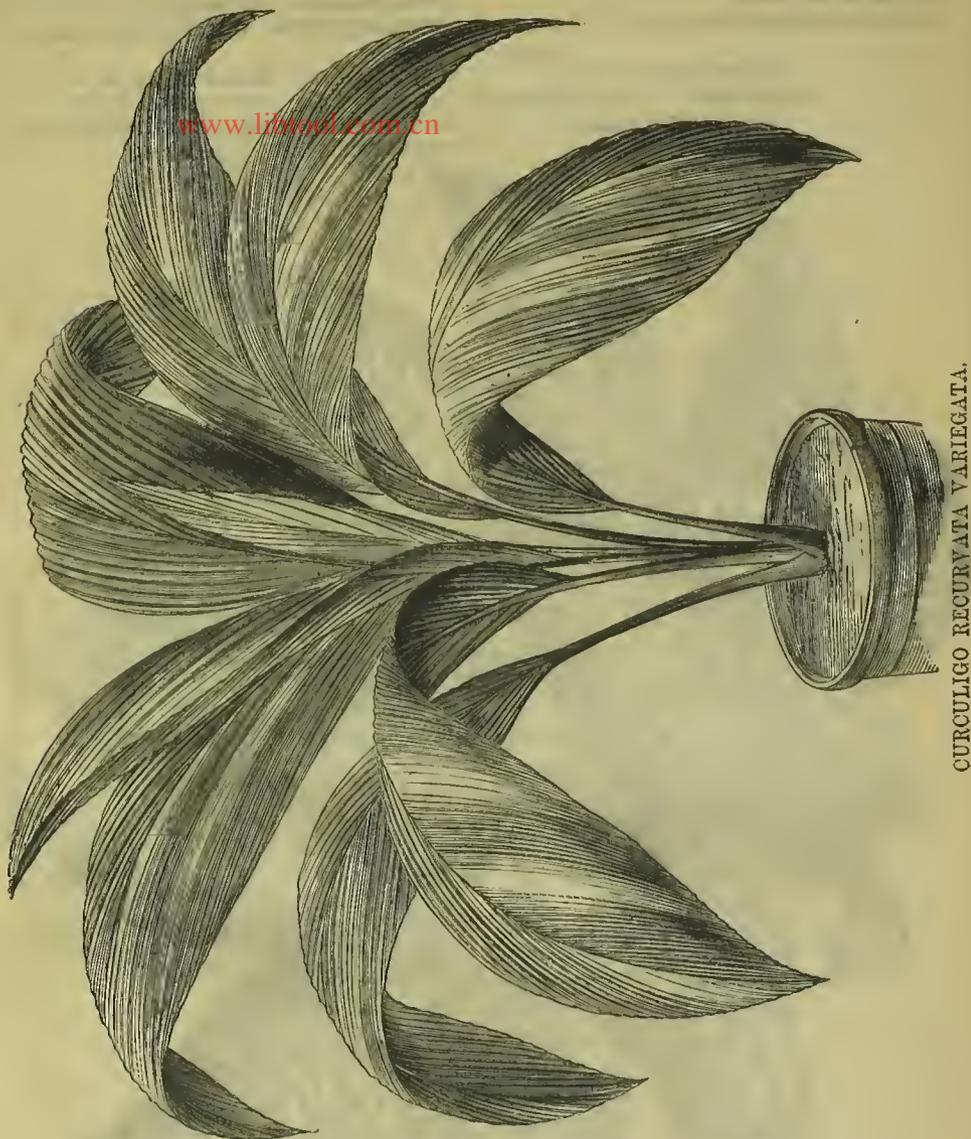
CURCULIGO RECURVATA STRIATA.

This is a remarkably handsome variety of a well-known and exceedingly ornamental stove perennial. It has the same long-stalked spreading lanceolate longitudinally plaited leaves as the parent, but differs in being marked with a distinct and effective central band of pure white, the back of the petiole being also whitish. It is a most telling decorative plant, on account of its bold and spreading habit. 2 and 3 guineas.



CROTON VOLUTUS.

A very distinct and beautiful form, the great peculiarity of which consists in the leaves being rolled up from the end in a volute, after the manner of the curving of a ram's horn. The ground colour is deep green, a golden bar runs down the centre, from which yellow veins diverge at about half-inch intervals, and meet near to, and so as to coalesce with, the golden margin, in which occur scattered spots. The markings are very regular, a little pink sometimes appearing in the mid-rib; the curving of the leaf blade is also very constant, causing the edges to be elevated so as to form a kind of channel. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, under the temporary name of *cornigerum*, which is not properly applicable to it. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.



CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

A plant of noble aspect, producing from a tuberous rhizome, an arching head of recurved plaited oblong-lanceolate leaves, upwards of 2 feet long and 6 inches broad, on stalks a foot and a half in length; the leaves are green, banded in a varying manner with clear white stripes. The rich Palm-like foliage of this plant renders it of the highest ornamental character. The flowers are yellow, and grow in short racemes at the base of the leaves. 2 and 3 guineas.

CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA, *vide* Jacaranda
Clauseniana.

CURCUMA CORDATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

” **PETIOLATA**, 5s.

” **ROSCOEANA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

” **RUBRICAULIS**, 5s.

” **ZEDOARIA**, 7s. 6d.

CURMERIA PICTURATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CURMERIA ROEZLII, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

” **WALLISII**, *vide* page 4.

CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANNI, 5s. and
7s. 6d.

” **MAGNIFICUM**, 5s.
and 7s. 6d.

” **SPECTANDUM**, 7s. 6d.
and 10s. 6d.

CYCADS, *vide* Index.

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

" " VARIE-

GATUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" LACOURII (KYLLINGIA

MONOCEPHALA), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CYPRIPEDIUM, *vide* Orchids.

CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA,

5s.

" MAGNIFICA, 3s. 6d.

" POHLIANA, 3s. 6d.

CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYRTODEIRA, *vide* Index.



DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS.

DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS.

An introduction from South America, of a remarkably bold and effective character. The plant is stocky in habit, and well set with spreading leaves. The leaf-stalks are very pale green, mottled transversely with brighter green. The blades are of a deep rich green, marked over the central portion to within about an inch of the margin, with largish angular, irregular, and variously confluent white spots, which contrast strongly with the colour of the margin and intervening portions. Altogether a strikingly handsome plant of its group. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA, 5s.	DIEFFENBACHIA BARAQUINIANA, 5s.
" ROEZLIANA CARNEA,	" BOWMANNI, 5s. and
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	7s. 6d.
" ROEZLIANA ROSEA,	" BAUSEI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	" CHELSONI, <i>vide</i> page
DICHORISANDRA ARGENTEO-MARGI-	4.
NATA, 5s.	" EBURNEA, 7s. 6d. and
" MUSAICA, 10s. 6d.	10s. 6d.
" UNDATA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.	" FLAVO-VIRENS,
" VITTATA DISCO-	10s. 6d.
LOR, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	" GIGANTEA, 5s. and
" VITTATA TRICO-	7s. 6d.
LOR, 10s. 6d.	" GRANDIS, 3s. 6d. and
DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS, 15s.	5s.

DIEFFENBACHIA ILLUSTRIS.

A stout-habited stove plant of noble character, having erect stems, which bear bold and finely marked leaves. The blade is large, oblong ovate, distinctly cordate at the base, marked all over with irregular blotches of yellowish green, and with a tendency to become yellow along the course of the principal ribs. It is a native of the district of Tolima in the United States of Colombia. 15s.

DIEFFENBACHIA IMPERIALIS, 1 guinea.	DIEFFENBACHIA PICTA, 3s. 6d.
" LANCEOLA, 10s. 6d.	" VELUTINA, <i>vide</i> page 4.
" MACULOSA, 10s. 6d.	" VITTATA, 15s.
" NEBULOSA, 5s. & 7s. 6d.	" WEIRII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants. The formation of its leaf organs is singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DIOSCOREA ARGYRÆA.

This pretty slender stove climber has been introduced from Colombia. It has wiry stems, and cordate seven-nerved green leaves, the nerves of which are bordered with distinct irregular angular patches of silvery gray, which, being thus disposed, appear to form a series of broken variegated silvery bands, extending from the base to the apex. The blade of the leaf is about 5 inches across, and slightly more in length, and the petioles are thickened both at the base and apex. 10s. 6d.

DIOSCOREA ANÆCTOCHILUS, 5s. and	DIOSCOREA DISCOLOR VARIEGATA,
7s. 6d.	3s. 6d. and 5s.
" CHRYSOPHYLLA, 10s. 6d.	" METALLICA, 10s. 6d.
" MELANOLEUCA, 10s. 6d.	" VITTATA, 10s. 6d.

DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) AMABILIS.

A beautiful climber, of neat habit, producing freely deep rosy crimson flowers of large size (4 to 5 inches in diameter) and of exquisite beauty; fine for exhibition purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) AMÆNA.

Flowers of a soft pink colour, suffused with rose, somewhat resembling *D. splendens*, but in every respect a great improvement on that variety, being of superior form, and having the lobes stiff and round instead of reflexed and pointed. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

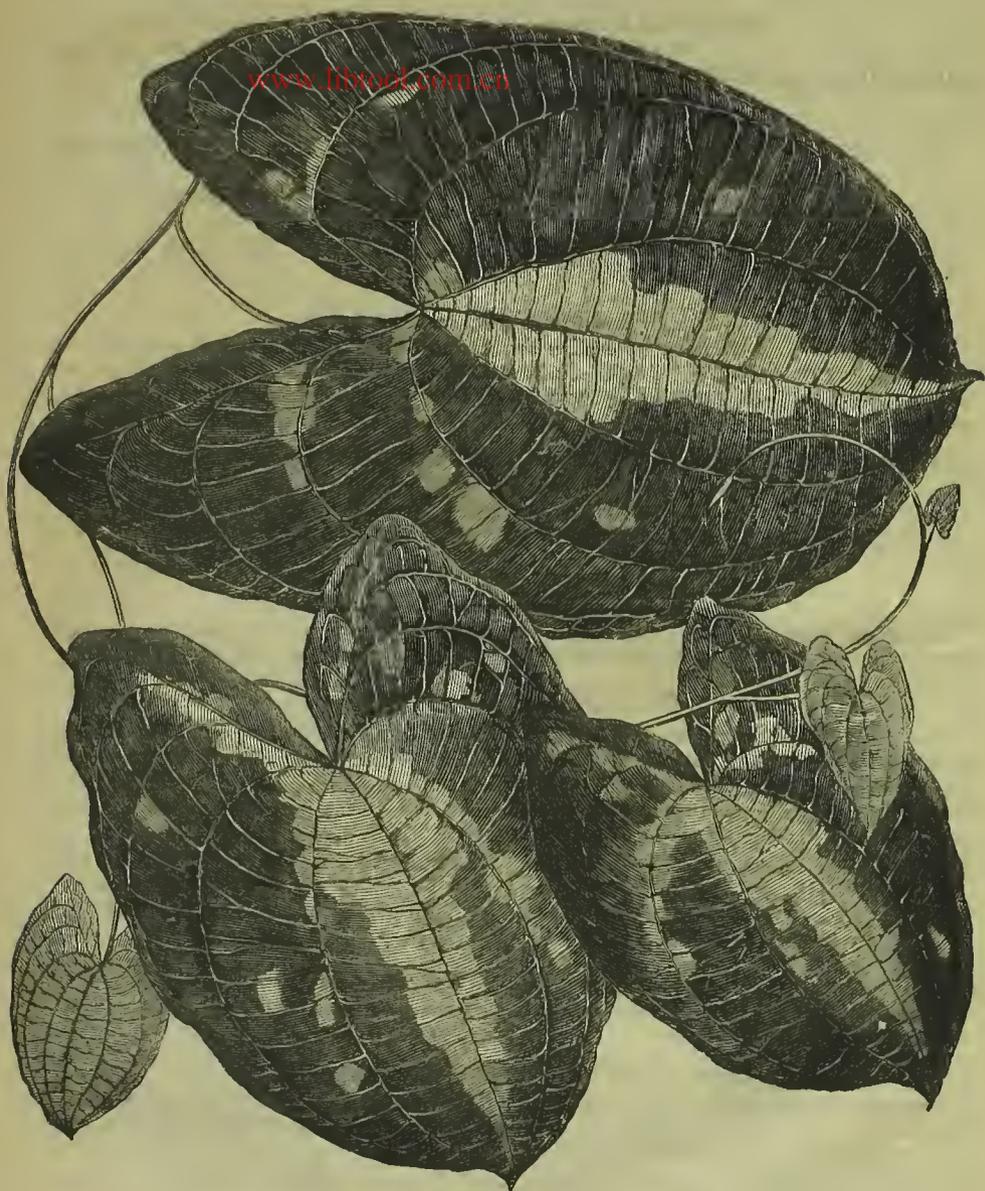
DIPLADENIA BOLIVIENSIS, 5s.

DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA, *vide* page 31.

DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) MARTIANA.

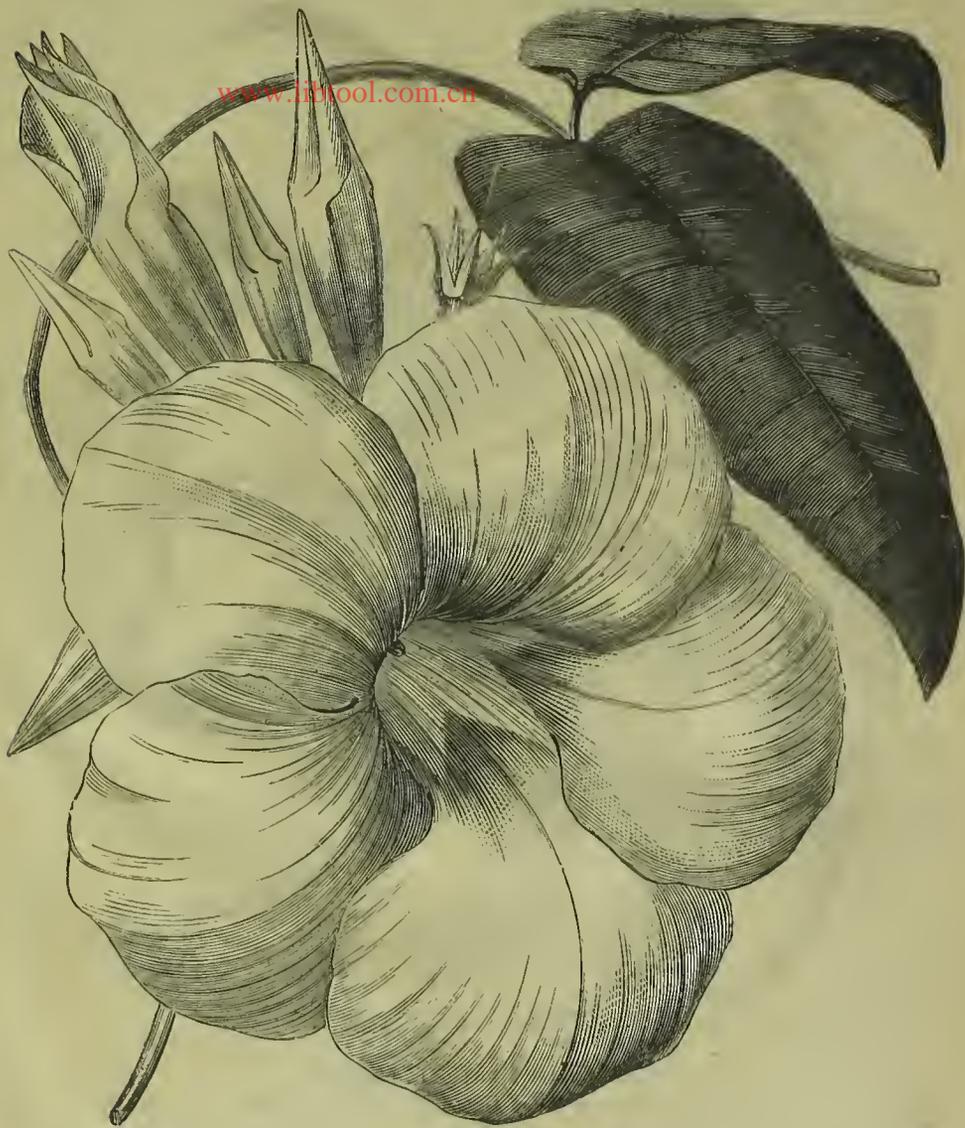
This plant has been distributed, and is generally known under the name of *D. crassinoda*, which, however, it has been ascertained, belongs to a totally distinct species. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DIPLADENIA INSIGNIS, 10s. 6d.	DIPLADENIA UROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d. and
" MAGNIFICA (ACUMI-	5s.
NATA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.	" WILLIAMSII, 10s. 6d.
" ORNATA, <i>vide</i> page 4.	DRACÆNA ALBO-ROSEA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
" REGINA, <i>vide</i> page 4.	" ALBICANS, 5s.
" SPLENDENS, 5s. & 7s. 6d.	" AMABILIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.



DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA.

A handsome foliated climber, imported from Rio Grande do Sul. The leaves are about 6 inches across, and produced at the base into two bluntish lobes. The size and marking of the leaf are the peculiar features of the plant. There is an irregular central band of silvery gray, and a few angular patches of the same colour generally placed in juxtaposition with the ribs, of which there are four on each side of the costa. The surface is a satiny green, shaded with olive green, and marked by fine transverse whitish parallel lines between the nerves, a third series of irregular veinlets crossing between the latter. The under surface is purple. 7s. 6d.



DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.

This splendid variety of Dipladenia is one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character, in this respect greatly exceeding any other Dipladenia. It is an evergreen stove climber of the very first rank, and is furnished with opposite oblong acute dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superbly coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, opening pink and changing to the richest crimson colour; they have, moreover, this peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. Beautiful as were the Dipladenias of some few years since, they have been quite eclipsed by the improved varieties which have been obtained, and amongst these *D. Brearleyana* is certainly the most distinct and beautiful. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; extra sizes, 1 and 1½ guinea.



DRACÆNA AMBOYNSIS.

DRACÆNA AMBOYNSIS.

This plant was found growing on the crater of Amboyna. It is remarkable for the strongly-marked and decided colouring of the lower half of the leaves. These are oblong-lanceolate acuminate, of a deep bronzy tinted green, the lower half having a distinct edging a quarter of an inch wide, of bright rosy carmine. The petioles are tinted with rosy purple, and the leaves are spreading and gracefully arching. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA AMENA.

A robust growing variety, of somewhat erect habit, with gracefully arching oblong-acuminate leaves of a rich green colour bordered with creamy white, outside which is a narrow marginal stripe of bright rose; the under surface slightly tinted with purple. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA AMPLIATA, *vide* page 5.

„ **ANGUSTA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **BAPTISTII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **BARRONI**, 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA BELLULA, *vide* D. elegans rubra

„ **CHELSONI**, 10s. 6d.

„ **COMPACTA**, 10s. 6d.

„ **CONGESTA (RUBRA)**, 3s. 6d.

DRACÆNA COCCINEA.

An extremely distinct and attractive variety of bold but somewhat erect close compact habit, and having densely-set foliage. The leaf-blade is broadly ovate-oblong, dark green, veined and marbled with reddish crimson, and suffused with purplish rose. The bright colour of this variety makes it one of the best to grow in contrast with the white variegated kinds. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA COOPERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DRACÆNA CRUENTA, *vide* page 5.

DRACÆNA DECORA.

A distinct and attractive variety, with acuminate leaves of a dark olive green colour, striped and banded with rosy crimson; the colour extending down into the edge of the petiole; some of the leaves are occasionally bordered with cream colour and have a crimson outer margin; the young foliage often being almost entirely cream colour, flushed and edged with rose. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA DUFFII.

A robust-habited variety of erect and stately growth, with broad, glossy, oblong leaf-blades, six to eight inches wide, margined and casually barred with rich crimson; the parallel margins of the channelled petiole leaf-base converging and elegantly shaded with light flamed crimson; very beautiful and distinct. 15s. and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA EBURNEA.

This splendid variety is of bold habit and vigorous compact growth; the leaves, which are broadly acuminate, are of a light green colour and margined with pure white. It is an extremely distinct and effective variety. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA ELEGANS RUBRA (BEL-
LULA), 5s.
 ,, ELIZABETHÆ, 1½ guinea.
 ,, EXCELSA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, FERREA, 3s. 6d.
 ,, ,, VARIEGATA, 5s.
 and 7s. 6d.
 ,, FORMOSA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 ,, FRAGRANS LATIFOLIA,
 7s. 6d.
 ,, FRASERI, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, GEMMA, 15s. and 1 guinea
 ,, GLADSTONEI, 1½ guinea
 ,, GRACILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, GUILFOYLEI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, GOLDIEANA, *vide* page 9.
 ,, HAAGEANA, 5s.
 ,, HENDERSONI, 10s. 6d. & 15s.
 ,, ILLUSTRIS (JASPIDEA),
 7s. 6d.
 ,, IMPERATOR, 15s.
 ,, IMPERIALIS, *vide* page 34.
 ,, MAGNIFICA, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA MARGINATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, METALLICA, *vide* page 35.
 ,, MINIATA, *vide* page 5.
 ,, MIRABILIS, *vide* page 5.
 ,, MOOREANA, 10s. 6d.
 ,, NIGRO-RUBRA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, NIGRO-STRIATA, 7s. 6d. and
 10s. 6d.
 ,, NITZSCHNERII, 1 guinea.
 ,, NIVALIS, *vide* page 5.
 ,, PHRYNIOIDES, 10s. 6d.
 ,, PICTA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, PRINCEPS, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 ,, PULCHERRIMA, 5s. & 7s. 6d.
 ,, REALI, 1 guinea.
 ,, REBECCÆ, 1½ guinea.
 ,, RECURVA, 15s.
 ,, REFLEXA, 5s.
 ,, REGALIS, 15s.
 ,, REGINA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, ROBINSONIANA, *vide* page 5.
 ,, ROSEO-PERFECTA, *vide* p. 5.

DRACÆNA REX.

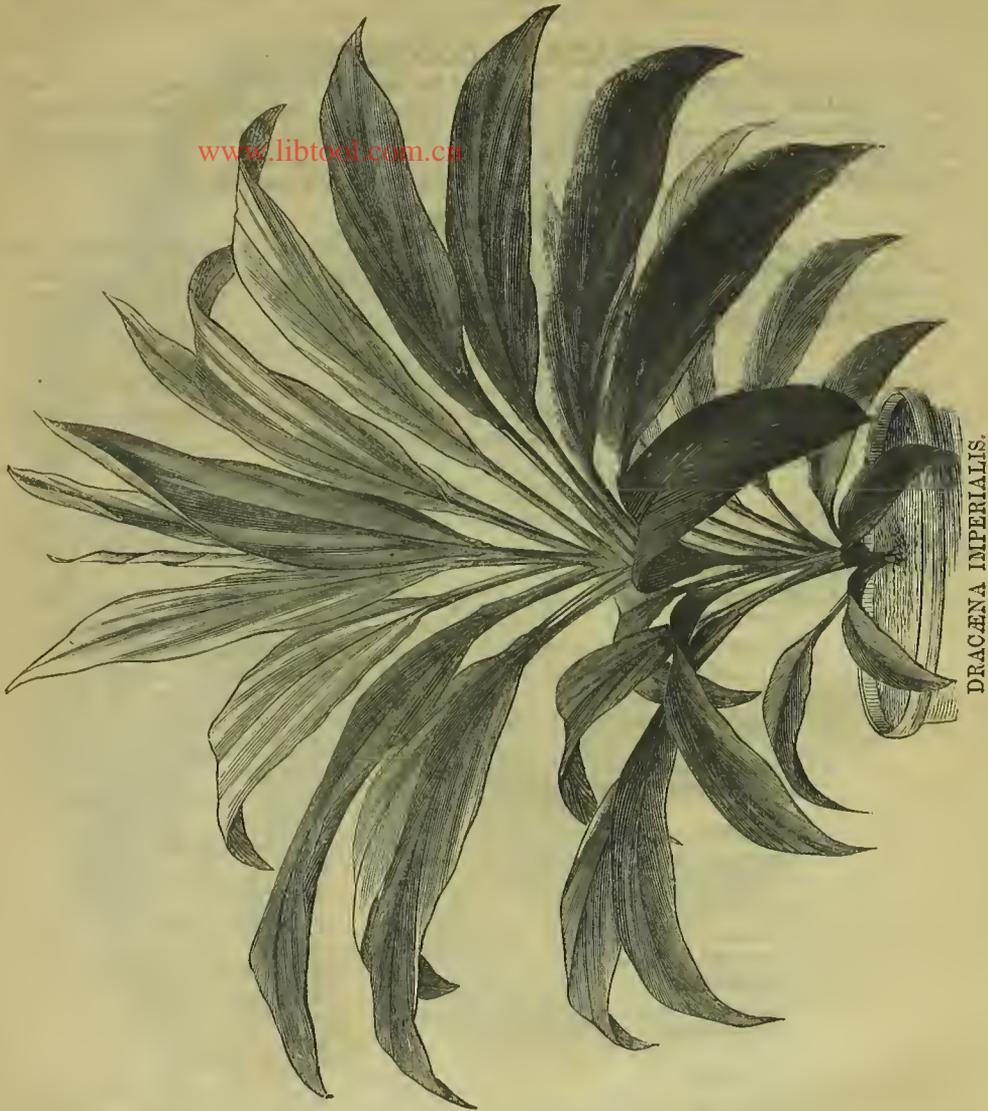
A very handsome form of *Dracæna* of hybrid origin. It is of bold character and highly-coloured. The leaves are erect, broadly lanceolate or oblong-lanceolate, upwards of a foot in length, and of a bronzy green colour, flushed with rosy purple, the blades freely streaked with bright carmine rose; the petioles are margined with purplish rose, and the back of the costa is of the same cheerful colour. It has been Certificated both by the Royal Horticultural and the Royal Botanic Societies, and is really a very fine and attractive plant. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA ROSACEA.

A compact-habited dense-growing variety with gracefully recurving leaves, which are oblong-acuminate in form, of a dark bronzy green colour broadly margined with bright pink; some of the younger leaves being almost entirely of a light creamy pink colour. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA RUBELLA, 15s. and 1 guinea
 ,, RUBESCENS, *vide* page 5.
 ,, RUBRA, *vide* D. congesta.
 ,, SALMONEA, 2 guineas

DRACÆNA SHEPHERDII, 7s. 6d. and
 10s. 6d.
 ,, SPLENDENS, 7s. 6d. and
 10s. 6d.



DRACÆNA IMPERIALIS.

A South Sea Island Dracæna, and one of the most beautiful which has yet found its way into our plant stoves. The colour is a deep sap green, breaking out freely in the young leaves into white, which is most prominent near the base of the leaf, and extends upwards irregularly. These variegated portions take on, as the leaves gain age, a deep bright rosy tint, so that in the leaves of different ages the rosy hue is variously blended with the white. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

DRACÆNA STELLA.

A very elegant growing variety of spreading habit, with long gracefully recurved foliage; the leaf blades, which are oblong-acuminate in form, are of a rich green colour banded with creamy white and bright rose. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA STRIATIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and
10s. 6d.
" **STRICTA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
" **SURCULOSA**, 5s.
" **MACULATA**, 7s. 6d.
" **SYDNEYI**, 1 guinea

DRACÆNA TELLINGII, 15s.
" **TERMINALIS**, 2s. 6d. and
3s. 6d.
" **ALBA**, 2 guineas
" **TRIUMPHANS**, *vide* page 5.
" **VESTALIS**, *vide* page 5.



DRACÆNA METALLICA.

DRACÆNA METALLICA.

This robust-habited stove plant is the finest of all the dark-coloured Dracænas, the leaves, which are somewhat erect and arching, being as much as 16 inches long, and of an oblong acuminate form, with a marginate petiole 4 inches long. These, together with the sheathing leaf-stalks, are of an uniform rich coppery purplish hue when young, becoming a dark purplish bronze when mature. It has been imported from the Samoan Islands. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DRACÆNA VIRGINALIS.

An elegant-growing variety, with long narrowish acuminate leaves, of a light bright green colour, distinctly margined with pure white. The elegant arching habit of this variety renders it exceedingly ornamental. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA VIVICANS, *vide* page 5.

„ **WEISMANNII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **YOUNGII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES, *vide* page 5.

„ **ANNULATUM**, *vide* page 6.

„ **ASPERUM**, 7s. 6d.

„ **CARDERI**, *vide* page 6.

DROSERA DICHOTOMA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DRYMONIA PUNCTATA, 3s. 6d.

„ **TURALVÆ**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DYCKIA LEMAIREANA, 7s. 6d.

ECHITES, *vide* Dipladenia.

„ **PICTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

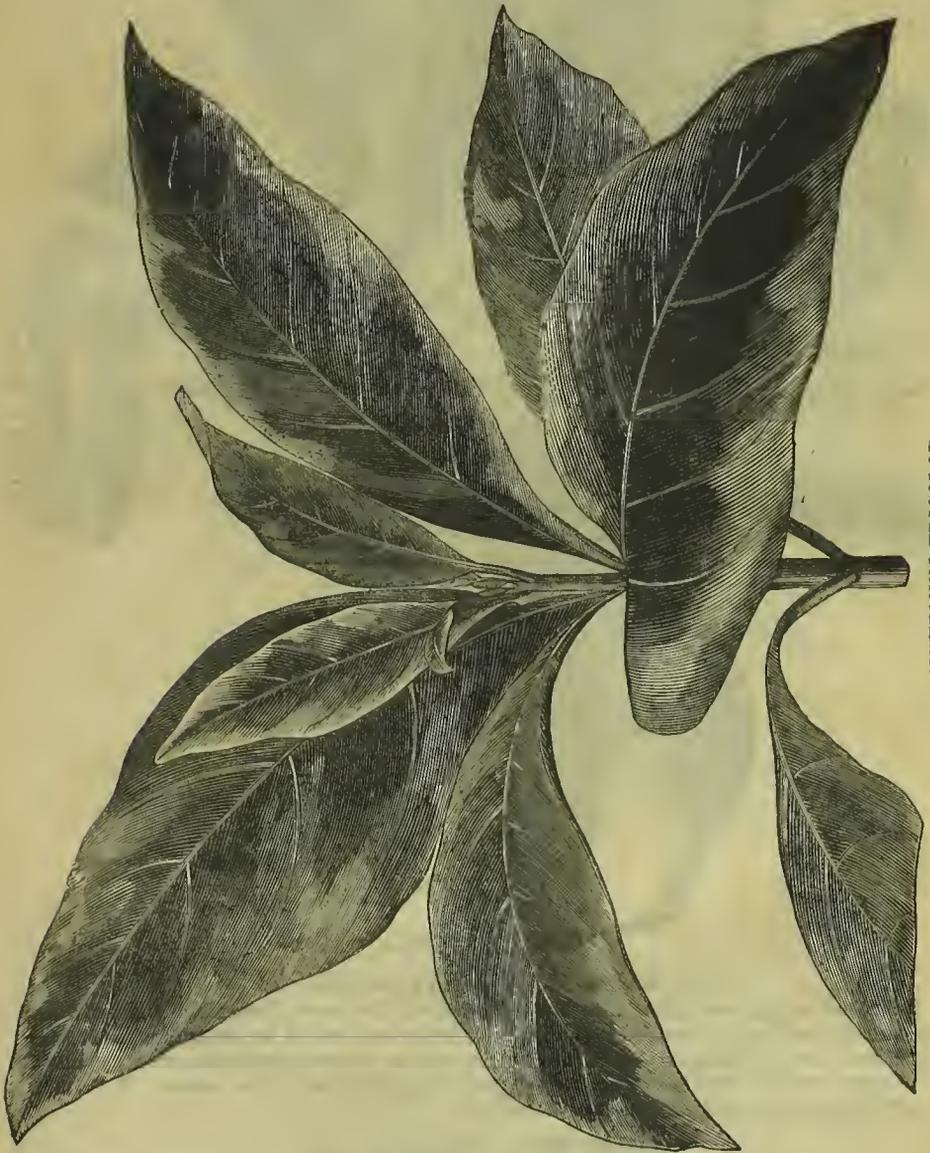
ECHITES RUBRO-VENOSA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII, 7s. 6d.

ENCEPHALARTOS, *vide* Index.

ENCHOLIRION CORALLINUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **JONGHI**, 10s. 6d.



ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR.

ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR.

A free-growing stove plant, of the soft-wooded section, introduced from the Islands of the South Pacific Ocean. Its stems are terete, and of a brownish purple colour. The leaves are opposite or ternate and oblong-ovate. The colour is olive green, blotched very irregularly with grayish purple and salmony pink, the tints being varied more or less according as the colours are here and there differently blended. The tendency of the marking is, however, for the older leaves to be mottled with purple, and the younger ones to assume more of the salmony tint. 7s. 6d.

EPIPHYLLUMS, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and very showy and attractive. 30s. and 42s. per doz.

ERANTHEMUM ANDERSONI (ELEGANS), 3s. 6d.

„ **ATROPURPUREUM**, 5s.

ERANTHEMUM MARMORATUM, 5s.

„ **MOOREI**, 5s.

„ **PULCHELLUM**, 3s. 6d.

„ **RETICULATUM**, 3s. 6d.

„ **TRICOLOR**, *vide* page 36.

„ **VERSICOLOR**, 3s. 6d.



ERYTHRINA PARCELLI.

A very handsomely variegated stove plant from the South Sea Islands. It has a stoutish woody stem, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which support three leaflets. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. The flowers are also attractive, of a bright cinnabar red colour. 15s. and 1 guinea.



EUCHARIS CANDIDA.

This plant was received from one of my collectors in the United States of Colombia as a new species. On its flowering, however, it proves to be identical with the plant figured and described by Planchon as *Eucharis candida*. As well shown in Planchon's plate, it has ovate-oblong long-necked bulbs, and green leaves with a long flat petiole, and a broadly elliptic-acuminate curved blade. The scape bears an umbel of several nodding flowers, which have a slender deurved tube about two inches long; the yellowish-tinted corona funnel-shaped and projecting about an inch, the lobes suddenly contracting into short awl-shaped filaments. This *Eucharis* will be an universal favourite, the blossoms are so extremely chaste and beautiful, of waxy whiteness, and with the segments so elegantly recurved. 10s. 6d.

ERYTHROXYLON COCA.

This extremely interesting plant is of great officinal importance in South America, where its leaves are largely employed as a masticatory, under the name of Coca. When taken internally it acts as a powerful stimulant of the nervous system; and, when under its influence, persons are able to perform long and rapid journeys without exhaustion. "Four times a day, whatever the nature of his occupation—whether employed in the mines, the fields, as a muleteer, or domestic servant, the Indian resigns himself to the pleasures of Coca chewing." Its sustaining powers during long and tiring journeys have been lately tested among the Scottish mountains by Sir R. Christison, who found advantage from its use. It is a dwarf shrubby growing stove plant, producing little clusters of small greenish-white flowers along the branches. 15s. and 1 guinea.

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
EUCODONIA, *vide* Index.
EUPHORBIA JACQUINIÆFLORA, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **SPLENDENS**, 3s. 6d.
EURYCLES AMBOINENSIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, **CUNNINGHAMII**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS, 10s. 6d.
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS BARBATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **DEALBATA**, 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
 ,, **EBURNEA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, **LANCEOLATA**, 7s. 6d.
 ,, **PARCELLI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10s. 6d.

FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **GIGANTEA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **PEARCEI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **AUGUSTA (RAMOSISSIMA)**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **CALYCINA**, 5s.
 ,, **CONFERTIFLORA (LAURIFOLIA)**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **EXIMIA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **HOPEANA (UNIFLORA)**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **HYDRANGEÆFORMIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **LATIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **LINDENI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **MAGNIFICA**, 10s. 6d.
 ,, **ROSEA PERFECTA**, 10s. 6d.
 ,, **VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA**, 10s. 6d.
GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
GARDENIA AMŒNA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, **CHARTACEA**, 10s. 6d.
 ,, **CITRIODORA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **FLORIDA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **FORTUNEI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

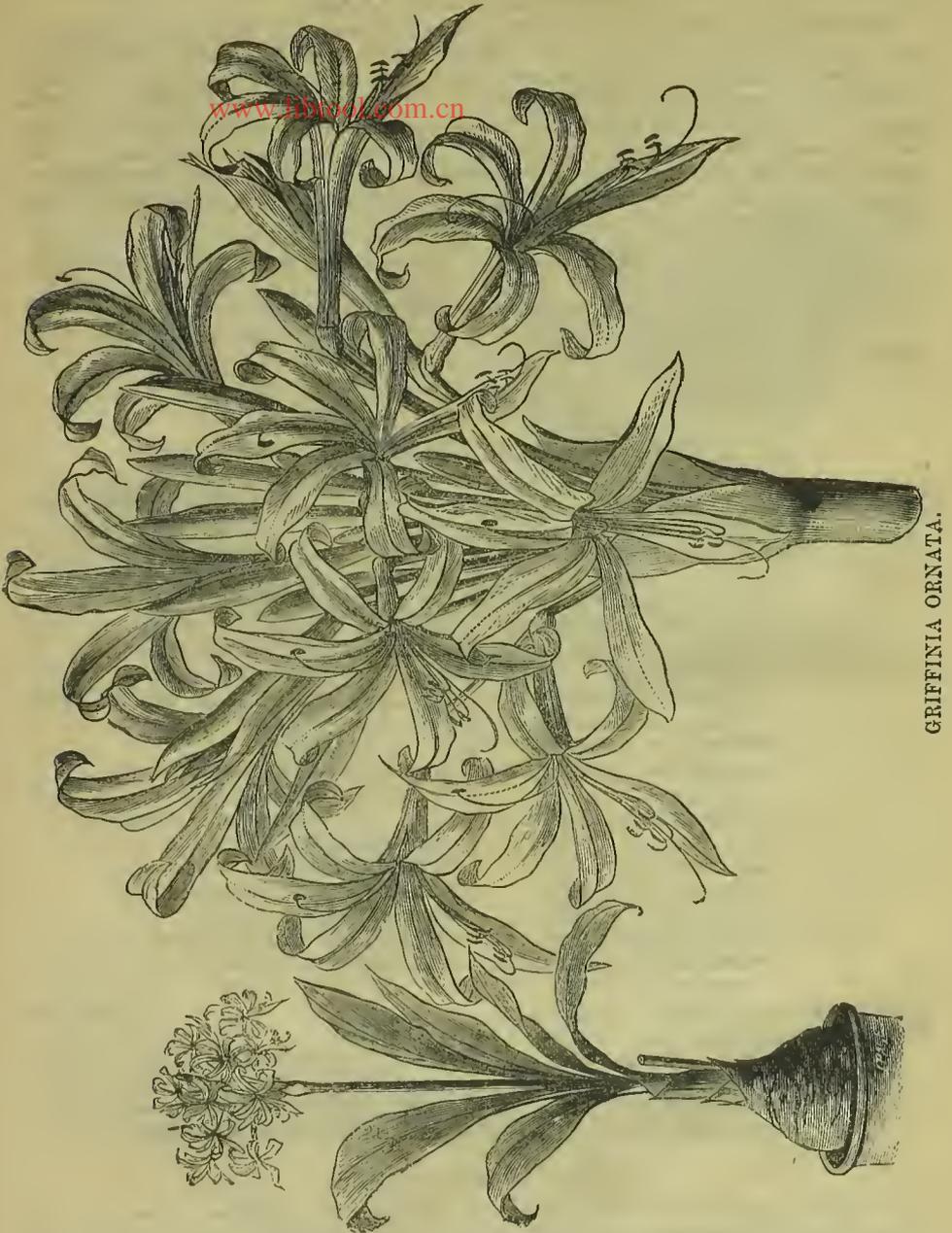
GARDENIA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA, 5s. to 10s. 6d.
 ,, **RADICANS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **VARIEGATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
GESNERA DONKELAARI, 7s. 6d.
 ,, **LEOPOLDII**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **PURPUREA MACRANTHA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, *vide* Index.
GLONERA JASMINIFLORA, 10s. 6d.
GLORIOSA PLANTII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, **SUPERBA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
GLOXINIA, *vide* Index.
GODWINIA GIGAS, 10s. 6d.
GOMPHIA DECORA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
GOODYERA, *vide* Orchids.
GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM, 3s. 6d.
GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA, 7s. 6d.
 ,, **HYACINTHINA**, 7s. 6d.
 ,, **MAXIMA**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
 ,, **ORNATA**, *vide* page 40.
GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA, *vide* page 41.
GUZMANNIA PICTA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
GYMNOSTACHIUM, *vide* Fittonia.

HEVEA BRASILIENSIS.

An important plant from the commercial value of its product, for it yields one of the best kinds of Caoutchouc, which is known as Para Rubber. It is a native of Brazil and other parts of South America, where it forms a large tree. The leaves are trifoliate, with membranaceous elliptic lanceolate leaflets, and are clustered towards the ends of the branches, while the inflorescence is panicleate. It belongs to the order *Euphorbiaceæ*. Caoutchouc consists of the milky juice of this and some other plants, which is collected and dried for commercial use.

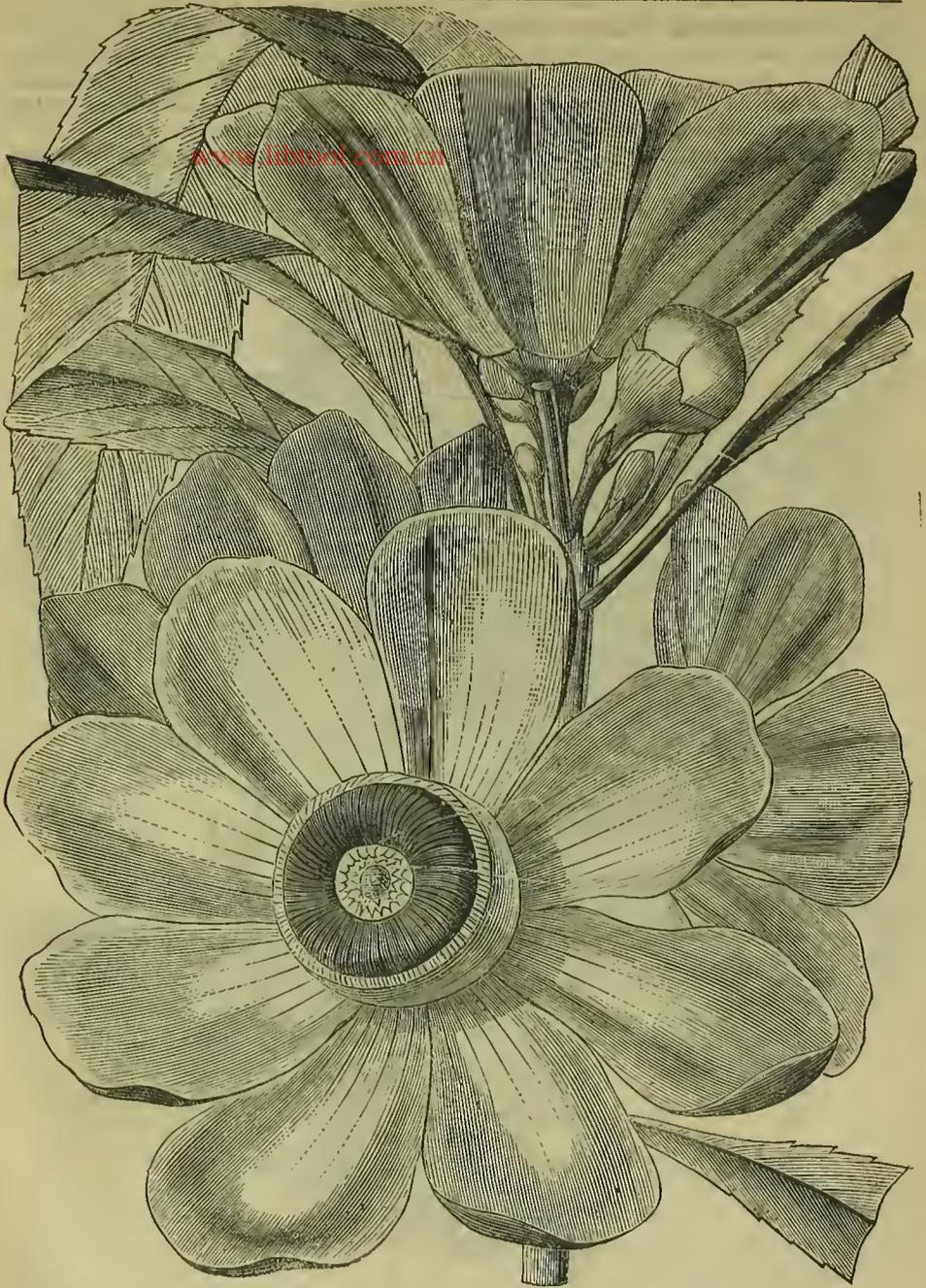
HERNANDIA SONORA, 10s. 6d.
HEXACENTRIS LUTEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **MYSORENSIS**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) ALBO-VARIEGATUS, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **(ROSA-SINENSIS) CARMINATUS PERFECTUS**, 3s. 6d.



GRIFFINIA ORNATA.

A beautiful new winter-blooming bulbous plant from Brazil. It has elliptic-oblong leaves, the margins so much recurved that a cross section would almost describe a semi-circle. The flower-scape is from a foot to a foot and a half high, and bears an umbel of about two dozen flowers, which forms a spreading head of some eight or nine inches across. The flowers are of a delicate bluish lilac, fading off to nearly white, and remaining for a considerable period in beauty. It is a valuable acquisition among our handsome flowering bulbous plants. 1 guinea.



GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.

This magnificent plant was discovered in the United States of Colombia by M. Roezl. It has a smooth slender woody stem, clothed with elongate linear-lanceolate acuminate leaves, undulated and sharply serrated on the margin. The flowers grow from the axils of the leaves in the young plants, and from the older leafless parts of the trunk in older ones; they are solitary or in pairs, 4 inches in diameter, of a charming rose colour, consisting of eight obovate oblong petals, with the yellow incurved-stamined tube bearing numerous densely packed purple anthers, in a ring of an inch or more across. It is one of the grandest and most remarkable flowering plants of recent introduction. It was figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for March, 1875, Tab. 6151. 3 guineas.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) BRILLIANTISSIMUS.

A superb variety with large single flowers of the richest and most brilliant crimson scarlet, flushed with orange. The flower is fully $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches across, spreading almost flat, but having a short-funnel-shaped base formed by the convergence of the bases of the petals, which are in that part stained with a deeper crimson, and overlapping each other so that they form a circular flower. 10s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COOPERI,
3s. 6d.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CRUEN-
TUS. 5s.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COLLERII, *vide* page 6.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) FULGIDUS.**

This magnificent variety, which was obtained from the South Sea Islands, is remarkable alike for the size, colour, and marking of its brilliant flowers. The leaves are broadly ovate, with coarsely serrated margins. The flowers are of very large size (5 inches in diameter), composed of fine broad, rounded, and beautifully undulated petals, of an intense carmine scarlet, paler and somewhat rosy-tinted towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming a blunt-rayed star in the centre of the flower. It is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. 5s.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KER-
MESINUS, 5s.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) PUNICEUS,
.7s. 6d.



HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.

This remarkably showy stove plant has firm almost leathery ovate leaves, which are coarsely toothed, and brilliant flowers of a vermilion scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals. The flowers are semi-double, the petals very much waved and recurved, forming an irregular undulated mass 4 inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects 2 inches. The brilliant and attractive flowers are remarkable for the absence of formality, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves, but nevertheless they are remarkably handsome. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 5s.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) VIVICANS.

A fine free-flowering stove plant of vigorous habit, with ovate stalked leaves, and remarkably large flowers, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches in diameter, full double, the centre being completely filled up with broad convolute petals, having tufts of stamens intermixed. The colour is a brilliant crimson scarlet. It is a very showy variety, and was imported from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d.

HIPPEASTRUM, *vide* AMARYLLIS.HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSLIA) GHIES-
BREGHTII, 3s. 6d.
and 5s." (") GHIESBREGHTII
VARIEGATA,
7s. 6d.HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSLIA) ORT-
GIESII, 5s.
" (") REFULGENS, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.
" (") " ARGYRO-
NEURA, 7s. 6d.
" (") " ROBUSTA,
5s.

IXORA REGINA.

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, freely producing large dense trusses very full of pips, which are of a rich violet salmon colour. It is of a dwarfier and more compact habit than *I. Williamsii*, and the flowers are of a deeper shade of colour: the trusses are of somewhat similar shape to those of *I. coccinea*, but the plant is much more compact in growth than that variety. It is a most superb and effective flowering plant. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

- HOYA BELLA, 3s. 6d.
 ,, CAMPANULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, CARNOSA, 3s. 6d.
 ,, ,, PICTA AUREA, 5s.
 ,, ,, VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, IMPERIALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 HYDROCOTYLE NITIDULA, 7s. 6d.
 IMPATIENS JERDONIÆ, 5s.
 IPOMCEA HORSFALLIÆ, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, INSIGNIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, LEARII, 3s. 6d.
 ,, MEXICANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, TERNATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

- ISOLOMA MOLLIS, 5s.
 IXORA AFFINIS, 5s.
 ,, ALBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, AMABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, AMBOINENSIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, COLEI, 7s. 6d.
 ,, CROCATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, ,, RUTILANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, ,, ,, 5s.
 ,, DIXIANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, GRIFFITHII, 5s.

IXORA FRASERI.

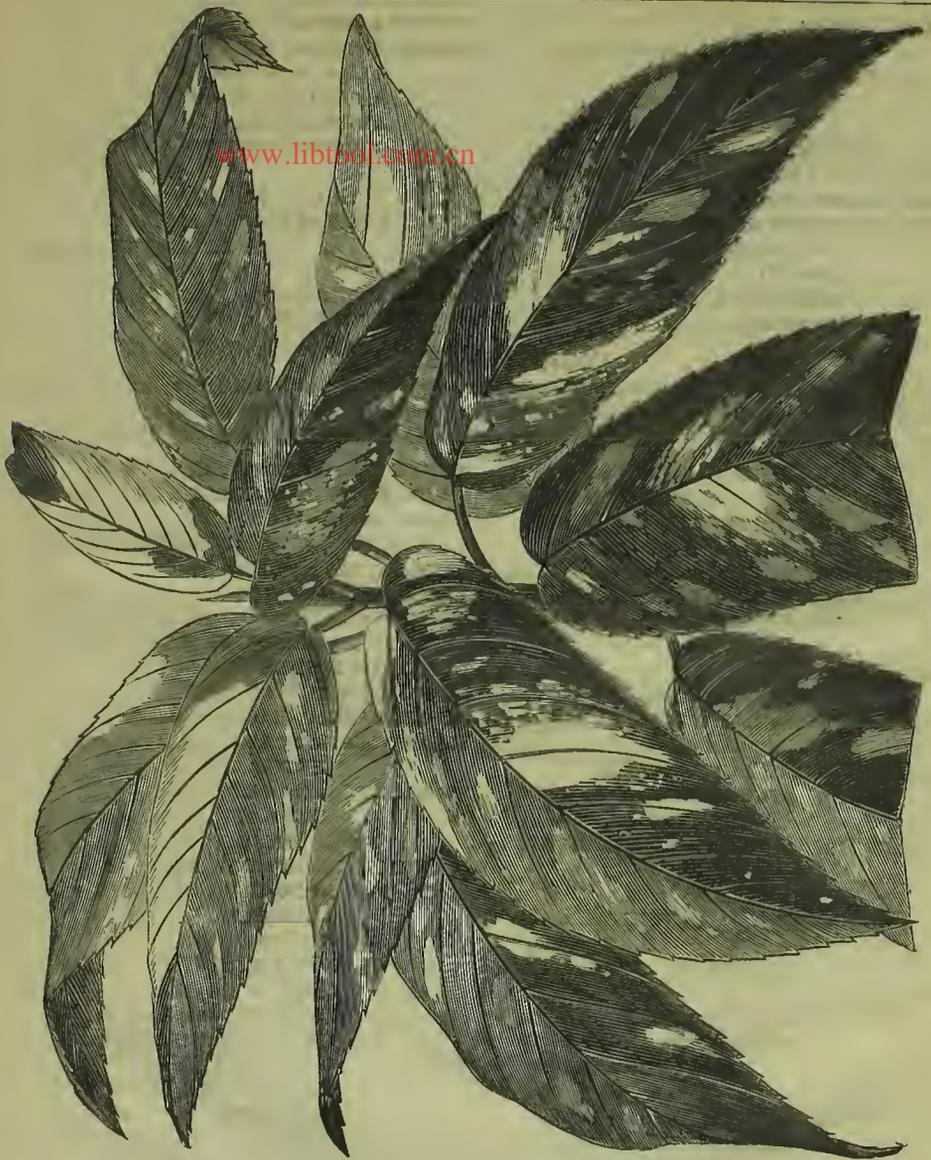
A most effective and beautiful variety, of free and vigorous growth, with rich dark green foliage and numerous large, terminal, globular flower-heads, with blossoms of a brilliant flamed salmon colour, upon carmine-searlet flower tubes, and rich under pedicels or flower stalks. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

- IXORA JAVANICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, ,, FLORIBUNDA, 5s.
 ,, INCARNATA, 5s.
 ,, LOBBII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, PRINCE OF ORANGE, 5s. & 7s. 6d.
 ,, PRINCEPS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, REGINA, *vide* page 44.
 ,, ROSEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, SALICIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, SANGUINEA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, SPECTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, WILLIAMSII, 5s.
 JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA, 42s
 ,, ELEGANTISSIMA, 10s. 6d.
 ,, MIMOSÆFOLIA, 7s. 6d.
 JASMINUM DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS,
 3s. 6d.
 ,, GRACILE, 3s. 6d.
 ,, ,, VARIEGATUM,
 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLO-
 RUM), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d.
 ,, SAMBAC, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, ,, FLORE-PLENO,
 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 JUSTICIA ZEBRINA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 KÆMPFERIA BENSONIÆ, 7s. 6d.
 ,, BERKELEYI, 7s. 6d.
 ,, MOULMEINENSIS, 7s. 6d.
 KÆMPFERIA ROSCOEANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, SPECIOSA, 7s. 6d.
 KOHLERIA LANATA, 3s. 6d.

- KOHLERIA RUPESTRIS, 3s. 6d.
 KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA, *vide* Cy-
 perus Laeouii.
 LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSI-
 COLOR, *vide* page 46.
 LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 LEMONIA SPECTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 LIBONIA PENRHOSIENSIS, 3s. 6d.
 LITTONIA MODESTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants.
 MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index.
 MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, PUMILA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 MANETTIA BICOLOR, 3s. 6d.
 ,, CORDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, MICANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 MANTISIA SALTATORIA, 10s. 6d.
 MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, AMABILIS, 5s.
 ,, ARGYREA, 5s.
 ,, BARAQUINII, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, BELLA, 10s. 6d.
 ,, BICOLOR, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, CHIMBORACENSIS, 5s.
 ,, CONCINNA, 7s. 6d.
 ,, EXIMIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, FASCIATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, GOVEANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, HIEROGLYPHICA, 5s.
 ,, ILLUSTRIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, LEGRELLIANA, 5s.
 ,, LEOPARDINA, *vide* page 47.
 ,, LINDENI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, MAKOYANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MARANTA MASSANGEANA.

A remarkably distinct and attractive species, introduced from Brazil. It is of neat habit, growing in close tufts, its ample foliage covering the ground. The leaves are most ornamental, being beautifully covered with rich markings, presenting a somewhat similar appearance to the wings of certain butterflies. The outer portion of the leaves is olive green; the middle, on both sides of the prominent central vein, is of a delicate silvery gray colour, from which the whitish side veins run out in a well-defined and regular manner. That portion of the leaf surrounding the silvery centre is ornamented with large blotches of dark velvety purplish maroon, occasionally shaded with brownish crimson, the whole of the leaf being marked with silky and sparkling reflections. 15s. and 1 guinea.



LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR.

LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR.

A very remarkable stove plant, obtained from the South Sea Islands, and sent to me from Australia by Dr. Schomburgk. It has large alternate deep green leaves, irregularly mottled with grayish green, and variegated with patches of creamy white, and having at their base deciduous herbaceous stipules. The petioles are fleshy, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches long, deep wine purple, which colour is continued along the mid-rib and the principal side veins. Sometimes the creamy white marking covers the whole of the leaf surface on one side the mid-vein. 10s. 6d.

MARANTA MICANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 „ **ORNATA**, 5s.
 „ **PICTURATA**, 7s. 6d.
 „ **PINNATO-PICTA**, 10s. 6d.
 „ **PORPHYROCAULIS**, 5s.
 „ **PORTEANA**, 5s.
 „ **PRASINA**, 10s. 6d.

MARANTA PRINCEPS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 „ **PULCHELLA**, 5s.
 „ **REGALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **ROSEO-LINEATA**, 5s.
 „ **ROSEO-PICTA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **SANGUINEA**, 5s.
 „ **SEEMANNI**, 7s. 6d.



MARANTA LEOPARDINA.

A deciduous perennial, with slender erect terete petioles sheathing at the base, and bearing at the top a spreading limb, with one side considerably larger than the other. The colouring is effective, being a pale or yellowish green, marked on each side the costa with several blotches of deep green, which are oblong in form and acuminate, and are arranged in nearly opposite pairs. This handsome Maranta belongs to the semi-deciduous section. It is a native of Brazil. 10s. 6d.

MARANTA SETOSA, *vide* Calathea arrecta.
 „ **SMARAGDINA**, 10s. 6d.
 „ **SPLENDIDA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **TUBISPATHA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **UNDULATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **VARIEGATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **VEITCHII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MARANTA VIRGINALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **VITTATA**, 5s.
 „ **WAGNERI**, 7s. 6d.
 „ **WALLISII**, 7s. 6d.
 „ **WARSCIEWICZII**, 5s.
 „ **ZEBRINA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
MARCGRAAVIA DUBIA, 5s.

MARGRAVIA PARADOXA.

This name is provisionally applied to a very remarkable stove creeping-stemmed perennial, sent from Niaragua by the late Dr. Seemann as a species of *Maregraavia*, but which under cultivation has very much more the aspect of a Pothos, and may possibly prove to be an entirely new genus. The stems cling firmly to the surface against which they are placed, by means of the strong roots which issue from their nodes opposite the alternately distichous leaves, which are of a deep green colour. 10s. 6d.

MEDINILLA AMABILIS.

A remarkably showy stove plant, introduced from Java, and having the general habit of *M. magnifica*, but with erect pyramidal panicles of large rosy peach flowers. The stem is quadrangular, the angles being furnished with a narrow undulated wing; and the leaves are opposite, sessile, oblong-obovate, obtuse with a short acuminate point, a foot long, and 7 to 8 inches broad. The flowers grow in large panicles, which are erect, and composed of four-branched whorls, the branches each forming a cyme of numerous rosy pink flowers, which measure two inches across, the unexpanded buds being of the same delicate pink colour, and having a waxy appearance. A grand stove plant of the flowering sub-division. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

MEDINILLA MAGNIFICA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 MESUA FERREA, 10s. 6d.
 METHONICA, *vide* Gloriosa
 MEYENIA ERECTA, 3s. 6d.
 MONOLENA PRIMULÆFLORA, 5s.
 MONSTERA DELICIOSA (*Philodendron pertusum*), 15s. and 1 guinea
 MUSA CAVENDISHII, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 ,, COCCINEA, 1 guinea
 ,, ROSACEA, 15s.
 ,, SANGUINEA, 1 guinea
 ,, SUPERBA, 15s. and 1 guinea
 ,, TEXTILIS, 1 guinea
 ,, VITTATA, 2 guineas
 ,, ZEBRINA, 1 guinea
 MUSSÆNDA FRONDOSA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, LUTEOLA, 3s. 6d.
 MYRTUS TOMENTOSA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 NEPENTHES AMPULLACEA, 1 and 1½ guinea
 ,, GRACILIS MAJOR, 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea
 ,, HOOKERI, 1½ and 2 guineas
 ,, HYBRIDA, 15s. and 1 guinea
 ,, ,, MACULATA, 15s. and 1 guinea
 ,, PHYLLAMPHORA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, RAFFLESIANA, 1 and 1½ guinea
 ,, RUBRA, 1 to 2 guineas
 ,, SEDENI, 1 and 1½ guinea
 NIDULARIUM FULGENS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, INNOCENTII, 10s. 6d.
 ,, PICTUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, SPECTABILE, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ORCHIDS, *vide* Index.

OXALIS SENSITIVA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS, 1, 2, and 3 guineas

PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

PANAX EXCELSUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

,, FRUTICOSUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

,, LACINIATUM, *vide* page 7.

,, OBUSUM, 10s. 6d.

PANCRATIUM CARIBBÆUM, 15s. and 1 guinea.

,, FRAGRANS, 10s. 6d.

,, ROTATUM, 3s. 6d.

PANDANUS DECORUS, 1½ and 2 guineas

,, JAVANICUSVARIEGATUS, 7s. 6d.

,, UTILIS, 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.

,, VEITCHII, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA, 1 guinea

PASSIFLORA ALATA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

,, AMABILIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

,, ARBOREA (GLAUCA), 10s. 6d.

,, BIJOU, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

,, BUONAPARTEA, 3s. 6d.

,, CAPSULARIS, 10s. 6d.

,, CARDINALIS, 3s. 6d.

,, EDULIS, 3s. 6d.

,, FULGENS, *vide* Tacsonia Buchananii

,, KERMESINA, 3s. 6d.

,, LAURIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

,, LOUDONI, 3s. 6d.

,, MADONNA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PASSIFLORA MALIFORMIS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.
 ,, MARMOREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, MUTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA),
 ,, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, QUADRANGULARIS, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS AU-
 CUBÆFOLIA, 7s. 6d.
 ,, SANGUIFOLIA, 7s. 6d.
 ,, SHEPPARDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, TRIFASCIATA, 3s. 6d. and
 5s.

PAULLINIA OCEANICA,

A stove plant of slender and much-branched habit, introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are alternate, slender, linear in outline, pinnate, with a brown downy rachis, and rather distant pinnæ, which are sometimes simple, small, ovate, inciso-dentate, less than an inch long, sometimes ternate with a large terminal and two smaller lateral leaflets, all of them inciso-dentate. From its light elegant foliage, this plant is a charming object for decorative purposes. 1 guinea.

PAULLINIA THALICTRIFOLIA, 7s. 6d.
 and 10s. 6d.

PAVETTA BORBONICA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VA-
 RIEGATUS, 10s. 6d.

PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VA-
 RIEGATUS CUCULLATUS, 10s. 6d.

PENTAS CARNEA, 3s. 6d.

PENTAS KERMESINA, 3s. 6d.

PEPEROMIA ARGYREA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

,, VELUTINA, 5s.

,, VERSCHAFFELTII, 5s.

PEPINIA APHELANDRÆFLORA, 1 guinea

PETRÆA ERECTA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON CRINIPES, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

,, DISCOLOR, 5s.

PHILODENDRON DAGUENSE.

This species quite eclipses *P. Lindenianum* in its more vigorous growth, in the changing colour of its broad leaves, which are supported on twisted hairy petioles, and in the brighter colours of the under-surface of its foliage. 10s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON MELANOCHRYSUM.

A lovely species, from New Granada, of moderate growth and climbing habit. The general hue of both surfaces of the leaves is a uniformly dull green, covered with a shining varnish, as though washed over with gold, and is very brilliant in the sunshine. 10s. 6d.

PHILODENDRON LINDENIANUM, 3s. 6d.
 and 5s.

PHILODENDRON PERTUSUM, *vide* Mon-
 stera deliciosa.

PHILODENDRON RADIATUM, 7s. 6d.

PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS.

This is a native of the South Sea Islands, and forms a slender growing stove plant. In habit and aspect it is the counterpart of *P. nivosus*, having similar terete stems, which are of a purplish hue, and furnished with rich dark purple leaves, which are bluntly ovate in form. The plant is deciduous during the resting season, and puts forth its new leaves at first of a dark green colour, but the purple hue is soon developed under the influence of light, and the plants then become robed in purple. 7s. 6d.

PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS.

This is a deciduous stove shrub from the New Hebrides Group. It is of free branching habit, and clothed with alternate leaves, which are frequently almost entirely covered with a mottling of white, but in some cases partially veined with green. When well developed, the plant has the appearance of a sheet of snow—whence the name *nivosus*. The women of the Island of Tauna (one of the New Hebrides Group) use the sprays of snow-white foliage of this plant for the adornment of their dark tresses; and it is certainly a beautiful selection, showing their taste in head-dresses. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PHYLLANTHUS COMORENSE, 7s. 6d.
 and 10s. 6d.

PHYLOTÆNIUM LINDENI, 10s. 6d., 15s.
 and 1 guinea.

,, MIRABILE, 1 guinea.

PIPERS, of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3s. 6d.

PITCAIRNIA PLATYPHYLLA, 10s. 6d.

,, TABULÆFORMIS, 3s. 6d.
 and 5s.

PLATYMISCIUM POLYSTACHYUM, 7s. 6d.

PLECTOPOMA, *vide* Index.

PLECTRANTHUS FÆTIDUS, *vide* page 7.

PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUS, 5s.

PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d.

,, ROSEA, 3s. 6d.

POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3s. 6d.

POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA, 7s. 6d.

,, REGIA, 7s. 6d.

POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA, 2s. 6d. and
 3s. 6d.

,, ALBA, 3s. 6d.
 and 5s.

,, ROSEO-
 CARMINATA, 5s.

POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA PLENISSIMA.

This magnificent plant is remarkable for the distinct character of its floral bracts, the size of the heads in which they are produced, and their marvellous brilliancy of colour. Instead of the bracts being borne in a single head and spreading out as in the old form, in this new double kind they are gathered into clusters, which fill up the centre, so that the whole inflorescence is full and rosette-like, and of a most vivid and brilliant scarlet colour. It is a strikingly effective and gorgeously beautiful plant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA, 15s.
 POTHOS ARGYREA, 3s. 6d.
 ,, MACROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.
 PROTEINOPHALLUS RIVIERI, *vide*
 Amorphophallus.
 PSIDIUM CATTLEIANUM (The Guava),
 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 PTERIDOPHYLLUM PENTAPHYLLUM,
 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 PUYA MAIDIFOLIA, 7s. 6d.
 RAVENALIA MADAGASCARIENSIS,
 "The Traveller's Tree," 15s. and 1 guinea.
 REIDIA GLAUDESCENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 RHOPALAS, of sorts, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s.
 and 1 guinea.
 RIVINA FLAVESCENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, LÆVIS (humilis), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ROGIERA CORDATA (amœna), 3s. 6d. & 5s.
 ,, GRATISSIMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, THYRSIFLORA, 5s.
 RONDELETIA BRILLIANTISSIMA, 7s. 6d.
 ,, SPECIOSA, 3s. 6d.

RONDELETIA SPECIOSA MAJOR, 3s. 6d.
 and 5s.
 RONNBERGIA MORRENIANA, 15s. and
 1 guinea.
 RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5s.
 SACCHARUM ÆGYPTIACUM, 7s. 6d.
 ,, OFFICINARUM, "The
 Sugar Plant," 7s. 6d.
 SALVADORA PERSICA, "The Mustard
 Tree of Scripture," 5s.
 SAMYDA NOBILIS, 1 guinea.
 SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCOPHYLLA,
 5s.
 ,, VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
 SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7s. 6d.
 ,, ZEYLANICA (javanica),
 3s. 6d.
 SAXO-FRIDERICIA SUBCORDATA,
 3 guineas.
 SCHUBERTIA GRAVEOLENS, 5s.
 SCIADOCALYX DIGITALIFLORA, 5s.

SCUTELLARIA MOCINIANA.

This interesting plant is of a neat, dwarf, branching style of growth, with small ovately heart-shaped leaves. It is of a very free-flowering habit, producing terminal spikes of bright scarlet blossoms during the summer months. 3s. 6d.

SCINDAPSUS PICTUS, 3s. 6d.
 SERICOGRAPHIS GHIESBREGHTIANA,
 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 SINNINGIA PUNCTATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, PURPUREA NIGRA, 5s.
 SIPHOCAMPYLUS HUMBOLDTIANUS
 (FULGENS), 5s.
 SMILAX LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA,
 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, MACROPHYLLA MACULATA,
 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, SHUTTLEWORTHII, *vide* page
 7.
 SONERILA HENDERSONI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, ,, AMABILIS,
 10s. 6d.

SONERILA HENDERSONI ARGENTEA,
 5s. & 7s. 6d.
 ,, ,, PICTURATA,
 10s. 6d.
 ,, ,, SPECIOSA,
 10s. 6d.
 ,, ,, SUPERBA,
 10s. 6d.
 ,, MARGARITACEA ALBA,
 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and
 10s. 6d.
 SPHÆROSTEMA MARMORATUM, 3s. 6d.
 and 5s.
 SPONDIAS PLEIOGYNA, 10s. 6d.
 STADMANNIA JONGHEI, 10s. 6d.

STADMANNIA AMABILIS.

An erect stove plant, of elegant habit, with ornamental pinnate foliage, recently introduced from Zanzibar. It is desirable for ornamental purposes on account of the light gracefully spreading foliage. The leaves are paripinnate, the short stalk being swollen at the base, the lower leaflets roundish or ovate, gradually increasing in length upwards, where they are elliptic. The rachis becomes flattened and slightly winged in the upper part, and terminates in a point between the terminal pair of leaflets. The bark is verrucose, the verrucæ becoming confluent on the older parts of the stem so as to give to it a light brown colour. 10s. 6d. and 15s.



SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

A grand South American plant, with something the aspect of a Dieffenbaebia. Its large broadly ovate-elliptical leaves have a glossy dark green surface, freely mottled along the course of the transverse veins with blotches of golden green, the mid-rib being prominent and of a pale green. It is a very effective plant, its bold leaves being very handsomely mottled. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

STANGERIA, *vide* Index

STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI, 3s. 6d.

STEUDNERA COLOCASIÆFOLIA, 10s. 6d.

„ **DISCOLOR**, 1 guinea.

STRELITZIA AUGUSTA.

A noble and exceedingly ornamental plant of the Musaceous order—a really majestic-flowering plant, the king of the family—remarkable for its peculiarly-formed striking white flowers, and its elongated distichous leaves. It was introduced long since from the Cape of Good Hope, but has always remained comparatively rare. 10s. 6d.

STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM, 5s.
 STRELITZIA JUNCIFOLIA, 1 guinea
 ,, NICOLAI, 2 guineas
 ,, REGINÆ, 1 guinea
 ,, HUMILIS, 1 guinea

SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM, 5s.
 ,, WENDLANDII, 3s. 6d.
 TABERNÆMONTANA CORONARIA
 FLORE-PLENO, 3s. 6d.

TABERNÆMONTANA WALLICHIANA.

A free-blooming stove plant from the East Indies. It has dichotomous stems, clothed with broadly lanceolate leaves 3 to 4 inches long, and produces from the forks of the branches bifurcated cymes of white flowers, which have a slender tube nearly half an inch long, and a limb of about three-fourths of an inch broad, made up of five oblique oblong-obtuse segments, wavy at the edge, and traversed by parallel-forked veins. The flowers, which are deliciously scented, are very freely produced. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA),
 3s. 6d. & 5s.
 TERMINALIA ELEGANS, 15s. and 1 guinea.
 TETRANEMA MEXICANUM, 3s. 6d.
 THEOBROMA CACAO, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 THEOPHRASTA IMPERIALIS, 15s. and 21s.
 THESPESIA LAMPAS, 7s. 6d.
 THUNBERGIA CHRYSOPS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, FRAGRANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, HARRISII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, LAURIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS, 3s. 6d.
 TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA, 5s.
 and 7s. 6d.
 ,, BIVITTATA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 ,, LINDENII, 2 and 3 guineas.
 ,, (CARAGUATA) MUSAICA,
 2 and 3 guineas.
 ,, SPLENDENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, STRICTA, 10s. 6d.
 ,, (CARAGUATA) ZAHNII,
 10s. 6d. and 15s.

TILLANDSIA TESSELLATA.

A very novel and beautiful Bromelaid, with light glaucous green ample foliage, which is attractively veined with rosy purple on the under surface, and mottled with transparent greenish yellow blotches on the upper surface, this marking and netting giving the leaves the appearance of mosaic. It is a charmingly attractive decorative plant. 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

TINNEA ÆTHIOPICA (VIOLET-
 SCENTED TINNEA), 3s. 6d.
 TORENIA ASIATICA, 2s. 6d.
 ,, PULCHERRIMA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 TOXICOPHLYÆA SPECTABILIS, 7s. 6d.
 TRADESCANTIA ZEBRINA ARGEN-
 TEA, 3s. 6d.
 TYDÆA, *vide* Index.

URCEOLINA AUREA, 5s.
 UROSPATHA SPECTABILIS, 10s. 6d.
 ,, SPLENDENS, 10s. 6d.
 VANILLA AROMATICA, 10s. 6d.
 VINCA ALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, OCULATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, ROSEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 VITIS (CISSUS) CHONTALENSIS, 7s. 6d.

VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA, 1 guinea.

VRIESIA RETICULATA.

Fine plants of this rare Bromeliaceous plant at 6 and 8 guineas each.

VRIESIA LEOPOLDII, 7s. 6d.
 ,, PSITTACINA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 ,, REGINA, 2 guineas.

VRIESIA SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA), 5s.
 and 7s. 6d.
 ZINGIBER OFFICINALE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE GREEN- HOUSE PLANTS.

ABUTILON BUISSON D'OR.

An extremely free-blooming variety, producing well-formed flowers of a brilliant golden yellow colour; very distinct and attractive. 7s. 6d.

ABUTILON BOULE DE NEIGE, 2s. 6d. | ABUTILON CARMINEUM, 2s. 6d.
 and 3s. 6d. | ,, DARWINII, 3s. 6d.
 ABUTILON ELEGANS, 2s. 6d.

ABUTILON DARWINII TESSELLATUM.

The variegation of this attractive plant, shows three distinct shades of colouring: the deep green of the leaves being marbled or tessellated with golden yellow, and a tint intermediate between the two. The flowers are of a cinnabar red colour, veined with crimson. 3s. 6d.

ABUTILON LE LILLIPUT.

A very dwarf and compact habited variety; producing finely formed flowers of a magnificent brig mauve colour. 3s. 6d.

ABUTILON LE NAIN.

Very large clear mauve flowers, with darker veins; slightly shaded with orange. 3s. 6d.

ABUTILON LILACEA ALBA.

White, beautifully shaded with soft lilac mauve; a novel and distinct variety, of dwarf branching habit and very free flowering; extremely pretty and effective. 7s. 6d.

ABUTILON MONSIEUR LOUIS MARIGNAC.

A dwarf and extremely floriferous variety; the flowers, which are large and well formed, are of a most soft, delicate, and beautiful rose colour; the reverse of the petals being of a silvery hue; very attractive. 7s. 6d.

ABUTILON PERLE D'OR.

An effective variety of neat compact growth, producing large and well-formed flowers of a most fresh and clear canary yellow colour; very free flowering. 5s.

ABUTILON SELLOWIANUM VARIEGATUM.

The leaves of this beautiful variety are very large and ornamental; their colour is a golden yellow, richly tessellated with green. It is an extremely attractive variegated foliage plant. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ABUTILON SIMON DELAUX.

A novel and effective variety, freely producing large flowers of a beautiful soft chamois colour, slightly shaded with purple; the veins and back of the petals being of a rosy mauve purple colour; extremely distinct. 5s.

ABUTILON MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM , 3s. 6d.	ACACIA LONGIFLORA MAGNIFICA , 3s. 6d.
„ NIVEUM AUREO-MARMORATUM , 3s. 6d.	„ PLATYPTERA , 3s. 6d.
„ VIOLACEUM PURPUREUM , 2s. 6d.	„ TENUIFOLIA , 5s.
ACACIA DRUMMONDII , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ GRANDIS , 3s. 6d.	ACANTHOPANAX QUINQUEFOLIUM VARIEGATUM , 5s.
ADENANDRA FRAGRANS , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM , 5s. and 7s. 6d.

AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

The leaves of this variety are nearly double the length of those of the old variegated Aloe; the variegation is also much whiter and cleaner. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA.

In all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., to 1 guinea; handsome specimens, 2, 3, to 5 guineas.

AGAVE FILIFERA.

10s. 6d., 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.; handsome plants of this fine conservatory plant, 5 guineas each.	
AGAVE HETERACANTHA , 1 guinea	APHELEXIS MACRANTHA PURPUREA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ HORRIDA , 3 guineas	„ MACRANTHA ROSEA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ SEEMANNI , 1½ guinea	„ PROLIFERA BARNESII , <i>vide</i> Phœnoecoma.
„ „ ACUTA , 1½ guinea	„ RUPESTRIS GRANDIFLORA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ „ PAPILLOSA , 1½ guinea	ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII) , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ „ PARVISPINA , 1½ guinea	„ „ RETICULATA , 1 and 1½ guinea
AGAPANTHUS , of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ PAPYRIFERA , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
ALOE SOCOTRINA , 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.	„ QUINQUEFOLIA , 7s. 6d.
AMARYLLIS , <i>vide</i> pages 10 to 13.	„ TRIFOLIATA , 7s. 6d.
ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	
ANTHOLYZA ÆTHIOPICA MAXIMA , 3s. 6d.	
AOTUS GRACILLIMA , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	

ARALIA ARMATA.

A fine-looking shrubby Indian species, having erect prickly stems and long-stalked bipinnate leaves, which give it a very elegant appearance. The leaf-stalks are prickly, like the stem, and the rachis of the leaves is articulated. The leaflets are ovate-acuminate, membranaceous, serrated, and beset on both surfaces with bristly hairs. The flowers are produced in a long downy panicle, the umbellules being many-flowered. It is the *Panax armatum* of Wallich. In India, it ranges from Tavoy to Khasia and Sikkim. 10s. 6d. www.libtool.com.cn

ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII) VARIEGATA.

A handsome ornamental plant, with foliage similar to that of *A. japonica* (*Sieboldii*), but prettily variegated. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 ,, COOKII, 15s. and 1 guinea.

ARAUCARIA CUNNINGHAMII, 10s. 6d.,
 15s. and 1 guinea.

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant. 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea. Specimens of various sizes, from 2 to 8 guineas.

ARAUCARIA RULEI.

A handsome ornamental plant, introduced from New Caledonia. It has verticillate horizontally spreading branches, the leafy twigs very long, about an inch in diameter, with oval elliptic appressed leaves, rounded and sub-eariate beneath, and curved towards the trunk. 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

ARISÆMA CONCINNUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, CURVATUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 ,, SPECIOSUM HOOKERIANUM,
 10s. 6d.

BIGNONIA CHERERE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, GRANDIFLORA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
 ,, JASMINOIDES ALBA
 MAGNA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, JASMINOIDES SPLENDIDA,
 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, VENUSTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 BLANDFORDIA AUREA, 10s. 6d.

ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
 and 5s.

AZALEA, *vide* Index.

BEGONIA, *vide* Index.

BLANDFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known kinds of this genus, thus refers to *Blandfordia Cunninghamii*:—"None of them are to be compared for beauty with a plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata* (*grandiflora*). The leaves have neither serratures nor roughness on the edge, but are perfectly smooth. The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the ends of the petals, where they are yellow." 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BLANDFORDIA NOBILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BORONIA DRUMMONDII, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

BORONIA MEGASTIGMA.

A remarkably effective Australian greenhouse plant, desirable not only on account of the peculiar colour of its flowers, but also for their fragrance. It is of slender habit, with twiggy branches, clothed with spare foliage, and bearing copious axillary flowers. The leaves are sessile, pinnate, with 3 to 5 narrow linear rigid leaflets. The flowers are drooping, half an inch in diameter, sub-globose, campanulate, the nearly orbicular concave petals being maroon purple outside, and yellow within. The aromatic fragrance of the flowers is most delicious. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BORONIA SERRULATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

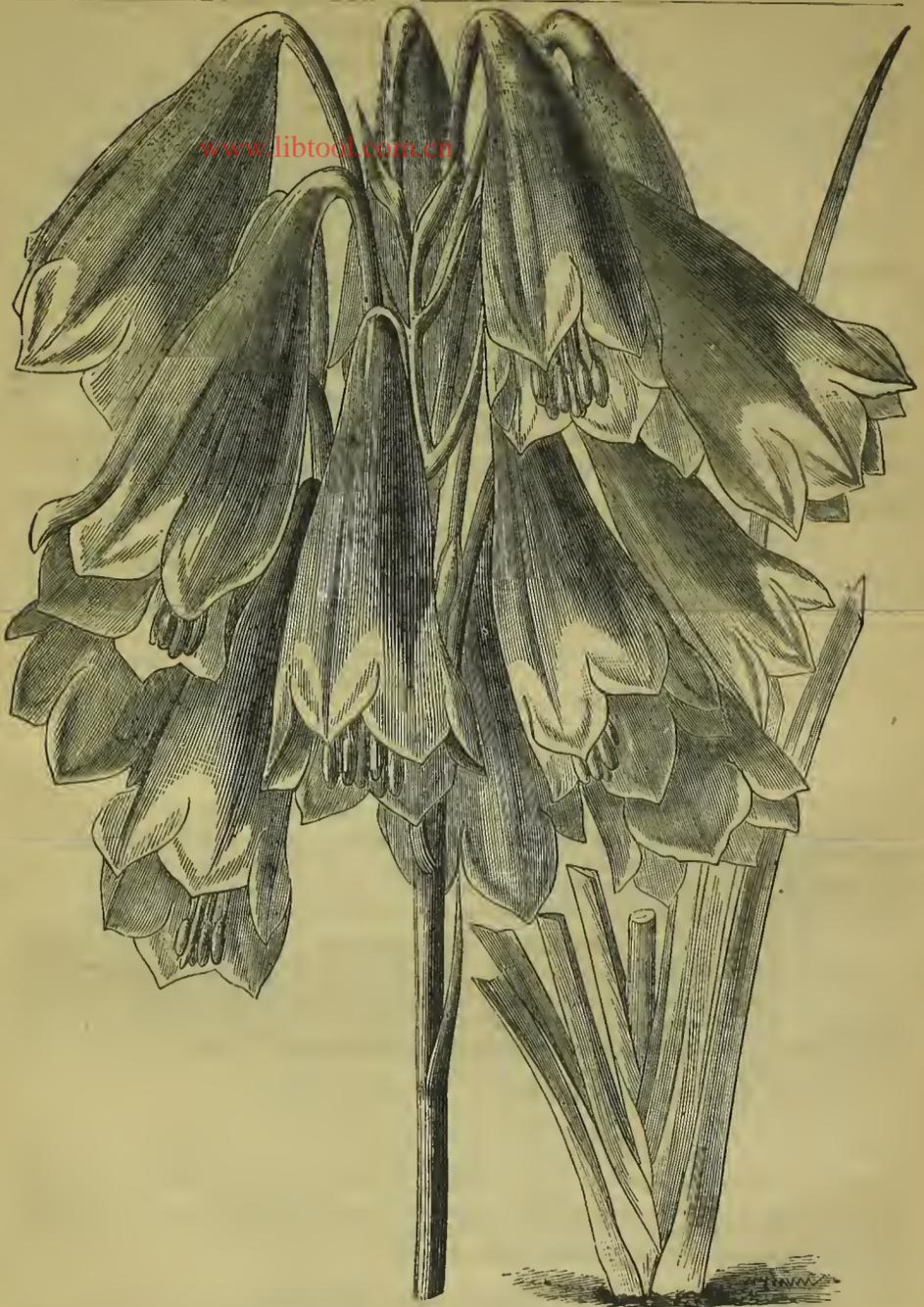
BOUVARDIA, *vide* Index.

BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM.

A tree of highly ornamental appearance. From the exceeding brilliancy of its rich red flowers it is called the Flame Tree. It might with great propriety be also called the New South Wales "Lace Bark Tree." The bast furnished by this tree is of the most beautiful lace-like texture, and is considered superior to *Cuba Bast*; the fibre is suitable for the manufacture of ropes, cordage, mats, &c. 7s. 6d.

BRACHYSEMA UNDULATUM.

A tall sub-scandent evergreen greenhouse plant, attractive when in blossom, on account of the very unusual colour of its flowers. It has long flexible branches, producing from their alternate or opposite leaf axils numerous small flowering twigs. The leaves are oblong-ovate, mucronate, silky beneath, and the flowers are solitary or sometimes in pairs in the leaf axils, with a broad inflated brownish silky calyx, and deep violet maroon corolla having a broad obtuse keel. It is a native of the West Australian colony. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6114. 5s. and 7s. 6d.



BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS.

This strikingly handsome greenhouse perennial gained the first prize as the best new flowering greenhouse plant at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition in the summer of 1875. The stiff sub-erect distichous leaves are narrowly-linear, five to eight ribbed, and with a serrulate border. The scape is a foot high, bearing a corymb of many flowers, which are two and a half inches long, pendent, regularly funnel-shaped, with a bright erinson tube and deep golden yellow erect limb. It must be regarded as the most beautiful of the *Blandfordias* yet known. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for January, 1876, tab. 6209. $1\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas.

BRUGMANSIA COCCINEA.

This desirable novelty has been discovered by that indefatigable collector, Mr. G. Wallis, in the United States of Colombia. It, like others of the family, is of easy growth, and, from the attractive character of its blossoms, is a valuable acquisition. The flowers are light bright scarlet, which showy colour, together with their large size, renders the plant an exceedingly effective object. 10s. 6d.

BRUGMANSIA ARBOREA, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **KNIGHTII** (flore-pleno), 3s. 6d.
 ,, **SANGUINEA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **SUAVEOLENS**, 3s. 6d.
BURTONIA VIOLACEA, 3s. 6d.

CALCEOLARIA PAVONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CALLA ÆTHIOPICA, *vide* RICHARDIA.
CALLICARPA PURPUREA, 3s. 6d.
CAMELLIAS, *vide* Index.
CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS, 5s.
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, *vide* p. 18.

CAMPSIDIUM (TECOMA) VALDIVIANUM.

This beautiful Bignonial is a native of Chili. It is a very graceful climber, with pinnated leaves, and produces abundant racemes of handsome orange-coloured blossoms. This plant has no rooting branches, nor is it furnished with tendrils like most climbing species peculiar to America, but seems to be twining, like Pandorea. Occuring in high southern latitudes, there is every reason to believe that it may prove hardy in the southern parts of England. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
CEREUS GRANDIFLORUS (night-blooming), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **M'DONALDII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CESTRUM AURANTIACUM, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **HENCHMANNI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **LAWRENCEANUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **VARIUM CHANDLERI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CISSUS ANTARCTICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **CAPENSIS**, 5s.
CLEMATIS INDIVISA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **MAGNIFICA**, 3s. 6d.
CLIVIA NOBILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
COLEUS, *vide* Index.
COPROSMA BAUERIANA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 ,, **VARIEGATA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
CORREAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA.

A free-growing greenhouse plant from New Zealand, differing from the *C. Baueriana variegata* in having central instead of marginal variegation. The leaves are ovate and bluntly rounded, and they have a smooth surface of pale green, marked with blotches of pale yellow and creamy-white, spreading out from the mid-rib on one or both sides, and assuming a variety of grotesque forms. 7s. 6d.

CRINUM AUSTRALE.

This plant, which Mr. Bentham refers to *C. pedunculatum*, bears the name of Botany-bay Lily, and is an ornamental bulbous plant, requiring greenhouse temperature. The bulbs are smooth, thick, and cylindrical. The flowers are numerous, collected into an umbel, each attached by a pedicel longer than the ovary, and consisting of a long slender tube, and a spreading or recurved limb of six white segments. 10s. 6d.

CROWEA STRICTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYCADS, *vide* Index.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks—indeed, almost longer than any other flowers with which we are acquainted.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **ALBUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **RUBRUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, of various choice sorts, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

CYTISUS FILIPES, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **RACEMOSUS**, 1s. and 1s. 6d.
 ,, **EVERESTIANUS**, 3s. 6d.
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **ALBA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **ARBOREA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **ROSEA**, 3s. 6d.

DAPHNE PAPHYRACEA.

An interesting evergreen greenhouse shrub, of tall-growing habit, from the Himalaya and other mountains of India. It is clothed with lanceolate-oblong, smooth, leathery leaves, and bears terminal or lateral sessile fascicles of greenish white, very odoriferous flowers. It is related to *D. sinensis* (*indica* Hort) and *D. japonica*. Its rough bark is made into paper in India. 7s. 6d.

DAPHNE ELEGANTISSIMA, 10s. 6d.

„ INDICA RUBRA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DARWINIA FIMBRIATA, 5s.

DASYLIRION GLAUCUM, 1 guinea.

DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DICHROA VERSICOLOR, 3s. 6d.

DORYANTHES PALMERI, *vide* page 58.

DORYANTHES EXCELSA.

THE AUSTRALIAN GIGANTIC LILY.

This magnificent Lilaceous plant produces a tall straight stem, on which numerous bracts are distributed. The base of this stem is surrounded by a number of fine long lanceolate leaves, and on its top appears the bunch of flowers, about twenty in number, each of the size of the common white Lily, but of the most brilliant scarlet colour. This is one of the most gorgeously beautiful plants ever introduced. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house.

It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth produces a remarkable and striking effect. 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 15s., 1, 1½, 2, to 5 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurving. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA BANKSII.

Various sizes of this ornamental plant, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA ARBOREA, 5s.

„ AUSTRALIS VEITCHII,
7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

„ ERYTHORACHIS, 7s. 6d.
and 10s. 6d.

DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.

DRYMISPERMUM AUSTRALE, 5s.

ECHVEERIA, of sorts, *vide* Index.

ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS (DENTATUS), 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ENCEPHALARTOS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

ENTELEA BAKERI, 7s. 6d.

EPACRIS, of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.

EPIPHYLLUM, *vide* page 37.

ERICAS, of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.

ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

„ INTERMEDIUS, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.

„ NERIIFOLIUS, 3s. 6d.

„ PULCHELLUS, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

„ SCABER, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS, 7s. 6d.

ERYTHRINAS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinæ. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5s.

EUCALYPTUS AMYGDALINA, 5s.

„ CITRIODORA, *vide* page 6.

„ HETEROPHYLLA, 5s.

„ GLOBULUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ OBLIQUA, 5s.

EUGENIA AUSTRALIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ UGNI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

EUPATORIUM BERLENDIERI (GRACILE ODORATUM), 1s. 6d.

„ RIPARIUM, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.

EURYCLES, *vide* page 39.

EUTAXIA FLORIBUNDA, 3s. 6d.

FARFUGIUM GRANDE, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

FERNS, *vide* Index.

FICUS ELASTICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ MACROPHYLLA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ STIPULATA (REPENS), 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

FUCHSIAS, *vide* Index.

FLOWER $\frac{1}{3}$ FULL SIZE.

SPIKE MUCH REDUCED.

DORYANTHES PALMERI.

This novelty is described by Mr. Hill, who is well versed in plants, as one of the finest productions of the colony of Queensland. It is found in one small patch on the mountains of that region, and about 200 miles distant from the nearest township. In its habit of growth it is described as resembling the commoner *D. excelsa*, but the ends of the leaves are less pointed, and the thimble-shaped cup is more distinct. The plants have a stout bulbous base, clothed with the remains of the imbricated leaves. These are elongate, narrow lanceolate, 3 to 4 inches wide, quite smooth, narrowed downwards into a channelled marginate stalk-like portion, which widens below so as to clasp the bulb, and tapers upwards into a long narrow point. The flowers form a pyramidal spike, 12 to 18 inches high, and 10 to 12 inches broad, the flowers being red, with the centre lighter, almost white. It is a beautiful species, and is described by those who have seen it in its native home as being greatly superior in beauty to the older and more familiar species. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM, 5s.	HEDAROMA, <i>vide</i> Genetyllis.
GENETYLLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSI- OIDES, 5s and 7s. 6d.	HOVEA CELSI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ TULIIFERA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	HUMEA ELEGANS, 1s. and 1s. 6d.
GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO, 10s. 6d.	HYDRANGEA HORTENSIA AUREO- VARIEGATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
GREVILLEA DRUMMONDII, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	„ JAPONICA MACRO- CEPHALA, 2s. 6d.
„ ELEGANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ JAPONICA ROSALBA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ ROBUSTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ JAPONICA SPECIOSA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
GREYIA SUTHERLANDI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.	„ OTAKSA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
HABROTHAMNUS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ STELLATA PROLIFE- RA, 3s. 6d.
HAKEA LAURINA, 10s. 6d.	

NEW WHITE-FLOWERED JAPANESE HYDRANGEA "THOMAS HOGG."

This superb Hydrangea has been introduced from Japan. It belongs to the "Hortensia" section, and is invaluable for all decorative purposes, being an exceedingly free and abundant bloomer. The flowers, which are of the purest white, are produced in large heads, and the plant remains in bloom for a great length of time. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

IMANTOPHYLLUM CYRANTHIFLORUM.

A very excellent evergreen warm greenhouse or cool stove plant, intermediate between *Clivia* and *Vallota*, or *Amaryllis*, in style of growth, with dark green leaves, and broad corymbs of large, clear, rich salmon or light flame-coloured pendulous cup-like blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre; they are produced during the early winter and spring months. Unique in its character, and a most effective and beautiful plant in its season of bloom. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.

Like *I. cyranthiflorum* in its general habit and growth, but the flowers are a shade darker in colour, and instead of being pendulous are erect. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM HYBRI- DUM, 15s.	INDIGOFERA DECORA, 5s.
„ „ PRINCEPS, 2 guineas.	ISOLEPIS PYGMÆA (GRACILIS) 1s. 6d.
„ „ SPECIOSUM, 1½ guinea.	JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3s. 6d.
„ „ SUPERBUM, 1 & 1½ guinea.	KENNEDYAS of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
	KREYSIGIA MULTIFLORA, 5s.
	LAGERSTREEMIA INDICA, 3s. 6d.
	„ of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LAPAGERIA ALBA.

The flowers of this beautiful plant are similar in shape and size to those of the popular *Lapageria rosea*, but of a pure white. In habit and foliage it is also exactly similar to the rose coloured variety, and requires the same mode of treatment.

This striking plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, and also in the *Floral Magazine*, and has received the highest awards at the leading Metropolitan Exhibitions. 3 and 5 guineas.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA.

This is one of the most beautiful greenhouse and conservatory climbers yet known, bearing numerous large, brilliant, earmine, bell-shaped flowers, more or less spotted internally. This highly ornamental plant remains unequalled in its adaptation for the decoration of a cool house; it is a neat evergreen, free in habit, and vigorous in growth when once established, and continues in bloom the greater part of the year. 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 1 guinea.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA.

A very free-growing plant, introduced from Brazil, giving, when 3 or 4 feet high, a profusion of fine saucer-shaped flowers, which are of a rich violet blue colour. This plant has been found not to produce its flowers freely in a small state, but when grown into a large plant it flowers abundantly from all the terminal shoots, and is then extremely effective for a conservatory. 3s. 6d.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA FLORIBUNDA.

This marvellous plant was first discovered by the late Dr. Seemann, who published a figure of it in his *Journal of Botany*, since which it has been introduced from St. Catherine's, Brazil. The abundant manner in which it produces its gigantic flowers in a small state, is remarkable: even plants in 2 to 3-inch pots, when only about 3 inches high, readily produce flower buds, when the flower may really be said to be as large as the plant. It requires to be treated in a manner similar to *Pteroma elegans*, which it somewhat resembles in general features, but altogether eclipses in the magnitude of its flowers, which are of a rich and brilliant violet blue colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM, 5s.

LESCHENAULTIA BILOBA SPLENDENS
(MAJOR), 3s. 6d. and
5s.,, FORMOSA, 2s. 6d. and
3s. 6d.

LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMI, 3s. 6d.

LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA, 2s. 6d.

LILIUM GIGANTEUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

,, of sorts, *vide* IndexLOMATIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7s. 6d. and
10s. 6d.

,, FERRUGINEA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LUCULIA GRATISSIMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA.

The fruit of this handsome evergreen shrub is about the size of a walnut, and contains at maturity a kernel of remarkably rich and agreeable flavour, resembling, although much superior to, the Filbert. Judging from its native locality, it may be expected to produce its desirable fruit, with a slight protection, on outside walls, in an English climate; and as an evergreen of fine habit and distinct features, it will form a valuable addition to the orchard house, also for the cool conservatory border or wall. 5s. and 7s. 6d.; large plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

MACKAYA BELLA.

This most beautiful Acanthaceae plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat river, Natal. It is a tall, slender, nearly glabrous shrub, with virgate branches. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla, nearly 2 inches long, the throat ornamented with most delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears as a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MACROZAMIA, *vide* IndexMAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, *vide* page 73.

,, FUSCATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS, 2s. 6d.
and 3s. 6d.

MELALEUCA SQUAMEA, 3s. 6d.

METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA, 2s. 6d.

MIRBELIA PULCHELLA, 3s. 6d.

MITRARIA COCCINEA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MONOCHÆTUM LEMONIANUM, 3s. 6d.

,, SERICEUM MULTI-
FLORUM, 3s. 6d.

MUSA ENSETE.

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense erect leaves attain a length of 8 to 10 feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of 12 to 15 feet in height. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

MYSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES,
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

MYRTUS, of sorts, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

NERINES, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NERIUMS, of sorts, 3s. 6d.

OLEA FRAGRANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

OPUNTIA MONACANTHA VARIEGATA,
10s. 6d.ORCHIDS, of sorts, *vide* IndexPALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index

PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII, 3s. 6d.

,, CÆRULEA GRANDI-
FLORA, 3s. 6d.

,, EDULIS, 3s. 6d.

,, IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE,
3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA LOUDONI, 3s. 6d.

,, ONYCHINA, 3s. 6d.

,, of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PELARGONIUMS, *vide* Index

PENTLANDIA MINIATA, 3s. 6d.

PETUNIAS, *vide* IndexPHÆDRANASSA RUBRO-VIRIDIS, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.,, VENTRICOSA, 2s. 6d.
and 3s. 6d.

PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PHENOCOMA PROLIFERA BARNESII,
3s. 6d. and 5s.PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, 2 and
3 guineas.



MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-PICTUM.

A low-growing densely branched evergreen aromatic greenhouse plant, a native of New Zealand. It has terete stems, furnished with numerous ovate-ovate leaves, which have the surface marked by five to seven depressed lines representing the principal nerves; they are somewhat wavy at the edge, green, marked with an irregular blotch of creamy yellow extending more or less from the base upwards. The petioles have the usual peculiar sheathing stipule, which becomes unfolded and forms a curious looking wing at the base of the leaf-stalks. The leaves of the green-leaved type are used to cure tooth-ache. 10s. 6d.

PHORMIUM COLENSOI VARIEGATUM. .

This beautiful plant has fine broad erect pointed dark green leaves, elegantly banded at the margin, with one or sometimes two conspicuous stripes of creamy white. It has the same distichous mode of growth as *P. tenax*, but is altogether a more elegant plant, while its more erect habit gives it quite a distinct appearance from that of the variegated *P. tenax*. It is a native of New Zealand. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas; fine plants, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

PHORMIUM NIGRO-PICTUM, 10s. 6d. & 15s.	PHORMIUM TENAX VARIEGATUM, 3
„ TENAX, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.	and 4 guineas.

PHORMIUM TENAX VEITCHII VARIEGATUM.

A finely variegated form of the well known New Zealand Flax, of erect stately growth, and very ornamental, the fine broad leaves being ornamented with conspicuous broad stripes of creamy white running out their whole length, and contrasting well with the light shining green ground colour. It is a truly noble plant, and is well adapted not only for planting out in the flower garden and lawn, but also for pot culture, and for conservatory decoration. 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

PIMELEA DECUSSATA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	PLEROMA HETEROMALLA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ SARMENTOSA, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
„ NEIPPERGIANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
„ SPECTABILIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.
PINCENECTICIA TUBERCULATA, 21s.	„ DALMAISIANA, 3s. 6d.
PLEROMA ELEGANS, 3s. 6d.	POMEGRANATES, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

POLYGONUM TOMENTOSUM.

A perennial herbaceous plant, native of India, and hence requiring the protection of a greenhouse in winter. It will be useful for sub-tropical gardening during the summer, since it has large oblong-lanceolate leaves, which are very much attenuated at the apex, and are covered on both surfaces, but especially beneath, with grayish cottony hairs. The flowers are of a clear rosy pink, and grow in erect spike-formed panicles at the tips of the branches. 10s. 6d.

PRIMULA VERTICILLATA SIMENSIS.

This very fine sweet-scented Abyssinian Primrose is a half-hardy herbaceous perennial, with oblong-lanceolate farinose leaves, 8 to 10 inches long, and a flower scape about 1½ foot high. The scape bears two or three whorls of fine large salver-shaped long-tubed flowers, of a bright deep yellow colour, which have an agreeable perfume. It is a very useful and effective spring flowering plant. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA, of sorts, <i>vide</i> page 74.	PRIMULA SINENSIS FLORE-PLENO,
„ SINENSIS ALBA PLENA,	of sorts, 2s. 6d.,
1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	3s. 6d. and 5s.
	PTERODISCUS LINEARIS, 7s. 6d.

PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM.

A shrubby greenhouse plant introduced from New South Wales. The leaves are broadly ovate, deep green, peltately attached to the petiole, which, as well as the under surface of the leaves, is clothed with white cobwebby hairs, the upper surface of the young leaves, which is also white, being clothed with stellate hairs. The plant belongs to the Sterculiaceae family. 15s.

PULTENÆA BENTHAMII, 5s.	PULTENÆA SCABRA BILOBA, 5s.
„ MOLLE, 5s.	„ SUBVERTICILLATA, 3s. 6d.

REINECKIA CARNEA VARIEGATA.

This is an exceedingly pretty neat-growing variegated-foliaged plant, producing very attractive rosy white flowers. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

RHODEA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.	RHODEA JAPONICA ARGENTEA, 15s.
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RHODEA JAPONICA MACROPHYLLA MARGINATA.

An ornamental plant of bold habit, with long lanceolate leaves broadly margined with creamy white. It is easily cultivated and highly decorative. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

RHODODENDRONS, *vide* page 66.

RHOPALA, <i>vide</i> page 50.	RICHARDIA AFRICANA (<i>Calla ethiopica</i>),
RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES, <i>vide</i>	1s. and 1s. 6d.
Trachelospermum.	„ ALBO-MACULATA, 3s. 6d.

RICHARDIA MELANOLEUCA.

A remarkably beautiful greenhouse tuberous-rooted perennial from South Africa, rivalling in its ornamental qualities the well-known African Lily, *Richardia africana*. It grows about 2 feet in height, throwing up from the tuberous root a small tuft of acuminate leaves with spreading basal lobes, the surface of which is dark green, with numerous oblong translucent spots following the direction of the veins; the spathe is 3 inches long and about the same in breadth when it is spread open, which it does to the very base, the colour being a pale straw yellow with a large dark purple spot at the base; the spadix is short with the upper or male portion of a bright orange yellow. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5,765. 1 guinea.



PTERODISCUS SPECIOSUS.

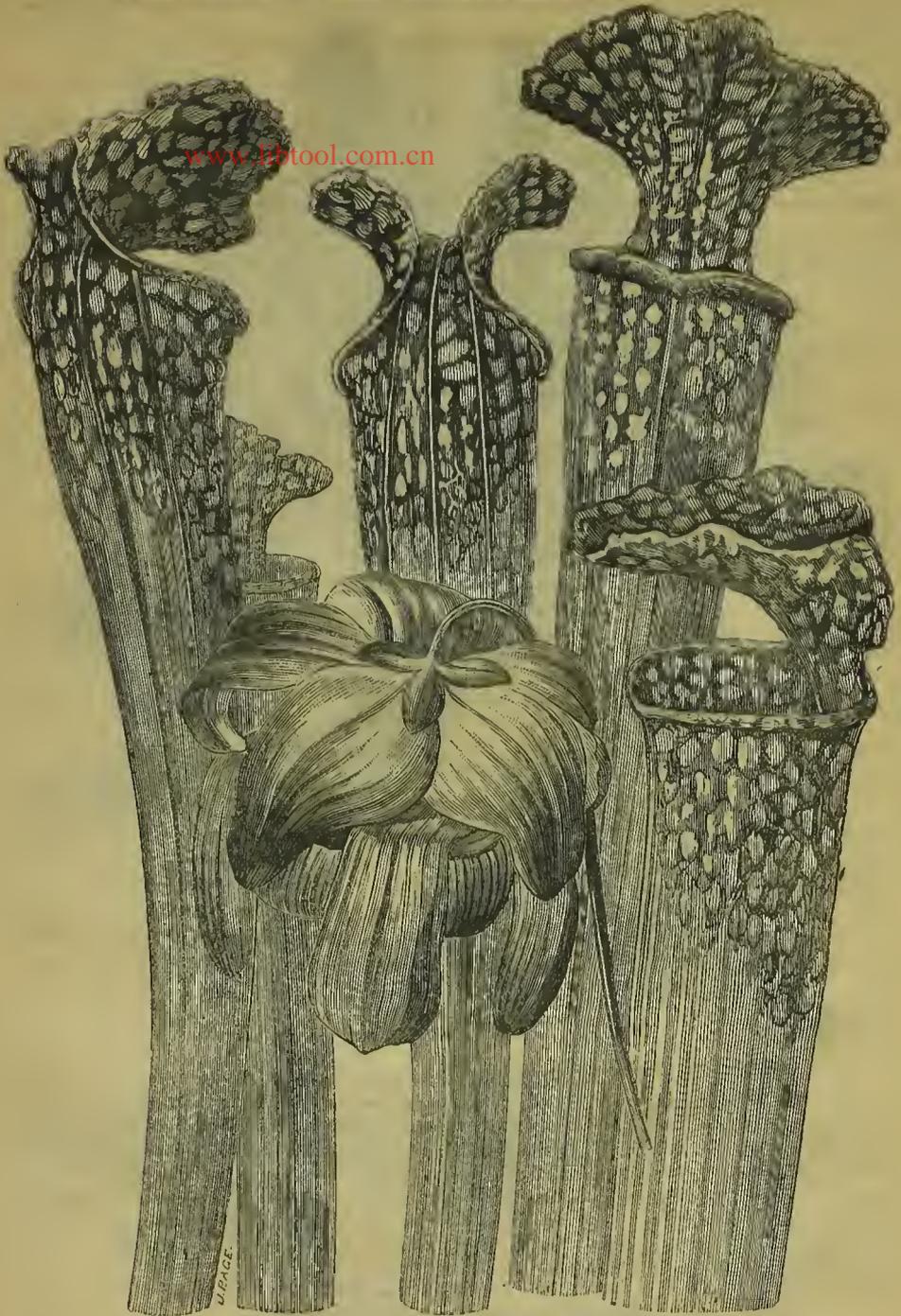
A handsome greenhouse perennial, requiring full exposure to sunlight. It has large globose tuberous roots, the upper part of which is elevated above the earth, producing from its summit a stem which divides into several erect thick branches, reaching 2 feet high, furnished with opposite sinuate dentate leaves, and bearing showy flowers in the axils of the leaves. These flowers are large, with a funnel-shaped tube, and a spreading five-lobed limb of a beautiful lilac or reddish purple colour, rendering the plant well worthy of cultivation for its ornamental qualities. It flowers during the early part of the summer. This species has been collected and sent from South Africa by Mr. Naylor, an amateur much interested in horticultural pursuits. 10s. 6d.

SARRACENIA FLAVA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

| **SARRACENIA PURPUREA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS.

A remarkably handsome climbing perennial, of evergreen habit, and adapted for greenhouse cultivation. It has glossy acutely-lobed leaves, and from their axils bears solitary stalked flower-heads, having a ray of from eight to twelve large ligulate clear yellow florets, forming a composite flower two and a half inches across, and remarkably showy; the outer scales of the involucre are spreading, and form a pretty fringe to the base of the flower-head. It is a South African plant, blossoming in winter, and is very remarkable from its striking resemblance in foliage to the Ivy. 5s.



SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.

A very singular and beautiful plant, belonging to the family of the Side-saddle flowers, and inhabiting the marshes of Florida. It is an evergreen perennial plant, the leaves or pitchers of which grow quite erect, and from one and a half to two and a half feet high; they are of a bright green colour, and at the upper expanded end are variegated in a reticulated form with white, red, and green, the hood or lid, which is much undulated, being similarly marked. The flower is a crimson purple, and about two and a half inches in diameter. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

SOLLYA DRUMMONDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **LINEARIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA, 3s. 6d.
STATICE HOLFORDII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **MACROPHYLLA**, 5s.
 ,, **PROFUSA** (**RATRAYANA**),
 3s. 6d. and 5s.
STERCULIA HETEROPHYLLA (**DIVERSIFOLIA**), 10s. 6d.

STRELITZIA REGINÆ, 1 guinea
SWAINSONAS, of sorts, 3s. 6d.
TACSONIA ERIANTHA, 5s.
 ,, **INSIGNIS**, 10s. 6d.
 ,, **MANICATA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **MOLLISSIMA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **PINNATISTIPULA**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA**, 5s.
 ,, **VAN VOLXEMI**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

TACSONIA EXONIENSIS.

This distinct and beautiful greenhouse climber is a hybrid between *T. Van Volxemi* and *T. mollissima*. The flowers are of a brilliant rose pink colour, with deep violet throat. The flower tube is $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches long. The excellent free-flowering habit of the plant, and the extremely attractive colour of the flowers render it most desirable and effective. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

TECOMA, *vide* Bignonia
TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES, 21s.
THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 5s.
TRACHELOSPERMUM (**RHYNCHOSPERMUM**) **JASMINOIDES**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
TRACHELOSPERMUM (**RHYNCHOSPERMUM**) **JASMINOIDES VARIEGATUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
TREMANDRA ERICÆFOLIA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TREMANDRA HIRSUTA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **VERTICILLATA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
TRITONIA AUREA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 ,, ,, **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d.
TROPÆOLUM AZUREUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 ,, **BRACHY CERAS**, 3s. 6d.
 ,, **JARRATTII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.

A small-growing slender-branched warm greenhouse shrub, a native of Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five-petaled, clustered at the end of the branches, and having the elongate ligulate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The *Turraeas* form an interesting group of the *Meliaceae*. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

TYPHONIUM BROWNII.

A curious and rather showy Aroid from sub-tropical Australia. The leaves are three-lobed, deep green, accompanied by the spathes, which are shorter than the leaves, but being long and high coloured are conspicuous and ornamental. They are 4 to 7 inches long, on a stout scape, the ovoid tubes green, as is the exterior of the limb, which is of a lurid purple fasciated with darker lines within, and of a broadly ovate acuminate form. 7s. 6d.

VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

A slender-habited greenhouse plant of the Labiate order, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has downy branches, which are furnished with opposite leaves; these in this variety have a marginal variegation of white, which in some places leads to irregularity of outline. The flowers are violet purple. 7s. 6d.

VALLOTA EXIMIA, 7s. 6d.
 ,, **PURPUREA**, 2s. 6d.
 ,, ,, **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

VERONICAS, *vide* page 67.
WITSENIA CORYMBOSA, 3s. 6d.
YUCCA QUADRICOLOR, 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME.

This handsome New Holland *Proteacea* has been variously referred to the genera *Banksia*, *Hakea*, and *Grevillea*. It is an evergreen, with lanceolate leaves, furnished in the young state with spines like those of the common Holly, but becoming entire in the mature plant. The flowers grow in dense cylindrical axillary spikes, and are succeeded by thick woody oblong follicles, 4 or 5 inches long. 10s. 6d.

YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 1, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 guineas each. Handsome specimens, 3 and 4 guineas each.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.

- ANDERSONI**, a handsome introduction from the Himalayas, giving very large and fine trusses of blossoms, which are of a bright rich carmine colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- BARBATUM**, bright scarlet flowers, distinct and effective. 5s.
- COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON**, very large blush white flowers; an exceedingly beautiful hybrid variety. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- EDGWORTHII**, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading shallow cup-shaped fragrant flowers. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- FALCONERI**, magnificently ornamental; this species has the largest leaves of the genus. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM**, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers; a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- FRAGRANTISSIMUM**, a splendid hybrid between *R. Edgworthii* and *R. formosum (Gibsoni)*, partaking of the delicious fragrance of the former, and the shrubby habit and abundant flowering qualities of the latter. The flower, which is of great substance, and measuring upwards of 5 inches in diameter, is of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochro on the upper segment; the back of the flower being delicately pencilled and shaded with rose. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- FULGENS**, blossoms of a rich fiery crimson colour; very showy and effective; compact habit. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- GRIFITHSII**, bright carmine; a desirable introduction from the Sikkim Hills. 7s. 6d.
- JAMESONI**, flowers bright red, produced in large terminal trusses; handsome and attractive. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- JASMINIFLORUM**, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne in clusters. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- JENKINSII**, a handsome evergreen shrub, bearing dark green leathery oblong lanceolate leaves. The flowers are exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness. Its handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- NILAGIRICUM**, a magnificent species from the Neilgherry Hills, Nepal, producing immense terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful blush colour, blended with deep rich rose and shaded with soft rose; light throat; the segments are also ornamented towards the centre with small rosy spots. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ALEXANDRA**, a pretty hybrid variety, of dwarf compact growth, with similar flowers to those of *R. jasminiflorum*, but larger and longer tubed, pure white, with pink stamens. A free-blooming plant, well adapted for conservatory decoration. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ALICE**, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, with comparatively small leaves, and producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink on the outer surface. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS HELENA**, this pretty hybrid form, with *R. Princess Alexandra*, was obtained from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer-tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with darker shades. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ROYAL**, a handsome and distinct variety, of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly-shaded rose-coloured funnel-shaped flower tubes. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- RETUSUM**, this distinct species produces clusters of tubular orange-coloured flowers. 5s. & 7s. 6d.
- THIBAUDIENSE**, this is one of the Bhotan kinds, and combines the merits of rarity and remarkable form. At first sight, one would be apt to suppose that it might belong to the *Correas*, or rather to the *Thibaudias*, the flowers having the same alabaster-like translucent lustre as those of that family, and a good deal of the form and colour of some of the species of the genus—hence its name. Its tubular flowers are produced in terminal trusses, and are of a bright red colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- THOMPSONIANUM**, bright scarlet; cup-like flowers of good form. 7s. 6d.
- VEITCHIANUM**, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- VIRGATUM**, a slender plant with the flowers solitary or in pairs, having the tube of the corolla short and obconical, and the limb segments spreading. The flowers in the different plants that have been raised from seed, vary in hue from blush to white. 5s.
- VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM**, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, of good form. 5s.
- VIRGINALIS**, the flowers of this extremely beautiful variety are large, funnel-shaped, and of an exceedingly pure white. It is a handsome-growing shrub, with fine dark green foliage, and forms a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the great size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

VERONICAS.

- ANNETTE**, pale bluish purple, with distinct white eye; short thick spikes of flowers; a very free bloomer. 1s. 6d.
- ATTRACTION**, an exceedingly distinct and pretty variety, producing fine spikes of flowers of a rich and beautiful light crimson colour; of good compact habit, and very free flowering. 3s. 6d.
- BLUE GEM**, a shrubby-growing variety of neat habit, producing most profusely spikes of beautiful blue flowers; a capital bedder. 1s. 6d.
- CAROLINE**, light lilac blue, with small white eye, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing short dense spikes of bloom. 1s. 6d.
- CELESTIAL**, this is a very pleasing variety, with flowers of a sky blue colour having a white centre; free, and of good habit. 1s. 6d.
- CYRUS**, bright blue, with white centre; a distinct and attractive variety, producing freely fine spikes of fine large flowers. It is of a good compact style of growth. 2s. 6d.
- DIADEM**, this variety produces flowers of a beautiful rose colour, having a distinct white centre; it is of compact and shrubby growth. 1s. 6d.
- DISPLAY**, rosy crimson, with small white eye; a free-flowering variety, of good habit, producing fine long spikes of blossom. 3s. 6d.
- ENSIGN**, clear blue, with very large attractive white eye; an exceedingly profuse bloomer. 1s. 6d.
- EVA**, a compact growing variety, freely producing fine close spikes of very pretty pink flowers. 3s. 6d.
- FESTOON**, rosy purple, with clear white eye; of very dwarf habit and free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- GARLAND**, bright blue, with very large and attractive white centre; free flowering, and of compact habit. 2s. 6d.
- HEROINE**, a very profuse-blooming variety, of remarkably good habit, producing fine stout spikes of rich rosy crimson flowers, with distinct white eye. 3s. 6d.
- IMPÉRIALE**, this variety produces fine flower spikes, in clusters, of a brilliant amaranth red changing to carmine magenta, and elegantly set off with projecting white stamens. 1s. 6d.
- LEONARD**, bluish purple, with white eye; a very free bloomer, giving short thick flower spikes. 1s. 6d.
- RUBENS**, a variety of robust habit and vigorous growth; the flowers are large and fine, of a beautiful violet colour. 3s. 6d.
- TRIUMPH**, a beautiful variety of thick short-jointed habit, with small foliage; it is a very free bloomer, producing in fine spikes its lovely deep violet purple white-eyed flowers. 2s. 6d.
- VESTA**, an exceedingly floriferous variety, of very compact growth, with stout vigorous foliage; the flowers are of a beautiful light blue colour, with attractive white centre. 2s. 6d.

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

- ACER CISSIFOLIUM**, 10s. 6d.
- „ **DISSECTUM ROSEO-MARGINATUM**, 15s.
- „ **POLYMORPHUM ATROPURPUREUM**, 7s. 6d.
- „ „ **PALMATUM**, 10s. 6d.
- „ **TATARICUM GINNALA**, 5s.
- ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII**
- AUREO-STRIATUS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA** (*Vitis japonica*), 2s. 6d.
- ARIZEMA CORNUTUM** (*Sauromatum guttatum*), 3s. 6d.
- „ **MARMORATUM**, 7s. 6d.

- ARIZEMA (SAUROMATUM) NIGRICANS**, 7s. 6d.
- „ **PARDINUM**, 7s. 6d.
- „ **PICTUM**, 5s.
- „ **RINGENS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- „ „ **PURPUREUM**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- ARTHROTAXIS SELAGINOIDES**, 7s. 6d.
- ARUNDO CONSPICUA**, 3s. 6d.
- ASPIDISTRA LURIDA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- „ „ **VARIEGATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- ASTILBE BARBATA** (*Spiraea barbata*), 1s.

AUCUBA JAPONICA FÆMINA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

AUCUBA JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA, 10s. 6d.

AUCUBA JAPONICA MASCULA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

SEEDLING AUCUBAS.

These have been raised from some of the fine imported kinds, variously fertilised with the different varieties of plain-leaved, blotched and variegated males, and will probably produce many novel and fine sorts. The sexes in these seedlings may be expected to be somewhat equally divided. 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen; £3 15s., £5 and £7 10s. per 100.

AZALEAS, hardy varieties, of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

AZARA MICROPHYLLA, 5s.

BAMBUSA ARGENTEA STRIATA.

This handsome Japanese plant has been received from Dr. Regel of St. Petersburg, under the name above quoted. Like all the Bamboos, it is of an extremely graceful habit, and, in this instance, the elegance of the plant is very much augmented by the fine silvery glaucous hue of the under side of the foliage. It is of a moderately vigorous habit, and the leaves which are 3 to 4 inches long, and about three quarters of an inch broad, are of a full green on the upper surface, glaucous beneath, and striped in a varying degree, but usually freely with white, forming an elegant variegation. It is a strikingly ornamental hardy decorative plant. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

BAMBUSA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d.

„ MAXIMOWICZII, 10s. 6d.

„ NIGRA, 5s.

BAMBUSA RETICULATA, 10s. 6d.

BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS.

A neat looking shrub, raised from seed obtained from Rio Grande do Sul. In the young state the leaves are long-stalked, simple, of a roundish cordate figure, blunt at the apex, and dentate at the margin, the teeth rather distant and terminating each in a slender spinous point. They are slightly glaucous on the under surface. 10s. 6d.

BERBERIS STENOPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

„ of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ RADICANS MAJOR, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

BIOTA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7s. 6d.

BLOOMERIA AUREA, 3s. 6d.

BOCCONIA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d.

BRODLÆA CONGESTA, 6d. and 9d.

„ TERRESTRIS, 1s. 6d.

CALLIPHORA LUTEA, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

CALOCHORTUS ELEGANS, 3s. 6d.

„ VENUSTUS, 3s. 6d.

CEANOTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES, 3s. 6d.

„ PROSTRATUS, 3s. 6d.

„ of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ GRANDIFLORUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS, *vide* Index.

CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM.

A branching evergreen shrub, native of Japan, and having a well-marked individuality of character. The young branches are tetragonal, bearing opposite or sub-opposite obovate-cuneate leaves, which are three-nerved, smooth, and of a dark opaque green on the upper surface, whitish and silky beneath, from one and a half to two inches long, and about an inch wide. It is an interesting plant with something of the aspect of a *Ceanothus*, the leaves having a strong cinnamon flavour. 10s. 6d.

CLEMATIS.

As hardy climbers, the large-flowered hybrid varieties cannot be too strongly recommended, for they are of easy and free growth, profuse bloomers, and the colours of the different sorts are varied and distinct, such as light and dark blue, white, plum, silver-gray, violet, lavender, rosy-purple, mauve, etc. Price 30s. and 42s. per dozen. New varieties, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each.

CYCLOBOTHA ALBA, the Alabaster Star

Tulip of California; white bell-shaped flowers. 3s. 6d.

„ CÆRULEA, 3s. 6d.

DAPHNIPHYLLUM ROXBURGHII, 3s. 6d.

DELPHINIUMS, of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM, 3s. 6d.

DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS

This noble deciduous shrub has been introduced from Manchuria, and therefore is perfectly hardy. Its handsome multifid leaves are about a yard in length, and as much in breadth, the mere mention of which conveys some idea of the grand effect this plant produces. 5s.

ERYTHRINA, *vide* page 57.

ERYTHRONIUM GRANDIFLORUM,
3s. 6d.

ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA, 2s. 6d. and
3s. 6d.

EUGENIA UGNI, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

EULALIA JAPONICA ALBO-LINEATA.

A handsome ornamental grass with elegant linear-lanceolate leaves of a deep green colour attractively striped throughout their entire length with creamy white. In style of growth and general effect it somewhat resembles the variegated *Arundo donax*. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

EULALIA JAPONICA ZEBRINA.

An exceedingly elegant and ornamental grass from Japan. Its graceful leaves are barred crossways with well-defined alternate bands of creamy white and green, which variegation gives the plant a very distinct appearance, being so different to the general longitudinally striped variegation. The flower-panicles are erect, but as the flowers expand the branches curve over in a graceful manner. 1 and 1½ guinea.

EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS ALBO-
VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d. and
3s. 6d.

MACROPHYLLUS AUREO-
VARIEGATUS, 2s. 6d.

RADICANS VARIEGATUS,
1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

FRAXINUS MANDCHURICUS, this has
gigantic leaves. 3s. 6d.

LONGICUSPIS, 3s. 6d.

GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS,
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

GLADIOLUS CRUENTUS, 3s. 6d.

GUNNERA SCABRA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

HEDERA ALGERIENSIS VARIEGATA,
3s. 6d.

LATIFOLIA MACULATA, 3s. 6d.

other choice sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
silver-variegated, 2s. 6d.

HOTEIA JAPONICA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS, 3s. 6d.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDI-
FLORA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

HYPERICUM PATULUM.

A beautiful hardy Japanese plant, of robust bushy growth, with bright green persistent leaves; it is very free-flowering, producing abundant terminal clusters of rich yellow blossoms, and is an extremely attractive hardy shrub. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

IDESIA POLYCARPA (POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII), 10s. 6d.

IRIS KÆMPFERI.

ALEXANDER VON SIEBOLD, 3s. 6d.

BLUMEI, 5s.

DE VRIESE, 3s. 6d.

DUCHESS DE BELCOURT, 3s. 6d.

GLIJMII, 5s.

IDA, 7s. 6d.

KRELAGII, 10s. 6d.

MADAME HÉLÈNE VON SIEBOLD, 5s.

REINWARDTII, 10s. 6d.

SOUVENIR, 7s. 6d.

IRIS KÆMPFERI RUTHERFORD ALCOCK.

A most gorgeous variety, producing flowers of an exceedingly bright indigo blue colour, 6 inches in diameter. 2s. 6d.

IRIS CALIFORNICA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ROBINSONIANA, *vide* page 6.

TECTORUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA, 2s. 6d.

LARDIZABALA BITERNATA, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

LILIUM AURATUM, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

BLOOMERIANUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BLOOMERIANUM OCELLA-
TUM, an extremely handsome
hardy Lily, producing large flowers
of a rich tawny orange colour,
spotted nearly to the tips of the
perianth segments with blackish
crimson. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

BROWNII, 10s. 6d.

CALIFORNICUM, a splendid hardy
Lily, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CALLOSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LILIUM CANADENSE, 3s. 6d.

FLAVUM, 3s. 6d.

RUBRUM, 3s. 6d.

CANDIDUM LUTEO-MARGI-
NATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CARNIOLICUM, 2s. 6d.

CHALCEDONICUM, a very effec-
tive and showy Lily, with brilliant
scarlet flowers, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

CROCEUM(AURANTIACUM), 9d.

DALMATICUM, a very distinct and
attractive Lily, producing beautiful
flowers of a rich blackish purple
colour, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

DAVURICUM FULGIDUM, 1s. 6d.

GRANDIFLORUM, 1s.

IMMACULATUM, 1s. 6d.

INCOMPARABILE, 1s. 6d.

LUCIDUM, 3s. 6d.

LILIUM ELEGANS (THUNBERGIANUM)	ALUTACEUM , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
" "	ATROSANGUINEUM (FULGENS) , 2s. 6d.
" "	FORMOSUM , 5s.
" "	LATERITIUM (BILIGULATUM) , 1s. 6d.
" "	MACULATUM , 2s. 6d.
" "	SPLENDIDUM , bright orange, spotted with black; a very showy and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.
" "	STAMINOSUM , semi-double flowers of a deep reddish crimson colour, spotted with black; this is the variety usually sold as "flore-pleno." 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" "	VENUSTUM , 1s. 6d.
LILIUM EXCELSUM , <i>vide testaceum</i> .	LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE FLAVUM , a handsome variety of this charming Lily with light yellow-coloured flowers. 10s. 6d. and 15s.
" EXIMIUM , <i>vide longiflorum eximum</i>	" NEILGHERRENSE ROSEUM , this fine variety has large flowers similar to <i>L. neilgherrense</i> , but the stems are darkly coloured and the exterior of the flower tubes is pink, the interior white. 1 & 1½ guinea.
" GIGANTEUM , 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.	" NEILGHERRENSE TUBIFLORUM , this is a good variety of <i>L. neilgherrense</i> , with very long pure white flowers, and therefore a superbly handsome Lily and a most desirable acquisition. It is figured in Wight's " <i>Icones Plantarum Indiae Orientalis</i> ." 10s. 6d. and 15s.
" HUMBOLDTII , <i>vide page 71</i> .	" NEILGHERRENSE TUBIFLORUM LUTEUM , a very beautiful yellow flowered variety of <i>tubiflorum</i> . 10s. 6d. and 15s.
" " MACULATUM , 10s. 6d.	" PARDALINUM (PUBERULUM) , a very showy hardy Lily, freely producing its fine flowers, which are of a rich golden orange colour, attractively spotted with maroon purple. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" " MAXIMUM , 7s. 6d.	" PARVUM , a pretty Californian Lily, with recurved flowers of a canary yellow colour slightly spotted. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" " PUNCTATUM , 7s. 6d.	" PHILADELPHICUM , 3s. 6d.
" " SUPERBUM , 7s. 6d.	" POMPONIU M, 1s.
" KRAMERI , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	" PUBERULUM , <i>vide pardalinum</i>
" LANCIFOLIUM , <i>vide speciosum</i> .	" PULCHELLUM , 5s.
" LONGIFLORUM , 9d.	" PYRENAICUM , 1s.
" " EXIMIUM , 3s. 6d.	
" MARTAGON (Turk's Cap Lily), 1s.	
" " AURANTIACUM , 1s.	
" " COCCINEUM , 1s.	
" MAXIMOWICZII , <i>vide tigrinum jucundum</i> .	
" MONADELPHUM SZOVITZIANUM , rich citron colour, spotted with black; flowers most deliciously fragrant, one of the best of Lilies. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	
" NEILGHERRENSE , this magnificent Lily is by far the finest of its section. The flowers are deliciously fragrant and of great substance; the roots were found on the Neilgherries, and the collector of them wrote:—"It produces as many as 7 flowers on a stem, each flower 12 inches long; the kinds varying in colour from pure white to primrose. It is of free growth and admirably adapted for conservatory decoration. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	

LILIUM PURPUREUM.

This is a beautiful and distinct Californian Lily. It produces very fragrant flowers; the petals on opening arc of a light colour, changing to a delicate purple; densely spotted. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LILIUM SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) ALBUM , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	" CORYMBIFLORUM , 3s. 6d.
" " "	" PUNCTATUM , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LILIUM SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) ROSEUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

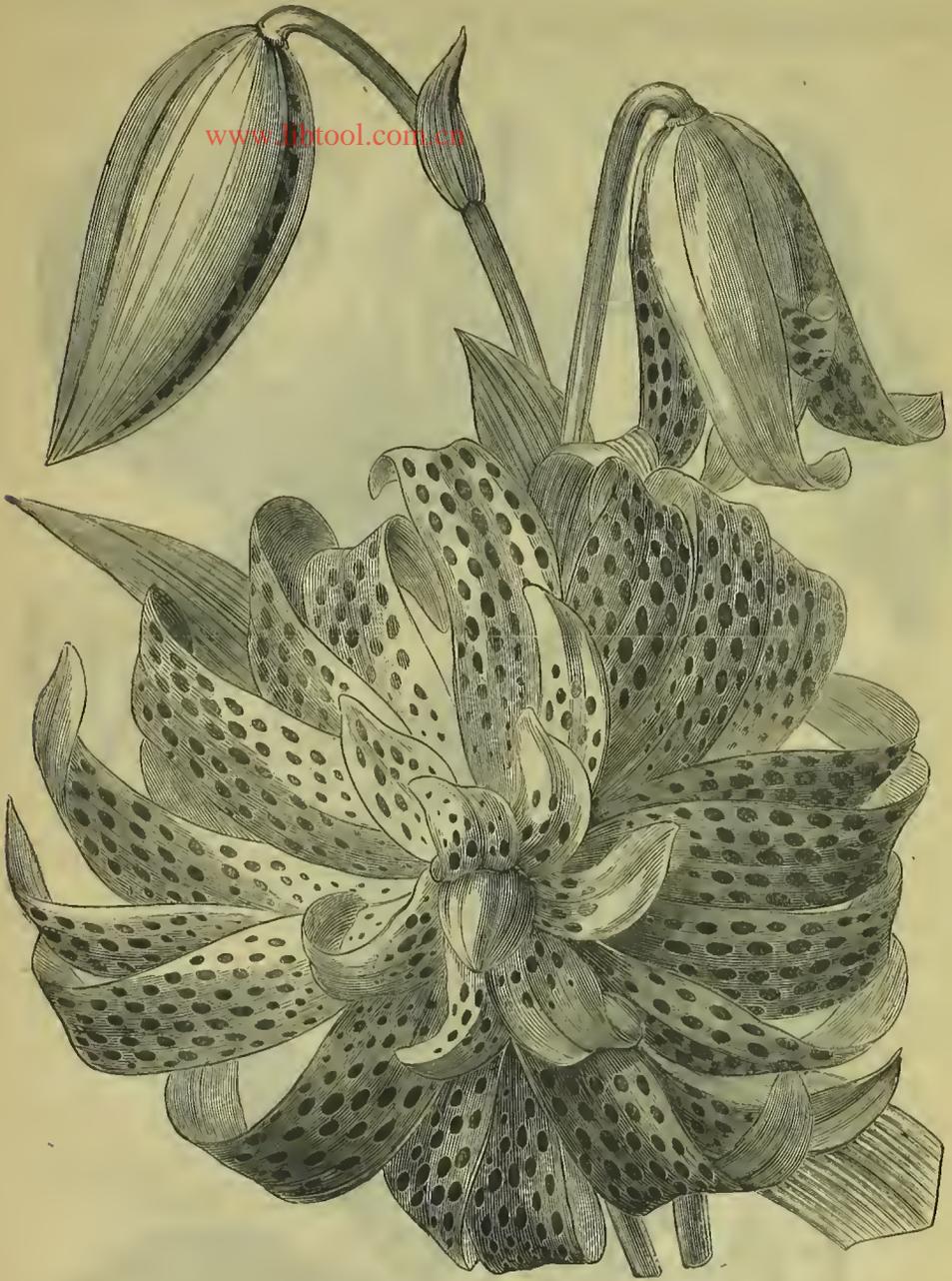
" " " RUBRUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

" " " SUPERBUM, 3s. 6d.



LILIUM HUMBOLDTII.

A splendid species, from Humboldt county, California. It is quite hardy, and produces large golden yellow flowers, which are spotted with purple. One of the best of modern introduction. 3s. 6d. & 5s.



LILIUM TIGRINUM FLORE-PLENO.

This attractive variety produces beautiful double flowers of a bright orange scarlet colour; the segments are thickly studded with dark brown spots except at the tips, which are recurved. A distinct and extremely handsome variety. Introduced from Japan. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LILIUM SPECTABILIS, *vide davuricum*
 ,, **SUPERBUM**, bright orange yellow,
 more or less tipped with crimson
 and spotted with unaroon. 2s. 6d.

LILIUM SUPERBUM PYRAMIDALE,
 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
 ,, **SZOVITZIANUM**, *vide monadel-*
 phum Szovitzianum

LILIUM TENUIFOLIUM, bright scarlet, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
 „ **TESTACEUM (EXCELSUM)**, nankeen coloured flowers. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. www.libtool.com.cn
 „ **THUNBERGIANUM**, *vide* elegans
 „ **TIGRINUM**, 9d.
 „ „ **FLORE-PLENO**, *vide* page 72.
 „ „ **FORTUNEI**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
 „ „ **JUCUNDUM (MAXIMOWICZII)**, a very bright and cheerful looking Japanese Lily; flowers light cinnabar red colour, marked in the lower half of the segments with scattered black dots. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LILIUM TIGRINUM SPLENDENS (LEOPOLDII), this, and the double-flowered variety, are the most handsome of the *tigrinum* section. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
 „ **WALLICHIANUM**, this is an extremely handsome species; the flowers are very large, deliciously fragrant, and of a delicate creamy white colour. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 „ **WASHINGTONIANUM**, this noble Lily inhabits the western slope of the Californian Sierra Nevada; it gives 6, 12 to 18 large flowers on a stem; white, slightly flushed with lilac, and sweet-scented. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

Good and varied selections of Lilies made at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.
LYONICERAS, of sorts, at 1s. 6d.
MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, 1 & 2 guineas.
 „ of sorts, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
MAXIMOWICZIA CHINENSIS, 7s. 6d.
OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARIEGATUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

OPHIOPOGON SPICATUM ARGENTEO-MARGINATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
OSMANTHUS AQUIFOLIUM VARIEGATUS, 3s. 6d.
PASSIFLORA CÆRULEA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

PIPER FUTOKADSURA.

A remarkable evergreen hardy plant, with so much the aspect of *Piper nigrum* (Black Pepper of commerce) as not to be readily distinguishable at first sight. It is a free-growing climber, bearing stalked cordate ovate-acuminate dark green leaves, about 3 inches broad, the petioles and under surface of which are pubescent. This interesting plant is found near Nagasaki, in Japan. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amoor," 3s. 6d.
PLANERA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d.
PLATYCRATER ARGUTA PUMILA, 10s. 6d.

POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII, *vide* Idesia polycarpa.
POLYGONUM FILIFORME VARIEGATUM, 2s. 6d.

POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, 6 to 8 inches long, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red mid-rib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PRIMULA AMÆNA.

A beautiful free spring-flowering herbaceous plant; flowers rich rosy purple, produced freely in large clusters, well above the foliage. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA AMÆNA ALBA.

A magnificent variety, producing very fine large pure white flowers. 5s.

PRIMULA AMÆNA GRANDIFLORA.

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, of the same habit of growth as *P. amœna*, but its flowers are much larger, and slightly drooping. The exterior part is of a deep rose colour, and the interior white, which forms a most effective contrast. 5s.

PRIMULA AMENA LILACINA.

Another very beautiful variety of *P. amena*, of the same habit, and quite as free-flowering, but with flowers of a most lovely shade of lilac mauve colour; exceedingly effective and pretty. 5s.

PRIMULA CARNIOLICA.

A species with pretty lilac blue flowers, from the Krainich Alps, where it is found growing at a height of 3,000 feet, in deep crevices on the north side. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES ALBA.

This variety freely produces fine trusses of pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES HYBRIDA.

A pretty and interesting hardy variety, with rosy purple flowers. 1s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA, a hybrid between *Primula ciliata* and *P. minima*, blooming in the most profuse manner, and throwing strong trusses of flowers, on each of which is a very large number of pips. It is sweet scented, the colour a brilliant plum or rosy purple. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA EMBLEM, a distinct variety; flowers reddish brown, with bright yellow centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ETHEL, a beautiful violet peach colour, with large and conspicuous primrose eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA HEROINE, purplish blue, with small but bright yellow eye; a very free bloomer, trusses large and fine. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA IONA, reddish brown, with bright yellow centre; a very distinct and beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA LUCIA, bright puce, darkly shaded towards the base of the lobes, very large primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA MENTOR, a large and well-formed flower, colour blue, shaded with rose, primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA MINSTREL, a fine plum-coloured flower, with yellow centre; an attractive variety. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA PHEBE, puce purple, with yellow eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SCEPTRE, reddish purple, with yellow centre; good trusses of fine large flowers. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA INTERMEDIA SONNET, violet maroon, with sulphur centre; a fine and very beautiful flower. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA.

This distinct hardy Japanese Primrose produces fine spikes of flowers, of a deep rich magenta colour. 5d., 1s. and 1s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA ALBA, this variety produces white flowers, with a golden yellow zone round the eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA ALBO-MARMORATA, white flowers maculated with rosy crimson; yellow eye; very distinct and pretty. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA CARMINATA, pure carmine red, with a maroon crimson ring round the eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA CARMINATA VARIEGATA, an attractive variety; the rich carmine flowers being beautifully striped and marked with white and blush white. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA LILACINA, eye surrounded by a zone of orange red, shading outwards to a beautiful rosy lilac, the outer portion of the corolla lobes being white. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA ROSEA, very distinct, with flowers of a lilac rose colour, and having a crimson ring round the eye. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA JAPONICA SPLENDIDA, flowers of a deep bright magenta, the zone of a rich bright crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

PRIMULA NIVALIS.

A very desirable species, of dwarf and neat habit, freely producing dense trusses of pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.

PRIMULA PARRYI.

This extremely handsome Primrose is a native of the Rocky Mountains. In growth it is densely tufted, with very stout rootstock, and narrow obovate-oblong leaves. The flowers are of a bright purplish crimson colour; very attractive. 5s.

RETINOSPORA LEPTOCLADA, 3s. 6d. & 5s. | **RHAPHIOLEPIS OVATA**, 3s. 6d.

RHEUM OFFICINALE.

Very much interest attaches to this plant, as being the ascertained source whence is derived the true Turkey Rhubarb. *R. officinale*, which inhabits and is cultivated in Tibet and Western China, is a very distinct and well-marked plant, of ornamental character. It is a perennial producing shallowly three-lobed to seven-lobed leaves, and flowering stems 4 feet to 10 feet high, branching in a paniculate manner, the branches spreading and so densely packed with the greenish flowers as to appear spiciform. 10s. 6d.



RHEUM PALMATUM TANGHUTICUM.

A stately robust-habited perennial, which shares with *R. officinale* the reputation of furnishing the Turkish Rhubarb. Indeed this is held by Dr. Regel, who has been instrumental in sending it to this country, to be the true officinal Rhubarb. The radical leaves are deeply palmatifid, the lobes being acuminate and incised. The flowering stems are tall, terminating in a narrow panicle of pale green flowers, the branches of which are erect, and much less densely packed than those of *R. officinale*. Irrespective of the interest attaching to these plants as yielding officinal drugs, they are stately objects amongst the larger herbaceous perennials. 10s. 6d.

RHODODENDRON CAUCASICUM FLAVIDUM.

This new and interesting addition to our hardy evergreen shrubs is very distinct from the ordinary type of *R. caucasicum* with rose-coloured flowers, and long known in cultivation. In *R. caucasicum flavidum* the flowers are of a pale straw yellow, thickly spotted on the upper segment with deep green dots. It is a native of the Caucasian mountains. Small plants, 7s. 6d.

RHODODENDRONS, choice hybrids, of sorts, to name, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ROSA RUGOSA (REGELIANA).

This attractive plant has been introduced from Japan. It is of neat compact bushy growth; the foliage is of a bright green above, and whitish and slightly tomentose underneath. The flowers, which are freely produced in large terminal clusters, are about 3 inches in diameter, and are composed of five petals, which are of a most beautiful bright rosy crimson colour. The flowers are succeeded by berries, which are of a large size, and of a rich rosy red colour, and are a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant, rendering it exceedingly effective. 5s.

ROSES, *vide* Index.

RUBUS DELICIOSUS, 10s. 6d.

SALIX BABYLONICA MASCULA, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.**SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.**

This remarkable and attractive plant has been introduced from the River Sacramento, in California. It is of robust growth, producing immense roundly lobed dark green leaves about 15 to 18 inches in diameter. The flowers, which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike upwards of a foot in height. 3s. 6d.

SIBTHORPIA EUROPÆA VARIEGATA.

This charming novelty is a beautifully variegated form of the Cornish Moneywort; the leaves being prettily margined with white. It is a very graceful and interesting plant, and will be found desirable for surfacing pots and baskets in the greenhouse and fernery, as well as a pretty object among Alpine plants. 5s.

SAUROMATUM, *vide* Arisæma.

SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII, 1s. 6d.

SKIMMIA OBLATA, 3s. 6d.

SPIRÆA BARBATA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.

STYRAX JAPONICA, 5s.

SPIRÆA PALMATA.

In a description of this Japanese plant, given in the *Botanical Magazine*, No. 285, Dr. Hooker says: "By far the handsomest species of the genus hitherto imported, and certainly one of the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation; the deep purple red of the stems and branches, passing into the crimson purple of the glorious broad corymbs of flowers, contrast more exquisitely with the foliage, which in autumn assumes beautiful tints of brown and golden yellow. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

THUJOPSIS DOLABRATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" " VARIEGATA, 5s.

" LÆTEVIRENS, 5s.

TRICYRTIS HIRTA, 1s. 6d.

TRICYRTIS HIRTA FLORE-NIGRO, 1s. 6d.

TRITELBIA LAXA, flowers of various shades
of blue and purple. 1s. 6d.

TRITOMA UVARIA GRANDIS, 3s. 6d.

VERONICAS.

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises, *vide* page 67.

VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warted branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf-stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan, and has sometimes been called *V. awafurka*, which is probably its vernacular name. 7s. 6d.

VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA,
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.VITIS JAPONICA, *vide* Ampelopsis tricus-
pidata.**VITIS VINIFERA PURPUREA.**

This desirable and attractive plant is a Vine with richly coloured foliage; the upper surface of the leaves being of a dark purple, downy underneath, and marked with purple veins. 7s. 6d.

WEIGELA AMABILIS VARIEGATA, 1s. 6d.

" HENDERSONI, 3s. 6d.

" LAVALLEI, 3s. 6d.

" LEMOINEI, 3s. 6d.

" LOWII, 3s. 6d.

WISTARIA MACROBOTRYS, 5s.

" SINENSIS, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

" GLORIOSA, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

" RECURVA, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

YUCCA ANGUSTIFOLIA (STRICTA.)

This hardy evergreen species forms a compact and nearly stemless crown of narrow lanceolate leaves, thinly margined with thread-like filaments. From the centre of the crown, the flower scape rises erect from four to five feet in height, branching at the base, and densely clothed with large, round, bell-shaped, creamy white flowers shaded with purple. 7s. 6d.

YUCCA WHIPPLEI.

A very distinct and ornamental Californian species. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

OFFICIAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS, TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the spices and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Java, Brazil and Madagasear, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, and plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

The individual prices of the following depend upon the size of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

Selections at 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen; or a collection made at from 12 to 50 guineas.

African Mangosteen	Garcinia Livingstonei	Africa
Alligator Pear	Persea gratissima	W. Indies
Allspice	Eugenia Pinetta	W. Indies
Arnotto Dye Plant	Bixa Orellana	Tropical America
Arrowroot	Maranta arundinacea	S. America
Australian Banyan	Ficus macrophylla	Australia
Balsam of Peru	Myroxylon Perera	Peru
Bark of Commerce	Cinchona officinalis	Tropical America
Betel Nut Palm	Arca Catechu	E. Indies
Betle Pepper	Piper Bettle	E. Indies
Bitter Aloe	Aloe secotrina	Island of Socotra
Bitter Quassia	Quassia amara	Guiana
Black Pepper	Piper nigrum	E. Indies
Bottle Tree of Australia	Brachycliton Delabechii	Australia
Bread-fruit Tree	Artocarpus incisa	Otaheite
Butter Tree	Bassia butyracea	E. Indies
Cabbage Palm	Enterpe edulis	Brazil
Camphor	Camphora officinalis	Japan
Candle Tree	Parmentiera coccifera	Panama
Cardamon	Amomum Cardamomum	E. Indies
Chinese Plantain Tree	Musa Cavendishii	China
Cinnamon Tree	Cinnamomum verum	Ceylon
Coca	Erythroxylon Coca	Peru
Coca	Theobroma Cacao	Tropical America
Coffee	Coffea arabica	Yemen
Contrayerva Root	Dorstenia Contrayerva	S. America
Cuba Bast	Paritium elatum	W. Indies
Cubeb Pepper	Piper Cubeba	Java
Cundurango	Gonolobus Cundurango	S. America
Date	Phoenix dactylifera	Levant
Edible-fruited Passion Flower	Passiflora edulis	Brazil
Edible Vangueria	Vangueria edulis	Madagascar
Fiddle Wood	Citharexylon quadrangulare	Jamaica
Flame Tree	Brachycliton acerifolium	New South Wales
Gamboge	Xanthochymus pictorius	E. Indies
Gigantic Granadilla	Passiflora macrocarpa	Rio Negro
Ginger	Zingiber officinale	B. Indies
Granadilla	Passiflora quadranguliris	W. Indies
Guava	Psidium Cattleianum	Brazil
Indian Paper Plant	Daphne papyracea	Nepaul
Ipecacuanha	Cephaelis Ipecacuanha	Brazil
Ivory Nut Palm	Phytolopha macrocarpa	Peru
Japan Cinnamon	Cinnamomum sericeum	Japan
Japanese Pepper	Piper Futeokadsura	Japan
Latanier Patm	Latania borbonica	Bourbon
Lemon Grass	Cymbopogon Schoenanthus	E. Indies
Liberian Coffee	Coffea liberica	Africa
Loquat	Eriobotrya japonica	Japan
Mahogany Tree	Swietenia Mahagoni	W. Indies
Mangosteen	Garcinia Mangostana	Java
Manilla Hemp	Musa textilis	Philippine Islands
Matico	Artanthe elongata	Peru
Milk Tree	Galactolindron nile	Caraccas
Moreton Bay Chestnut	Castanospermum australe	Australia
Mustard Tree of Scripture	Salvadora persica	Persia
Naseberry Tree	Achras Sapota	S. America
Nicker Tree	Gaillardina Bouduc	Sumatra
Nutmeg	Myristica moschata	E. Indies
Oil Palm	Elais guineensis	Guinea
Olive Wood	Elaeodendron australe	New South Wales
Patchouli Scent Plant	Pogostemon Patchouli	E. Indies
Queensland Nut	Macadamia ternifolia	Queensland
Red Sandal Wood	Adenanthera pavonina	E. Indies
Rhea Fibre Plant	Belmeria nivea	India

Rice Paper Plant	Arália papyrifera	China
Sarsaparilla	Smilax Sarsaparilla	N. America
Satin Wood	Chloroxylon Swietenia	E. Indies
Sour Sop	Anóna muricáta	W. Indies
Strychnino	Strychnos núx-vómica	E. Indies
Sugar Cano	Sáccharum officinárum	India
Sugar Palm	Arenga saccharifera	E. Indies
Sweet Sop	Anóna squamósa	Tropical America
Sycamore Tree of Scripture	Ficus Sycomorus	Egypt
Tamarind Tree	Tamarindus indica	E. Indies
Tea	Théa Bohéa	China
Travellers' Tree	Ravonália madagascariensis	China
Turkey Rhubarb	Rhous officinale	Madagascar
Turpentine Tree	Pistácia Terebinthus	China
Upas Tree	Antiaris toxicaria	S. Europe
Vanilla	Vanilla aromática	Java
Wax Palm	Ceroxylon andicola	S. America

Purchasers of Official and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have selections of living specimens made from the preceding at 3, 4, 6, 9, and 12 guineas per dozen; or a collection at from 12 to 50 guineas. The difference in price of the collections principally depends upon the number of plants included, their size, and the rarity of the species.

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Mr. WILLIAM BULL being annually a large importer of Orchids, many of the following are offered at very low prices.

S distinguishes the stove kinds; *I*, intermediate house; and *C*, cool house. Those marked thus (*) are winter blooming kinds.

<i>S</i> ACANTHOPHIPPIUM BICOLOR	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
An exceedingly rare and beautiful Orchid, giving large flowers of a bright yellow and scarlet colour.		
<i>I</i> ACINETA Densa	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — HUMBOLDTII (superba)	Colombia	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i> ADA AURANTIACA	Pamplona	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> AERIDES AFFINE	Sylhet	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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<i>S</i> — LARPENTÆ	East Indies †	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — LINDLEYANUM	Coonoor	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — LOBBII	Moulmein	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — MACULOSUM	Bombay	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — NOBILE	India	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — ODORATUM (cornutum)	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — MAJUS	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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<i>S</i> ANGRÆCUM BILOBUM	Cape Coast Castle	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — CAUDATUM	Sicra Leone	84s. and 105s.
* <i>S</i> — EBURNEUM (superbum)	Madagascar	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — PERTUSUM	West Coast of Africa	15s. and 21s.
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* <i>I</i> — VEITCHII	Hybrid	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — VERATRIFOLIA	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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* <i>I</i> — — NIVALIS	Tavoy, Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — — RUBRO-OCULATA.....	Tavoy, Java	5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
<i>S</i> CAMAROTIS PURPUREA.....	Sylhet	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> CATASETUM BIDENTATUM	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — OCHRACEUM	Bogota	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> CATTLEYA ACLANDIÆ	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — AMABILIS	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — AMETHYSTINA	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — AMETHYSTOGLOSSA	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — BASSETTII, <i>vide</i> C. SPECIOSISSIMA.		
* <i>C</i> — BOGOTENSIS	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — BOOTHIANA, <i>vide</i> C. LOBATA.		
<i>I</i> — BULBOSA (Walkeriana)	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CITRINA.....	Oaxaca	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (LÆLIA) CRISPA	Brazil.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
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<i>I</i> —	GRANDIFLORA	La Guayra..... 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
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* <i>C</i> —	DAWSONI.....	Colombia 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
* <i>C</i> —	DELICATA	Colombia 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
* <i>C</i> —	SPLENDENS	Colombia 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> —	WALKERIANA <i>vide</i> C. BULBOSA.	
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<i>I</i> —	BARBATA.....	Assam 21s., 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	CORRUGATA	Khasya 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	CORYMBOSA	Assam 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	CRISTATA	Nepal, Sylhet 21s., 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	GLANDULOSA	East Indies 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> —	PANDURATA	Borneo 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
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<i>I</i> —	COLAX JUGOSUS	Colombia 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
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<i>I</i> —	EBURNEUM	East Indies 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	GIGANTEUM	Assam..... 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	HOOKERIANUM.....	Sikkim, Himalaya 63s.
<i>I</i> —	MASTERSII	East Indies 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	CYPRIPEDIUM ARGUS	Hybrid 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	ASHBURTONIÆ.....	Hybrid 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
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<i>I</i> —	DRURYI, <i>vide</i> page 4.	
<i>I</i> —	HARRISIANUM	Hybrid 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.

<i>I</i> CYPRIPEDIUM HIRSUTISSIMUM	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — HOOKERÆ	Borneo	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — INSIGNE	Nepal.....	5s.
* <i>C</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM.....	Nepal.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — — MAULEI	Nepal.....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — PUNCTATUM.....	Nepal.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — JAVANICUM	Java	15s. and 21s.
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<i>S</i> — LOWII	Borneo	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — NIVEUM.....	East Indies	3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

This little floral gem has the habit of *Cypripedium concolor*, to which it is most nearly allied. The leaves are dark green, marbled with white. The flowers are white, marked with minute delicate violet spots, and have a deep yellow blotch on the staminode.

<i>I</i> — PARDINUM	India	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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<i>I</i> — PEARCEI (caricinum)	Peru	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — ROEZLIH	South America.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SCHLIMII	Ocaña.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SEDENI	Hybrid	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — STONEI	Borneo	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SUPERBIENS (Veitchii)	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — VENUSTUM	Nepal.....	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — VILLÔSUM	Moulmein	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> CYRTOPODIUM ANDERSONI	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
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<i>I</i> — — MAJUS	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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Wight, in describing this beautiful *Dendrobium* in "*Icones Plantarum Indica Orientalis*," says:— "This is one of the handsomest of the genus I have yet met with, large pure white flowers."

<i>I</i> — AMËNUM	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — BARBATULUM.....	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — BENSONIÆ	Arracan Hills	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — — AURANTIACUM	Arracan Hills	63s.
<i>I</i> — BIGIBBUM	Australia	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — BOXALLII	Burmah.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CAMBRIDGEANUM	Chittagong	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
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<i>S</i> — CHRYSOTOXUM.....	East Indies	15s. and 21s.
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<i>I</i> — DENSIFLORUM	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — DEVONIANUM	Khasya	5s. and 7s. 6d.
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<i>S</i> — EBURNEUM	Moulmein	15s. and 21s.
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<i>S</i> — FARMERI	Calcutta.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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<i>I</i> — — GIGANTEUM	Rangoon and Moulmein ..	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — GIBSONI.....	Tenasserim	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — GRIFFITHIANUM.....	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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**C* DENDROBIUM HILLII, *vide* D. SPECIOSUM HILLII.

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<i>S</i> —	JENKINSII	Gualpara	21s., 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	LASIOGLOSSUM	Burmah.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> —	LINAWIANUM	21s.
<i>I</i> —	LITUIFLORUM, an exceedingly beautiful and free-flowering species that should be grown in every collection ...	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> —	MACROPHYLLUM (macranthum) ..	Manilla	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	GIGANTEUM	Manilla	21s., 31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	MCCARTHIZE	Ceylon	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	MARMORATUM	Assam	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>C</i> —	MONILIFORME, <i>vide</i> D. JAPONICUM.
<i>I</i> —	MOSCHATUM	Burmah, Pegu, Sylhet ..	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i> —	NOBILE	Macao	7s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 10s. 6 <i>d.</i> & 21s.
* <i>I</i> —	CERULESCENS	Macao	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
* <i>I</i> —	WALLICHII	Macao	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	NODATUM	Moulmein	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	PARISHII	Monlmein	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	PAXTONI	Khasya	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	PIERARDII	Delta of Ganges	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	LATIFOLIUM	Delta of Ganges	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	PRIMULINUM.....	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> —	RHODOCENTRUM	Burmah.....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	RHODOPTERYGUM	Burmah.....	31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> —	SENILE	Burmah.....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> —	SPECIOSUM	Australia	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> —	HILLII	Australia	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	TAURINUM	Manilla	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	THYRSIFLORUM	East Indies	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	TORTILE	East Indies	31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> —	ROSEUM	East Indies	31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	TRANSPARENS	Nepal.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	WARDIANUM.....	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> —	DENDROCHILUM FILIFORME	Manilla	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
* <i>S</i> —	GLUMACEUM	Philippine Islands	31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> —	DISA GRANDIFLORA	Cape of Good Hope	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> —	HERSCHELLII	Cape of Good Hope	7s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 10s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	EPIDENDRUM AROMATICUM	South America	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>C</i> —	ATROPURPUREUM, <i>vide</i> E. MACROCHILUM.
<i>S</i> —	BICORNUTUM	Demerara	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	DICHROMUM	Bahia.....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	FREDERICI GUILIELMI	South America	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	IBAGUENSE	Ecuador	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> —	MACROCHILUM (atropurpureum) ..	Venezuela.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> —	ALBUM	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> —	ROSEUM	Colombia, Guatemala	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	NEMORALE	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> —	PRISMATOCARPUM.....	Chiriqui.....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	SCEPTRUM	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	STAMFORDIANUM	Gnatemala.....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	TIGRINUM	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> —	VITELLINUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> —	MAJUS	Mexico	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	ERIOPSIS BILOBA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> —	RUTIDOBULBON	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>

<i>S</i> EULOPHIA GUINEENSIS	Africa	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> GALEANDRA DEVONIANA	Guiana	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> GONGORA PORTENTOSA	Colombia	21s.
<i>S</i> GOODYERA (ANÆCTOCHILUS) DAW- SONIANA	East Indies	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — DISCOLOR	South America.....	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — PUBESCENS	North America.....	5s.
<i>C</i> HELCIA SANGUIOLENTA	Andes of Guayaquil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> HOULLETTIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA ...	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> HUNTLEYA CERINA, <i>vide</i> PESCATORIA CERINA.		
* <i>C</i> LÆLIA ACUMINATA	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — ALBIDA	Guatemala.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — ANCEPS	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — BARKERIANA	Mexico	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — AUTUMNALIS	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — BOOTHIANA, <i>vide</i> CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
<i>C</i> — CINNABARINA	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — CRISPA, <i>vide</i> CATTLEYA CRISPA.		
<i>I</i> — DAYANA.....	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) ELEGANS	Brazil	63s., 84s. and 105s.
* <i>C</i> — FURFURACEA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) GRANDIS	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — LOBATA, <i>vide</i> CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
<i>C</i> — MAJALIS or FLOR DE MAIO	Oaxaca	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) MARGINATA	Oaxaca	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (—) PERRINII	Brazil.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — (—) PINELII (pumila)	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — PURPURATA	Brazil.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — — BRYSIANA	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SCHILLERIANA	Brazil.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — SUPERBIENS	Malacatan	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — WOLSTENHOLMIÆ	Brazil.....	63s. and 84s.
* <i>I</i> LIMATODES ROSEA	Moulmein	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i> LYCASTE AROMATICA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — CRUENTA	Guatemala.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — DEPPEI	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — GIGANTEA	South America.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (MAXILLARIA) HARRISONIÆ	South America.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — LANIPES	Guayaquil.....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — SKINNERI	Guatemala.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

One of the best and most abundant flowering of cool Orchids, producing freely large blossoms, which generally are white or blush shaded with rose, and the labellum spotted with crimson.

There are many varieties of this beautiful Orchid, scarcely two being alike.

They require little room, being of dwarf and compact habit; should have plenty of water whilst growing, and never be allowed to get dry.

* <i>C</i> LYCASTE SKINNERI GRANDIS.....	Guatemala.....	42s.
* <i>C</i> — — MACULATA	Guatemala.....	21s.
* <i>C</i> — — MAGNIFICA	Guatemala.....	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — ROSEA	Guatemala.....	21s.
* <i>C</i> — — RUBELLA	Guatemala.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — SPLENDENS	Gnatemala.....	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — SUPERBA	Guatemala	21s
<i>C</i> MASDEVALLIA AMABILIS	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — CHIMERA	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — CIVILIS	Colombia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — COCCINEA	Colombia	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — CORIACEA	Colombia	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — DAVISII	South America	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — ESTRADÆ	South America.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — HARRYANA	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — HARRYANA CÆRULESCENS	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.

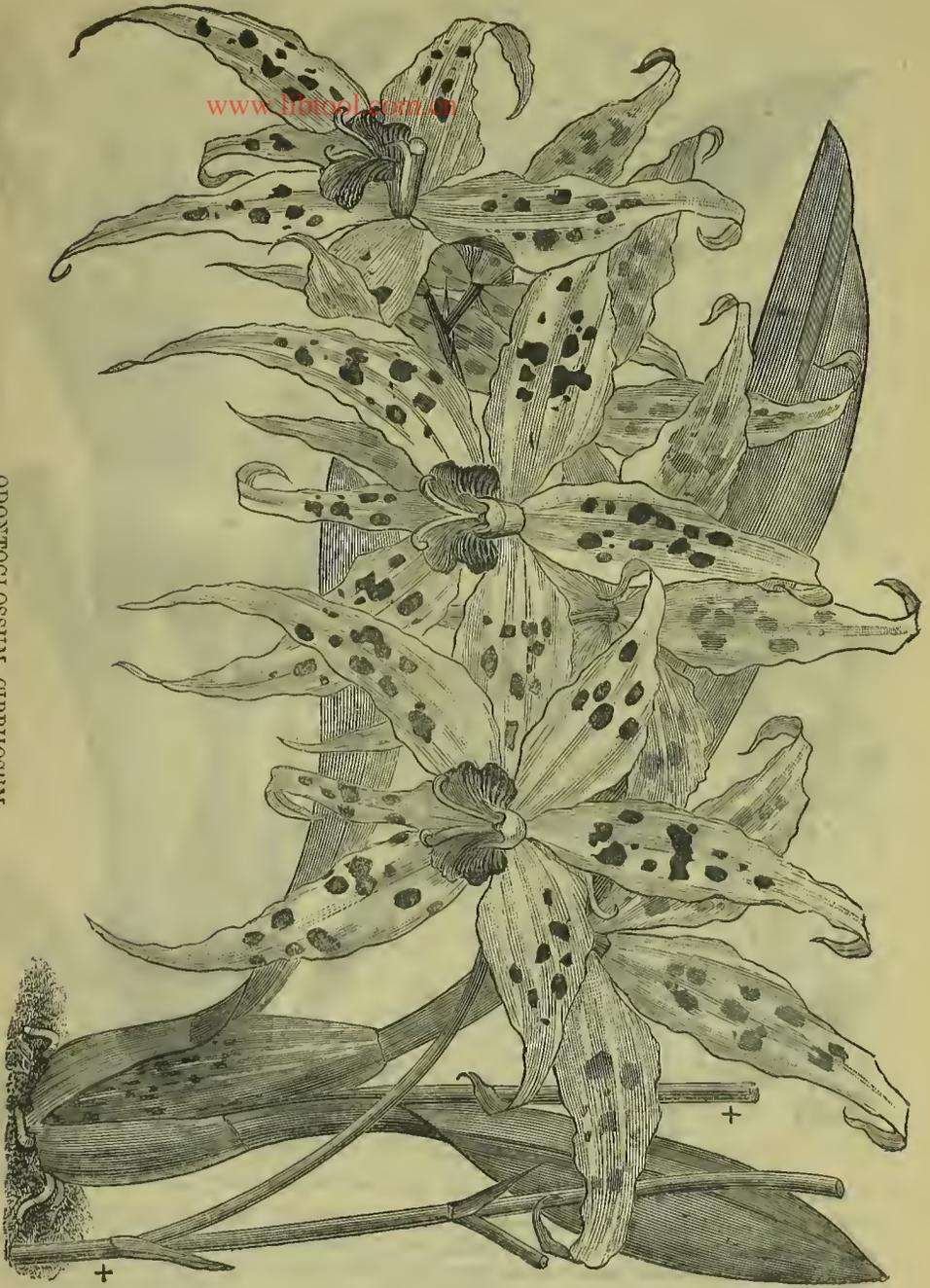
<i>C</i> MASDEVALLIA IGNEA	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — LINDENI	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — MELANOPODA	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — NYCTERINA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — PERISTERIA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — POLYSTICTA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — VEITCHIANA	Peru	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — WAGNERIANA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> MAXILLARIA HARRISONIÆ, <i>vide</i> LYCASTE HARRISONIÆ.		
* <i>C</i> — LUTEO-ALBA	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — NIGRESCENS	Merida	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — PICTA	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — TENUIFOLIA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — VENUSTA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> MESOSPINDIUM SANGUINEUM	Ecuador	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — VULCANICUM	Ecuador	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> MILTONIA CANDIDA	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CLOWESII	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — MORELIANA	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — PURPUREA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — REGNELLII (cereola)	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SPECTABILIS	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — VIRGINALIS	St. Catherine's	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — WARSCEWICZII, <i>vide</i> ONCIDIUM WELTONI.		
<i>I</i> MORMODES LUXATUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> ODONTOGLOSSUM ALEXANDRÆ, <i>vide</i> O. CRISPUM.		
<i>C</i> — ANGUSTATUM	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — BICTONIENSE	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — ROSEUM	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — BLUNTII, <i>vide</i> O. CRISPUM.		
* <i>C</i> — CERVANTESII	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — DECORUM	Mexico	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CIRRHOSUM, <i>vide</i> page 86.		
<i>C</i> — CITROSUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — CARNEUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — ROSEUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — CORDATUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — CORONARIUM	Ocaña	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — CRISPUM, <i>vide</i> page 85.		
* <i>C</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM	Bogota	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — — NIVALE	Bogota	42s. and 63s.
* <i>C</i> — — SPECIOSUM	Bogota	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — — SUPERBUM	Bogota	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — CRISTATUM	Peru	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — DAWSONIANUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — EHRENBERGII	Peru	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — GLORIOSUM	Ocaña	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — — SUPERBUM	Ocaña	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDE	Guatemala	7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i> — HALLII	Ecuador	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — HASTILABIUM	Santa Martha	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — HYSTRIX, <i>vide</i> O. LUTEO-PURPUREUM.		
* <i>C</i> — INSLEAYI	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — LEOPARDINUM	Mexico	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — LINDENI	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — LUTEO-PURPUREUM (hystrix)	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — MACULATUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — SUPERBUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — MEMBRANACEUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — NÆVIUM	Ocaña	63s. and 84s.



**C ODONTOGLOSSUM CRISPUM* Bogota 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.

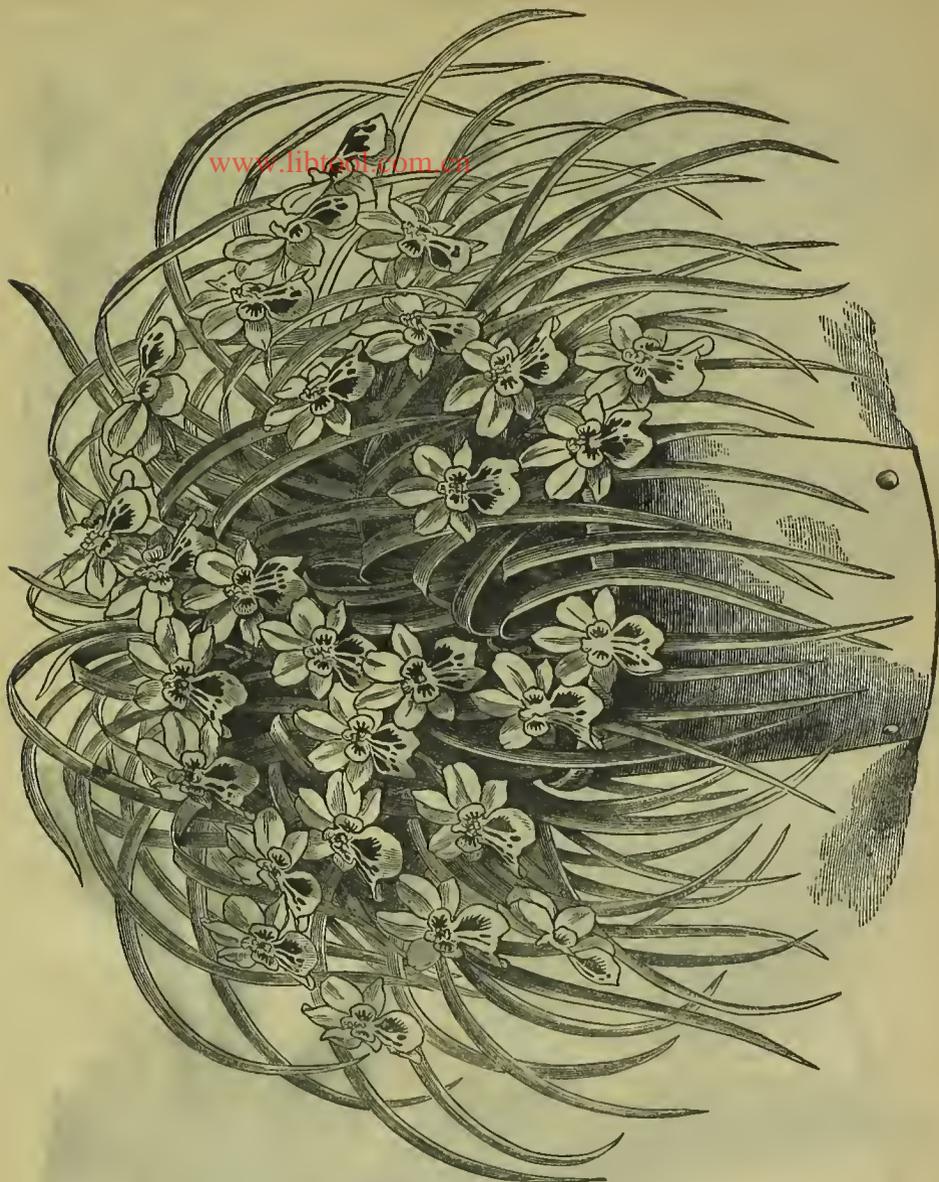
This plant, also known under the names of *O. Alexandree* and *O. Bluntii*, is one of the gems of the cool Orchid house, since by a little management its charming flowers may be had all the year round. It is a plant which varies to an almost endless extent, no two of the many thousands imported being perhaps exactly alike, and very considerable differences in size, colouring or crispness in the flowers constantly presenting itself. In good typical forms the sepals and petals are white, ovate or ovate-lanceolate, the petals being much undulated, and often fimbriately toothed. The lip is oblong-aeminate, yellow and crested towards the base, beautifully crisped at the margin, and more or less spotted towards the front with blotches of reddish brown. It has been very largely imported from Colombia, and in some of its forms is flushed with a lovely tint of rose.

ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM.



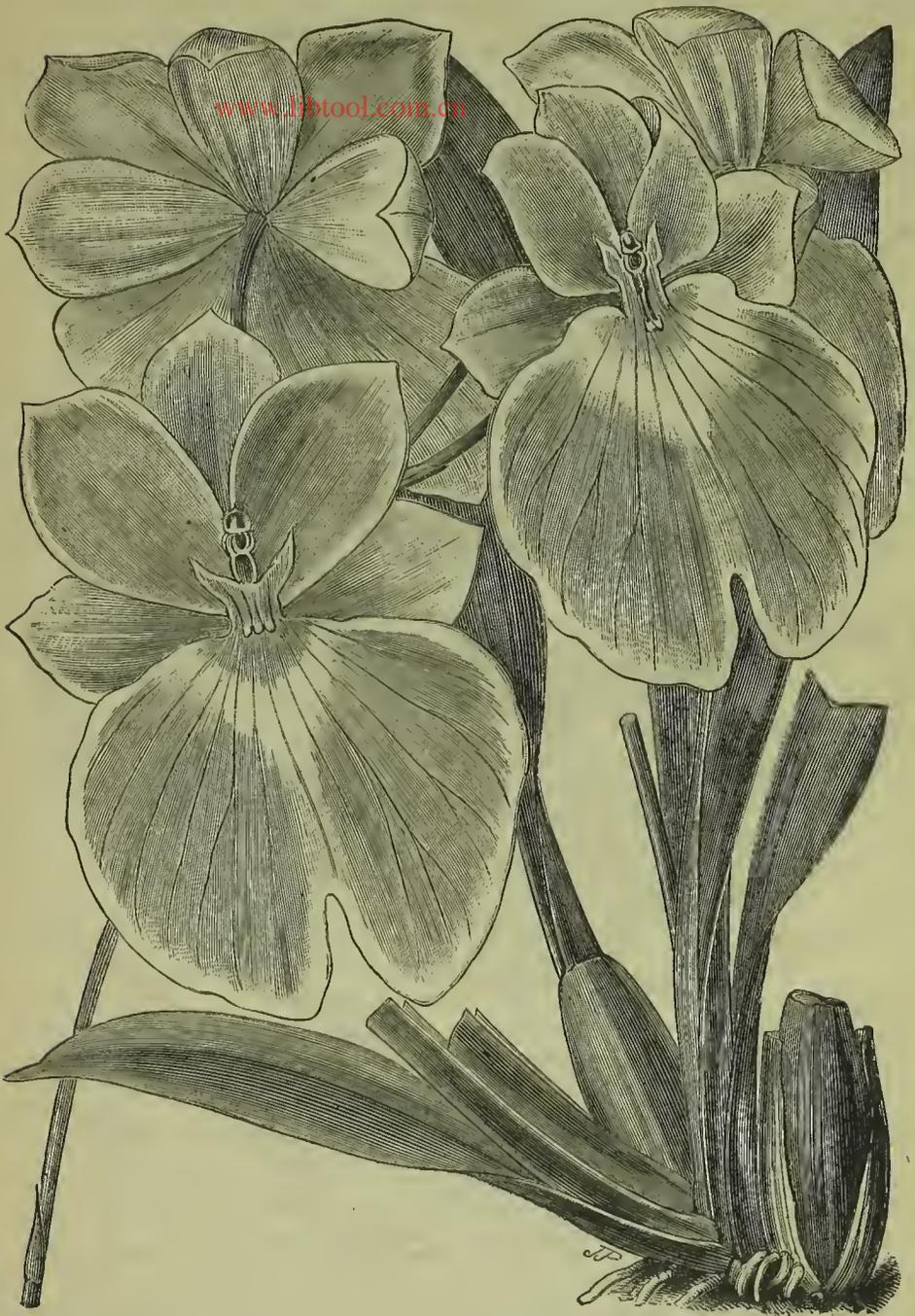
O **ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM**..... Ecuador..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

This superb new *Odonoglossum* is a much more handsome species than the still rare *O. navium*, which it somewhat resembles in colour and character, but infinitely surpasses; it produces fine strong branched spikes of blossom, each flower three to four inches across, white, marked and spotted in the way of *O. navium*; exceedingly chaste and beautiful.



ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS.

<i>I</i> ODonTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS	Ocaña.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — NEBULOSUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — CANDIDUM	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — PARDINUM	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — ODORATUM	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — PESCATOREI	Colombia	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — NIVALE	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — SPLENDENS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — PRETIOSUM, <i>vide</i> O. SCHLEIPERIANUM.		
* <i>C</i> — PULCHELLUM	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORUM	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — RAMOSISSIMUM	Colombia	63s. and 84s.



ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM Colombia 42s., 63s. and 84s.

This magnificent Orchid produces the largest and most beautiful flowers of the whole genus. The plant is exceedingly free-flowering, often giving spikes with from 4 to 8 of its charming flowers, which are of a lovely rose colour.

C **ODONTOGLOSSUM RAMULOSUM** Ocaña..... 15s. and 21s.
I — **ROEZLII** Colombia 31s. 6*d.* and 42s.
 A strikingly beautiful Colombian epiphytal Orchid, allied to *O. vexillarium* and *O. Phalenopsis*. It has oblong compressed pseudo-bulbs, and linear-ligulate leaves, the peduncles supporting several large flowers, which have oblong-ligulate sepals, similar but rather wider petals, and a broad cuneate-flabellate bilobed lip. The colour is pure white, the base of the petals being purple, and the base of the lip furnished with yellow crests and rich brown streaks. It is a free-flowering plant which no collection should be without.

I — **ROEZLII ALBUM** Colombia 42s. and 63s.
C — **ROSEUM** Mexico 15s. and 21s.
 C* — **ROSSII Mexico 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
 C* — **MAJUS Mexico 42s.
C — **SCEPTRUM** Colombia 42s. and 63s.
C — **SCHLEIPERIANUM (pretiosum)**..... Costa Rica..... 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
C — **TRIUMPHANS**..... Ocaña..... 21s., 31s. 6*d.* and 42s.
C — **UROSKINNERI** Guatemala..... 10s. 6*d.*, 15s. and 21s.
I — **VEXILLARIUM**, *vide* page 88.

C **ONCIDIUM ÆMULUM**, *vide* *O. SUPERBIENS*.

C — **ALCICORNE** Colombia 15s. and 21s.
S — **ALTISSIMUM** West Indies 10s. 6*d.* to 31s. 6*d.*
S — **AMPLIATUM** Panama 15s. and 21s.
S — **MAJUS** Panama 42s. and 63s.
I — **AUREUM** South America..... 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
I — **AURIFERUM** Colombia 15s. and 21s.
C — **AUROSUM** Ecuador 15s. and 21s.
I — **BALDERRAMÆ** Colombia 42s. and 63s.
I — **BARBATUM** Brazil..... 10s. 6*d.*, 15s. and 21s.
I — **GRANDIFLORUM**..... Brazil..... 31s. 6*d.*
I — **BARKERI** Mexico 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
C — **BICALLOSUM** Guatemala..... 15s. and 21s.
C — **BIFOLIUM** Monte Video..... 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
C — **CÆSIUM** Mexico 15s.
C — **CARDERI** Colombia 105s.
C — **CAVENDISHIANUM**..... Guatemala..... 31s. 6*d.* and 42s.
I — **CHEIRI** Ecuador..... 15s.
I — **CHEIROPHORUM** Ecuador..... 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
I — **CONCOLOR**..... Brazil..... 21s., 31s. 6*d.* and 42s.
I — **CRISPUM** Brazil..... 10s. 6*d.* and 15s.
I — **GRANDIFLORUM** Brazil..... 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
I — **MAGNIFICUM** Brazil..... 42s. and 63s.
I — **SPLENDENS** Brazil..... 42s. and 63s.
I — **CRUENTUM (pelicanum)**..... Mexico 15s. and 21s.
C — **CUCULLATUM** Ocaña..... 15s. and 21s.
C — **MACULOSUM** Ecuador..... 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
C — **DIVARICATUM** Brazil..... 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
C — **FLEXUOSUM** Brazil..... 10s. 6*d.* and 15s.
I — **FORBESII** Brazil..... 42s. and 63s.
I — **FUSCATUM** Colombia 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
C — **HASTATUM** Mexico 15s. and 21s.
C — **HYPHÆMATICUM**, *vide* *O. TIGRINUM*.
C — **INCURVUM** Oaxaca 31s. 6*d.* and 42s.
 S* — **KRAMERIANUM Colombia 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
I — **LANCEANUM** Surinam 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
 C* — **LEUCOCHILUM Mexico 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6*d.*
 C* — **SPLENDENS Mexico 42s.
S — **LURIDUM** Tropical America..... 15s. and 21s.
C — **MACRANTHUM** Ecuador..... 31s. 6*d.*, 42s. and 63s.
C — **HASTIFERUM** Ecuador..... 63s. and 84s.

A magnificent variety, producing from thirty to forty flowers, each 3 to 4 inches across, on a spike 6 to 9 feet long. The sepals are pale olive yellow, the petals bright yellow, with a dagger-shaped crimson lip.



1 *ONCIDIUM WELTONI* (*Miltonia Warscewiczii*) Colombia 21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.

This rare and very beautiful Orchid throws out numerous flower stalks at all seasons, each spike with from twelve to twenty and even thirty flowers, the whole plant seldom exceeding 12 inches high.

<i>I</i> ONCIDIUM MARSHALLIANUM.....	Brazil.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — NUBIGENUM	Ecuador.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — OBRYZATUM	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — ORNITHORHYNCHUM	Guatemala.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — PAPILO	Panama	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> — — MAJUS	Panama	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — PENTADACTYLON	Ecuador.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — PHILIPSIANUM.....	South America.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — PHYMATOCHILUM	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — PUBES	Rio, Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — PULVINATUM	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — REICHENBACHII	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — ROEZLIANUM.....	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — SARCODES.....	Brazil.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SERRATUM	Peru	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — SESSILE	Santa Martha	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SPHACELATUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — STELLIGERUM	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBIENS (æmulum)	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — TETRACOPIIS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — TIGRINUM (hyphæmaticum).....	Mechoacan	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — TRILINGUE	Colombia	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — TRIQUETRUM.....	West Coast of Africa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — VARICOSUM	Brazil.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — ROGERSI	Brazil.....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — WELTONI, <i>vide</i> page 90.		
<i>I</i> — WENTWORTHIANUM.....	Gnatemala.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> PALUMBINA CANDIDA	Mexico	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> PAPHINIA CRISTATA.....	Surinam	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> PERISTERIA ELATA (The Dove Flower)	Panama	15s. and 21s.
The <i>Espiritu Santo</i> (<i>Holy Ghost Flower</i>) of the Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.		
<i>I</i> PESCATORIA (Huntleya) CERINA.....	S. America	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — — GRANDIFLORA	S. America	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — DAYANA	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — — CANDIDULA	Colombia	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — ROEZLII.....	Ecuador.....	105s.
<i>I</i> — WALLISII (fimbriata)	Ecuador.....	84s. and 105s.
<i>S</i> PHAIUS ALBUS	Burmah.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — BENSONIÆ, <i>vide</i> THUNIA BENSONIÆ.		
<i>I</i> — GRANDIFOLIUS (Bletia Tanker- villæ)	Hong Koung	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — WALLICHII	Sylhet	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> PHALZENOPSIS AMABILIS	Sunda Isles	42s. and 63s.
Exceedingly beautiful large butterfly-like flowers, white, with rose striped centre.		
<i>S</i> — CASTA	Manilla	
<i>S</i> — EQUESTRIS, <i>vide</i> P. ROSEA.		
<i>S</i> — GRANDIFLORA	Borneo	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — — AUREA	Tambelan Islands.....	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — LEUCORRHODA	Manilla	
<i>S</i> — LUDEMANNIANA	Philippine Islands	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> — ROSEA (equestris)	Mauilla	42s. and 63s.
* <i>S</i> — SCHILLERIANA	Manilla	42s., 63s. and 84s.
One of the finest Orchids, producing very freely, on branched spikes, the most lovely mauve and white flowers, and having very ornamental variegated foliage.		
These most lovely Orchids bloom so profusely, that if all the flowers they produced were allowed to remain, they would bloom themselves to death. They are very beautiful and exceedingly useful for bouquets, and are well adapted for suspended baskets; they should be protected from drip, and require plenty of water whilst growing.		
<i>I</i> PILUMNA (Trichopilia) FRAGRANS	Merida	31s. 6d. and 42s.

*C	PLEIONE HUMILIS	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*C	LAGENARIA	Khasya	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	MACULATA	Assam, Khasya.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*C	REICHENBACHIANA	East Indies	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	SCHILLERIANA	East Indies	31s. 6d.
*C	WALLICHIANA	Arracan Mountains	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
S	POGONIA DISCOLOR	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	POLYCYCNIS MUSCIFERA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S	RENANTHERA COCCINEA	Cochin China	31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	RESTREPIA ANTENNIFERA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
S	RODRIGUEZIA SECUNDA	Tropical South America ..	10s. 6d.
S	SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM	Rangoon	15s. and 21s.
S	BLUMEI	East Indies	15s. and 21s. to 42s.
S	DAYI	East Indies	15s. and 21s. to 42s.
S	MAJUS	East Indies	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
S	CURVIFOLIUM	Nepal, Ceylon	15s. and 21s.
S	FURCATUM	Java	42s. and 63s.
*S	GIGANTEUM (Vanda densiflora)	East Indies	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
S	GUTTATUM	East Indies	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
S	GIGANTEUM	Ceylon	84s.
S	SPLENDENS	Ceylon	84s.
S	HARRISONI	Pulo Copang.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	PRÆMORSUM	Java	42s. and 63s.
S	RETUSUM	Java	42s., 63s. and 84s.
S	RHEEDII	East Indies	42s. and 63s.
S	VIOLACEUM.....	Manilla	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	SCHLIMIA JASMINODORA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	SCHOMBURGKIA CRISPA	Guiana	15s. and 21s.
I	LYONSII.....	S. America.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	UNDULATA	La Guayra.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
	SELENIPEDIUM, <i>vide</i> CYPRIPIEDIUM.		
I	SOBRALIA CATTLEYA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
I	MACRANTHA	Gnatemala.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	SPLENDENS	Guatemala.....	42s. and 63s.
I	VIRGINALIS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
C	SOPHRONITES CERNUA.....	Rio de Janciro	15s. and 21s.
C	GRANDIFLORA	Organ Monntains.....	15s. and 21s. to 42s.
C	AURANTIACA	Organ Mountains.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	CARMINATA	Organ Mountains.....	63s.
C	COCCINEA	Organ Mountains.....	15s. and 21s. to 42s.
C	VIOLACEA.....	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
C	STANHOPEA DEVONIENSIS	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
C	GRANDIFLORA	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	INSIGNIS	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	MARTIANA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
C	OCULATA	Xalapa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	SHUTTLEWORTHII, <i>vide</i> page 7.		
C	TIGRINA	Xalapa	10s. 6d. and 15s.
C	SUPERBA	Xalapa	21s.
I	WARDIANA	La Guayra.....	21s.
C	STENIA FIMBRIATA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	THUNIA (PHAIUS) BENSONIÆ	{ Arracan and Monlmein } { Mountains..... }	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	TRICHOPILIA COCCINEA	Costa Rica.....	15s. and 21s.
I	CRISPA (gloxiniæflora).....	Costa Rica.....	63s. and 84s.
I	MARGINATA	Costa Rica.....	84s. and 105s.
I	FRAGRANS, <i>vide</i> PILUMNA FRAGRANS.		
I	GALEOTTIANA (picta)	Costa Rica.....	42s. and 63s.
*C	SUAVIS	Costa Rica.....	10s. 6d., 15s. to 31s. 6d.
*C	SUPERBA	Costa Rica.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	TORTILIS	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

<i>C</i> TRICHOPIILIA TURALVÆ	Costa Rica.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>J</i> UROPEDIUM LINDENI	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> VANDA BATEMANNI	Moluccas	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — BENSONI	Burmah.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — CATHCARTII	Sikkim	63s. and 84s.
<i>J</i> — CÆRULEA.....	Khasya	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>J</i> — CÆRULESCENS.....	Burmah.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>J</i> — CRISTATA	Ncpal.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — DENISONIANA	India	63s., 84s. and 105s.
* <i>S</i> — DENSIFLORA, <i>vide</i> SACCOLABIUM GIGANTEUM.		
<i>S</i> — GIGANTEA	Moulmein and Rangoon ...	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — LAMELLATA	East Indics	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — LOWII	Borneo	
<i>S</i> — ROXBURGHII	Bengal	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — — CÆRULEA	Bengal	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>J</i> — STRIATA	Assam	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — SUAVIS	Java	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — TERES	Sylhet	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>J</i> — TRICOLOR	Java	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>J</i> — — FORMOSA.....	Java	42s. and 63s.
<i>J</i> — — INSIGNIS	Java	42s. and 63s.
<i>J</i> — — MULTIFLORA	Java	42s. and 63s.
<i>J</i> — — SUPERBA	Java	42s. and 63s.
<i>J</i> — UNDULATA	Assam	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> VANILLA AROMATICA	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>J</i> WARREA LINDENIANA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>J</i> WARSCEWICZELLA DISCOLOR.....	Costa Rica.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>J</i> — MARGINATA	Ocaña.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>J</i> — VELATA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>J</i> ZYGOPETALUM CRINTUM	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>J</i> — MACKAYI	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>J</i> — — MAJUS	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>J</i> — MAXILLARE	Brazil.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.

CHOICE ORCHIDS.

EAST INDIAN
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Collections made at 4, 6, 9, 12 and 20 guineas per dozen.

ORCHIDS FOR COOL HOUSES.

In the belief that the culture of Vinery and Greenhouse Orchids will become general when their beauty and easy management are known, special selections can be made, and are now offered at

4, 6, 9, 12 and 20 guineas per dozen.

PLECTOPOMAS.

These form not only a new group of hybrids, but a novel genus of Gesneraceæ; they are summer flowering, with large-tubed funnel-shaped blossoms.

ALFRED LASSERE, 3s. 6d.	CORALLINUM, 2s. 6d.	HIEROGLYPHICUM RO-	ROLLISSONI, 1s. 6d.
ANORMAL, 2s. 6d.	FLAMME DE PUNCH,	SEUM, 3s. 6d.	RUBAN ROSE, 3s. 6d.
AUREO - LILACINUM,	3s. 6d.	LABYRINTHICUM, 2s. 6d.	SCINTILLANS, 1s. 6d.
2s. 6d.	GEORGE LODDIGES, 3s. 6d.	LORD WELLINGTON, 3s. 6d.	SUAVE-ROSEUM, 2s. 6d.
BICOLOR, 2s. 6d.	GIBSONI, 1s. 6d.	MIGNONETTE, 2s. 6d.	SUAVISSIMUM, 1s. 6d.
CANDIDUM, 1s. 6d.	GLOXINIÆFLORUM, 1s. 6d.	MYRIOSTIGMA, 3s. 6d.	TRIUMPHANS, 2s. 6d.
COLIBRI, 1s. 6d.	GREAT EASTERN, 2s. 6d.	NISSONI ROSEUM, 3s. 6d.	VIOLA, 2s. 6d.

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras, as decorative plants, can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage they are very attractive, but during the winter they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Originally, however, the principal colour was orange scarlet; now, as the result of fertilisation, there are various colours and shades; added to which the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty.

ADELINA, creamy white tube, pure white lobes, deep yellow throat. 2s. 6d.

ALBO-LUTESCENS GRANDIFLORA, very large flowers, of a delicate cream colour. 2s. 6d.

AMABILIS, fine snow white flowers, with a large citron yellow spot on the lower lip. 2s. 6d.

BICOLOR, coral tube, dark yellow throat and mouth. 3s. 6d.

BOLIDE, very bright orange vermilion; clear yellow ground, with globular spots and flesh-coloured band; very fine. 3s. 6d.

CAROLINE, bright rose tube, flesh-coloured lobes, freckled all over with rose, rich orange throat, with central band of crimson spots running throughout. 2s. 6d.

CASILDA, a showy variety, with fine ornamental foliage and attractive flowers; the lobes rose, spotted with crimson; exterior of the tube bright reddish crimson; orange throat. 5s.

CEDARO, rosy purple tube, yellow lobes prettily margined with deep rose. 3s. 6d.

CERISE D'OR, surface of the tube cerise, throat and lobes golden yellow, netted and dotted with cerise; a beautiful colour and good habit. 3s. 6d.

CHAIR ET CAPUCINE, delicate flesh colour, bordered and spotted with red; magnificent zonate foliage. 3s. 6d.

CHARLES RAES, very bright carmine, golden yellow throat, sprinkled with small carmine spots; fine compact pyramids of flowers. 3s. 6d.

CHARM, clear lemon yellow, with orange throat, the tube slightly tinted with red. 2s. 6d.

CHROMATELLA, large and well-expanded flower, clear yellow, fine foliage. 1s. 6d.

CINNABARINA IGNEA, a splendid variety, with fine large richly coloured foliage; flowers of an intensely rich and bright vermilion scarlet colour, and freely produced in fine large spikes. 2s. 6d.

CINNABARINA ROSEA, a beautiful clear vermilion; the tube almost transparent; the interior carnation marbled with white; throat citron yellow speckled with gold. 2s. 6d.

CITRINA CORONATA, coral tube, throat and lobes pure citron, each lobe being spotted with vermilion; an admirable variety. 2s. 6d.

CITRINA ROSEA, a very pretty variety with fine flowers; the exterior of the tube rose colour; the lobes and mouth citron yellow. 3s. 6d.

CLIFTONI, very large lobes, half vermilion, half golden yellow, the whole flower covered with small crimson spots. 3s. 6d.

CYMOSA, clear rose pink, very handsome foliage. 3s. 6d.

DONDERSTRAAL, dark carmine lobes, golden yellow throat, largely spotted with cochineal, the divisions of the lobes white, rayed and dotted with rose; fine spikes of flowers. 2s. 6d.

DROOM, large flesh-coloured flowers, beautifully marked with chrome yellow on a cream ground, and produced in fine pyramids. 3s. 6d.

FESTOON, bright pink tube, blush white lobes, and orange throat. 3s. 6d.

GAYLUSSAC, clear vermilion, spotted with vermilion on the inside. 3s. 6d.

GRAND MOGUL, flowers of the most intense vermilion colour, with rich citron mouth and throat; very fine. 5s.

INCENDIE, fiery red, finely sprinkled on the white ground of the interior. 3s. 6d.

INFANTA, exterior of tube light rose; interior deep yellow; lobes white, slightly tinged with blush; a very pretty flower. 5s.

INTERESTING, surface of the tube deep salmon, interior of the lobes and throat yellow, minutely freckled with cinnamon. 2s. 6d.

JEWEL, pure lemon-coloured lobes, with rich orange throat; a very free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.

JOVIAL, orange; tube snow white, dotted and bordered with the most beautiful vermilion. 3s. 6d.

JULIETTE, handsome foliage; fine large flesh-coloured flowers, tinted with orange; mouth straw colour, marbled with very bright ochre. 3s. 6d.

LEICHTLINII, pure yellow, margined with deep rose; fine foliage. 2s. 6d.

LEOPARD VERMILLON, magnificent corymbs of large flowers of the most brilliant vermilion, encircling a cream coloured ground, which is sparingly dotted with vermilion. 3s. 6d.

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

- LINDLEYANA**, surface of the tube coral, throat and lobes golden yellow, regularly sprinkled with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME A. LACOMBLÉ**, pure white, with rose netting; a charming variety. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME VAN HOUTTE**, fine branching pyramids of flowers, very bright rose tube, white lobes, striped and spotted with carmine. 2s. 6d.
- MORGENLICHT**, superb foliage, fine pyramids of well-formed flowers, of a beautiful pure golden yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- NACHTEGAAL**, large carnation coloured lobes, white throat, netted and spotted with flesh colour; a pretty flower. 2s. 6d.
- NIKITA**, white interior, broadly bordered and spotted with dark vermilion; exterior brilliant orange colour. 3s. 6d.
- NIVALIS**, fine pyramidal spikes of pure white flowers, with rich yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
- OCTAVIE**, a fine flower, of a very pure and clear yellow colour. 3s. 6d.
- PERA**, lobes pink, spotted with crimson; exterior of tube rosy crimson; interior orange; the foliage of this variety is remarkably rich and attractive. 5s.
- REINE MARIE HENRIETTE**, orange, with beautiful dottings of the same colour upon a cream-coloured ground; flowers produced in fine pyramidal spikes. 3s. 6d.
- ROSALIE**, blush tube, white lobes, deep golden yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
- ROSEA PUNCTATISSIMA**, very deep rich rose, canary yellow throat. 3s. 6d.
- ROSE D'AMOUR**, rose, marbled and maculated with pure snow white, throat white, rayed and spotted with clear citron. 2s. 6d.
- RUBAN COCHENILLE**, outside red, with cochineal margin; golden encircled white interior. 3s. 6d.
- SAPPHO**, blush pink tubes and lobes, rich yellow throat; very pretty. 3s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE BRILLIANT**, a fine variety, with very richly coloured foliage, and freely producing large bright coral flowers, shaded with lilac; citron yellow throat, richly spotted. 5s.
- SCEPTRE CERISE**, bright cerise vermilion, spotted with golden yellow, flowers produced in fine pyramidal branched spikes; magnificent bronzy foliage, covered with velvety crimson. 2s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE CORAIL**, fine pyramids of brilliant coral flowers, the mouth striped with canary yellow, rich velvety amaranth foliage. 3s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE ROYAL**, fine bronzy amaranth foliage, largely spotted with bright green, large coral flowers, citron throat, with spots of rich scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- SUAVITAS**, delicate flesh colour; interior white ground speckled with flesh colour. 3s. 6d.
- TOTA ALBA**, this is the only pure white Gesnera. 3s. 6d.
- ZONNENDAAL**, a fine flower of a delicate rose colour, with beautiful cinnamon dottings. 2s. 6d.
- ZUCHT**, fine coral-coloured lobes, throat distinctly veined and netted with chamois colour. 2s. 6d.

EUCODONIAS.

- EHRENBERGII**, an attractive variety, having the foliage of a *Ligeria*, and freely producing clear blue flowers, which are slightly crumpled and have a white throat. 1s. 6d.
- NÆGELIOIDES**, pretty hybrid Gesneraceous plant; flowers prettily produced on small plants, nearly the size and form of a drooping *Gloxinia*, but having the soft colouring and elegant markings of some of the rosy flowered *Tydeas*, with the throat of a citron yellow. 1s. 6d.
- NÆGELIOIDES DIAMANTINA**, this variety is similar to the preceding in growth and habit, but differs in the colour of its flowers, which are of a brilliant violet purple, with citron yellow throat. It is an abundant bloomer, flowering very freely on small plants. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
- NÆGELIOIDES LILACINELLA**, the flowers of this variety are of a beautiful fresh lilac colour, marbled, and the throat is pure white, spotted and dotted with citron, yellow and lilac. It is a very attractive plant, and an abundant bloomer. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
- NÆGELIOIDES NANA MULTIFLORA**, this charming plant remains upwards of three months in all its beauty. It is the dwarfiest in habit of the genus; and the flowers, which are produced most profusely, are amaranth and golden yellow, dotted with vermilion. 2s. 6d.
- VAN HOUTTEI**, a splendid variety, with very large flowers of the most perfect form; colour vivid carmine and pure white, ornamented with flesh-coloured stripes; very striking and attractive. The plant is of fine habit, and extremely floriferous. 2s. 6d.

ROSANOWIA (BIGLANDULARIA).

- CITRINO-AMARANTINA**, rich woolly and glossy foliage; the flowers, which are large and of good form, are freely produced in the axils of the leaves; the peduncles are long and quite erect; the flowers are yellow outside and lemon colour inside, striped and speckled with amaranth. 3s. 6d.

ROSANOWIA (BIGLANDULARIA)—Continued.

- CONSPICUA**, introduced from Brazil. The plant grows about a foot high. The flowers, which appear on long axillary peduncles—making it a free-flowering species—are yellow, paler on the outside than the inside, and the lower part of the tube inside is marked with purple lines and dots. 2s. 6d.
- ROSEO-LUTEA**, a very fine variety, with beautiful, large and fine flowers, which are half yellow and half rose colour. It has charming foliage, nearly orbicular. 3s. 6d.
- STRAMINEA STRIATELLA**, fine large yellow flowers, striped with amaranth; all the tube flesh colour; a splendid variety, with very beautiful foliage. 3s. 6d.

TYDÆAS.

- AGAR**, white ground, suffused with earmine and distinctly dotted with very bright chamois. 3s. 6d.
- ALBA KERMESINA**, white ground, shaded with rose, and marked with erimson. 3s. 6d.
- ALBA NIGRA**, fiery red ground, white throat, striped with black. 2s. 6d.
- AMARANTE ET CANNELLE**, amaranth earise, fiery throat, marked with deep cinnamon. 3s. 6d.
- AURANTIACA ZEBRINA**, vermilion orange, the entire flower striped; very beautiful. 2s. 6d.
- AVONDSTER**, clear earise, with white throat, regularly marked with large black blotches. 2s. 6d.
- CLIO**, straw colour, with large scarlet throat. 2s. 6d.
- COMPACTA FLORIBUNDA**, beautiful velvety flowers, rosy earise, marked with bright amaranth; very compact. 2s. 6d.
- DISPLAY**, bright earmine tube; broad pink lobes, beautifully reticulated with rich erimson; violet earmine mouth; white throat, blotched with deep orange. 3s. 6d.
- ELLIPTICA MULTIFLORA**, tube earmine, reflected with vermilion; lobes shaded with earmine rose, and regularly spotted with dark earmine. 3s. 6d.
- ETNA**, very dark scarlet, striped with black. 2s. 6d.
- EUTERPE**, lower lobes white, marbled and spotted with vermilion; tube vermilion, shaded with earmine; upper lobes amaranth, densely speckled. 2s. 6d.
- FOURNAIS DE PLUTON**, intense vermilion, darkly striped. 2s. 6d.
- LADY CAROLINE KERRISON**, tube orange scarlet; lobes rich light rose, spotted with violet; interior of the tube beautifully marked with earmine erimson. 1s. 6d.
- LIEFKEN**, orange vermilion, with white throat, speckled with earmine, and rayed with cinnamon erimson. 2s. 6d.
- LINDENI**, a beautiful variety, producing charming flowers of a lilae purple colour. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME HALPHEN**, a fine flower, with well-expanded earmine-coloured tube; the lower lobes lightly tinted with lilae and spotted with earmine; the upper lobes shaded with earmine rose. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME HEINE**, clear earmine-coloured tube; lower lobes white, marked with spots of purple black, shading off to purple earmine; upper lobes bordered with amaranth. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME LAVALLÉE**, a beautiful flower; tube rose colour; lower lobes white, spotted with purple earmine; upper lobes margined with earmine. 3s. 6d.
- MAGNIFICA AMARANTINA**, brilliant amaranth, regularly striped with erimson. 3s. 6d.
- MELPOMENE**, large bright earmine. 2s. 6d.
- MIERKEN**, white, thickly blotched with cochineal, and marbled with white; throat white, maculated with orange scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- OPHIR**, orange vermilion, upper petals spotted with black, lower petals spotted with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- POLYMNIE**, earmine tube, upper petals bright earmine, lower petals pure white; the whole of the petals spotted with rich dark earmine. 2s. 6d.
- QUADRICOLOR**, earise tube, lobes tinted with earmine lilae, and punctated with dark purple; the orifice of the throat shaded with citron colour; a distinct and attractive flower. 3s. 6d.
- ROBERT LE DIABLE**, fine large flowers, of a rich reddish erimson colour, very heavily blotched and marked with black on all the lobes; tube and throat very dark crimson. 3s. 6d.
- THALIE**, citrou, spotted and flaked with vermilion; tube vermilion. 2s. 6d.
- TRICOLOR**, white, beautifully spotted with amaranth, coral coloured tube. 2s. 6d.
- URANIE**, a large lilae flower, striped with scarlet, deep yellow throat, striped with brown. 2s. 6d.
- VIOLET ET MARRON**, rich violet ground, throat white, spotted with chamois, lobes bright purple, the whole streaked with maroon. 3s. 6d.
- WILHELMINE LEFEBVRE**, upper petals amaranth, lower petals white, all the flowers reticulated with amaranth on a pink ground. 2s. 6d.
- WONDER**, flowers of a bright orange vermilion colour, veined with black; majestic spikes. 3s. 6d.

These can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time of year their tubers are started into growth.

With a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

- ADMIRATION**, a fine variety, of free robust habit and growth; the flowers, which are beautifully formed and of large size, are of a deep rose colour, with light throat. It is very free-blooming, and exceedingly attractive. 2s. 6d.
- ARGUS**, colour rich plum, large deep orange eye, spotted with carmine, upper lobes of the flowers beautifully rayed towards the margin. 2s. 6d.
- CELESTIAL**, a very fine and distinct variety, of good habit and a profuse bloomer, producing exceedingly beautiful flowers of a very light blue colour, with attractive centre, the upper part of the eye being rich purple, and the lower part cream colour, darkly rayed. 2s. 6d.
- CHARM**, a very large fine flower, of a beautiful light rosy purple colour, with light throat marked with orange at the mouth. 5s.
- CHERUB**, a splendid variety, producing abundantly large white flowers, which are tinted with blue on the margin of the lobes; it is exceedingly attractive. 2s. 6d.
- DIADEM**, magenta shaded carmine, with golden yellow eye, medium-sized flower; a very bright looking and free-blooming variety. 2s. 6d.
- DIAMOND**, a variety in the style of *Ambrose Verschaffelt*, but having the purple blue radiation and blotch confined to the centre of the flower, thus leaving the lobes whiter than in that kind. 3s. 6d.
- ECLIPSE**, bright orange, red eye, beautifully spotted with carmine, good habit and free. 2s. 6d.
- EXCELSIOR**, plum colour, large and fine, good habit, very distinct. 3s. 6d.
- FIREFLY**, flowers of great size and substance, with beautifully fringed edges; colour a rich deep carmine, golden yellow eye, spotted with crimson and shading off to magenta. 2s. 6d.
- GIBSONI**, *vide* *Plectopoma* *Gibsoni*.
- GLOXINIÆFLORUM**, *vide* *Plectopoma* *gloriniæflorum*.
- HARRY WILLIAMS**, very large fine flowers of a bright cerise colour, with yellow eye spotted with maroon, lower part of eye pale mauve, the edges of the flowers beautifully fringed. 2s. 6d.
- LADY LYTTLETON**, magnificent large flowers of a rich magenta colour deeply shaded with crimson, clear orange yellow eye, edges of the petals beautifully fringed. 2s. 6d.
- LOVELINESS**, a fine flower of good size and substance, rich magenta, shading off to crimson towards the margin, golden yellow eye dotted with maroon. 2s. 6d.
- MAGNET**, orange, spotted with crimson, deep carmine circle and spotted eye. 2s. 6d.
- MARVEL**, a remarkably rich and bright-looking flower, of fine form and large size, colour a very bright rosy violet, with light throat, darkly spotted at the base. 2s. 6d.
- MASTERPIECE**, this variety is of robust growth, and the flowers, which are very smooth and well-formed, are of a very rich rose colour, with violet shade; a splendid variety. 2s. 6d.
- NESIDA**, soft lilac; light yellow centre, spotted and rayed with lilac; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.
- NINA**, a very large and handsome flower of a dark satiny lilac colour, beautifully rayed in the three lower petals. 3s. 6d.
- OBERON**, bright blue, upper portion of the eye purple, white centre. 2s. 6d.
- RIVAL**, deep puce, excellent habit and profuse bloomer. 3s. 6d.
- ROLLISSONI**, *vide* *Plectopoma* *Rollissoni*.
- ROSE QUEEN**, large stout flowers, of a rich rosy lake colour, shading to deep purple, with orange throat; of compact habit and a profuse bloomer. 5s.
- STELLA**, flowers 2½ inches across, clear magenta, orange eye, spotted with carmine, nicely serrated, distinct and beautiful. 3s. 6d.
- UNIQUE**, very large fine flowers of a soft rosy pink colour, with pale orange eye, dotted scarlet, and shading off to magenta. 2s. 6d.
- VENUS**, an exceedingly attractive variety, freely producing large white flowers, the eye beautifully shaded with purplish crimson. 5s.
- WILLIAMSII**, a free-blooming variety of good compact and branching habit, producing large flowers of good substance, of a vivid scarlet colour, with orange yellow throat. 3s. 6d.
- AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT**, 1s.
- AURORA**, 1s. 6d.
- BELLE CRACOVIANNE**, 1s.
- CARDINEAUX**, 1s.
- CARL WOLFARTH**, 1s.
- DAZZLE**, 1s.
- EDWARD BOSSIER**, 1s.
- GRANDIFLORA**, 1s.
- GRANDIFLORA FLORE-PLENO**, 1s.
- GRANDIS**, 1s. 6d.
- HENDERSONI**, 1s.
- LEOPARD**, 1s.
- LONGIFLORA**, 1s.
- „ **ALBA**, 1s.
- „ **MACRANTHA**, 1s.
- „ **MAJOR**, 1s.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—Continued.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, 1s.
 MARGARITÆ, 1s.
 MAUVE PERFECTION, 1s.
 „ QUEEN, 1s. 6d.
 METEOR, 1s.
 MINIATA, 1s.
 PATENS, 1s.
 PICTA, 1s.

PURPUREA ELEGANS, 1s.
 „ MULTIFLORA, 1s.
 ROSEA MAGNIFICA, 1s.
 SKINNERI, 1s.
 VENUSTA, 1s.
 VESTALIN, 1s.
 VIOLACEA SEMI-PLENA, 1s.
 VIVICANS, 1s.

CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) CHONTALENSIS.

The following is an extract from Dr. Berthold Seemann's description of this charming plant, given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* :—

“*Cyrtodeira chontalensis* is one of the most beautiful Gesneraceous plants I have seen. The leaves are purple on the under side, and on the upper light green, with very dark green blotches. The flowers appear in November and December, and are lilac, and as large as a crown piece, with a yellow centre, and a whitish tube. The roots are fibrous (not catkin-like rhizomes, as in the *Achimenes* tribe), and in habit the plant resembles *C. metallica*, which has smaller and scarlet flowers. 3s. 6d.

CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) FULGIDA.

An extremely showy Gesneraceous plant from Colombia. It has beautiful brownish green or olive-coloured metallic-looking leaves, ornamented with silver gray mid-rib and veins, and freely produces its charming bright scarlet flowers, which render it exceedingly attractive. 3s. 6d.

CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) METALLICA,

Introduced from South America. It has bright scarlet flowers, and large thick, hirsute, ovate-leaves of an olive hue, with red central band feathering out from the mid-rib, giving the leaves a metallic appearance; it is of trailing habit, and well adapted for suspending baskets. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

Those marked thus () have erect flowers.*

- ADELE, white lobes, cream coloured throat, encircled with lilac at the mouth; very pretty. 2s. 6d.
 *ADOLPHE REUTER, slate blue, marked with hieroglyphs of a singular form. 5s.
 *ALBERT MAROUSE, delicate rose, beautifully dotted with pure white. 5s.
 ALICE, an immense flower with large smooth limb of rich mauve, and clear yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
 *AURORE, clear rosy cerise washed with tender rose. 3s. 6d.
 BERGERONETTE, upper part of the flower fine rose, the three lower lobes pure white. 2s. 6d.
 *BLONDINETTE, soft mauve bordered with lilac. 3s. 6d.
 *BOUISSON ARDENT, crimson red shaded with peach colour, and surrounded with clear crimson. 3s. 6d.
 *BOULE DE NEIGE, pure snowy white; an abundant blooming variety. 3s. 6d.
 C. A. FASSIAUX, cream colour, margined and marbled with sky blue. 3s. 6d.
 *CHARME DE LUTÈCE, pure milky white, the centre of each lobe ornamented with distinct scattered violet purple spots; the margin of each lobe densely freckled with very small light bluish violet dots; cream-coloured throat covered with small violet spots; very beautiful. 3s. 6d.
 CLIO, pure white lobes with rich magenta throat. 3s. 6d.
 CONCENTRIQUE, white throat shaded with lilac; magenta lobes surrounded with white. 3s. 6d.
 *CONSTELLATION, white ground punctuated with rose, and having a carmine spot at each intersection of the lobes. 3s. 6d.
 *COPERNIC, dark crimson bordered with soft rose. 3s. 6d.
 *COQUETTE D'ASNIÈRES, edges of the lobes washed with soft magenta; centre of the lobes white-shaded and spotted with bright magenta. 3s. 6d.
 *CORDON CÉLÈSTE, white, with light blue band. 2s. 6d.
 C. P. MONGENAST, violet; the lobes marked with a crimson horseshoe; tube creamy white. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

- ***COUPE D'HÉBÉ**, very large flowers of a dark velvety cerise colour, with the border distinctly and clearly edged with pure white. 3s. 6d.
- ***DERNIÈRE MODE**, white with centre of lobes spotted maroon; throat dotted with lilac blue. 3s. 6d.
- ***EMILE AUGIER**, pure white, with myriads of dottings, the lobes marked with blue; chocolate throat. 5s.
- ***EPAVE**, cream coloured throat, white lobes shaded and bordered with violet. 3s. 6d.
- ***FANFRELUCHE**, centre of lobes rosy pink, densely freckled with carmine and bordered with white; throat and mouth creamy white, covered with minute soft magenta dots; extremely pretty. 3s. 6d.
- ***FLAMBOYANT**, cerise red, shaded with bright red, and spotted with violet blue; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- FLEUR DE FLANDRE**, white throat, purple mouth, lobes marbled and netted with indigo blue, white edge. 2s. 6d.
- ***FLORE**, rosy lavender, shaded with light purplish pink; pure white centre, rayed and spotted with bright mauve; creamy white throat slightly spotted with pink. 3s. 6d.
- ***FLORENTINE**, pure white; mouth of throat striped and sprinkled with violet mauve. 3s. 6d.
- GARDE À VOUS!** a fine flower with large corolla, of a rich purple colour marked with white; broad throat, of a pure cream colour. 3s. 6d.
- ***G. DEMOULIN**, cochineal, bordered with white, the white marking in each lobe marbled with sky blue. 5s.
- ***GIRANDOLE**, a very fine variety, producing a profusion of flowers with soft rosy borders; centre of the lobes pure white, spotted and rayed with carmine and shaded with cerise. 3s. 6d.
- ***GRANIT ROSE**, pure white ground densely spotted in the centre of the lobes with bright carmine, the spotting becoming more scattered towards the margin; light cream-coloured throat densely freckled with rosy pink; a lovely flower. 3s. 6d.
- ***HARRY VEITCH**, violet, adorned round the orifice of the throat with purple hieroglyphs and sprinkled with pure white. 5s.
- ***IRIS**, rose shaded carmine, orifice of the throat velvety peach colour. 3s. 6d.
- ***ISABELLA**, light blue lobes, with white centre spotted and shaded with purplish violet; light throat rayed and freckled with purplish crimson; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- ***LE KHÉDIVE**, lobes white, striped and dotted with indigo violet; throat rayed with lilac. 3s. 6d.
- ***LE PHARE**, bright red, the centre punctuated and enflamed rose on white ground. 3s. 6d.
- ***LE PROGRÈS**, dark velvety carmine, with large pure white border. 3s. 6d.
- ***LISERÉ D'ARGENT**, intensely bright crimson scarlet, distinctly margined with pure white; light throat beautifully spotted and freckled with carmine, and shaded with rosy carmine. 3s. 6d.
- ***LIVINGSTONE**, rich velvety amaranth crimson shaded with soft purplish violet, and margined with rosy lilac; light creamy throat shaded with rose at the mouth; a splendid flower. 5s.
- LOUISE**, cochineal, edged with lilac and slate colour, and striped with white. 2s. 6d.
- LYDIE**, tube red, smooth pure white lobes, festooned at the mouth with rich mauve. 2s. 6d.
- ***MACROPHYLLÉ**, violet purple embroidered with bluish violet; mouth of the throat shaded with amaranth. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME DUVAL**, dark fiery crimson, shading off to bright scarlet towards the edges of the lobes which are margined with rose; dark crimson mouth; light throat densely spotted with crimson; a magnificent flower. 3s. 6d.
- ***MADAME ERRERA OPPENHEIM**, large flowers of a very tender rose colour, sprinkled and shaded with very bright rose. 5s.
- MADAME GUSTAVE GUILMOT**, very dark purple, ribboned and marbled with white. 3s. 6d.
- ***MADAME HALPHEN**, cerise bordered rose; the centre of the lobes punctuated dark carmine on white ground; interior of throat cream colour rayed with carmine violet. 3s. 6d.
- ***MADAME THIBAUT**, throat, mouth, and centre of lobes pure white, rayed and spotted with bluish purple; the lobes widely margined with light blue. 3s. 6d.
- MAMMOTH**, an enormous flower of a rich violet colour; the lower lobes marked with light crimson and marbled with white. 3s. 6d.
- ***MARGUERITE D'ELCHINGEN**, very rich deep violet purple lobes; creamy white throat densely freckled with minute purplish dots, the light throat stretching up a little into the centre of each lobe and forming a kind of star. 3s. 6d.
- ***MÉTAPOLE**, white, spotted with rich reddish crimson; orifice of the throat cream colour. 3s. 6d.
- ***MINA**, very bright cerise, with snow-white mouth; very attractive. 3s. 6d.
- ***MODÈLE**, flat smooth lobes of a fresh rose colour, shaded and spotted with crimson and margined with soft rose. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

- ***MOUSSELINE**, white, sprinkled with lilac; a very free-flowering variety. 3s. 6d.
- ***NAÏRE**, violet purple, striped, sprinkled and edged with bluish violet. 3s. 6d.
- ***NÉGUS**, velvety violet black, embroidered with violet indigo. 3s. 6d.
- NOBILISSIMA**, splendid lilac flowers, the three inferior lobes richly adorned with large cochineal blotches, and a large snow-white ribbon. 5s.
- ***ONDINE**, soft violet throat, the mouth shaded with mauve; satin white lobes, with the edges elegantly undulated. 3s. 6d.
- ***ORBICULAIRE**, very fine flowers, of excellent form; magenta colour neatly bordered with snowy white. 3s. 6d.
- ***PALLAS**, white, veined with velvety carmine; violet centre. 3s. 6d.
- ***PATRIE**, mouth of the throat intensely dark indigo purple, the lobes shading off to bluish violet and margined with white; light throat shaded with violet crimson; a very fine flower. 3s. 6d.
- ***PERLE ROSE**, cream-coloured throat; white lobes, sprinkled with soft rose, and shaded with carmine towards the centre. 3s. 6d.
- ***PLUTUS**, bright red bordered with soft rose; a finely formed flower. 3s. 6d.
- RÊVE D'OR**, pure white neatly shaded with sky blue. 2s. 6d.
- REV. H. H. DOMBRAÏN**, bright crimson lake, shaded with rosy purple; creamy white throat minutely spotted with purple. 3s. 6d.
- ***RICHARD WALLACE**, a novel and attractive variety; the orifice of the throat and spots in the form of a hemisphere on each of the lobes of a rich clear glazed violet carmine colour; margin bright cerise carmine; very constant. 3s. 6d.
- ***ROBE ÉTOILÉE**, pure white lobes, spotted in the centre with violet blue and freckled on the margin with light bluish lilac; cream coloured throat, spotted with violet crimson dots. 3s. 6d.
- ROSE D'AMOUR**, cream-coloured throat, lobes bright rosy carmine, shaded towards the base with rose cerise. 2s. 6d.
- ***RUBICOND**, velvety crimson cerise, embroidered with rose; orifice of the throat shaded with fiery scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- ***SOLFERINO**, rose solferino, with the edges of the lobes shaded salmon. 3s. 6d.
- ***SOUVENIR**, magenta, bordered with soft lilac. 3s. 6d.
- ***THÉOPHILE GAUTIER**, very large white flowers minutely dotted with rose; very fine. 5s.
- TH. NEITNER**, enormous lilac flowers, flaked with pure white. 5s.
- TRICOLORE**, cherry carmine flaked with white and green on a cochineal ground. 3s. 6d.
- TRICOLORE COCHENILLE**, an extremely large and fine flower of a cochineal colour with lavender rays; tricoloured tube. 3s. 6d.
- ***VERCINGÉTORIX**, bright magenta spotted and shaded with purplish magenta. 3s. 6d.
- VLAANDEREN**, white throat, ornamented with myriads of carmine spots, tube carmine, shaded with plum, lobes rich velvety purple. 2s. 6d.
- WASHINGTON**, very dark vermilion cochineal. 3s. 6d.
- ***WÉGA**, white ground tinted and spotted with violet carmine; the lobes surrounded with soft bluish violet. 3s. 6d.
- ***WILLIAM ROBINSON**, lobes bright rosy carmine, margined with pink; the centre of each lobe white, thickly spotted and freckled with bright pink; throat creamy white, thickly spotted with pink; fine large flower; exquisitely beautiful. 5s.
- ***ZINGARI**, large gray flowers, flaked with cochineal. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good kinds can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

SHRUBBY GLOXINIA INSIGNIS.

This distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large crimson blotch at the base of the tube. 2s. 6d.

GLOXINIA MACULATA ROSEA CHIRITIFORMIS.

This novel hybrid will prove quite an acquisition, for it blooms during the whole of the winter. Its foliage is very beautiful, of a bronzy amaranth, and its flowers, which are produced abundantly, are of a beautiful bright rose, with a bluish tint. 2s. 6d.

GLOXINIA MACULATA SCEPTRUM.

A magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect foliage. It produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding 20 inches in height, which bears majestically its large clear lilac well-formed blooms. The leaves are cordate and pinked. 3s. 6d.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, very rich and showy, and although they are not really double, yet from their fullness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so.

For New Varieties offered for the first time, *vide* page 9.



BEAUTY OF OXTON, a splendid novelty, the flowers of similar form to those of Pelargonium *Queen Victoria*, but of quite a distinct colour. The upper petals are of a very rich maroon colour, darkly blotched; the under petals very dark crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre tinted with rose; all the petals are attractively and regularly margined with white, and beautifully fringed. The flowers are large and very full, the extra number of petals giving them the appearance of being semi-double. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

CAPTAIN RAIKES, a splendid variety, producing very fine large full flowers; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. The flowers, which from their fullness appear double, are extremely attractive, and admirably adapted for bouquet making. 2s. 6d.

ELEGANTISSIMUM, a beautiful variety, with large crispy semi-double flowers, of a rich vermilion colour, all the petals broadly margined with white. 7s. 6d.

MADAME EVRARD, a most attractive and distinct variety; the flowers are very full, with beautiful crispy petals of an exceedingly bright purplish crimson colour, richly spotted with dark maroon. 5s.



QUEEN VICTORIA, this remarkably distinct and handsome Pelargonium is one of the most beautiful varieties ever offered. The flowers have peculiarly crispy petals; they are not really double, but from their fullness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so. The colour is a rich vermilion; all the petals broadly margined with pure white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon. The contrast of the broad white margin with the vermilion ground colour makes the flower extremely pleasing and attractive. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

MARIE AUGIS, fine large full flowers, with six or seven petals, of a beautiful light rose colour; two or three of the upper petals being maculated with scarlet and maroon. 5s.

PRINCE OF WALES, *vide* page 9.

PRINCESS OF WALES, *vide* page 9.

PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS, large flower, with elegantly fringed margin, of a brilliant vermilion scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush white centre with violet veins, and flushed with rich crimson in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

These have been obtained by carefully hybridising the attractive French kinds with the best varieties of the most eminent English raisers, so that, while possessing the rich and varied colours of the French sorts, combined with their wonderfully free-flowering character, they partake of the shape of the English varieties; they have also the advantage of having the spots more clearly and purely defined than is usually the case with the foreign sorts.

AMBASSADOR, upper petals intensely dark maroon, edged with bright scarlet; under petals very bright scarlet, with crimson shading, large light centre, shaded with violet. 5s.

ANNABELLA, an attractive flower, with large light centre; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with very dark maroon; under petals rich bright crimson with violet shade. 3s. 6d.

ANTAGONIST, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with violet crimson, and margined with white; under petals soft pink, spotted with violet crimson, white centre. 2s. 6d.

BRIDAL BOUQUET, an extremely free-flowering and attractive variety, producing fine large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers; the two upper petals blotched with pink: admirably adapted for forcing. 3s. 6d.

CHARMER, bright crimson, upper petals blotched with dark crimson; under petals slightly spotted, white centre, surrounded with violet. 2s. 6d.

COMMANDER, bright rosy scarlet, the upper petals heavily blotched with maroon; under petals blotched with rich crimson, fine striking white centre; a magnificent flower. 5s.

CONCORD, violet mauve, intersected with white and rose, white centre. 3s. 6d.

CONDUCTOR, bright carmine, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals shaded with crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.

CONSISTENCY, violet, margined with lavender, upper petals blotched with crimson, the under ones spotted with same colour. 3s. 6d.

DEBATE, violet mauve, upper petals blotched with maroon; light centre. 2s. 6d.

DOMITIUS, upper petals maroon, shaded with crimson, and edged with light rose; under petals light rose, spotted with dark crimson; the petals beautifully fringed. 5s.

DRAGON, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright red; under petals fiery carmine, spotted with crimson, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.

ECLIPSE, upper petals very dark blackish maroon, edged with fiery crimson; under petals rich deep crimson, shaded with bright scarlet, and blotched with very dark maroon; light centre; a very richly coloured velvety-looking flower. 10s. 6d.

ENSIGN, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 3s. 6d.

EUROPA, dark violet, all the petals blotched with maroon; novel colour. 2s. 6d.

FIREFLY, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon; the under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.

GERTRUDE, rosy lavender, with a slight crimson spot and feathering in the upper petals; very distinct and pleasing. 3s. 6d.

HARMONY, upper petals purple maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with lavender; under petals lavender, shaded with pink and spotted with crimson. 5s.

HECTOR, bright carmine, all the petals spotted with dark crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.

HESPERIA, a splendid flower; colour a soft rosy carmine, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, and all the petals beautifully edged with pale rose; white centre, surrounded with a violet shade. 7s. 6d.

HIAWATHA, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon; a fine large attractive flower. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- HUNTSMAN**, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, dark spots on the under petals, violet centre. 2s. 6d.
- KENNETH**, upper petals rich dark purplish crimson, margined with light violet crimson and feathered with crimson maroon; under petals rich violet crimson edged with rosy lavender; light centre. 5s.
- MAGNATE**, a magnificent flower of a soft violet colour, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals lightly spotted with crimson, clear white centre. 5s.
- MEDINA**, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose; under petals rose, blotched with very dark crimson. 3s. 6d.
- MODERN**, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- OSCAR**, upper petals crimson, margined with rose, and blotched with maroon; under petals rose, spotted crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- PATRICIAN**, bright violet, the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon; under petals having a small blotch of dark maroon, light centre; an attractive variety. 5s.
- PIONEER**, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- PRECISION**, beautiful light centre, shaded with violet; upper petals rich dark crimson, margined with rose; under petals carmine, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- PURSUIT**, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- ROYALTY**, a very free-flowering and effective variety, producing beautifully fringed white flowers, with large carmine spot on each petal. 10s. 6d.
- SALUTE**, under petals soft rose, spotted with dark crimson; upper petals maroon, surrounded with crimson, with rose margins. 2s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE**, rose, the upper petals blotched with maroon and shaded with crimson; the under petals spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.
- SENATOR**, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with crimson and edged with rose; lower petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with rose. 3s. 6d.
- SOUVENIR**, bright rose, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals heavily spotted with maroon. 3s. 6d.
- SPORTSMAN**, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with dark maroon; under petals spotted with maroon. 3s. 6d.
- TEMPLAR**, a beautifully formed flower, of a rich soft shade of violet crimson; upper petals blotched with dark purple; under petals slightly marked with purple, light centre. 5s.
- TENNYSON**, upper petals dark maroon, margined with rose and edged with white; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each. 5s.
- TREASURE**, glowing scarlet, upper petals spotted with crimson violet; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- TROJAN**, crimson upper petals surrounded with bright rose and margined with pink; under petals blush, cleanly spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- TRUMPETER**, dark crimson upper petals, margined with rose, bright rose under petals, blotched and shaded with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- TYRIAN**, very rich dark maroon, upper petals almost black, with narrow edge of deep rose; under petals shaded with rosy scarlet and blotched with crimson maroon. 5s.
- VANDAL**, upper petals very dark crimson, blotched with very dark maroon, almost black; under petals crimson lake, spotted with dark crimson. 5s.
- VANGUARD**, rich violet mauve, upper petals blotched with crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- VELLEDA**, rich deep velvety crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals spotted with very dark crimson; a fine flower, bright and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- VICTORIOUS**, orange scarlet, upper petals blotched with maroon, white centre, shaded with violet; under petals spotted crimson. 2s. 6d.
- VIZIER**, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with rich violet crimson and margined with lilac; under petals rich bright crimson, blotched with maroon, and bordered with pale lilac. 7s. 6d.
- WATCHFUL**, lilac, shaded with violet, upper petals spotted with crimson, light centre; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B's general collection, at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

- ALICE**, lower petals rosy crimson, maroon spot on top petals, crimson purple edge, large white eye; very fine. 5s.
- AMBASSADOR**, upper petals deep pink with medium spot, lower petals rosy pink; clear white eye. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- ANATINA**, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 3s. 6d.
- ARBACES**, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with light violet crimson and margined with white; under petals pale lilac bluish; white centre. 5s.
- ARCHDUCHESS**, lower petals richly painted crimson, with rosy purple edges; top petals black with narrow crimson edge; large clear white centre. 3s. 6d.
- ARCHDUKE**, maroon top petals with orange margin, cherry pink lower petals veined with rose; white eye. 5s.
- ARISTOCRAT**, rich deep crimson, black spot on upper petals, crimson margin, white centre. 3s. 6d.
- AURORA**, deep crimson scarlet with medium spot on top petals; a very richly coloured variety. 7s. 6d.
- BECERRA**, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson; under petals light rose; large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- BLUE BOY**, lower petals bluish purple; upper petals rich deep purple, with narrow margin; a large and novel flower. 5s.
- BRILLIANT**, crimson, black top petals, narrow wire edge of fiery crimson; very fine colour. 3s. 6d.
- CADMUS**, violet rose, with white centre; upper petals blotched with crimson maroon. 3s. 6d.
- CECILIA**, upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink; clear distinct white centre. 5s.
- CHALLENGER**, deep scarlet spotted with maroon; very showy. 7s. 6d.
- CHARTER**, rich maroon, upper petals margined with violet rose; under petals violet rose, shaded crimson, large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- CHIEFTAIN**, lower petals rose; maroon spot on top petals, shaded to the margin with rosy lilac; white centre; good form. 3s. 6d.
- CONDUCTOR**, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright rose; under petals delicate rose, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.
- CONQUEST**, bright red, small maroon spot on top petals; fine shape and very effective. 3s. 6d.
- CONSTANCE**, fawn colour, with small spot on top petals shaded with orange; clear white eye; a large flower of fine form. 5s.
- COQUETTE**, under petals rosy purple, painted black upper petals, with rich narrow margin of lilac; a fine bright smooth flower. 3s. 6d.
- CORONET**, cherry rose, small black spot on upper petals; clear white centre. 3s. 6d.
- COSSACK**, upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals bright rose; large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- COUNTESS**, under petals pale orange pink, upper petals spotted with maroon; lilac rose margin; clear large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- CREUSA**, light rose, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- CROWN PRINCE**, upper petals black maroon; under petals richly painted crimson; bright narrow edge, clear white eye. 5s.
- DARDAN**, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals light bright rose; large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- DAUNTLESS**, a good crimson flower with medium black spot; of fine form. 3s. 6d.
- DEFIANCE**, purple maroon, black top petals shaded off to the edge with crimson, white centre. 3s. 6d.
- DIPLOMATIST**, upper petals dark maroon, lower petals rosy purple; clear white eye; good habit. 7s. 6d.
- DOMINGO**, very dark maroon upper petals, margined with soft rose; under petals soft violet rose; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- DRUID**, under petals rosy lilac, veined; maroon spot on upper petals; fine form. 3s. 6d.
- DUCHESS**, under petals rich crimson, painted black top petals; narrow fiery wiry edge; clear white centre, fine. 3s. 6d.
- DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE**, scarlet, medium black spot on top petals; a smooth flower of fine form. 3s. 6d.
- DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE**, bright crimson scarlet; black blotch on upper petals; a free-flowering smooth bright variety. 3s. 6d.
- DUKE OF CONNAUGHT**, lower petals crimson; dark rosy top petals; white centre; a large flower of fine shape. 3s. 6d.
- EMBLEM**, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- ENCHANTRESS**, rose pink spotted with maroon; white eye; a very large flower. 5s.
- EXCHEQUER**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with bright crimson, and margined with rose, under petals rose, white centre. 3s. 6d.
- FALCON**, rosy purple, black spot on upper petals, white centre. 3s. 6d.
- FAVOURITE**, under petals pale pink; black blotch on top petals, with rich wiry band of orange, shaded off to the margin with pale pink; large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- FLORA**, under petals rosy purple; maroon spot on upper petals; light centre. 3s. 6d.
- FORESTER**, fawn pink spotted with maroon; very large white eye; flower of fine shape. 7s. 6d.
- GARNET**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet rose, bright rose under petals, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- GEORGE FREDERICK**, bright orange scarlet; very glossy. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- GIANT**, under petals rosy pink ; maroon spot on upper petals ; lilac edge ; white centre ; a large variety ; very dwarf habit. 3s. 6d.
- GIPSY**, very dark upper petals ; lower petals richly marked ; narrow crimson margin ; white eye ; very attractive. 5s.
- GRAND MONARCH**, crimson lower petals, dark top petals, crimson edge, white centre. 3s. 6d.
- GRANTA**, maroon upper petals surrounded with rosy crimson and edged with lavender ; under petals light rosy crimson ; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- HIGHLAND LASSIE**, salmon rose, medium black spot shaded with orange, white eye. 3s. 6d.
- HUMPHREY**, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose ; under petals bright rose, shaded with crimson ; light centre. 3s. 6d.
- ISABELLA**, lower petals rosy pink, maroon spot on top petals, shaded with orange pink ; rosy lilac edge ; large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- JUDITH**, maroon upper petals shaded with carmine ; warm rose lower petals ; white eye ; a large flower. 7s. 6d.
- KATHLEEN**, soft salmon pink with large spot and pale lower petals ; very fine. 5s.
- LADYLOVE**, rosy crimson with light edge and white eye ; upper petals spotted with maroon. 3s. 6d.
- LORA**, upper petals maroon, margined with scarlet and edged with rose ; under petals rosy pink ; white eye. 3s. 6d.
- LORD BYRON**, rich crimson, slightly veined ; lower petals dark maroon crimson, purple edge ; large and fine form. 3s. 6d.
- MAID OF ATHENS**, pure white, blotched and feathered with violet crimson. 3s. 6d.
- MODESTY**, lower petals mottled rosy lilac ; upper petals dark maroon ; large white eye. 5s.
- MOUNTAINEER**, rich painted crimson with fiery crimson edge and white centre ; dark maroon top petals ; a large and effective flower. 7s. 6d.
- MRS. A. MATTHEWS**, a smooth and constant flower of a soft rose colour with white centre. 7s. 6d.
- MURILLO**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with rose ; under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.
- ORESTES**, upper petals maroon, surrounded with light crimson and margined with rose ; under petals bright rose ; white centre. 5s.
- POTENTATE**, maroon upper petals ; deep rose lower petals ; white throat. 7s. 6d.
- PRESBYTER**, lower petals rich rosy crimson, dark maroon spot on top petals ; crimson edge ; large clear white centre. 3s. 6d.
- PRINCE ARTHUR**, lower petals rosy crimson, slightly marked ; dark maroon top, shaded off to the eye, white centre. 3s. 6d.
- PRINCE LEOPOLD**, very bright crimson scarlet, the upper petals spotted with maroon ; a smooth and glossy flower. 3s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, under petals rosy purple, maroon spot on upper petals, white centre ; a large flower, good habit. 3s. 6d.
- PROTECTOR**, under petals purple maroon, with maroon spot on upper petals, lilac margin ; extra fine form. 3s. 6d.
- PURPLE GEM**, lower petals deep purple, top petals black maroon ; margin of purple ; very glossy ; novel and fine. 3s. 6d.
- QUEEN VICTORIA**, lower petals crimson ; medium black spot on top petals ; bright orange crimson edge ; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- ROBIN HOOD**, rich purple lower petals, maroon top ; small spots and white eye. 3s. 6d.
- ROVER**, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose and edged with pale lavender ; under petals very light rose, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- RUTH**, under petals cherry rose ; small maroon spot on upper petals ; clear white centre. 3s. 6d.
- RUTULIA**, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy crimson ; under petals rich scarlet crimson ; light centre, shaded violet. 5s.
- SCOTTISH CHIEFTAIN**, under petals richly painted crimson ; upper petals dark maroon, with narrow margin of fiery crimson. 3s. 6d.
- SENATOR**, mottle purple, richly veined ; upper petals purple maroon ; of fine form. 3s. 6d.
- SPARTAN**, upper petals rich crimson, with central blotch of intensely dark maroon, almost black ; under petals of a beautiful rich violet rose colour. 7s. 6d.
- SPLENDENT**, upper petals maroon, surrounded with scarlet, and edged with pink ; under petals salmon rose, white centre. 5s.
- STATESMAN**, under petals rich crimson ; upper petals black, with crimson edge ; white centre ; a fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- SULTAN**, deep crimson purple, suffused with lilac ; light centre ; fine shape. 3s. 6d.
- SYBILL**, soft pale orange ; small maroon spot, shaded with orange ; white centre ; a very fine flower. 5s.
- TOPSY**, under petals purplish rose ; upper petals black ; narrow crimson margin ; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- VICTORY**, a pleasing pink, small spot on top petals, white eye, shaded off to the edge with orange ; large and fine. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

- AGATHA**, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged white; under petals crimson, margined with white; light centre. *5s.*
- ALICIA**, upper petals very bright crimson, edged with pure white, and tinted in the centre with violet; under petals deep rose, margined with white; large white eye; very pretty. *5s.*
- ANGELIC**, upper petals crimson, edged with white; under petals bright rosy violet, edged with white, attractive white centre. *3s. 6d.*
- AQUILON**, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy violet and edged with white; lower petals white, blotched with rich crimson and shaded with rosy purple. *5s.*
- ARIADNE**, rich rosy crimson, edged with white; the under petals deep rose margined with white; white centre; a pretty flower. *5s.*
- ASSEMBLY**, upper petals rich maroon, edged with white; under petals rosy purple, unmargined with white, large white centre. *3s. 6d.*
- ATLANTIC**, rich crimson, suffused with purple; smooth and of excellent habit. *3s. 6d.*
- AURELIA**, upper petals rich bright crimson, margined with white; under petals rich rosy crimson with light edge. *5s.*
- BARRA**, upper petals rich crimson, edged with rose; under petals rosy crimson, shaded with rose; light centre. *3s. 6d.*
- BELLINI**, a very distinct and pretty flower, of a beautiful soft violet rose colour, edged with white, light centre. *3s. 6d.*
- CABELLO**, a very fine large flower; upper petals soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the petals; lower petals of a very delicate rose colour, margined with white; clear white centre. *7s. 6d.*
- COUNTESS OF DUDLEY**, deep rosy crimson upper petals, light throat; rose lower petals; very fine form. *3s. 6d.*
- DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH**, white with carmine spot on each petal, very distinct and attractive. *3s. 6d.*
- ELIGIBLE**, rosy crimson, upper petals with light blotch, shaded with violet; under petals violet lake, clean white centre, the entire flower edged with white. *2s. 6d.*
- ELSIE**, upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender; under petals violet crimson, edged with white, white centre. *5s.*
- ERMAN**, upper petals violet crimson, edged rose; under petals blush, shaded with light crimson. *3s. 6d.*
- ETHEL**, upper petals rich crimson margined with white; the centre of the petals shaded with violet; under petals rosy crimson margined with white, large white eye; very fine. *7s. 6d.*
- ETRURIA**, upper petals soft rose, edged with white; under petals white, tinted with rose; a very clearly marked and pretty flower. *5s.*
- FAUST**, upper petals rich dark maroon, edged with lavender; under petals blush, shaded with rich crimson; light centre. *3s. 6d.*
- HENRY BAILEY**, crimson, with white eye; very dwarf, and a most abundant bloomer; extremely useful and effective. *3s. 6d.*
- IXION**, very deep rich dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with rose; light centre, distinct and pretty. *5s.*
- JEWESS**, upper petals rosy carmine, suffused with carmine, lilac edge; light mottled under petals. *3s. 6d.*
- LADY MAYORESS**, rosy lilac with white edges and large white eye; a fine flower. *3s. 6d.*
- LINDA**, upper petals crimson maroon, edged with rose; under petals blush, shaded with rosy crimson; large white centre. *3s. 6d.*
- LYDIA**, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with white; under petals very dark purple crimson, edged with white; large clear white centre. *5s.*
- MINHO**, upper petals rosy pink, margined with white; under petals blush, shaded with rich pink; white centre. *5s.*
- MIRIAM**, a fine large flower, of a rich dark crimson colour, margined with lavender; the upper petals darker than the under ones; large light centre, shaded with violet. *5s.*
- MRS. BAKER**, purple upper petals, rosy purple lower petals, white throat; a finely formed smooth flower. *3s. 6d.*
- MRS. HART**, rosy crimson purple, with narrow white margin on upper petals, shaded off with rosy purple to a large clear white eye. *3s. 6d.*
- MRS. PORTER**, French white, with purple spot on each petal; free and of good habit. *3s. 6d.*
- NELLY FORDHAM**, white with delicate lilac shade; free and distinct. *3s. 6d.*
- OLYNTIUS**, very rich deep carmine, with violet shade, the three lower petals margined with white; the flower is large and well formed, with distinct white centre. *5s.*
- PIZARRO**, a beautiful flower, of fine form; the upper petals soft rosy crimson, shaded with violet and edged with pale lavender; the under petals blush white, blotched with rose, light centre; very distinct and attractive. *7s. 6d.*
- PLACIDA**, rich carmine crimson upper petals, edged with rose; blush under petals, marked and flushed with deep rose; white eye; a very distinct and attractive variety. *7s. 6d.*
- PURSUIT**, upper petals bright maroon, edged with white, under petals bright violet crimson, margined with white, large white centre. *3s. 6d.*
- RESTITUTION**, rich dark maroon margined with violet, light centre, encircled with violet. *3s. 6d.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

RIVAL, a splendid variety ; top petals rich dark velvety purplish crimson, beautifully shaded with violet and margined with pale rose ; lower petals deep violet rose, blotched with dark crimson and edged with white ; clear white centre. 7s. 6d.

ROSINA, rosy lake upper petals, edged with white ; under petals rose, blotched with lake ; large white eye ; a very pleasing flower. 3s. 6d.

ROSY MORN, cheerful rose with clear white throat and edges ; a fine flower of excellent shape. 3s. 6d.

SANCHO, upper petals very rich deep crimson, shaded with violet ; under petals light violet crimson ; large white centre ; a very fine flower of good shape. 7s. 6d.

SANTERRE, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged with white ; under petals white blotched with dark crimson ; white centre. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen.

SATIRE, maroon upper petals, surrounded with violet crimson and edged with white ; under petals crimson, margined with white, large white centre. 3s. 6d.

SIREN, deep rosy carmine, shaded with lake, under petals edged with lavender ; distinct white eye. 5s.

SONNET, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with white ; under petals light crimson, margined with white, and white centre. 3s. 6d.

THERESA, upper petals dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with white ; under petals crimson, margined with white ; large light centre. 5s.

THE SHAH, deep crimson purple, with narrow lilac edge and light centre ; a smooth and very pleasing flower ; extra fine. 3s. 6d.

TRIBUNE, violet peach, pure white centre, and all the petals edged with white. 3s. 6d.

HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS.

This section is of Bavarian origin, and is recommended for its perpetual free-blooming character and the glowing colours of the flowers. The plants commence blooming in the spring and continue until the autumn.

FREUND EBBE, bright carmine, with dark veins and spots ; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

HOFGÄRTNER BRAUN, a beautiful flower of a very fine carmine colour, with intensely dark veins and spots. 3s. 6d.

HOFGÄRTNER HUBER, a fine round flower ; the upper petals rosy purple, darkly spotted and veined ; the under petals rosy carmine, with light veins. 3s. 6d.

HOFGÄRTNER KELLERMANN, upper petals of a dark fiery carmine red colour, with strongly marked dark spots and veins ; under petals light carmine, lightly veined. 3s. 6d.

MADAME GLEVITZKY, a magnificent flower ; upper petals of a fine vermilion colour, veined and spotted with purple, under petals light vermilion. 3s. 6d.

OBEBÜRGERMEISTER HEIM, rich velvety crimson, very darkly spotted ; a splendid flower. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 8.

ADAIR, large trusses of fine flowers with thick wax-like petals of a rich carmine colour, shaded with scarlet. 2s. 6d.

ADELINA PATTI, a charming variety, producing large trusses of splendid flowers of a beautiful rich dark cerise colour. 2s. 6d.

AILSA, rich crimson, shaded with carmine scarlet and tinted with violet ; trusses close and compact. 3s. 6d.

ALCMENA, vide page 8.

ALEXIS, rose shaded with bright salmon ; a fine flower. 5s.

ALMA, very rich bright scarlet ; a large flower of good form and substance. 2s. 3d.

ALSATIA, vide page 8.

AMANUS, deep rosy magenta with pink marking in upper petals. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- AMASIA**, very bright scarlet with conspicuous white eye. 3s. 6d.
- AMAZONE**, bright lilac mauve, sprinkled with carmine dots; large truss; dwarf and free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- AMULET**, deep rosy magenta shaded with scarlet in upper petals; fine truss. 5s.
- ANSELMO**, rich bright scarlet; a fine large flower with good broad petals. 3s. 6d.
- APOLLON**, rich crimson, marked and edged with scarlet and lilac; edges of petals slightly fringed. 2s. 6d.
- ARABELLA**, a fine round well-formed flower, of a beautiful pinkish salmon colour suffused with rose; light eye. 1s. 6d.
- ARVON**, rosy cerise, with light pink marking in upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- ASTORIA**, deep rosy pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- BARINGO**, a pretty, clean flower; pure white, with bright rosy salmon centre. 5s.
- BEAUTY**, this splendid variety produces fine large white flowers, beautifully striped and flaked with rose and salmon. 5s.
- BUTTERFLY**, a distinct-looking flower, of a blush white colour, beautifully and richly striped and flaked with bright pink. 3s. 6d.
- CAMERON**, magenta purple marked with vermilion in the upper petals; a most beautiful, and distinct shade of colour. 3s. 6d.
- CATO**, under petals rosy magenta crimson, with slight violet shade; upper petals scarlet shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.
- CATRINA**, pure white, with pink centre; large truss. 2s. 6d.
- CHARM**, pure white, striped, flaked, and splashed with rose; a pretty flower. 2s. 6d.
- CLEANTHES**, salmon, striped and flaked with white and blush. 5s.
- CODRUS**, rich rosy cerise with pinkish marking in upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- COLUMBINE**, orange salmon, distinctly striped and splashed with white. 2s. 6d.
- CYPRIA**, rosy cerise shaded with magenta; fine truss. 3s. 6d.
- CYRIL**, bright orange scarlet, with pink marking in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
- DAMON**, deep rich bright scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 1s. 6d.
- DARIAN**, very rich deep scarlet; a fine large flower, with thick petals. 2s. 6d.
- DECOY**, salmon, flaked, and striped with white; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.
- DEMADES**, rich crimson scarlet, shaded with orange in upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- DIOMEDES**, a very fine flower of a deep rich scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- DRYDEN**, very bright rich scarlet; fine large round flat flower. 1s. 6d.
- EGERIA**, a very pretty variety, with rosy peach flowers, shaded with magenta. 3s. 6d.
- ELFIN**, bright pink; a splendid colour; the upper petals marked with white. 2s. 6d.
- ERNESTINE**, a very pretty and distinct flower; colour blush shaded with salmon rose towards the centre. 2s. 6d.
- EUROPA**, flowers of exquisite form and good substance; rich deep scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals; white eye, very attractive. 3s. 6d.
- FAGUS**, bright dazzling scarlet colour, with conspicuous white eye. 1s. 6d.
- FAIRY**, a novel and distinct flower of a beautiful blush colour, richly flaked and striped with deep salmon. 3s. 6d.
- FLAMMETTA**, rich dark crimson; the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- GASPAR**, *vide* page 8.
- HEBE**, pure white, shaded and irregularly marked with salmon blush; rich salmon pink centre. 2s. 6d.
- HERON**, rich magenta crimson, shaded with violet in the upper petals; a remarkably attractive shade of colour. 1s. 6d.
- HIDALGO**, fine large flowers, of an intensely rich and bright scarlet colour; of good form and substance. 5s.
- HORISTAN**, intensely bright dark scarlet, with large white eye; one of the darkest colours in the section. 1s. 6d.
- IDYL**, finely formed flower of a beautiful salmon colour, having a white centre surrounded with orange scarlet. 1s. 6d.
- JUANITA**, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower, which has a white eye. 2s. 6d.
- JUBILEE**, this variety produces immense trusses of fine large flowers of a soft rosy lake colour; distinct and pretty. 2s. 6d.
- JURINA**, very rich and bright deep scarlet; a fine large well-formed flower. 1s. 6d.
- LAMUS**, intensely bright dazzling fiery scarlet, a magnificent colour. 1s. 6d.
- LELA**, very clean pure white; medium-sized flower of good form. 2s. 6d.
- LEONTA**, deep rich scarlet, with attractive white eye. 1s. 6d.
- LEVINUS**, rich bright salmon rose, striped and flaked with white and blush. 3s. 6d.
- LINDA**, medium-sized flowers of good form; exceedingly pure white. 2s. 6d.
- MAGGIE**, pure white; a free bloomer. 2s. 6d.
- MANCO**, rich bright scarlet; a fine flower. 2s. 6d.
- MARTUS**, a magnificent flower, of a most showy and attractive rich rosy cerise colour, with beautiful violet crimson shading. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- MELAS**, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- MELOTIS**, rosy carmine shaded with pink in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
- MENCIUS**, very brilliant scarlet with white eye. 1s. 6d.
- MINDORA**, blush white, with bright salmon ring around the centre of the flower. 3s. 6d.
- MIRABEL**, delicate soft pink, with white marking in the upper petals; fine large flowers borne in immense trusses. 1s. 6d.
- MONGAR**, rosy cerise with lake shading in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- MOSLEM**, rich bright scarlet crimson; extremely attractive. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. GEORGE SMITH**, bright salmon; a very fine smooth flat flower, of beautiful form; a most abundant bloomer. 2s. 6d.
- PABELLON**, deep cerise, suffused and shaded with orange scarlet; very fine. 5s.
- PALLADIO**, rich bright scarlet shaded with crimson in the upper petals; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- PALLAS**, enormous trusses of flowers of a rich and deep rosy pink colour, slightly marked with white in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- PAMELA**, orange salmon; a fine flower, very bright and distinct. 3s. 6d.
- PANTALON**, bright orange salmon colour, beautifully flaked and striped with white and blush. 2s. 6d.
- PETRUS**, deep violet crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet; large truss. 3s. 6d.
- PLINY**, lake with violet tint, the upper petals marked with rose; a splendid flower of an exceedingly rich shade of colour. 2s. 6d.
- PORTIA**, salmon, with light margin; very large and stout flowers, of excellent form. 5s.
- POTAMOS**, light bright scarlet, the upper petals shaded with crimson; a fine large flower. 2s. 6d.
- PYTHIAS**, deep rich crimson shaded with scarlet; a fine large flower. 2s. 6d.
- PROCLE**, *vide* page 8.
- REGGIO**, soft rosy cerise, a very pretty flower. 2s. 6d.
- RUBICON**, extremely rich and deep bright scarlet colour; flowers large, of excellent shape and good substance. 2s. 6d.
- SALAMIS**, rosy lake tinted with violet; an exceedingly pretty and attractive colour. 1s. 6d.
- SALVATOR**, a very fine variety, producing large well formed flowers of an intensely bright scarlet colour, with an attractive white eye. 2s. 6d.
- SANTLEY**, very fine smooth flowers of excellent shape and good substance, produced in immense trusses; colour a splendid soft orange scarlet, with large attractive white eye. 2s. 6d.
- SENSATION**, large truss of fine undulated flowers of a violet carmine colour, bordered with fiery carmine, white centre. 2s. 6d.
- SPANGLE**, a charming flower; white, attractively striped, flaked and splashed with bright rose. 2s. 6d.
- STEROPES**, very bright light scarlet with white eye; of dwarf habit. 3s. 6d.
- TAGUS**, rich magenta crimson shaded with cerise in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- TERANO**, deep rich scarlet crimson; a fine showy flower. 3s. 6d.
- THESEUS**, *vide* page 8.
- THETIS**, pure white, with a distinct rosy pink zone around the centre of the flower, which is also white. 3s. 6d.
- TOMARO**, bright rich scarlet; a fine flower of good shape. 1s. 6d.
- URBINO**, rosy violet; a very pretty shade of colour; flowers of fine form. 3s. 6d.
- VELINDRA**, magenta crimson, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 5s.
- XANTHO**, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye; very pretty. 3s. 6d.
- ZARA**, *vide* page 8.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion, and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, *vide* page 8.

- ADMIRANDA**, one of the most remarkable and distinct varieties ever raised; the flowers are of a beautiful blush colour, the base of the petals being marked with bright salmon scarlet, thus giving the flower the appearance of having a ring of that colour with a light centre. 5s.
- ALBANIA**, *vide* page 8.
- ALETHIA**, *vide* page 8.
- ALGERNON**, rich carmine crimson, flowers large and fine; extremely effective. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- ALPHEUS**, bright dazzling crimson scarlet ; a very fine variety. 3s. 6d.
ALVARO, fine large trusses of deep violet peach coloured flowers ; a beautiful colour. 2s. 6d.
ANGUS, cerise shaded with scarlet ; immense truss. 1s. 6d.
ARPA, rich bright crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.
ARSENAL, rich magenta crimson, (with scarlet shade in upper petals ; fine large truss. 5s.
ATREUS, crimson, with a slight violet shade ; fine large truss. 1s. 6d.
BLACK DIAMOND, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of very rich dark crimson flowers ; a splendid colour. 1s. 6d.
CAMERINO, a magnificent variety, producing enormous trusses of rich rosy cerise flowers. 5s.
CARLOS, cerise, shaded with scarlet ; fine flowers borne in immense trusses. 1s. 6d.
CERES, a splendid flower ; violet magenta, with scarlet marking in the upper petals ; a most novel and distinct colour ; one of the best varieties in its section. 3s. 6d.
COLERINO, cerise, with slight scarlet shading ; large truss. 2s. 6d.
DORIS, very light pink, with white marking in the upper petals ; an extremely beautiful and delicate shade of colour. 2s. 6d.
ETHNO, bright scarlet cerise, upper petals tinted with violet ; a good flower. 2s. 6d.
JULES GROLEZ, fine trusses of beautiful flowers of a rich rosy crimson colour, marked with bright scarlet in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
JUNO, a magnificent flower of a deep rose colour, shaded with violet lake, slight light marking in the upper petals ; a very distinct variety ; extra fine. 3s. 6d.
LASSO, light rosy cerise ; immense trusses ; an attractive variety. 2s. 6d.
LEANDER, salmon with light centre ; very distinct and pretty. 5s.
LEONIDAS, soft rosy violet, with scarlet marking in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
LEVANA, *vide* page 8.
MANRIQUE, *vide* page 8.
NEKROS, rosy peach, suffused with magenta ; a beautiful shade of colour. 3s. 6d.
NIKAM, intensely dark rich crimson ; very attractive. 2s. 6d.
NUMICIUS, rich deep crimson magenta ; fine large round truss. 3s. 6d.
OLIVAR, deep magenta, tinted with violet, a magnificent colour ; the edges of the petals are shaded with rich scarlet crimson ; flowers borne in enormous trusses. 2s. 6d.
OMPHALE, rosy peach, with cerise shading ; a very pretty flower ; trusses large and fine. 5s.
ORIENT, a fine variety, producing large trusses of very deep rich scarlet flowers. 1s. 6d.
ORMOND, upper petals rose shaded with violet ; under petals rose shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.
OSSIAN, violet rose edged with deep scarlet ; an effective flower of good size and shape. 2s. 6d.
PERIPLUS, a remarkably fine large flower of a light rosy earmine colour ; immense truss. 2s. 6d.
PERSEUS, *vide* page 8.
PHASIS, rich purplish crimson, tinted with violet ; a charming colour. 1s. 6d.
PLATONA, bright cerise, beautifully shaded with rose ; a charming variety. 1s. 6d.
POLONIUS, rich dark scarlet crimson, fine flowers borne in large trusses. 1s. 6d.
RINALDO, soft magenta, shaded with rose and violet ; a large showy flower. 3s. 6d.
ROSARIO, blush, shaded with pink towards the centre, which is pure white ; immense truss ; very fine flowers. 5s.
SIBYLLA, *vide* page 8.
SONORA, a beautiful variety, giving immense trusses of very large and fine flowers of a light rosy cerise colour. 1s. 6d.
STREPHO, bright vermilion scarlet ; a fine large round well-formed flower ; very showy and effective. 2s. 6d.
TAPOS, a fine variety, producing large trusses of bright rosy cerise flowers. 2s. 6d.
THAPTO, large flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.
THESSA, a showy variety, producing immense trusses of cerise scarlet flowers. 2s. 6d.
THIAM, intensely bright vermilion scarlet ; extremely showy and effective. 2s. 6d.
TISON, very fine large flowers, of a magnificent rich shade of magenta crimson ; very showy. 5s.
TITANIA, very deep rich vermilion ; a fine showy flower. 3s. 6d.
URANIE, a fine flower, of a very deep rich magenta crimson colour, with violet shading ; the upper petals are tinted with scarlet, immense truss. 1s. 6d.
VINCO, rosy magenta, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
ZELIA, a very fine large flower of a soft magenta rose colour ; good truss. 5s.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties offered for the first time, vide page 8.

- AGATHA**, soft pinkish lavender, with light centre and crimson marking in the upper petals. 5s.
- ARABELLA**, fine large full flowers of a rosy pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals feathered with purplish crimson. 5s.
- BIJOU**, vide page 8.
- EMBLEM**, vide page 8.
- ERNEST**, deep rich mauve pink, the upper petals flaked with dark crimson; a fine large flower. 5s.
- FINETTE**, vide page 8.
- GAZELLE**, vide page 8.
- IDA**, light rosy pink flowers of large size and good form, the upper petals feathered with purplish crimson. 5s.
- IONA**, vide page 8.
- JULIA**, delicate blush white, the upper petals rayed with purple; a fine full flower of excellent shape. 5s.
- KÖNIG ALBERT**, bright violet pink; a useful bedding variety. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
- LUCINDA**, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with crimson; a very large and finely formed double flower. 7s. 6d.
- MABEL**, large flowers of a rosy lavender colour, the upper petals striped with rosy crimson. 5s.
- MARSHAL**, vide page 8.
- MIRANDA**, soft lavender pink with crimson marking in the upper petals; a very fine full flower. 7s. 6d.
- NORMA**, vide page 8.
- ONDINE**, vide page 8.
- RENOWN**, vide page 8.
- ROSETTE**, vide page 8.
- ROSINA**, pale pink with crimson marking in the upper petals; a very pretty variety. 5s.
- SCEPTRE**, soft pink slightly shaded with lavender, the upper petals blotched with violet crimson; a very fine full double flower. 7s. 6d.
- SERAPH**, vide page 8.
- URANIE**, soft rose tinted with violet, the upper petals blotched with rich crimson; very fine. 5s.
- VESTA**, vide page 8.
- ZEPHYR**, a beautiful variety, with large full flowers of a rich soft rose colour with mauve tint, and the upper petals striped with carmine. 7s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

“PELARGONIUM LATERIPES.”

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on account of their graceful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustic or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a contrast and charm obtained by few other plants.

- BLUSHING BEAUTY**, blush, upper petals striped with dark crimson, and prettily blotched with violet crimson. 1s. 6d.
- BUTTERFLY**, bright rose, striped with crimson in the upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1s. 6d.
- CAPTIVE**, rose, marked with pink in the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1s. 6d.
- CASSIDY**, rose pink, with white centre, blotched in the upper petals very conspicuously with purplish crimson; a most attractive flower. 2s. 6d.
- CEDARO**, deep rose shaded with purple, upper petals feathered with crimson and white; a fine large flower. 5s.
- CONSTANCE**, mauve, striped with crimson in the upper petals; very distinct and pretty. 1s. 6d.
- CORINTH**, an extremely distinct and pretty flower of a deep pink colour, shaded with rosy violet, the upper petals barred and feathered with dark crimson. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- DUCHESS**, violet pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
ECLIPSE, a splendid variety, freely producing its lovely flowers, which are of a beautiful mauve pink colour, and have the upper petals distinctly and attractively feathered with rich crimson; this charming variety is ~~one of the best and most distinct~~ of its class. 7s. 6d.
ELFIN, delicate soft pinkish lilac; very distinct and pretty. 5s.
FASCINATION, blush white, the upper petals barred with maroon and feathered with crimson; a fine showy variety. 2s. 6d.
FLORENCE, pale blush, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
FLORINDA, an extremely pretty flower, of a very delicate pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 5s.
HASTIA, under petals blush white, upper petals blush, feathered with light rosy violet; distinct and pretty. 5s.
LADY EDITH, crimson flowers, tinged with purple; a fine variety for edging. 1s. 6d.
LEDA, rosy pink, with light centre, the upper petals richly feathered with dark violet crimson; a very fine variety. 5s.
LEONORA, a delicate soft pink, rather lighter in the centre; all the petals alike, without any blotch whatever; a very distinct and pretty flower. 5s.
LETITIA, a very fine well-formed flower, the upper petals blush, feathered with rich crimson, under petals blush white. 5s.
LIVELY, pink, feathered in the upper petals with bright red. 1s. 6d.
MARION, white tinted blush, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 5s.
MEDINA, bright rosy lavender, with white centre, and upper petals marked with violet rose; a very pleasing flower. 5s.
MINA, white; the under petals suffused with blush; the upper petals blotched with deep violet rose. 5s.
MINSTREL, lavender, the centre portion of the under petals white, upper petals feathered with red and spotted with violet. 1s. 6d.
NAIAD, lavender pink, a very delicate shade of colour, the upper petals ornamented with crimson feathering; a showy and attractive variety. 5s.
NEMANSA, an attractive flower of a pinkish lilac colour, the upper petals feathered with deep crimson. 5s.
NOVELTY, mauve shaded with pink, the upper petals striped with bright crimson. 1s. 6d.
PAULINE, an extremely beautiful variety, producing flowers of a delicate pinkish mauve colour; this is one of the prettiest and best self flowers in the section. 5s.
PERA, delicate blush; the upper petals beautifully blotched and feathered with rich purplish crimson; a very fine variety. 5s.
PERCY, deep rose, shaded with violet, the upper petals prettily marked with crimson. 3s. 6d.
PHOCEA, blush pink, a fine showy flower with very large top petals, which are beautifully feathered and blotched with deep crimson; exceedingly attractive. 5s.
PRIMATE, beautiful rosy pink, the flowers prettily striped with crimson in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, light pink, the upper petals feathered with violet crimson. 1s. 6d.
PRINCESS THYRA, flesh, shading to a white centre, with four radiating crimson stripes in the upper petals; very large flowers. 1s. 6d.
TESTIMONIAL, white, suffused with light violet rose, the upper petals feathered with violet maroon; good shape. 1s. 6d.
THERESA, beautiful soft violet-tinted rose, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
TREASURE, pure white, striped with maroon in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL
 PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 9.

- ABYLA**, a desirable variety, giving very clean and pure white flowers. 5s.
ADELAIDE BLANCHON, fine double very pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.
ALFREDUS, salmon pink, striped and flaked with blush and white; fine large flowers. 7s. 6d.
AMPHILLA, a neat-habited variety, freely producing fine trusses of full double pure white flowers. 7s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- ARETUSA**, *vide* page 9.
- ARVON**, fine large flowers of a bright earmino scarlet colour occasionally striped with white ; distinct and pretty. 7s. 6d.
- ASMODEUS**, light rose ; a very fine full and double flower ; trusses large and of excellent form ; a very useful and effective variety, and a profuse bloomer. 3s. 6d.
- AUGUSTE VILLAUME**, a very fine variety, giving immense trusses of large and full flowers of a deep red colour shaded with orange ; of good habit and very free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- BEAUTÉ FRAPPANTE**, a dwarf-growing and abundant-blooming variety ; producing fine large trusses of pretty flesh-coloured flowers, with largo salmon rose centre. 3s. 6d.
- BOUQUET**, a lovely flower, of a rich deep bright pink colour ; very large and double, and of a most peculiar formation, the outer petals being arranged flatly, and the central petals, which are much shorter than the outer ones, forming a thick rosette-like centre to the flower. 5s.
- BRIGADE**, rich deep scarlet ; fine large flowers produced in immenso trusses. 2s. 6d.
- BRILLIANT**, a magnificent variety of good branching growth, freely producing immense globular-shaped trusses of fine double flowers, of a very rich bright scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.
- BUTTON**, an extremely pretty rosette-like flower of a beautiful bright pink colour ; trusses large and round ; habit dwarf and compact. 3s. 6d.
- CALMAR**, deep scarlet ; a fine showy flower. 2s. 6d.
- CANDIDISSIMA PLENA**, very large full and finely formed flowers of the most pure snowy whiteness, not beoming tinted with rose as the flowers get fully expanded. 15s.
- CAPITAINE MARIGNAC**, a distinct and attractive variety, producing large trusses of rich and brilliant orange salmon flowers shaded with violet ; quite unique in colour. 3s. 6d.
- CASSIA**, white suffused with blush ; large truss ; very fine full flowers, with good broad petals. 5s.
- CHARLES VOGT**, an attractive variety, producing immense trusses of rosy violet flowers. 10s. 6d.
- COMET**, this is one of the brightest and most dazzling scarlet flowers in the double section ; the trusses are large and of good shape, and the flowers very full, double, and well-formed. 3s. 6d.
- COMÈTE COGGIA**, a novel and beautiful variety ; trusses enormous ; flowers large and fine, of a rich dark salmon madder, tinted with violet. 3s. 6d.
- COMTE DE LAMBERTYE**, rich dark velvety madder, with white eye ; a most abundant flowerer and very effective. 3s. 6d.
- COMTE D'IMÉCOURT**, an extremely free-blooming variety, prodneing, well above the foliage, fine trusses of double flowers of a bright salmon colour, with light centre. 2s. 6d.
- COMTESSE DE BEURGES**, a remarkable fresh flower of a beautiful clear salmon colour ; the edges shaded with white. 2s. 6d.
- CONGRESS**, light rosy scarlet ; a very fresh and bright looking colour ; extremely effective. 3s. 6d.
- CRATINUS**, bright cerise scarlet ; a very fine flower ; trusses immense. 7s. 6d.
- DAME BLANCHE**, a fine variety, producing compact trusses of pure white double flowers. 3s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ ANCELON**, this variety produces very large trusses of fine round well-formed flowers, of a very dark magenta rose colour. 3s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ BERLET**, large trusses of very fine full flowers, of a rich carmine scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ BRICE**, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of large double flowers of a soft rose colour tinted carmine ; a novel shade of colour. 3s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ LAFLIZE**, immense trusses of full double flowers, of a vermilion purple colour. 3s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ VARROY**, a showy variety, giving large flat trusses of full double flowers, of a bright lake colour. 3s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ VIOX**, immense trusses of large fine flowers, of a rich dark crimson colour, shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.
- DRAPEAU NATIONAL**, rich reddish crimson, attractively edged and striped with white. 2s. 6d.
- DR. JACOBY**, an attractive variety with enormous trusses of very large full flowers of a clear nanken salmon colour. 10s. 6d.
- EDOUARD LEQUIN**, large and very double flowers of a violet amaranth colour shaded red ; very remarkable. 3s. 6d.
- ELDRED**, *vide* page 9.
- ELPENOR**, rich magenta crimson with white centre ; very distinct and fine. 5s.
- EMILE LEMOINE**, a free-blooming variety, producing enormous trusses of fine large double flowers of a dark chamois colour ; very distinct and effective. 2s. 6d.
- ERNEST LAUTH**, a splendid variety giving huge trusses of flowers of a rich violet crimson colour. 10s. 6d.
- FERDINAND D'ARAGON**, fine double flowers, with undulated petals of a salmon orange colour, sometimes marked with white ; dwarf and free flowering. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- FILLE D'HONNEUR**, immense trusses of fine large round flowers, very full and double, white tinged with flesh colour; very pretty. 2s. 6d.
- GLOIRE DE SAINT-MARTIN DU TOUCH**, a splendid variety of dwarf and robust habit; large trusses of fine double flowers of a beautiful dark salmon colour. 3s. 6d.
- GUILLION MANGILLI**, immense truss of large double flowers of a beautiful dark crimson colour, the upper petals strongly marked with scarlet; very distinct and beautiful. 3s. 6d.
- HARMONIA**, *vide* page 9.
- HESPERUS**, rosy carmine, a most attractive shade of colour, very bright and fresh-looking, the flowers are of good size, full, and of excellent form; expanding nicely. 3s. 6d.
- JEAN DOLLFUS**, very fine full flowers of a brilliant purplish violet colour; immense trusses; novel and distinct. 15s.
- JEANNE D'ARC**, fine large white flowers, shaded blush and tinted lilac rose; a beautiful variety, of distinct and novel colour. 3s. 6d.
- LA CANDEUR**, immense compact trusses of large flowers of a delicate blush colour. 3s. 6d.
- LA CONSTITUTION**, brilliant orange salmon; one of the most beautiful flowers of this shade of colour; large and full. 5s.
- LANGDALE**, salmon, deeper towards the centre of the flower, which is large and full; the petals margined with blush. 7s. 6d.
- LAURA**, an attractive flower of a light rosy pink colour. 3s. 6d.
- LAVINIA**, white, shading off to blush as the flower matures; fine large truss. 5s.
- LEAMINGTON LASSIE**, an excellent variety of neat growth, freely producing immense trusses of fine semi-double pink flowers; very attractive. 5s.
- LE PRINTEMPS**, flowers of a brilliant reddish crimson colour, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.
- LILLAH**, large full flowers of a delicate blush colour, with salmon centre. 7s. 6d.
- LORENZO**, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing immense globular trusses of fine large well-formed double flowers of a rich rosy scarlet colour; exceedingly attractive. 5s.
- LOTHARIO**, a fine variety, producing large trusses of full flowers of a bright scarlet colour. 5s.
- LUCIE LEMOINE**, a splendid variety, producing enormous trusses of fine large white flowers tinted with rose, more transparent towards the centre of the petals. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME AMAURY DE CAZANOVE**, a dwarf variety, producing large white flowers which are prettily tinted with clear mauve; very fresh and beautiful. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME AMÉLIE BALTET**, an excellent variety producing very full and well-formed flowers of pure snowy whiteness; the trusses are of immense size and borne well above the foliage. 7s. 6d.
- MADAME LA MARÉCHALE DE MACMAHON**, a remarkably attractive and beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear fresh rose mauve colour with white centre. 15s.
- MADAME THIBAUT (Lemoine)**, rich rose shaded with violet carmine, upper petals well displayed and strongly marked with white at their base; flowers large and double; trusses immense. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME THIBAUT (Rendatler)**, dwarf and free-blooming; large flower; ground colour pale rose shaded with lilac violet, the edges of the petals tinted carmine; unique and attractive. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME VEUVE POMMERY**, flowers of a very fresh and pretty clear lilac mauve colour with light centre; a magnificent variety of dwarf habit and very floriferous. 7s. 6d.
- MADAMOISELLE LÉONIE VAN HOUTE**, a magnificent variety, of dwarf habit and very free blooming; the flowers are of a soft apricot colour striped with white. 3s. 6d.
- MARCIA**, a fine variety with large well-formed pure white flowers. 5s.
- MARIE BERTIER**, a beautiful variety, with flowers of a fresh satin flesh colour. 2s. 6d.
- MARIE DE SAINT-INNOCENT**, a dwarf variety with very double and well-formed flowers of a clear rose colour bordered with white; extremely pretty. 7s. 6d.
- MARQUIS DE CHAMBON**, very large fine full flowers of a bright salmon colour, striped and flaked with white and rose; very free and effective. 3s. 6d.
- MINOS**, bright orange scarlet, fine large flowers very full and double. 5s.
- M. BÜCHLER**, a distinct and attractive variety producing very fine flowers of a rich dark purplish crimson colour. 7s. 6d.
- M. PLAISANÇON**, immense trusses of very dark crimson purple flowers; a splendid variety. 7s. 6d.
- M. SAISON-LIERVAL**, this variety is of good compact habit and excessively free-blooming; the flowers are large and of a soft salmon rose colour. 2s. 6d.
- NOBLE PAR MÉRITE**, a most attractive variety, freely producing large trusses of beautifully-formed double flowers of an extremely bright salmon colour, deeper in the centre of the flower and gradually shading off towards the edges of the petals, which are bordered with white. 3s. 6d.
- ORESTES**, flowers of large size, very full, double, and well-formed; of a most attractive shade of rosy carmine, and freely produced in large round trusses well above the foliage. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

PILGRIM, *vide* page 9.

PLACIDA, a magnificent variety of dense, close, compact habit, producing extraordinarily huge trusses of fine large, very double, bright pink flowers. 3s. 6d.

PRECIOSA, a beautiful flower of a soft pink colour, of good form; trusses immense. 5s.

PRESIDENT LÉON SIMON, a vigorous growing variety, producing huge trusses of very large and full flowers, of a clear deep red colour. 10s. 6d.

PROBUS, a strikingly showy variety, freely producing immense trusses of fine large bright scarlet flowers, full, double, and of excellent form. 3s. 6d.

PTERON, a dwarf habited variety, producing fine flowers of a bright light scarlet colour. 5s.

RICHARD LARIOS, fine large double flowers of a salmon pink colour, veined with rose and white. 2s. 6d.

ROSE CHÉRI, very fine flowers, of excellent form, with large petals; colour a beautiful rosy salmon, with pure white centre; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

SMUGGLER, rich carmine scarlet; a very fine large flower with fine broad petals; large truss. 7s. 6d.

SOPHIA CLAPTON, a remarkably dwarf and shrubby growing variety; flowers full and of fine form; colour bright purplish scarlet. 5s.

SOUVENIR DE R. MASSON, a dwarf variety, producing enormous trusses of the most pure white flowers; very double, and of good form. 7s. 6d.

STUDENT, *vide* page 9.

TELEBO, blush shaded with pink; bright salmon centre; a very attractive flower. 5s.

THE GHOST, a decided acquisition among the double whites; flowers pure ivory white, of fine form; petals wax-like and of great substance; admirably adapted for bouquets. 5s.

TOSILOS, a splendid variety, with large trusses of fine full flowers of a rich magenta crimson colour shaded with scarlet; habit dwarf and compact; very fine. 10s. 6d.

TRICOLOR, a very dwarf and free flowering variety; producing fine trusses of large double flowers, which are of a very bright salmon and rose colour, beautifully flaked and marked with white. 3s. 6d.

VATINIUS, deep rich crimson shaded with magenta; a most beautiful and attractive colour; flowers large and full. 5s.

VENUS, a beautiful variety, producing blush white flowers, which are full and of good form, with petals slightly imbricated; fine large truss. 5s.

VIGNE FLEURIE, full double flowers, of a bright rosy lilac colour; the two upper petals longer than the others, exposing two white spots, which renders the flower extremely effective. 2s. 6d.

VILLE DE TOULOUSE, a dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing large trusses of fine well-formed flowers, of a beautiful soft salmon colour. 3s. 6d.

VIRGINAL, a fine variety with good compact trusses of full white flowers, slightly tinged with rose. 2s. 6d.

WILFRED, a very pretty and distinct variety, with beautiful pearl white flowers, full and of fine form. 7s. 6d.

WONDERFUL, a remarkably beautiful and effective variety, producing large trusses of fine semi-double flowers of the most intense orange scarlet colour; the individual blossoms are of great substance and last a long time, for they do not drop their petals. 3s. 6d.

XENOPHON, *vide* page 9.

ZANGA, an excellent bedding variety, being of very dwarf neat growth; it partakes of the free compact habit of the *Tom Thumb*; flowers light scarlet, profusely borne in fine large trusses. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s, general collection at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS.

ACHIEVEMENT, this very bright and rich variety is most refined in its marking, smooth, and is in every respect a superior kind, and is generally considered one of the most beautiful of the Golden Tricolors. 2s. 6d.

ACME, a great improvement on *Mrs. Pollock*; the leaf margin bright lemon yellow, with a red zone, darkly banded, which strikingly contrasts with the green leaf disc. 2s. 6d.

BEATRICE, a very distinct and effectively marked variety, with flat smooth even leaves; the centre of a bright green, surrounded with a fine richly-coloured zone of dark bronze, interspersed with bright reddish crimson; it is of vigorous and branching habit, and the flowers are of a deep scarlet colour; very showy and attractive. 5s.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- BLUSHING BRIDE**, white flowers, slightly tinged with blush; the leaves have a large green centre, with an unusual broad edging of creamy white. 2s. 6d.
- BRILLIANT**, a very fine and distinct golden coloured variety, with remarkably bright and richly marked zone; of good compact habit. 2s. 6d.
- DAYBREAK**, a fine variety of good compact habit, with bright green leaves, which are broadly and distinctly margined with creamy white; the flowers, which are of a bright rosy carmine colour, are of good form, and produced abundantly; it is exceedingly effective for bedding. 2s. 6d.
- DIADEM**, white margined leaves, flowers bright carmine. 2s. 6d.
- E. H. REYNARD**, a fine variety, with extremely brilliant scarlet flamed zone, and rich gold margin. 2s. 6d.
- ERNEST**, a beautiful variety with vandyked foliage; the centre deep green, surrounded with a well-defined belt, almost black, and relieved with bars of rich crimson maroon; it is of excellent habit, and is exceedingly attractive; the flowers are freely produced, of a rosy scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- GEM**, light green leaf centre; dark bronzy zone flamed with reddish crimson; light golden margin; a very pretty variety. 7s. 6d.
- GENERAL**, small rich green leaf disc, broad zone of a dark bronzy maroon colour flamed and shaded with rich reddish crimson, and margined with bright yellow. 7s. 6d.
- GERTRUDE**, light green, bordered with a broad margin of creamy white; rosy carmine flowers; a pretty variety. 3s. 6d.
- HOWARTH ASHTON**, a rich and beautifully marked variety, leaves of circular outline and great substance, with a rich golden margin, the disc surrounded with a small bronze zone, brilliantly suffused with flamed scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, a free-growing variety, with pure white margin, and fine rosy carmine zone. 2s. 6d.
- INTERNATIONAL**, an exceedingly pretty, neat, and compact-growing plant, the leaf margins very broad, pure white, the young leaves prettily zoned with pink; from its distinct character it is one of the most desirable of the silver-margined section. 3s. 6d.
- ITALIAN BEAUTY**, a fine variety, with very dark zone, edged with rose. 2s. 6d.
- LASS-O-GOWRIE**, leaf margin white, with inner broad zone of brilliant carmine rose. 1s. 6d.
- MAGDALA**, very fine large leaves, with small light green disc, and broad rich zone of dark maroon, interspersed with bright rosy scarlet and fiery crimson; the margin is of a pure golden colour. This most showy and attractively marked variety is of free compact growth, and has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d.
- MAGIC**, leaf disc light green, surrounded with a rich flamed crimson maroon zone, and margined with bright yellow; very fine. 7s. 6d.
- MARIE STUART**, a really beautiful and distinct variety, with large well formed and richly coloured golden tricolor leaves. 5s.
- MAY FLOWER**, large leaves broadly margined with white; black zone bordered with rose. 1s. 6d.
- MISS GORING**, a very attractive variety, with richly flamed red zone, dark green disc, and golden leaf margin; very striking and effective. 1s. 6d.
- MR. RUTTER**, a very fine and showy variety, with richly coloured golden tricolor foliage; the zone is dark and effective. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. CARR**, a remarkably distinct variety, with variegated foliage and double flowers; the leaves are broadly margined with white, and the fine double pink flowers are borne in large trusses. 10s. 6d.
- MRS. COL. WILKINSON**, leaves flat, with narrow zone of bright carmine, and white edge; a very pretty silver tricolor. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. DUNNETT**, a splendid tricolor, of very compact habit, flat salver-shaped leaves, with intensely dark zone. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. GRIEVE**, broad rich flame-crimson zone, with dark bronze bars and golden leaf margin; a free and effective variety. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. HEADLEY**, a splendid golden tricolor variety, maintaining its great beauty during the whole season. The colouring is very bright, and well defined. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. H. LITTLE**, an exceedingly beautiful, rich, and distinct variety; golden margin, with broad well-defined zone of rich flamed scarlet; vigorous and compact habit. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. JOHN MARSHALL**, large smooth leaves margined with pure silver; bronze and carmine-lake zone; an excellent variety, of good compact habit. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. MAXWELL MASTERS**, a robust and strong-growing variety; the leaves are margined with creamy white; the dark zone is surrounded with beautiful bright rosy carmine. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. ROUSBY**, a robust habited silver tricolor, with leaves round and remarkably flat; colouring well defined. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- PETER GRIEVE**, a variety with rich gold-margined leaves, of correct outline, brilliantly zoned with flamed scarlet, blending the beauty of *Lucy Grieve* with the growth of *Mrs. Pollock*. 1s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, one of the finest tricolors ever offered, of most vigorous habit, and intensely brilliant colours. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE**, foliage deeply indented, margin pure white, scarlet zone. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCESS OF WALES**, leaf margin sulphur, zone of rich magenta and black, foliage ample, habit free and compact; a truly beautiful variety. 2s. 6d.
- QUEEN OF HEARTS**, a silver-edged bedding variety, with bright rose belted zone, of close compact growth. 3s. 6d.
- SALAMANDER**, a golden tricolor variety, of very free growth, with bright red zone, retaining its gay colours during the summer and winter months. 2s. 6d.
- SIGNET**, leaves bright green, with rich dark zone, and broadly margined with yellow. 3s. 6d.
- SILVER RAY**, a distinct and effective variety, of free compact growth; the foliage is remarkably fine, the leaves very flat and smooth, bright green, with broad clear snowy white border; the flowers are of a rich scarlet colour, well formed, and produced in fine large trusses. 3s. 6d.
- SILVER SPLASH**, an attractive variety; the leaves having a dark green centre ornamented with a vandyke zone of dark bronze and bright pink, leaf margin pure silvery white; flowers of a pretty cerise colour. 3s. 6d.
- STAR**, very pure and bright yellow ground colour, small dark green disc, surrounded with a distinct and attractive zone of dark chocolate colour, interspersed with flame red. 7s. 6d.
- STARLIGHT**, centre of leaf rich green; zone of dark maroon interspersed with bright rosy crimson; creamy white margin; very effective. 7s. 6d.
- SUNSHINE**, neat round leaves with small green disc, and rich broad dark zone brilliantly flamed with rich bright crimson; golden yellow margin. 7s. 6d.
- TROPHY**, bright green leaves, with well-defined zone of dark chocolate colour flamed with crimson, and rich yellow margin; of free habit, and extremely showy and striking. 7s. 6d.
- WELCOME**, a variety of free growth, producing large foliage, very attractively marked; the leaves have a bright golden margin, and light green centre, surrounded with very broad and distinct dark bronzy zone, flamed with bright fiery crimson. 7s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS.

- ACIS**, a splendid variety, of vigorous and compact habit; fine round smooth leaves, of a bright gold ground colour, with distinct and striking intense crimson zone; exceedingly handsome. 2s. 6d.
- AGATHA**, an exceedingly attractive variety; the centre of the leaves is clear yellow, banded with a well-defined dark chestnut vandyke zone, and margined with pure gold colour. 2s. 6d.
- ALEXIS**, a showy variety, with beautiful foliage; leaf disc bright gold colour; zone rich reddish crimson, margined with golden yellow. 3s. 6d.
- ANNESLY**, a compact-growing close-habited variety; leaf disc light yellow, surrounded with a smooth well-defined, dark crimson zone, neatly margined with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- ARBACES**, this variety has fine golden yellow foliage richly zoned with dark bronze, and produces bright deep scarlet flowers of good form and size. 5s.
- ARCHETTE**, an exceedingly effective variety, the rich golden tint of its ample foliage being relieved by a profusion of pink flowers, with light marking in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- AUSPICIOUS**, a variety with small neat foliage, of a yellow ground colour, with broad dark bronze zone; very attractive. 2s. 6d.
- BEPPO**, beautifully formed flowers of a soft rose colour, shaded with carnine; very distinct; leaf disc bright golden yellow, broad cinnamon zone, and narrow rich yellow edge. 2s. 6d.
- BRUIN**, a variety with beautifully marked neat compact foliage: the leaf has a small round yellow disc, very broad dark chestnut zone, and narrow margin of bright yellow. 2s. 6d.
- CALYPSO**, a very rich and attractive variety, with fine bold foliage, of a beautiful golden yellow colour, ornamented with a most effective zone of brownish crimson. 2s. 6d.
- CAPELLA**, pale yellow ground with a bright bronzy crimson zone; rich and attractive. 5s.
- CELEBES**, a very good variety, with attractive foliage of a rich bright golden ground colour, ornamented with a broad and distinct cinnamon coloured zone. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- CIRCLE**, deep golden yellow disc, surrounded with a broad dark bronze zone, margined with pale greenish yellow. 2s. 6d.
- CORONATION**, yellow centre, surrounded by a dark chocolate zone, and margined with greenish yellow; a distinct and showy variety. 2s. 6d.
- CYMBA**, a fine variety, with nice smooth round leaves of a golden yellow ground colour, ornamented with a vandyke cinnamon coloured zone. 7s. 6d.
- DAMON**, nice round smooth foliage, the leaf disc pure yellow, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson, and margined with bright yellow; a very showy and useful variety. 3s. 6d.
- DIAN**, an exceedingly attractive variety, with pure golden coloured foliage, freely producing pretty flowers of a deep rosy pink colour. 3s. 6d.
- DICTATOR**, a magnificent flower of a rich bright vermilion colour; very showy and attractive; the leaves rich yellow, with broad and prominent zone of dark bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.
- DINORAH**, a bright and effective variety; the ground colour of the leaves is rich golden yellow, ornamented with a very distinct and dark zone, almost black. 3s. 6d.
- EPIRUS**, a very fine variety; ground colour of leaves pale greenish yellow, ornamented with a very dark and broad bronze zone. 5s.
- ERASMUS**, splendid foliage of a golden yellow ground colour, with exceedingly rich bronzy crimson zone; flowers deep crimson, with distinct white eye; very attractive. 2s. 6d.
- EUGENIE**, golden disc, surrounded with a well-defined dark chestnut zone, and margined with pale yellow; a very fine variety, with small neat foliage, and of compact growth. 3s. 6d.
- EVANDER**, golden yellow leaf ground, ornamented with a smooth evenly defined rich dark bronze zone; an extremely showy and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- EVELINE**, leaf-disc bright yellow, surrounded with a rich bronzy crimson zone, and margined with golden yellow. 7s. 6d.
- FANTASY**, a very effective and useful variety, freely producing its pretty deep pink flowers, which form a charming contrast with the pure golden colour of the foliage. 3s. 6d.
- FIDES**, this distinct and effective variety has leaves with deep golden disc, attractively banded with a rich bronzy crimson zone, and margined with pale yellow. 5s.
- GIDOUR**, a very prettily marked variety, of neat and compact habit; the ground colour of the leaf is pale yellow, and the zone of an extremely dark bronzy hue. 2s. 6d.
- HONOUR**, a fine variety, with very richly coloured gold and bronze foliage, and beautiful rosy carmine flowers. 2s. 6d.
- HORISTAN**, centre of leaf rich golden yellow, surrounded with a bright reddish crimson zone, and beautifully margined with bright yellow. 2s. 6d.
- ICARUS**, a remarkably distinct and handsome variety; leaves bright yellow, with rich chocolate brown zone, habit free and robust. 2s. 6d.
- INFANTA**, a very beautiful variety, the foliage being of a yellow ground, and very richly and attractively marked with a well-defined zone of reddish cinnamon colour. 2s. 6d.
- JAMES RICHARDS**, a beautifully marked hybrid bronze zonal variety; centre of leaves bright gold, surrounded with dark maroon belt, and margined with yellow; flowers bright scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- JESSICA**, bright golden disc, surrounded with very dark bronzy crimson zone, and edged with bright yellow, leaves round and smooth; a very useful and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- LAURA**, very dark bronze zone on a light yellow ground; beautiful light pink flowers with white marking on the upper petals; fine large truss. 3s. 6d.
- LEONIE**, this variety is of bold free growth, with very fine rich golden foliage zoned with cinnamon; the flowers are large and of good shape, colour a light rosy scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- LILLIA**, this variety produces fine well-formed flowers of a lovely bright pink peach colour; the foliage is of a rich golden ground colour, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.
- LINA**, a variety of compact growth; the foliage is of a remarkably bright golden yellow, forming a telling contrast with the flowers, which are of a very bright scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.
- LYCURGUS**, centre of leaf rich yellow; zone very broad, and of a dark bronze colour; very wide yellow margin; a bold-habited and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- MAGNUS**, a useful and attractive variety, of good compact habit; golden leaf disc, surrounded with very distinct dark bronzy crimson zone; leaf margin rich yellow. 3s. 6d.
- MAGWITCH**, rich scarlet flowers of good shape and size; small round gold leaf disc, surrounded by an immense rich chocolate zone and narrow margin of bright yellow. 2s. 6d.
- MALCOLM**, this variety has nice round and smooth rich yellow leaves, with a distinctly-defined rich brownish crimson zone. 3s. 6d.
- MARCIA**, the leaves of this variety are of great substance; ground colour yellow, with a brown and chocolate zone; the flowers are of a light flesh colour; very distinct and pretty. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- MARITANA**, a richly coloured variety ; deep golden leaf centre, surrounded with dark chocolate-brown zone, margined with yellow. 5s.
- MARTIUS**, golden yellow centre ; attractive vandyke zone of a rich bronzy crimson colour, margined with rich yellow ; an extremely showy variety. 7s. 6d.
- MIRA**, a splendid variety, freely producing fine trusses of beautiful rosy carmine flowers, contrasting admirably with the pale yellow leaves, which are marked with a fine dark bronzy zone. 2s. 6d.
- NECTAR**, very large, round, and flat leaves of a pure gold colour, with rich bronzy crimson zone ; a most showy and useful kind. 2s. 6d.
- OBAN**, a neat foliageed and compact-growing variety, producing large and well-formed rich scarlet flowers ; the leaves are of a bright golden ground colour, heavily zoned with dark chestnut. 2s. 6d.
- OBERON**, the foliage of this variety is very attractive ; the ground colour of the leaf is bright yellow ; the well-defined zone is of a rich dark crimson colour, changing to dark bronze. 2s. 6d.
- OMPHALE**, bright yellow disc with deep chocolate zone, margined with pale yellow. 5s.
- OPAL**, beautiful light salmon coloured flowers, freely produced in large trusses, and contrasting well with the foliage, which is of a light yellow ground, with dark bronzy chocolate zone. 2s. 6d.
- ORESTES**, this variety is remarkable on account of its intensely dark bronzy crimson zone, which is very broad and effective ; the centre of the leaf and the margin are pure yellow. 2s. 6d.
- ORISSA**, centre of leaf pale yellow, surrounded with a magnificent zone of an intensely dark bronze colour, and edged with bright yellow ; a most strikingly effective variety. 3s. 6d.
- ORLA**, very neat foliage ; centre of the leaf golden yellow ; very distinct and clearly defined chocolate coloured zone ; narrow even yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- PAREPA**, centre of leaf pale yellow ; narrow but distinct and attractive zone of a dark chocolate colour ; greenish yellow margin ; leaves smooth and round ; good habit. 7s. 6d.
- PARTHENOPE**, a neat and attractive variety ; small yellow leaf disc, broad and distinct dark bronzy crimson zone, narrow yellow margin. 5s.
- PASHA**, a beautiful variety, of compact habit, with fine large smooth leaves, the ground colour rich golden yellow, forming an admirable contrast with the attractive bronzy crimson zone. 3s. 6d.
- PAULO**, deep yellow disc, dark bronzy crimson zone, the leaf broadly margined with rich yellow ; very showy. 3s. 6d.
- PERIPLUS**, a fine variety with richly-coloured foliage ; leaf centre yellow, surrounded with broad dark crimson zone, and narrowly margined with golden yellow. 7s. 6d.
- POMPEY**, a free-flowering and very attractive variety, giving good trusses of fine bright scarlet flowers ; the foliage is darkly zoned ; small golden leaf centre, and distinct yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- PRISCILLA**, this variety is of neat habit ; the leaves have a rich golden centre and margin, with dark brown crimson zone ; the flowers are of a lovely pink colour, and of good form. 2s. 6d.
- QUEEN MAB**, leaves round, smooth, of perfect form, and of a light golden yellow colour ; the flowers are of a pleasing light pink shade, and produced in great profusion. 2s. 6d.
- SABINE**, a beautiful variety, with neat foliage ; yellow centre, surrounded with wide dark bronze zone, and a narrow yellow margin. 3s. 6d.
- SECRET**, a very distinct and pretty variety, leaves of a bright golden ground colour, with dark reddish brown zone, surrounded with a narrow but effective golden yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- SILAS**, light yellow centre and margin, well-defined dark chocolate zone ; an extremely distinct and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.
- THALIA**, small deep yellow leaf disc ; very broad dark chestnut brown zone ; narrow golden yellow margin ; neat foliage ; compact habit. 7s. 6d.
- THEOBALD**, a fine showy variety, with rich foliage ; deep golden centre ; narrow zone of bright bronzy crimson ; broad margin of pure bright yellow. 3s. 6d.
- THYRZA**, a splendid variety, with fine distinct and effective foliage ; ground colour bright yellow, relieved with a bold bronze zone of a rich chestnut brown colour. 2s. 6d.
- TROPHY**, a splendid variety, with rich and attractive foliage ; bright golden leaf disc, surrounded with a broad distinctly marked zone of dark bronzy crimson, and margined with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- TROUBADOUR**, flowers of a lovely rosy pink colour, shaded with peach and of good form ; the leaves round and flat, of a rich gold colour, with bold dark crimson zone. 2s. 6d.
- VERONA**, a free-flowering variety, giving immense trusses of fine large rich pink flowers, which are borne well above the clear yellow leaves ; it is most effective for bedding. 2s. 6d.
- WEBER**, ground colour bright golden yellow, leaves richly marked with a distinct and well-defined broad chestnut brown zone. 3s. 6d.
- ZILLAH**, fine showy foliage ; golden disc, surrounded with a broad rich bronzy zone ; distinctly marked yellow margin. 3s. 6d.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 9s., 12s. and 18s., per dozen.

TREE FERNS.

Of these majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from 1 foot to 10 feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens. It may, however, be as well to remark that they are not merely newly imported trunks, but well-established plants with fine heads; many of them having been grown in this country several years.

No.	NAME.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	Price.
1	DICKSONIA antarctica	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	5 guineas.
2	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	5 "
3	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 1 in.	9 "
4	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	9 "
5	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	14 "
6	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	16 "
7	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft.	1 ft. 3 in.	7 "
8	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	6 "
9	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	10 "
10	"	Tub, 2 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	14 "
11	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	18 "
12	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	15 "
13	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	16 "
14	"	Tub, 2 ft.	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	18 "
15	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	25 "
16	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	8 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
17	"	Pot, 1 ft. 6 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	18 "
18	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 "
19	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	8 "
20	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	10 "
21	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 "
22	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
23	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	30 "
24	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	28 "
25	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	5 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	15 "
26	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	6 "
27	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	6 ft. 4 in.	4 ft.	25 "
28	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft.	2 ft. 8 in.	6 "
29	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	10 "
30	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 "
31	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	10 "
32	"	Pot, 1 ft.	1 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	5 "
33	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	7 "
34	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 1 in.	10 "
35	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.	6 "
36	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	16 "
37	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
38	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	10 "

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CYATHEA SMITHII.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	NAME.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	Price.
39	DICKSONIA antarctica	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.	12 guineas.
40	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 7 in.	3 ft.	22 "
41	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	15 "
42	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	6 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	18 "
43	"	Tub, 2 ft.	11 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	60 "
44	"	Tub, 2 ft.	9 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	40 "
45	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	18 "
46	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	30 "
47	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 "
48	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 "
49	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	8 "
50	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	25 "
51	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 "
52	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	15 "
53	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 "
54	"	Pot, 1 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	6 "
55	"	Tub, 2 ft.	6 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	18 "
56	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	14 "
57	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	7 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
58	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	15 "
59	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	12 "
60	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	9 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	40 "
61	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	25 "
62	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	22 "
63	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	18 "
64	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	25 "
65	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	20 "
66	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.	20 "
67	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft.	3 ft.	20 "
68	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	5 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	16 "
	Various other	smaller sizes	from 1 to	4 guineas	each.
69	DICKSONIA squarrosa	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	7 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
70	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	7 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 "
71	ALSOPHILA Leichardtiiana	Pot, 1 ft. 10 in.	7 ft. 3 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	20 "
72	CYATHEA dealbata	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 "
73	"	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	5 ft. 5 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	20 "
74	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 "
75	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	30 "
76	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 7 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	15 "
77	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	8 ft. 9 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	30 "
78	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	7 "
79	"	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
80	"	Pot, 1 ft.	4 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	8 "
81	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	7 "
82	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	20 "

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	NAME.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	Price.
83	CYATHEA dealbata	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	7 guineas.
84	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 „
85	„	Tub, 1 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	8 „
86	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	14 „
87	„	Tub, 2 ft.	7 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	35 „
88	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	20 „
89	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	12 „
90	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	9 „
91	„	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	9 „
92	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 „
93	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 „
94	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 „
95	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 „
96	CYATHEA dealbata foliosa	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 „
97	CYATHEA Smithii	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	8 „
98	„	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	5 ft. 7 in.	2 ft.	10 „
99	„	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	18 „
100	„	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	7 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	20 „
101	CYATHEA Burkei	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 3 in.	100 „
102	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	7 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 3 in.	80 „
103	„	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	35 „
104	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	50 „
105	CYATHEA Dregei	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	30 „
106	„	Pot, 1 ft. 3 in.	5 ft.	3 ft.	20 „
107	„	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	15 „
108	„	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 „
109	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	7 ft.	3 ft.	50 „
110	„	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	30 „

CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of considerable extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen; when taken by the hundred, say in 50 sorts, £10, the selection would include many new and expensive kinds.

ADIANTUM AMABILE, 3s. 6d. and 5s. | ADIANTUM CARDIOCHLÆNA, 5s. & 7s. 6d.
ADIANTUM CAUDATUM, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM CILIATUM.

A very fine Maidenhair, somewhat resembling *A. caudatum*, but its fronds are double the size of those of that variety, with the pinnae boldly cut or fringed, and the colour is also brighter. It is of vigorous and elegant growth, and well suited for hanging baskets or other decorative purposes. 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM CONCINNUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. | ADIANTUM CONCINNUM LATUM, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM FARLEYENSE.

The most magnificent variety of this handsome family; the fronds are of the size and form of *A. trapeziforme*, but pendent, and all the large pinnules are deeply fringed and crisped. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM FUNCKII, 15s.

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ADIANTUM GRACILLIMUM.

A most elegant and distinct Fern, with very light and graceful fronds; the multiplicity of minute pinnules and almost invisible ramifications of the rachis impart to the plant a peculiarly charming appearance; the texture of the fronds, which are about a foot long and 8 to 9 inches across, is thin and fragile, and the colour is a very pale yellowish-tinted olive-green. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

ADIANTUM CURVATUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ GHIESBREGHTII (SCUTUM), 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ HENDERSONI, 10s. 6d.

„ HENSLOVIANUM (SESSILIFOLIUM), 10s. 6d.

ADIANTUM MACROPHYLLUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ PENTADACTYLON, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

„ PERUVIANUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ SANCTÆ CATHERINÆ, 3s. 6d.

ADIANTUM SEEMANNI.

A noble species, producing fronds 2 feet long, with a comparatively slender glossy black stipe, bare at the lower part, and bearing, towards the top, from 4 to 8 magnificent large pinnae, which are attached by a slender petiole an inch long. 10s. 6d.

ADIANTUM TINCTUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ TRAPEZIFORME, 5s. & 7s. 6d.

„ VELUTINUM, 10s. 6d.

„ WILSONI, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.

ASPLENIUM BELANGERII, 3s. 6d.

„ CICUTARIUM, 3s. 6d.

„ FERNANDEZIANUM, 5s.

ASPLENIUM PROLONGATUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

„ SHEPHERDII, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ POLYPODIOIDES, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CYATHEA (CIBOTIUM) PRINCEPS, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

DAVALLIA MOOREANA.

This most beautiful Fern is a native of Borneo. The stipes are quite smooth and pale coloured. The fronds are from 2 to 3 feet long, and from 1 to 2 feet wide at the base, triangular and pointed, of a graceful arching habit of growth, and most elegantly cut into a multitude of small blunt oblique soriferous segments; their colour is a pale green, and they are very remarkable for the dotted appearance presented by the upper surface from the prominence of the sori. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

DAVALLIA HEMIPTERA, 5s.

„ PARVULA, 5s.

DAVALLIA PENTAPHYLLA, 5s.

„ POLYANTHA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DAVALLIA TENUIFOLIA STRICTA.

An extremely elegant free-growing Fern. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DAVALLIA (HUMATA) TYERMANNI.

One of the most beautiful of all the Hare's-foot Ferns, of dwarf compact habit, having rich dark green fronds. The rhizomes are slender, and densely clothed with large silvery white chaffy scales, which contrast charmingly with the deep green of the fronds. It is said to have been introduced from Africa. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII, *vide* page 5.

DORYOPTERIS PALMATA, 2s. 6d.

| DORYOPTERIS SAGITTIFOLIA, 3s. 6d.

GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYLLUM.

A very distinct and interesting stove Fern, well suited for basket culture. It has widely creeping rhizomes, which are clothed with scales on the younger portions, and from which spring the simple coriaceous oblong-lanceolate fronds, which are of a deep glaucous green colour on the upper surface, silvery beneath, and rather conspicuously veined. An illustration of this plant was given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for July 4th, 1874. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

GONIOPHLEBIUM SUBAURICULATUM, 3s. 6d.

| GYMNORGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.



GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA.

A very handsome and well-marked stove Fern, belonging to the group furnished with ceraceous pale yellow powder. The fronds are of triangular outline, and curving or arching in a graceful manner; the pinnae are unequally triangular-elongate, and the lobes deeply cut into from two to six small finger-like divisions, which gives the fronds a finely dissected appearance. The stipe is freely covered while young with the pale golden powder. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

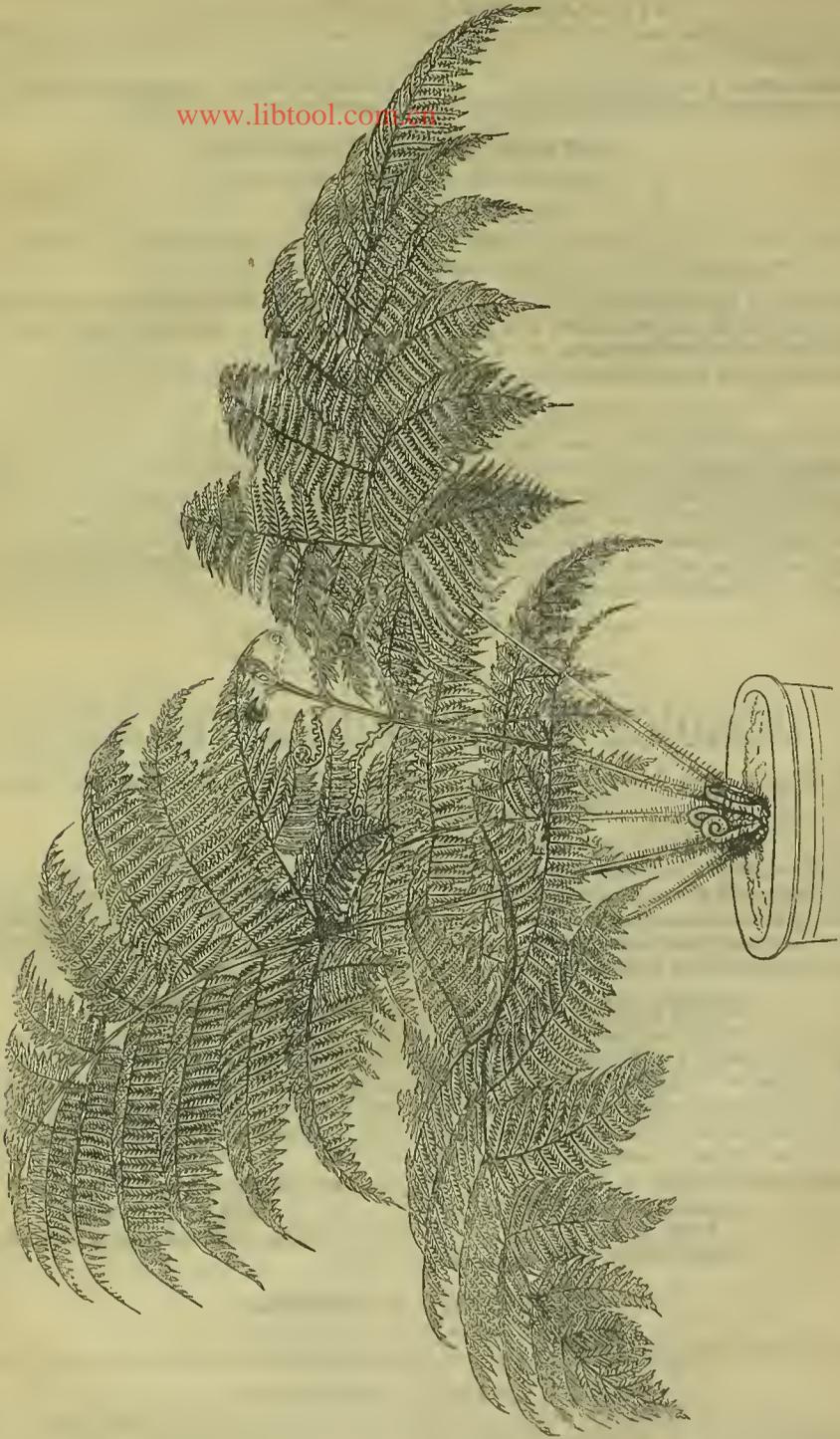
GYMNOGRAMMA LAUCHEANA.

The best Gold Fern in cultivation, and highly esteemed for decorative purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

GYMNOGRAMMA MERTENSII DOBROYDENSIS, *vide* page 6.

GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA.

Beautifully silvered above and below the fronds, and of neat and compact habit. 3s. 6d. and 5s.



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PLECTCNEMIA LEUZEANA, for description and price, *vide* page 128.

GYMNOGRAMMA WETENHALLIANA.

An exceedingly handsome species, richly powdered with sulphur, and having the ends of the fronds finely tasselled. 3s. 6d.

HEMIONITIS PALMATA, 3s. 6d.

LEUCOSTEGIA CHEZOPHYLLA, 5s. 6d.

HYMENODIUM (ACROSTICHUM) CRINITUM, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

LASTREA QUINQUANGULARE.

A very handsome ornamental Fern. 3s. 6d.

LOMARIA GIBBA.

This is one of the most beautiful and useful Ferns in cultivation, and admirably adapted for exhibition or decorative purposes. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

LYGODIUM SCANDENS, 3s. 6d.

NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM, *vide* page 7.

NEPHROLEPIS PECTINATA, 3s. 6d.

PHLEBODIUM GLAUCUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PLATYCERIUM GRANDE, 15s. and 1 guinea.

,, STEMMARIA, 10s. 6d.,

15s. and 1 guinea.

PTERIS, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA.

This remarkably handsome stove Fern is of arborescent habit. The fronds are as broad as long, triangular, and tripinnate in the basal pinnae. The pinnules appear deflexed from being set on below the surface of the rachides, which thus appear raised and produce a kind of ridge and furrow appearance. The ordinary pinnules are cut into ovate or oblong toothed lobes, the sinuses being reflexed, which gives a crisped appearance to the surface. The specimens now offered were imported from the Philippine Islands, but it is found also in India, China, the Moluccas, and in some of the Pacific Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 127. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

SADLERIA CYATHEOIDES, *vide* page 7.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS DAPHNITES.

This Fern differs in a remarkable degree from all other varieties of the "English Maiden Hair," the pinnules of each of the branches being confluent (united), and the apex of the rachis dilated, spreading out the ultimate confluent pinnules into a crest-like crispy mass. The stipes are ebony coloured, and stouter than in any other form, and the pinnae are of a blue green. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAGNIFICUM.

The fronds of this really useful and attractive Fern are much larger than those of *A. Capillus-Veneris*, being from 12 to 15 inches long by 4 inches broad, and curving over the sides of the pot. The pinnae are of a beautiful soft green, and are almost as large as those of *A. farleyense*, and, like that variety, they gracefully overlap each other with finely incised and fringed edges. The chief value of this plant is its hardiness and adaptability to the temperature of the greenhouse, whereas *A. farleyense* can only be cultivated in a stove. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM AFFINE, 2s. 6d.

,, CAPILLUS VENERIS INCISUM, 2s. 6d.

,, CUNEATUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ADIANTUM DECORUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d. ;

,, FORMOSUM, 2s. 6d.

ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ALSOPHILA CAPENSIS.

Trunks of various sizes, 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

ASPLENIUM BULBIFERUM, 2s. 6d.

BALANTIUM CULCITUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

CHEILANTHES FRAGRANS.

A pretty dwarf Cystopteris-like Fern, forming dense tufts, with light green fronds, two or three times divided, and deep brown bristly-scaled stalks; highly fragrant, with the scent of new-mown hay. 5s.

CIBOTIUM REGALE.

An exceedingly beautiful Fern, very remarkable from the stems and young fronds having a thick silky covering of pale yellow hair-like scales. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 124.

CYATHEA DREGEI, *vide* page 124.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

The Silver Fern of New Zealand. 10s. 6d.

For large plants, *vide* pages 123 and 124.

CYATHEA MEDULLARIS, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
to 1 guinea.

DAVALLIA NOVÆ ZEALANDIÆ, 3s. 6d.
and 5s.

„ SMITHII, 1 to 2 guineas. *Vide*
also page 124.

„ PYXIDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CYRTOMIUM FORTUNEI, 3s. 6d.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DAVALLIA CANARIENSIS, 3s. 6d.

For large plants, *vide* pages 121 to 123.

„ SQUARROSA, *vide* page 123.

DICKSONIA YOUNGIIÆ.

A fine arborescent Fern, with the general aspect of *D. squarrosa*. Its trunk is clothed at the summit with the numerous bristly scales which densely clothe the base of the caustaneous stipes, and the blade of the frond, which is oblong-deltoid, is tripinnately divided. The pinnæ are fully a foot long, oblong-lanceolate; the pinnules two or three inches long, lanceolate and subsessile, their segments being also lanceolate and close set, the sterile ones toothed and the fertile ones deeply inciso-pinnatifid, with six to eight sori on each segment. It is a native of New South Wales. 1½, 2 and 3 guineas.

LASTREA GLABELLA, 2s. 6d.

LOMARIA DALGAIIRNSIÆ, *vide* page 6.

LITOBROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3s. 6d.

„ FLUVIATILIS, 5s.

LOMARIA GIBBA, *see* page 128.

MICROLEPIA ANTHRISCIFOLIA.

An elegant South African Fern of remarkable free growth, the creeping rhizomes throwing off an abundance of quadripinnate fronds, which resemble those of *Cheilanthes elegans* in their numerous and finely cut divisions, while their more ample size, velvety texture, and soft green colour, give a delightful effect to the whole plant. 7s. 6d.

NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISTATUM, 5s.

POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA
TENERICAULIS), 3s. 6d.,
5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ „ DENSUM, 5s.

„ „ GRANDICEPS, 5s.

„ „ RAMOSUM, 5s.

PTERIS ARGYREA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ONYCHIUM JAPONICUM, 2s. 6d.

„ CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA, 1s. 6d.

PLATYCERIUM ALCICORNE, 3s. 6d.

„ SCABERULA, 3s. 6d.

POLYPODIUM EFFUSUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ SERRULATA CRISTATA, 2s. 6d.
and 3s. 6d.

PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA.

A pretty greenhouse evergreen Fern, which probably owes its origin to an accidental cross between *P. serrulata cristata* and *P. cretica albo-lineata*. The sterile fronds are pinnate, with the lower pinnæ forked; they are sharply toothed at the edge, sometimes tasseled at the tips, and marked with a white band down the mid-rib; the fertile fronds are similar in division but taller and narrower, with a gracefully drooping character, and multifoldly tasseled at the apices of the pinnæ. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PTERIS SERRULATA FIMBRIATA.

A very distinct and beautiful variety of *P. serrulata*. The ends of each pinnule are beautifully tasseled, the tassels themselves being delicately fringed or filled, which is a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

PTERIS SERRULATA TENUIFOLIA, 5s.

THAMNOPTERIS (NEOTTOPTERIS) AUS-

„ TREMULA, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

TRALASICA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

TODEA INTERMEDIA, 2 and 3 guineas.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated.

The fronds, which are 15 to 18 inches in length, are of a pleasing green, of transparent texture and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching and feathered down to the very base; the pinnae are crowded and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat, as in *Todca pellucida*, are turned upwards, giving the frond a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation.

This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. Fine plants, 1, 1½ and 2 guineas

TRICHOMANES RADICANS.

(THE IRISH BRISTLE FERN OR KILLARNEY FERN.)

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the greenhouse kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 10s. 6d.

WOODWARDIA JAPONICA, 5s.

| WOODWARDIA RADICANS, 3s. 6d.

NEW HARDY FERN.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FEMINA APICALE.

One of the dwarf-erected forms of hardy Ferns and one of considerable beauty, well deserving a place in collections of hardy Ferns. It grows about 6 inches in height, and has the fronds very much divided, the apices of the several divisions ending in a tasselled or cristate head of curled segments. It is one of the smaller and more elegant varieties of this very polymorphous Fern. 7s. 6d.

CHOICE HARDY FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS.

Including ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.

The Palms constitute the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of character to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stove, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical appearance than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds are, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vases, or for almost every purpose in which ornamentation is desired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has been given at Battersca Park, and in other places where Palms have been used.

Selections of Stove Palms, at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

Selections for the Greenhouse, at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

Large specimens, from 2, 3, 4 and 5 to 10 guineas each.

Those marked with an asterisk are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.

ACANTHORRHIZA ACULEATA (<i>Chamærops stauræantha</i>) ...	1, 1½ and 2 guineas
ACROCOMIA SCLEROCARPA	1 and 1½ guinea
ARECA ALBA	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
" AURANTIACA	15s.
" AUREA, a fine and graceful Palm, with yellowish stems	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* " BAUERI (<i>Seaforthia robusta</i>)	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" CATECHU (<i>The Belet Nut Tree</i>)	1 and 1½ guinea
" CONCINNA	1 and 1½ guinea
" GRACILIS	15s. and 1 guinea
" LUTESCENS	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" MADAGASCARIENSIS	5s. and 7s. 6d.
* " MONASTACHYA	15s. and 1 guinea
" NENGA	15s. and 1 guinea
" RUBELLA	15s.
" RUBRA	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" SAPIDA	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" TRIANDRA	15s. and 1 guinea
" VERSCHAFFELTII, <i>vide</i> <i>Hyophorbe Verschaffeltii</i> .	
ARENAGA OBTUSIFOLIA	15s. and 1 guinea
" SACCHARIFERA	10s. 6d. and 15s.
ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM, a fine silver-leaved Palm, introduced from the United States of Colombia. The stalks and the under surface of the leaves are covered with a fine white scurf, which gives them a silvered appearance. The leaves are arching, wedge-shaped and bilobed, distinctly plicate, and of a bright green colour on the upper surface, which contrasts strongly with the whitened under surface. One of the best of the so-called Silver Palms. 2 guineas.	
" FILARE, this very distinct and elegant Palm, which is comparatively of small and slender growth, is also an introduction from the States of Colombia. The leaves are erect, and narrowly cuneate with two divergent lobes. The petioles are thickly covered with white scurf, both on the upper and under surfaces. 15s. and 1 guinea.	
" GRANATENSE, this distinct and elegant Palm has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. It has brownish-looking leaf-stalks, which latter are armed with numerous scattered needle-shaped dark-coloured spines. The leaves themselves are pinnately parted, with oblong acuminate segments, and the rachis is spiny, like the petiole, both on the upper and lower surfaces. 10s. 6d.	
ATTALEA LIMBATA, a very distinct-looking Palm, introduced from Central America, and raised from seed sent to England by Dr. Seemann	1 and 1½ guinea
BOWENIA SPECTABILIS	3 and 4 guineas

- ***BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA** (*Pritchardia filifera*), this new Palm has been introduced from Lower California; it will succeed admirably in the greenhouse, and may probably prove hardy in some sheltered localities. It is of graceful habit and quick growth. The leaves are palmatifid, with numerous divisions and whitish filaments; the leaf-stalks are long, with brownish yellow spines. Small seedling plants, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s. each
- CALAMUS CILIARIS** www.libtool.com.cn 2 and 3 guineas
 " **MICRANTHUS** 15s. and 1 guinea
 " **ROXBURGHII** 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 " **SPECIOSUS** 1 and 1½ guinea
 " **SPECTABILIS** 2 guineas
- CARLUDOVICA PALMATA**, a very grand and useful Cyclanth 15s. and 1 guinea
- CARYOTA SOBOLIFERA** 10s. 6d. and 15s.
 " **URENS** 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- CATAKIDOZAMIA HOPEI**, a remarkably distinct and fine new Cycadaceous plant, introduced from Queensland. It has an ovate trunk clothed with thick broad-based scales. The leaves are of a dark green colour, somewhat recurved, with a stout petiole and rachis, and very thick leathery crowded leaflets, linear-lanceolate in form, and having a broad flattened decurrent base, those situated near the base of the leaf being more or less convergent. It is a distinct and well-marked plant 5 guineas
- " **MACLEAYI**
CATOBLASTUS MONTANUS 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- ***CEROXYLON ANDICOLA**, this is one of the South American Wax Palms. It forms a splendid ornamental plant with finely divided pinnate leaves, the under surface of which is silvery white 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
 " **NIVEUM** (*Diplothemium caudescens*) 2 and 3 guineas
- CHAMÆDORA EBURNEA**, *vide* page 3.
 " **ERNESTI-AUGUSTI** (*simplicifrons*) 1 and 1½ guinea
 " **FORMOSA**, a very elegant and graceful Palm, introduced through Mr. Carder, from Tolima, South America. It belongs to the pinnate-leaved series. The petiole is smooth, with two channels on the face. The segments of the pinnately-parted leaves are very numerous, alternate, linear-lanceolate, eighteen inches long and three and a quarter inches wide, and drawn out into a very long thread-like point; these segments are set on to the rachis along the two channels or furrows above alluded to, and being very numerous, the whole plant has a strikingly elegant aspect 10s. 6d.
 " **GRAMINIFOLIA** 1 and 1½ guinea
 " **SARTORII** 15s. and 1 guinea
- ***CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI** (*excelsa*), in all sizes, from 3s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.
- * " **HUMILIS**, this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3 and 4 guineas each
- * " " **ROBUSTA** 15s. and 1 guinea
 * " " **TOMENTOSA** 15s. and 1 guinea
 " **STAUACANTHA**, *vide* *Acanthorrhiza aculeata*.
- ***COCOS AUSTRALIS** (*Diplothemium campestre*) 15s. and 1 guinea
- * " **CHILENSIS**, *vide* *Jubæa spectabilis*.
 " **PLUMOSA** 1 and 1½ guinea
- COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA**, this is the Carnauba Palm of Brazil, one of the most useful and hence valuable Palms known. The top, when young, is an appreciable and nutritious article of food; and from this tree also wine, vinegar and a saccharine matter are extracted, as well as a kind of gum similar in its tastes and properties to Sago. From the wood musical instruments are made, as also tubs and pumps for water. The delicate fibrous substances of the pith of the stalk and its leaves make a good substitute for cork. The roots have the same virtues as the Sarsaparilla. The pulp of the fruit is of an agreeable taste, and the nut, oily and emulsive, is roasted and then used as coffee by many persons. From the trunk are obtained strong fibres, and also a species of flour similar to Maizena, and a liquid resembling that of the Bahia Cocoa-nut. From the dried straw are made mats, hats, baskets and brooms; and large quantities of the straw are exported to Europe for the manufacture of fine hats. Finally, from the leaves is produced the wax used in the manufacture of candles; and the export of this wax from Brazil exceeds £162,000 a year in value 1½ and 2 guineas



COCOS WEDDELLIANA, perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnae or segments, of a rich green colour. 1½, 2 and 3 guineas. Mr. William Bull, having raised a large quantity of this desirable species, can offer small seedling plants at 10s. 6d. each

***CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**, *vide* *Livistona australis*.

„ **CERIFERA**, *vide* *Copernicia cerifera*.

„ **MACROPODA** 1 and 1½ guinea

„ **UMBRACULIFERA** 15s. and 1 guinea

CYCAS ARMSTRONGII, a strikingly handsome species, with long broadish leaves furnished with numerous pinnae, which are of a rich shining green colour, and have a very prominent mid-rib of a lighter shade; the fine bold foliage is very gracefully recurved, giving the plant an exceedingly ornamental character 10s. 6d. and 15s.

„ **CIRCINALIS** 2 and 3 guineas



CYCAS NORMANBYANA.

A handsome addition to this ornamental class of greenhouse plants. The leaves have a dorsally compressed petiole, with both faces angular, and the base clothed with furfuraceous down. The lamina is oblong ovate, with a prominent ridge continued up the face of the furfuraceous rachis, the segments numerous, contiguous, linear, about six inches long, and a quarter of an inch wide, very sharp pointed, almost spiny, slightly narrowed and decurrent at the base, the mid-rib strongly developed both on the glabrous upper and furfuraceous under surface. Mr. W. B. has received a large importation of this new Cycad from New South Wales. The name has been given to it by the celebrated botanist Dr. Mueller. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

CYCAS GRACILIS..... 1 and 1½ guinea

„ **MEDIA**, *vide* page 4.

„ **PLUMA**, *vide* page 4.

„ **REVOLUTA**, in all sizes, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each

CYCAS RIUMINIANA 5 guineas
 ,, RUMPHII



DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS.

One of the most elegant of Palms, and, together with *D. periacanthus*, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of numerous narrow elongated segments, and they are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which latter are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. 15s. and 1 guinea.

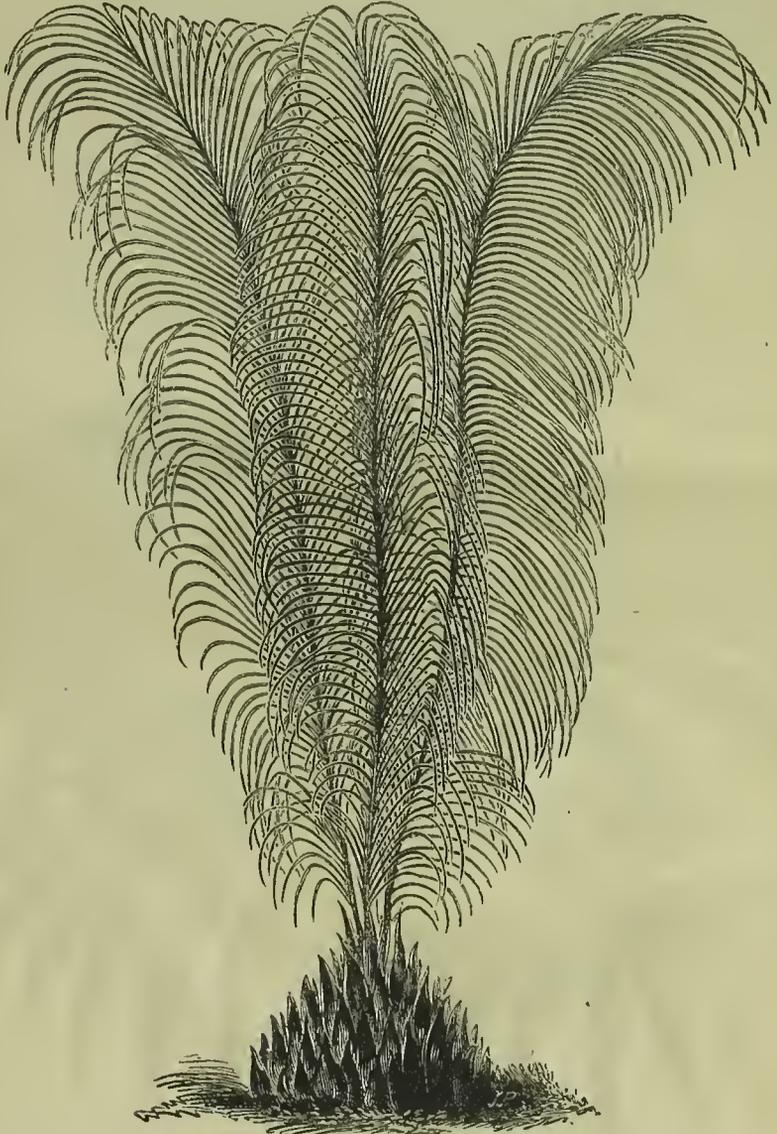
- DÆMONOROPS FISSUS**, this extremely elegant Palm is a native of the Island of Bornéo. It is of stout growth, producing ovate leaves, which are cinnamon brown while young, and consist of numerous linear pinnae. The upper surface of the leaves bears scattered black bristles, as in *D. palembanicus*, but in this plant the spines are stouter than in that species 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- „ **MARGINATUS** 1½ and 2 guineas
- „ **MELANOCHÆTES** 15s. and 1 guinea
- „ **ORNATUS**, a charming stove Palm, introduced from Java, and having, like most of the other species, finely ent pinnate leaves. At present it is only known in a young state, which, however, is sufficient to show that it will prove to be a plant of very ornamental character..... 1 and 1½ guinea
- „ **PALEMBANICUS**, *vide* page 135.
- „ **PERIACANTHUS**, this graceful Palm, a native of Java, bears a general resemblance to *D. palembanicus*. It differs, however, in having a greater abundance of spines, which group themselves in irregular rings around the petiole, a circumstance which has doubtless suggested the name; it differs also in the young leaves being almost straw coloured instead of cinnamon coloured.
10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- „ **PLUMOSUS**, this graceful Palm is exceedingly handsome either in a small or large size. Its leaves are of a rich dark green, and remarkably plum-like, hence its name. It is unquestionably one of the most elegant of the Palm family, and being of compact growth, is admirably adapted for vases and table decoration..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- „ **TRICHOUS**, an extremely ornamental and graceful Palm, with pinnate leaves which are finely divided. Its elegant character renders it a most useful and effective plant 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS**, the species of this genus of Palms are peculiarly distinct in their appearance, having a pair of divergent leaflets at the top of the petiole. In the young plants of this species the petioles are terete and spineless, except at the top, where they bear a few setae, and where are also seated a pair of lanceolate divergent pinnae, nearly two inches broad, and of a lively green colour. It has been imported from Colombia 15s. and 1 guinea
- „ **MAJOR** 15s. and 1 guinea
- ***DIPLOTHEMIUM CAMPESTRE**, *vide* *Cocos australis*.
- „ **CAUDESCENS**, *vide* *Ceroxylon niveum*.
- ELÆIS GUINEENSIS**, this is the Oil Palm of Africa 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- ***ENCEPHALARTOS ALTENSTEINII**
- * „ **BRACHYPTERIS**
- * „ **CAFFRA**..... \
- * „ **(Zamia) CYCADÆFOLIUS**..... 1½, 2 and 3 guineas
- * „ **GHELLINCKII (gracilis)**
- * „ **HILDEBRANDII, vide** page 6.
- * „ **HORRIDUS**
- * „ **MULTIFLEXUS**
- * „ **(Zamia) LEHMANNI** 4 and 5 guineas
- * „ „ „ **GLAUCA**
- * „ „ „ **SPINOSA**
- * „ **(Zamia) VILLOSUS**, a noble greenhouse Cycad, with a stout trunk or caudex, supporting a head of erect pinnate fronds, the stout rachis of which is densely clothed with cottony wool; the pinnae or segments number from eighty to ninety on each side, and are narrowly elliptic-linear. It has been found in, and introduced from, the interior of South Africa.
2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas
- * „ **VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS**, a magnificent greenhouse Cycad, imported from South Africa. It has a stout cylindrical stem, and grandly arching leaves, which are pinnately divided; the pinnae are lanceolate, distinctly serrate the teeth being more numerous towards the tip of the pinnae. The base of the petiole is thickly clothed with woolly hairs. 8 and 10 guineas.
- * „ **VILLOSUS DENTICULATIS**

- ***ENCEPHALARTOS** (*Zamia*) **VROOMII**, one of the noblest of this very noble group of plants; the leaf segments are alternate below, opposite above, 40 to 50 in number on each side of the rachis, which latter is marked with a prominent rounded ridge in the centre, they are oblong-lanceolate, spine-pointed, with a variable number of long spine-pointed teeth at the margins, and of a bright shining green colour, rather paler on the under surface. 4 and 5 guineas.
- EUTERPE EDULIS** (*Oreodoxa Sancona*) 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- GAUSSIA PRINCEPS** 2 guineas
- GEONOMA CARDERI**, a splendid stove Palm, from the United States of Colombia, of a very ornamental character, with strongly ribbed leaves. The petioles of the leaves are without spines, flat on the upper, and rounded and asperous on the lower face, with the angles acute. The laminae is pinnately parted, the segments unequal in width, varying from about half an inch to two and a half inches broad, while the upper part is confluent into a broad bilobed apex. It has been named in compliment to one of Mr. W. B.'s collectors, who discovered and sent it to this country. 1 guinea
- GEONOMA SCHOTTIANA** 1 and 1½ guinea
- „ **SEEMANNI**, a very distinct and beautiful species of Palm, remarkable for its close leafy habit. The leaves are broadish, bilobed, feather-veined, and strongly plaited in the direction of the veins. The singular bilobing of the leaves, and their very obvious plaiting, give them a very marked character, the interest of which is heightened by the comparison between the larger leaves of later development and their miniature representatives near the base of the plant. It was introduced from Central America by Dr. Seemann 2 guineas



KENTIA, vide page 138.

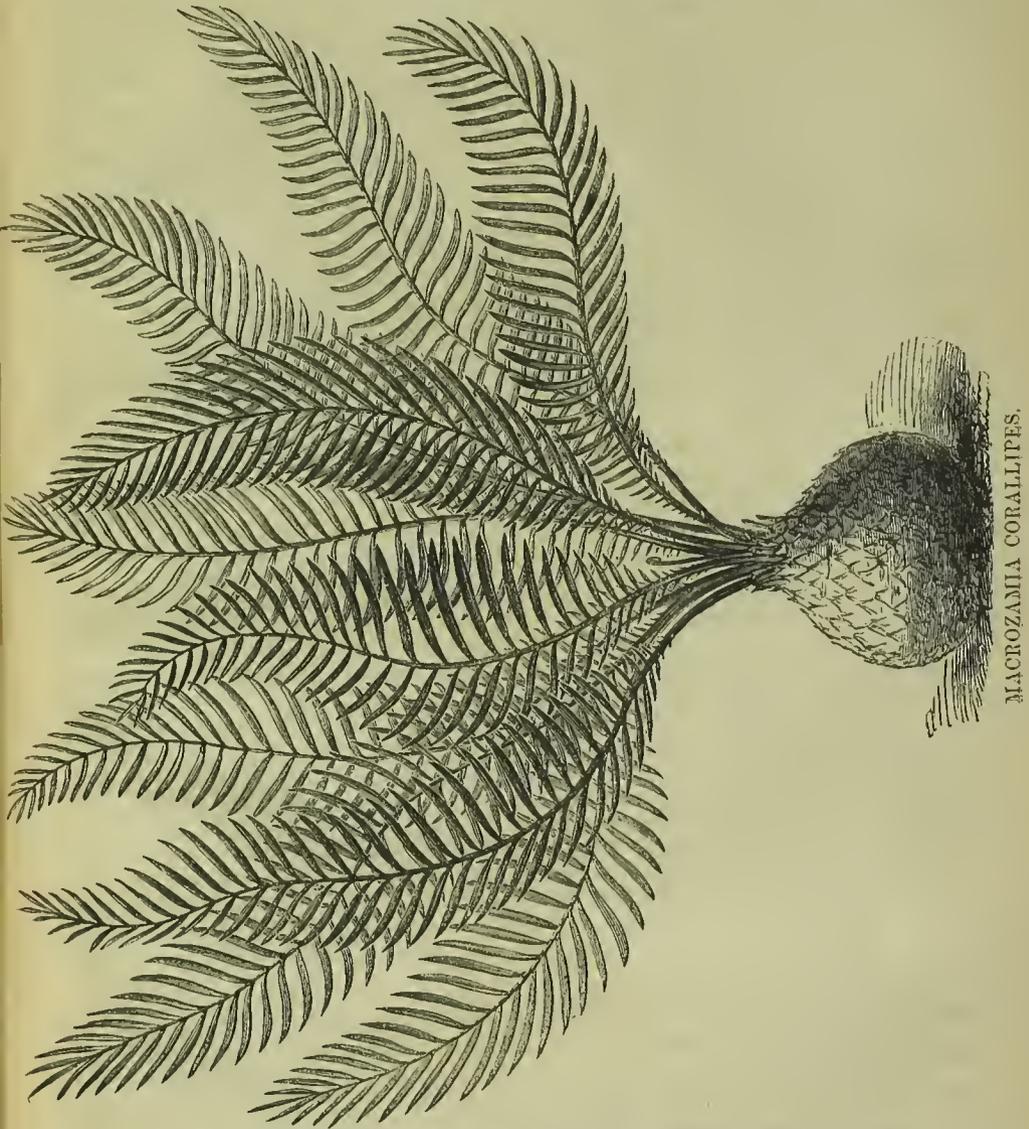
GEONOMA SPIXIANA	10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS	10s. 6d. and 15s.
HYOPHORBE (Areca) VERSCHAFFELTII	15s. and 1 guinea
*JUBÆA SPECTABILIS (Cocos chilensis, Molinia chilensis)	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*KENTIA AUSTRALIS	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* " BELMOREANA	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* " FOSTERIANA	15s. and 1 guinea
LATANIA AUREA (Verschaffeltii)	1, 1½ and 2 guineas



MACROZAMIA PLUMOSA.

This beautiful Cycadaceous plant has recently been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which are from 2 feet to 2½ feet long, and have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from 6 to 8 inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 2, 3 and 4 guineas.

- ***LATANIA BORBONICA** (*Livistona sinensis*). Mr. W. B. can supply this useful decorative Palm in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 & 5 guineas each.
- „ **COMMERSONI** 1 and 1½ guinea
- ***LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA**, this name is adopted for the Australian *Macrozamia Denisoni*, on the authority of Dr. Regel, who describes and figures the mature plants as having a stout, short, scaly trunk, supporting a crown of long-stalked leaves. The young plants are very elegant, having ovate horizontal leaves, with decurved linear leaflets ... 3, 4 and 5 guineas
- LICUALA PELTATA** 15s. and 1 guinea



***MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES**, a very remarkable Cycadaceous plant from New South Wales. The trunk is sub-spherical; the leaves form a very contracted crown, and are diverging below, then sub-erect; petiole deep green, smooth, but not polished, reddish brown towards the base; pinnae about fifty pairs, 5 to 7 inches long, one-third of an inch broad, very narrow linear-lanceolate, acute but hardly pungent, dark green, with a bright red petiolule. 2, 3 and 4 guineas.

- LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA** 15s. and 1 guinea
- * ,, (*Corypha*) **AUSTRALIS**, this nseful Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.
- * ,, **HOOGENDORPII**, a fine stove Palm, of spreading habit; the leaves, which are nearly 3 feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character. The leaf-stalks are abundantly furnished at the margins with stout sharp spines 15s. and 1 guinea.
- * ,, **ROTUNDIFOLIA** (*subglobosa*) 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- * ,, **SINENSIS**, *vide* *Latania borbonica*.
- * **MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES**, *vide* page 139.
- * ,, ,, **GYRATA**, a fine variety of this remarkable Cycad, having the same kind of sub-spherical trunk. The leaves are pinnate and spirally twisted, so that the leaflets, instead of lying in one plane, spread out in all directions from the smooth terete rachis. The leaflets are smooth dark green, linear and tapering downwards into a short coral-red petiole. It is a very distinct form from the true *corallipes*, on account of the scattered direction of the leaflets, and equally elegant in all other respects 2, 3 and 4 guineas.
- * ,, **CYLINDRICA**, a distinct and well-marked Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, from which proceed the dark green coriaceous leaves; the pinnae are glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory-white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green mid-rib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings 2 and 3 guineas
- * ,, **DENISONI**, *vide* *Lepidozamia Peroffskyana*.
- * ,, **FRASERI**
- * ,, **MACKENZII**, *vide* page 7.
- * ,, **PLUMOSA**, *vide* page 138.
- * ,, **SPIRALIS** 3, 4, and 5 guineas
- * ,, ,, **EBURNEA**, a grand Australian Cycad, with a sub-globose trunk, a foot or more in diameter. The leaves are pinnate, the segments being linear, 8 inches long, and somewhat narrowed down to the thickened ivory-white base. It is a remarkably fine and elegant plant 5 and 7 guineas
- MALORTIEA LACERATA** 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- MARTINEZIA EROSA** 1½ and 2 guineas
- ,, **GRANATENSIS**, a desirable new dwarf Palm, from Colombia; the leaves are of roundish oblong or roundish ovate outline, entire at the base, bifid at the apex, and evenly toothed along the edges, the young leaf-stalks being slightly mealy. Both the petioles and the rachis are armed with dark brown needle-shaped spines, varying from half an inch to an inch in length, and which are either spreading or deflexed 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- * **MOLINIA CHILENSIS**, *vide* *Jubæa spectabilis*.
- GENOCARPUS DEALBATUS** 1½ and 2 guineas
- ORANIA MACROCLADA** 15s. and 1 guinea
- OREODOXA SANCONA**, *vide* *Euterpe edulis*.
- PHŒNICOPHORUM SEHELLARUM** (*Stevensonia grandifolia*) 3 guineas
- * **PHŒNIX ACAULIS** 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- * ,, **DACTYLIFERA** (The Date Palm) 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- * ,, **HUMILIS** 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- * ,, **RECLINATA** 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea
- ,, **RUPICOLA**, *vide* page 7.
- * ,, **SYLVESTRIS**, a Sugar-yielding Palm 15s. and 1 guinea
- PHYTELEPHAS MACROCARPA**. This Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce 2 and 3 guineas
- PINANGA KUHLII** 1, 1½ and 2 guineas
- PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI**, a handsome bold-habited stove Palm from India, having large pale green leaves, the petioles of which are stout, terete, and armed with palmated spines, thickly set in three rows, one of which is directly at the back, and is continued along a portion of the mid-rib. The leaves themselves are bifid, the lobes strongly pliciate, and with a few marginal spines. 1½ and 2 guineas
- * **PRITCHARDIA FILIFERA**, *vide* *Brahea filamentosa*.
- ,, **PACIFICA** 3 guineas
- PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ** 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

- *PTYCHOSPERMA CUNNINGHAMII, this plant is usually cultivated under the erroneous name of *Scaforthia elegans*. It is a most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, for it will stand a low temperature with impunity, and it is of the highest decorative character; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm...all sizes, from 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- www.libtool.com.cn
- “ LÆVIGATA..... 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- “ RUPICOLA 1 and 1½ guinea
- REGELIA PRINCEPS, *vide* *Verschaffeltia splendida*.
- *RHAPIS FLABELLIFORMIS..... 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- SABAL CÆRULESCENS, this is described by the collector as a remarkably bold and handsome Palm. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia, but is only known here in a young state. These young plants have the leaves of an elongate linear-lanceolate form, with a plicate surface, and a bluish or glaucous tinge of green, which is very strongly marked on the under surface 15s. and 1 guinea
- * “ (Trithrinax) MAURITIÆFORMIS 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- “ UMBRACULIFERA (*Blackburniana*), a noble and very }
distinct Palm..... } 15s. and 1 guinea
- SCHEELIA IMPERIALIS, a fine Coloubian Palm, which in the young state has simple linear lanceolate elongate arching leaves, of a bright green colour, with a plaited surface. In the mature state the leaves are pinnate. The Scheelias are unarmed Palms of the group *Coccoinea*, closely related to the genus *Attalea* 10s. 6d.
- *SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* *Ptychosperma Cunninghamii*.
- * “ ROBUSTA, *vide* *Areca Baueri*.
- STANGERIA PARADOXA, small plants, 10s. 6d.; strong specimens 1½, 2 and 3 guineas
- “ SCHIZODON 3 guineas
- STEVENSONIA GRANDIFOLIA, *vide* *Phœnicophorium sechellarum*.
- THRINAX ELEGANS, very handsome for exhibition purposes 1 and 1½ guinea
- “ ELEGANTISSIMA, an exceedingly elegant and graceful
miniature-growing Palm 1 and 1½ guinea
- * “ PARVIFLORA 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
- *TRITHRINAX MAURITIÆFORMIS, *vide* *Sabal mauritiæformis*.
- VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES 1, 1½ and 2 guineas
- “ SPLENDIDA (*Regelia princeps*), a magnificent and very distinct Palm,
from the Island of Seychelles 2 and 3 guineas
- WALLICHIA PORPHYRACEA..... 15s. and 1 guinea
- WELFIA REGIA, a very distinct and beautiful stove Palm, named by M. Wendland. The stipes are smooth and slender, supporting a handsome pinnated leaf, which is parted into a few broadish or oblong acuminate lobes. The fresh leaves are of a pleasing bronzy hue, which adds much to the beauty of the plant..... 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea
- *ZAMIA CYCADÆFOLIA, *vide* *Encephalartos cycadæfolius*.
- * “ FURFURACEA 1, 2 and 3 guineas
- * “ INTEGRIFOLIA 1½ and 2 guineas
- * “ LEHMANNII, *vide* *Encephalartos Lehmanni*.
- “ LINDENI 2 and 3 guineas
- * “ MIQUELII, this species has been imported from Queensland. It has a short stout stem, spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnae being of an ivory white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis. It is known in some collections as *Z. Fraseri* and *Z. tenuifolia* 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- “ OBLIQUA 1½ and 2 guineas
- * “ ROEZLII 1½ and 2 guineas
- “ SKINNERI 1½ and 2 guineas
- * “ VILLOSA, *vide* *Encephalartos villosus*.
- * “ VROOMII, *vide* *Encephalartos Vroomii*.

AZALEA INDICA.

Good selections can be made by Mr. WILLIAM BULL at 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.
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New Varieties, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. each.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection of 12 varieties, 24s., 30s., 42s. and 60s.

New Varieties, 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. each.

- ADOLPHE ADAMS**, green leaf ground, densely speckled with white, and rose coloured mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- ALCIBIADE**, crimson-rayed centre, surrounded with pale green, stained with pure white blotches; deep green margin. 5s.
- ALCIDE MICHAUX**, dark green leaves, marked with white spots, and crimson rayed centre. 3s. 6d.
- ALFRED BLEU**, leaf rich green, with pure white spots and flesh coloured centre; distinct. 3s. 6d.
- ALFRED MAME**, carmine red, bordered with white and profusely spotted with rose; very fine. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- ALPHAND**, green, spotted with red, crimson centre. 3s. 6d.
- ALPHONSE KARR**, 3s. 6d.
- ARGYRITES**, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.
- AUBER**, green ground, marked with white spots and central pink ones. 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
- AUGUSTE RIVIÈRE**, white centre and rays upon a light green ground, with crimson spots. 3s. 6d.
- BARAQUINII**. 3s. 6d.
- BARILLET**, bright rosy crimson centre and ribs on green ground, with broad margin of rich green. 5s.
- BARON DE ROTHSCHILD**, rich blood red centre and spots on mottled green leaf ground. 5s.
- BEETHOVEN**, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BARRAL**, bright green, with a fine red centre and large spots of rose. 5s.
- BELLEymeI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BELLINI**, mottled pale green ground, with rosy centre and spots. 3s. 6d.
- BICOLOR SPLENDENS**, 2s. 6d.
- BLANQUÈRTI**, dark green with gray veins and white spots. 5s.
- BOIELDIEU**, like *Bicolor splendens*, and very superior to it. 5s.
- BUREL**, dark bluish green, veined bright rose, marked with rosy violet and spotted orange red. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- CANNÈRTII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- CERES**, centre of the leaves rosy salmon, outer portion rich green. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- CHANTINII**. 2s. 6d.
- CHANTINII FULGENS**, dark green ground, with a brilliant crimson centre and white spots. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- CHARLES VERDIER**, fine green, with blush pink centre and spots. 3s. 6d.
- CHELSONI**, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DE CANDOLLE**, rich green with beautiful rose coloured spots and creamy white centre rays. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DEVINCK**, leaves heart-shaped, with delicate pink centre ribs, interspersed with white spots. 5s.
- DONIZETTI**, red centre and green border, both much darker than in *C. bicolor*, numerous rosy coloured spots much larger than in *C. Neumannii*. 5s.
- DR. BOISDUVAL**, centre finely rayed with crimson, and snow white blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.
- DR. LINDLEY**, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 3s. 6d.
- DUC DE CLEVELAND**, deep red centre, surrounded with pea-green, largely spotted with red. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- DUC DE MORNAY**, deep green leaf borders with large and beautiful crimson rayed centre. 5s.
- DUC DE NASSAU**, brilliant red centre and ribs, white scattered spots on emerald green leaf borders. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- DUC DE RATIBON**, green ground, with red mid-ribs marked with white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DUCHARTRE**, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3s. 6d.
- EDOUARD MOREAUX**, mottled green ground, with rich lake centre. 5s.
- EDOUARD RODRIGUES**, deep carmine margined with light green, and densely spotted with rose. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- E. G. HENDERSON**, green, finely marked with transparent rose spots and brilliantly mottled crimson rays and centre. 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

- ELVINA**, bright green, gray centre and veins; all the leaf blotched with rich red. 5s.
- EMILIE VERDIER**, a very fine and distinct variety, with leaves of a light transparent rose colour, sometimes spotted with red. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- EMMÈLINE**, light green, surface dispersely spotted with white and crimson. 3s. 6d.
- ETOILE D'ARGENT**, bright green, mid-ribs and veins creamy white, shaded with gray. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- FELICIA DAVID**, centre of leaf dark carmine, surrounded with white and beautifully veined with red on a light green ground; a splendid variety. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- GOLDEN QUEEN**, leaves large, pale green or yellow, uniform in colour; very handsome. 7s. 6d.
- GRÉTRY**, carmine centre, with numerous white spots on a dark green ground. 7s. 6d.
- HELEVY**, white mid-ribs, and marked with crimson blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.
- HEROLD**, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green zone, blotched with pure white spots, and margined bright dark green. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- HOULETTI**. 2s. 6d.
- HRUBANUM**. 5s.
- IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, light glaucous green, with grayish pink centre, and rose coloured veins. 3s. 6d.
- ISADORA LEROY**, rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 5s.
- JULES PUTZEYS**, rich dark green, with crimson mid-rib and veins; central portion of leaf mottled gray, and the whole surface marked with red blotches. 5s.
- KETELEER**, spotted white upon emerald green; large crimson centre. 3s. 6d.
- LAINGII**, reddish carmine centre, surrounded with yellowish green, the whole of the leaf thickly sprinkled with pure white spots. 5s.
- LAVINIA**, bright green, gray centre, with radiating veins of gray. 3s. 6d.
- LEOPOLDII**, rich crimson rayed centre, deep green border; style of *Bicolor*. 5s.
- LEPESCHKINEI**, leaves thickly marked with large effective spots of a rich rose colour, and having a rich bright red centre. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- LEPLAY**, leaves attractively marked with white, in the style of *C. Bellemei*, and beautifully veined with rosy violet. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- LOUISE DUPLESSIS**, deep red rays and veins on a white ground, with deep green margin. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- LOUISE POIRIER**, crimson leaf ground, with green margin and white spots. 3s. 6d.
- LOWII**, *vide* *Alocasia Lowii*.
- LURLINE**, light green, profusely blotched and spotted with white. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME ALFRED MAME**, long light green leaves densely covered with large white spots, rosy carmine centre. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- MADAME ANDRIEUX**, crimson centre rays, with pink spots. 5s.
- MADAME DE LA DERAN-SAYE**, leaves white, sometimes slightly shaded with rose, and veined with red and green. 10s. 6d.
- MADAME DOMBRAIN**, leaves large, centre and ribs pale yellowish green, shaded rose, surface covered with large white and rose spots. 5s.
- MADAME DUTEIL**, green ground, rose blotches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME HEINE**, silvery white stained and edged with pale green; very distinct. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- MADAME HUNNEBELLE**, large leaves veined with light garnet colour on a white ground, and profusely margined with delicate green veins. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- MADAME HOULLET**, large leaves, with clustered blush white blotches on the opposite leaf margins. 5s.
- MARQUIS DE CAUX**, red centre and veins, with rose blotches on the margins. 3s. 6d.
- MARS**, clouded crimson centre, the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MAXIME DUVAL**, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 5s.
- MAX KOLB**, light green ground, with pale centre; distinct. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MERCADANTE**, pale copper-coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 5s. & 7s. 6d.
- MEYERBEER**, white leaf ground, green veins and red mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MINERVE**, silvery white mid-rib and rays surrounded with grayish white; green margin with snowy white spots. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- MOZART**, delicate rose centre and veins on green ground. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MURILLO**, centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, broad margin of lustrous bronzy green. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- NAPOLÉON III.**, flamed crimson centre, with forked rays, and carmine red spots on rich green ground. 3s. 6d. & 5s.
- ON SLOW**, deep rosy-crimson centre, with broad green margin, densely spotted with rose. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PAILLET**, crimson centre, broad green margin splashed with crimson and dotted with white. 3s. 6d.
- PETSCHKAUI**. 5s.
- PHILIPPE HERBERT**, a very fine variety with deep mottled crimson rays and beautiful clear green margin spotted with crimson. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PICTURATUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- PÉCILE**, bright green spotted with red and white. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

- PRESIDENT**, light crimson centre, dark green margins slightly mottled with gray; fine and very distinct. 7s. 6d.
- PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD**, dark emerald green, with rich crimson mid-rib, radiating from the centre towards the margins, the intervening spaces densely spotted with ivory white, the small thread-like veins forming an elegant tracery over the upper surface. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- PRINCESS ALEXANDRA**, rosy salmon leaf, with conspicuous green centre rib, richly bordered with magenta crimson; leaf margin bounded by a green belt, having a picturesque light pink chain running parallel through its centre. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS OF WALES**, large pale golden yellow leaves spotted with crimson. 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ROYAL**, fine leaves of a golden ground colour with crimson centre. 7s. 6d.
- RAULINII**, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- QUADRICOLOR**, centro of leaf pale yellowish green, ribs white, edged with rich rosy crimson, and margined with bright green; distinct. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- REGALE**, broad silvery gray centre and rosy red mid-ribs, with vermilion red spots on green ground. 3s. 6d.
- REINE VICTORIA**, green veins and margins, densely spotted or marbled between with white and scattered rich crimson. 3s. 6d.
- RICCI**, pale greenish white centre, shaded with rosy erimson; broad margin of bright green, densely spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d. & 5s.
- ROSSINI**, large leaf, with pale centre, pink mid-ribs, and red blotches. 5s.
- ROUILLARD**, glossy green margin, pale green centre, mid-rib and rays rich violet plum colour; the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- SIEBOLD**, rich green, with fiery red erimson rayed centre, green spaces densely spotted with claret red. 3s. 6d.
- STRIATUM**, white centre veins and mid-rib, forming a striking contrast to the dark green colour of the other portion of the leaf. 5s.
- THIBAUTII**, fine large leaf, with rich crimson veins on a red ground. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- TRICOLOR**, a distinct variety, edges of the leaves gray-green intersceted with dark green; centre red lake, with carmine mid-ribs. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION**, crimson centre, with red ribs and green border; very fine. 5s. & 7s. 6d.
- TROUBETZKOYI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- VEITCHII** *vide* *Alocasia Veitchii*.
- VESTA**, greenish white veins, contrasting strongly with the surrounding crimson colour; outer portion of leaf clear green dotted with dark green; the whole of the leaf spotted bright rose. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- VICOMTESSE DE LA ROQUE-ORDAN**, red mid-rib and rays bordered with white; emerald green margin. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- WIGHTII**. 2s. 6d.

BEGONIAS.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

The following novel and beautiful varieties will be found admirably adapted for the summer and autumn decoration of the Greenhouse and Conservatory, for they produce in the utmost profusion, magnificent flowers of very large size, and great variety in colour. They do not require stove cultivation, but will succeed well in a Greenhouse. The tubers rest during the winter months, similar to Gloxinias, and can be easily re-started into growth in the spring. Their profuse flowering quality, and the charming variety of colour of their blossoms, render them extremely showy and effective. 3s. 6d. and 5s. each. New varieties, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each. Choice selections made by Mr. W. B. at 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

ANACREON, bright deep crimson, a beautiful flower, with very long petals; exceedingly attractive.

AURELIA, a very large fine flower, of a cinnamon-rose colour; very distinct.

BOLIVIENSIS, foliage light green, flowers bright glossy red, very freely produced, generally in pairs, but sometimes in clusters of three. The male blossoms are as large again as the females, and of a compressed bell-shaped form.

BEGONIAS—Continued.

BRILLIANT, very rich bright orange ; a dazzling colour ; flowers large and fine ; very showy and attractive.

CARDINAL, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a rich deep magenta-rose colour.

CAROLINE, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower, with broad petals.

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HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS, for price, *vide* page 144.

CLIMAX, deep rich rosy earmine ; the two outer petals extremely broad ; a beautiful variety.

COMET, a magnificent variety, with fine large flowers of a bright orange vermilion colour.

CORSAIR, rosy salmon ; a most profuse blooming variety.

BEGONIAS—Continued.

- DAZZLE**, bright reddish crimson ; a fine flower, with short broad petals.
- DRAGON**, a beautiful flower, with very fine large long petals ; colour rich bright rose ; very effective.
- DR. MASTERS**, a beautiful and effective variety, with very rich carmine-crimson drooping flowers, suspended on salmon-tinted pedicels or flower stalks.
- EMBLEM**, a very attractive variety, giving fine large showy flowers with extremely broad petals, of a deep rose colour shaded with magenta.
- ENSIGN**, bright pink ; a beautiful shade of colour ; flowers large and fine ; a very elegant variety.
- EXCELSIOR**, a fine free-blooming variety, with fine large flowers of a bright cinnabar red colour.
- FRÖBELII**, a splendid new species from Ecuador, very distinct and attractive, producing, well above the foliage, erect bunches of large brilliant scarlet flowers ; the foliage is of a bright green colour, furnished on the under side with a thick covering of white hairs.
- GEM**, light cream colour, the reverse of the petals light pink ; extremely distinct and attractive.
- GLITTER**, vivid orange scarlet ; an extremely bright and showy colour ; fine large flower.
- HERMINE**, light orange cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour ; a pretty flower ; large and well formed.
- INTERMEDIA**, a fine hybrid, of free-branching strong upright growth ; the flowers are of the size and form of *B. Veitchii*, which they also resemble in colour, but are of rather a darker shade.
- LOTHAIR**, a splendid variety, producing fine large showy flowers, with short broad petals of a deep rose colour ; very fine.
- LUCINDA**, an extremely attractive variety, producing very large and fine flowers, with remarkably long petals, of a deep rose colour.
- MAGNET**, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink ; a charming variety, producing fine large flowers with good petals.
- MAZEPPA**, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange pink ; extremely distinct and pretty.
- METEOR**, intense scarlet vermilion, very bright and showy ; a magnificent variety.
- MINIATA**, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy carmine colour ; very elegant and distinct.
- MODEL**, a free blooming variety of neat habit, with very finely-formed flowers of a delicate rosy blush colour.
- MRS. MASTERS**, a very effective and ornamental variety, producing bright rose carmine blooms in great profusion upon salmon-tinted drooping pedicels or flower-stalks.
- OCTOPETALA**, this magnificent species has been introduced from the Andes of Peru. It produces splendid flowers of enormous size, which are composed of eight petals ; these attractive blossoms are white, with the reverse of the petals of a bright rosy carmine colour.
- PEARCEI**, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage.
- PEARCEI GRANDIFLORA**, a remarkably showy and attractive variety, with rich dark olive green leaves, which contrast admirably with the very large and fine flowers, which are of a bright golden yellow colour.
- PHYLLIS**, a most beautiful variety, with blossoms of a delicate sulphur colour tinted with pink ; an extremely distinct and charming flower.
- PROFESSOR THISELTON DYER**, a highly ornamental variety, giving a profusion of brilliant scarlet flowers, with lance-shaped petals borne in elegant drooping clusters.
- ROSEA ALBA**, a very elegant variety, with glossy rich green veined leaves, and numerous terminal projecting racemes of white blossoms suffused with rich rose.
- RUBESCENS**, a fine hybrid variety of neat robust branching dwarf habit, giving a profusion of elegant half-drooping racemes of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms.
- RUBRA SUPERBA**, a very beautiful and effective plant of a free branching habit, and graceful open outline ; flowers large, of a brilliant carmine red, melting into a rich lake.
- SEDENI**, a fine variety of free growth, with large leaves, the veins of which are slightly tinted with rose colour. The flowers are of the richest magenta colour, and of large size. Figured in the *Florist*.
- SERAPH**, a dwarf-growing variety of neat and compact habit, freely producing fine flowers of a soft pink colour, the exterior part of the two outer petals suffused with rose.
- STARLIGHT**, a beautiful variety of dwarf compact habit, and a profuse bloomer ; the flowers are large and effective, of a pretty shade of blush pink.
- STELLA**, fine showy flowers, of a beautiful shade of rosy crimson ; very attractive.
- SUNRISE**, a magnificent variety, quite intermediate between *B. boliviana* and *B. Sedeni* ; it is a very free bloomer, producing fine large flowers of a bright rosy scarlet colour ; extremely showy and attractive.

BEGONIAS—Continued.

- SURPRISE**, a beautiful and effective variety, producing extremely pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion.
- TROJAN**, an extremely distinct and effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a lovely light rosy pink colour. www.libtool.com.cn
- VEITCHII**, this remarkable and beautiful plant, was discovered near Cuzco in Peru. It differs in all respects from any other Begonia yet known, in having immense roundish blooms of a vivid vermilion or cinnabar red, and in being comparatively hardy. Figured in the *Florist and Pomologist*.
- VESUVIUS**, a fine variety, producing very large flowers of a rich orange scarlet colour.
- VIVICANS**, a very graceful plant, approaching in habit *B. Sedeni*, with semi-transparent stems, its leaves slightly villose or hairy, and numerous drooping brilliant orange scarlet bell-shaped flowers.

Various other choice and handsome kinds at 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

BEGONIAS.

Variegated-foliaged Section.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage. 3s. 6d. each ; 36s. per dozen.

ACTEON	IWAN SCHLUMBERGER	MARGA
ADRIEN ROBINE	L'ABBE SERODINO	MARQUISE DE NADIL-
AMABILIS	LALLA ROOKH	LAC
ANNICA	LOUIS BOUTARD	MARQUISE DE ST. INNO-
DELIGHTFUL	LOUIS LIGNOT	CENT
DIAMANT	LOUIS SCHWEITZER	MIRABILIS
DR. REGEL	MADAME CROUSSE	M. KETELEER
DUCHESS	MADAME DE CAUVILLE	NIVEA SPLENDENS
EMILE CHATÉ	MADAME DELAHAYE	PRINCESSE CHARLOTTE
EMILE LOISE	MADAME MALETS	PROFESSOR GASPARRINI
FLORA	MADAME SARRAZIN	REI FERNANDO
GLOIRE DE MONTEREAU	MADAME VERSCHAFFELT	SÉCRETAIRE MORREN
HELENA UHDER	MALETTA	SPLENDENS.

BEGONIA MIRANDA.

This very fine variety is a hybrid between *B. smaragdina* and *B. rex*. The large leaves are of an emerald green ground colour beautifully veined and marbled with glistening silvery white ; extremely attractive. 10s. 6d.

BEGONIA OTTO FORSTER.

A magnificent hybrid between *B. imperialis* and *B. rex*. Its splendid large foliage is of a rich bronzy green colour ornamented with shining silvery white veinings and marbling, producing a superb effect. 10s. 6d.

The following are useful flowering species and varieties, and highly effective for decoration ; and the majority of them are winter blooming. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

ARGYROSTIGMA	ELE-	INGRAMII	MONS. VICTOR LEMOINE
GANTISSIMA		MADAME FANNY GIRON	MONS. WILLIAM BULL
CAROLINE SCHMITT		MADAME THIBAUT	RICHARDSIANA
DREGEI		MASSILIENSIS	RICHARDSIANA VAS-
ERECTA CRAIGIANA		METALLICA	TISSIMA
FOLIOSA		MONS. DE BOUCHARDE	SAGITTATA
GERANIIFOLIA		BUSSY	SAUNDERSIANA
GLAUCOPHYLLA		MONS. HENRI TRUCHOT	SEMPERFLORENS
GLEBULA NIVIS		MONS. LOUIS VAN	VALIDA
HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA		HOUTTE	WELTONIENSIS.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

- ADMIRATION**, a beautifully formed flower; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter completely recurved; corolla well expanded, and of a purplish crimson colour. 3s. 6d.
- ALFONSO**, flower of good substance, tube and reflexed sepals bright coral-red; corolla dark purple; very free. 2s. 6d.
- ALICE**, flowers large and fine; tube and sepals pure white; sepals well reflexed; corolla bright rosy scarlet, sometimes edged with a deeper shade. 1s. 6d.
- ANGLIA**, scarlet crimson tube and sepals, the latter horizontally reflexed; rich purplish corolla flaked with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- ANNIE LUSTRE**, tube and sepals pure white; tube very long and sepals broad and beautifully reflexed; corolla vivid crimson; a very fine flower. 3s. 6d.
- ANOMIA**, short tube; broad thick and very elegantly recurved sepals; both tube and sepals of a most rich and bright crimson; large long dark purple crimson corolla. 1s. 6d.
- ATALANTA**, crimson tube and sepals, the latter reflexed; purplish crimson corolla. 1s. 6d.
- BARONESS**, a very pretty and attractive flower, with long white tube, white sepals well reflexed, and violet rose corolla; an extremely pleasing and distinct colour. 3s. 6d.
- BARONNE BLANCHE EZPELTA**, large double well expanded flowers, with coral-red tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed, and azure violet corolla shaded with scarlet; a very fine variety. 7s. 6d.
- BASILISK**, long thick white tube; broad horizontally reflexed sepals, bluish white tipped with green; corolla bright light scarlet. 1s. 6d.
- BLACK PRINCE**, tube and sepals bright waxycarmine colour, sepals large and broad with pale green tips, and large open pale pink corolla unmarginated with deep rose. 3s. 6d.
- BLUE KING**, flowers of good substance with bright crimson tube and well reflexed sepals, and fine cup-shaped corolla of a beautiful blue colour. 5s.
- CALLAO**, carmine tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; short thick double corolla of a deep bluish purple colour, occasionally flaked with red. 3s. 6d.
- CALYPSO**, large well-formed flowers; tube and sepals rich crimson; sepals completely reflexed; large expanded bell-shaped corolla, of a rich crimson purple colour. 3s. 6d.
- CARPEAUX**, compact double flowers; corolla bluish violet and well-opened; well recurved sepals of a bright red colour. 3s. 6d.
- CASSIA**, tube and sepals rich rosy crimson; the sepals symmetrically reflexed; corolla dark violet plum colour. 2s. 6d.
- CERBERUS**, short tube and broad thick sepals, both of a bright crimson colour; the sepals completely reflexed; deep rich satiny purple corolla of excellent form. 1s. 6d.
- CHARMER**, fine large flowers, with extremely rich and bright reddish crimson tube and sepals; tube short, and sepals broad and well reflexed; fine rich purple plum corolla. 3s. 6d.
- COLONEL HARCOURT**, tube and sepals scarlet, the latter well reflexed; light scarlet rose corolla suffused with purple; very distinct and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- CROCÉ-SPINELLII**, finely formed flowers with dark mauve corolla veined with rose, and elegantly recurved sepals. 3s. 6d.
- DUNOIS**, tube and sepals bright reddish crimson, the sepals well reflexed; fine rich purple corolla, each petal of which is distinctly serrated on the edge. 3s. 6d.
- EGERIA**, short tube and well-recurved sepals of an intensely rich crimson colour; stout long purple corolla. 2s. 6d.
- ELFIN**, light crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed; rich purple corolla, flaked with rose; very full and double. 3s. 6d.
- EMPRESS OF INDIA**, a beautiful and distinct variety; rosy carmine tube and sepals of great substance; the sepals well reflexed; large pure white corolla, with an unusual quantity of petals. 5s.
- FESTINA**, very pure white double corolla; rich crimson tube and sepals. 1s. 6d.
- GAMBETTA**, fine double flowers with pretty rose colour corolla and well recurved sepals of a bright carmine colour. 3s. 6d.
- GENERAL NAUSOUTY**, bright rose sepals and violet blue corolla striped with rose. 3s. 6d.
- GEORGE FREDERICK**, tube and sepals rich scarlet crimson; tube short, sepals broad and thick and nicely reflexed; large corolla, of beautiful form, rich purple crimson colour. 3s. 6d.
- HERCULES**, coral red tube and sepals of great substance; the sepals beautifully reflexed; long barrel-shaped corolla of an intensely bright blue colour. 1s. 6d.
- HIGHLAND CHIEF**, tube and sepals bright crimson; tube short, sepals elegantly reflexed, leaving completely exposed the large bell-shaped corolla, which is of a deep purple colour, and expands as the flower acquires age. 3s. 6d.
- INDIAN CHIEF**, tube and sepals carmine pink, the latter finely recurved with very large open violet blue corolla, shaded with red from the base; a very fine flower. 3s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

- INTENSITY**, a very good dark variety, with splendid dark purple corolla and rich carmine tube and sepals, the latter beautifully reflexed. 5s.
- JEANNE D'ARC**, fine large flowers with tube and very long reflexed sepals of a beautiful coral colour, and large expanded corolla of snowy whiteness. 3s. 6d.
- JOHN GIBSON**, bright scarlet tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; lavender purple corolla of beautiful shape. 2s. 6d.
- KING ALFONSO**, a very fine flower; rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter very broad and of great substance; corolla deep violet. 2s. 6d.
- KINGSBURYANA**, a variety of good habit and a most abundant bloomer, producing fine flowers with bright red tube and sepals, the latter reflexed, and large double open and spreading white corolla. 3s. 6d.
- LADY BRIDPORT**, large tube and sepals of a bright coral scarlet colour; fine open parachute shaped deep violet corolla, finely flaked with scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- LADY BRODIE**, blush white, medium sized tube and sepals, the latter well recurved; corolla rich rose with carmine belt; a free bloomer. 3s. 6d.
- LADY WATERLOW**, a profuse blooming variety; tube and sepals white, beautifully striped and flaked with scarlet and nicely reflexed; corolla rich magenta. 2s. 6d.
- LE GAULOIS**, fine large dark blue corolla of cylindrical shape, veined with rosy carmine at the base; tube and sepals of a brilliant red carmine colour. 2s. 6d.
- LE PHARE**, a fine flower of very elegant form; short thick tube and well reflexed sepals, of a brilliant red colour; globular corolla of a rich violet colour veined with bright red. 2s. 6d.
- LORD BYRON**, bright crimson tube and sepals, with large open bell-shaped black corolla, one of the darkest known; fine habit; the sepals well recurved. 3s. 6d.
- LORD FALMOUTH**, tube and sepals carmine scarlet, corolla rich violet blue; flowers of perfect shape and great substance. 5s.
- MAID OF HONOUR**, ivory white tube and sepals of medium size and gracefully recurved; colour rich magenta rose; of neat erect habit. 3s. 6d.
- MAORI CHIEF**, tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broadly and nicely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark plum colour. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. GADICK DITTON**, a graceful and effective variety, producing large terminal drooping clusters of flowers with recurved lanceolate white sepals and large corolla of a bright carmine colour. 3s. 6d.
- MIDNIGHT**, an extremely distinct variety, having a very large bulky corolla of an exceedingly dark purple colour; deep glossy crimson tube and sepals of good substance. 5s.
- MRS. H. CANNELL**, a splendid variety; tube and sepals bright carmine, contrasting well with the fine large full double white corolla. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. MEIN**, a beautifully formed flower, with bright carmine scarlet tube and well reflexed sepals, and pure white corolla. 2s. 6d.
- OLYNTHUS**, tube and sepals bright rich crimson; tube very short; sepals broad and symmetrically reflexed; fine large corolla of a deep rich violet purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- OUR FUTURE QUEEN**, tube and sepals pure white, the latter broad and well recurved; corolla red, suffused with purple. 1s. 6d.
- PATRIOTE**, immense violet purple corolla of involute form; the petals veined with scarlet at the base; large tube and long reflexed sepals of a very rich carmine colour. 2s. 6d.
- PENTHEUS**, rich deep crimson tube and sepals; short tube, and very broad horizontally reflexed sepals; large open saucer-shaped corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour. 1s. 6d.
- PORTENA**, short tube and completely reflexed sepals of a rich crimson colour; double corolla of a purplish crimson colour. 3s. 6d.
- REV. T. WILTSHIRE**, a fine bold flower with large bright blue corolla; flowers of perfect shape and great substance. 1s. 6d.
- ROSA BONHEUR**, blush white tube and sepals well recurved; corolla rich rose with shaded carmine belt or margin; habit free and erect; flowers produced in gracefully drooping terminal clusters. 3s. 6d.
- SILVER DOVE**, one of the finest double whites, of splendid branching habit; tube and sepals rosy carmine; sepals very broad and beautifully reflexed; fine double white corolla. 3s. 6d.
- SILVERY BEAM**, splendid doublewhite corolla with beautiful carmine tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; fine habit and free. 5s.
- STANDARD**, rosy pink tube of great length, sepals very broad, and about 2 inches long, of a rich cherry pink, tipped with white; large and fine corolla of a rich violet purple colour, flamed with deep rose. 1s. 6d.
- SURPRISE**, a very useful and effective variety, of neat habit, and very free blooming; tube and sepals pure white; corolla rich crimson. 2s. 6d.
- THE SHAH**, rich crimson tube and sepals, with fine corolla regularly striped with purple and rose; distinct and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- TIMOUR**, long white corolla; rosy crimson tube and sepals. 2s. 6d.
- TRUTH**, tube and sepals bright scarlet, the latter beautifully reflexed; very large corolla, of a rosy mauve colour. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

VILLE DE NANCY, tube and sepals of a pale carmine red colour, the latter very wide and well recurved; fine large double corolla, of a brilliant dark violet colour. 3s. 6d.

VIRGO, tube and sepals pure white, the latter gracefully reflexed and forming a perfect crown above the corolla, which is of a beautiful magenta colour, quite a novel shade. 1s. 6d.

VOIX DU PEUPLE, a very free-blooming variety, giving large flowers with fine expanded milky white corolla; sepals well recurved, and of a rich rosy carmine colour. 2s. 6d.

WAGNERIAN, tube and sepals crimson, of great substance; the latter beautifully reflexed; very large and glossy corolla of a deep crimson purple colour; good habit and very free. 5s.

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

FUCHSIAS.

HYBRIDS AND SPECIES.

BOLIVIANA, a remarkably ornamental and attractive species, discovered by M. Roezl in Bolivia.

It is of compact growth, and its branches terminate in large bunches of beautiful drooping flowers, about 3 inches long and of a rich carmine crimson colour, with bright carmine corolla. Its bushy free-blooming habit renders it extremely useful and effective. 3s. 6d.

CANARY BIRD, a showy and attractive variety; foliage of a golden yellow colour; leaves prettily veined; flowers well formed; tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broad and finely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 1s. 6d.

GRACILIS VARIEGATA, an elegant variety of good habit, with small leaves broadly margined with white. 1s. 6d.

PILLAR OF GOLD, an attractive and useful variety, with golden variegated leaves. 1s. 6d.

PROCUMBENS, this distinct and interesting species is a shrubby growing plant with prostrate filiform branches creeping along the ground. The flowers are about three-quarters of an inch in length, with a linear-oblong ovary, surmounted by an orange-yellow funnel-shaped calyx tube which is divided at the throat into four reflexed segments, nearly as long as the tube and of a deep violet colour edged with green. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6139. 1s. 6d.

RAINBOW, *vide* page 9.

SPLENDENS, a free-blooming attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green. It is of free growth and easy cultivation, continues a long time in beauty, and is very useful as a winter-flowering plant. 2s. 6d.

SUNRAY, a most beautiful plant, with leaves of a rich bright crimson, white and bronzy green, in about equal parts. The flowers are of fine form; scarlet tube and sepals, with light purple corolla. It is of good habit and growth, and a most useful and effective decorative plant. 1s. 6d.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

When in Japan Mr. Fortune selected and sent to this country seven remarkable Chrysanthemums, which proved exceedingly distinct in size, form and colour, from the ordinary kinds grown here. From the types then introduced, have been raised the following, which are still more remarkable for their diversity, possessing as they do either enormous size, peculiarity of form or novelty of colour. Although of a distinct type from the Chrysanthemums in general cultivation, no difference of treatment or soil is necessary to secure a succession of flowers from November until January or February. Many of them remain longer in bloom, and bloom later than the Chinese kinds, so that we may have our greenhouse gay with them all through the dull winter months, when flowers are scarce. The effect produced in the conservatory by their fantastic forms and brilliant colours is most novel and pleasing, many of their immense blooms having more the appearance of tassels formed of the gay plumage of tropical birds than of flowers.

ADMIRANDA, flesh colour, with dark carmine centre; a fine flower. 1s. 6d.

AMARANTINA CARMINATA, bright amaranth tipped with white; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.

ARLEQUIN, dark crimson tipped and blotched with gold; a very effective variety. 3s. 6d.

BEAUTÉ PARFAITE, a very free-blooming variety, producing superb flowers of a rosy-lilac colour, marked with white. 2s. 6d.

BELLE CASTELLANE, lilac mauve, pointed with dark buff; a very fine flower, of excellent form. 2s. 6d.

BERTIER RENDATLER, bright canary, the florets darkly tipped; a fine large showy flower. 3s. 6d.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- CHLORINDE**, a fine flower, with very long florets ; rich red, with yellow centre. 1s. 6d.
- CHROMATELLA**, bright chrome or orange yellow, a very rich and intense shade of colour, good habit, free flowering and double ; a valuable late blooming variety. 1s.
- CI SYANG**, dark crimson, maculated with pure white ; very novel and showy. 1s. 6d.
- DR. MASTERS**, a very distinct and showy variety, with long sword-like florets, opening with a large centre of bright yellow, the exterior being formed of showy red florets, and the centre changing to red as the flower heads expand, the florets then becoming tipped with gold. 1s.
- EMPEROR OF CHINA**, the flower heads as they expand are rosy white ; when mature they are clear white, having the centre tinted with rosy buff ; much like the common Honeysuckle. 1s.
- GARNET**, bright blood red or garnet ; the flower heads which are of large size, are composed of long curled florets, which form a kind of drooping fringe round an anemone centre. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- GLITTER**, vivid red scarlet, with a gold line round each floret ; flower heads double, and of medium size. This is a most splendid variety. 1s. 6d.
- GLOIRE D'OR**, very large full double flowers, with quilled petals of a very bright golden yellow colour ; a most magnificent flower of excellent form. 1s. 6d.
- GLOIRE DU VAR**, a superb variety, producing very large full double flowers of a dark reddish amaranth colour. 1s. 6d.
- GLORIOSA**, flower heads of large size, composed of very long slender florets of a bright orange colour, curiously twisted and curled. 1s.
- HERO OF MAGDALA**, blood red, the reverse of the florets orange buff ; the florets in their young state reflex, but as they advance in age the centre florets take an upward or incurved direction, while the remainder reflex, thus showing two distinct colours in the same flower-head. 1s.
- JAMES SALTER**, clear lilac or mauve, shaded towards the centre ; flower-heads very double, of immense size and composed of a multitude of broad florets, which, as they expand, become curled or twisted in a most curious manner, unlike any other Chrysanthemum. 1s.
- JANE SALTER**, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac ; flower-heads of large size and composed of long broad curled florets ; early and very free flowering. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- KATAKANA**, brilliant orange, shaded saffron, and striped with yellow ; the reverse of the florets yellow. 2s. 6d.
- LEOPARD**, bright Indian red, with large yellow spots covering the surface of the florets ; a very novel and singular combination of colour. 1s.
- LILACEA ROSEA**, rosy lilac, with broad florets ; a very fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- MAC MAHON**, a very fine variety, producing enormous violet lilac flowers with white back ; a fine star-like flower. 3s. 6d.
- MADEMOISELLE DELAUX**, a fine flower of a novel colour ; outer florets silver rose lined white ; central florets sulphur white. 2s. 6d.
- MANDARIN**, clear canary yellow, florets very broad and curled. 1s.
- MARGINATUM**, a large flower of a clear lilac colour, maculated with pure white ; an exceedingly curious variety. 1s. 6d.
- METEOR**, bright golden yellow, changing to orange ; florets very long and curiously curled ; a very early and free-blooming variety of the actinoid class. 1s.
- M. ASTIER**, a fine flower of a pure coppery red colour. 3s. 6d.
- M. CHARLES HUBERT**, an enormous flower, very double, with vertical florets, of a canary yellow colour ; producing large trusses of from eight to ten very fine flowers. 1s. 6d.
- NEC PLUS ULTRA**, dark chamois, spotted with yellow, well formed and very double. 1s.
- NEGRO**, splendid dark maroon, with long curled thread-like florets. 1s.
- NUIT D'HIVER**, saffron bronze tinted brown, and tipped with golden yellow ; the reverse of the florets sulphur yellow ; dwarf and free. 2s. 6d.
- ORACLE**, dark rose purple ; very large and showy ; free and early. 1s. 6d.
- PURPUREUM ALBUM**, rich purple, mottled and spotted white ; flower-heads of medium size, and not unlike a bunch of purple and white ribbon formed into a loose tassel. 1s.
- PYRAMIDALE**, a very full flower, with erect quilled florets, of a canary yellow colour passing to brick red ; it is very free, of dwarf habit, and exceedingly attractive. 1s. 6d.
- REINE DES ISLES SANDWICH**, light maroon, the florets quilled, open at the apex, and tipped with dark maroon. 1s.
- ROB ROY**, tubular florets purple red with the expanded portions pale amber, like the colours of the wild Honeysuckle. 1s.

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- ROSETTA**, dark rose purple ; back of the florets, which are of great length, and twisted and curled in the most fantastic manner, of a silvery lilac colour ; a novel and curious variety. 2s. 6d.
- ROYAL SOLEIL**, bright crimson mottled with gold ; the reverse of the florets gold. 3s. 6d.
- SIMON DELAUX**, very large flower heads, of a bright reddish salmon colour, with long irregular florets shaded with rich gold colour. 1s. 6d.
- SOL**, clear citron yellow, with long wax-like florets. 1s.
- SPLENDENS**, transparent chrome yellow, tinted with orange ; florets very long and broad, curling inwards ; flower heads double, and of immense size ; a free blooming and very dwarf variety. 2s. 6d.
- STAR**, very large orange yellow florets, of great breadth and length, radiating from a golden disc. 1s.
- THE DAIMIO**, pale pink, changing to rosy lilac, flower-heads very large, double, and of great substance ; a showy and attractive variety of the ribbon-formed section. 1s.
- THE SULTAN**, flower-heads of immense size, composed of a mass of bright rosy purple florets with a lighter back ; a highly ornamental plant. 1s.
- VICEROY OF EGYPT**, deep rosy crimson and white back, first row of florets quilled, the rest very broad and curled inwards. 1s.
- VILLE D'HYÈRES**, a fine large double flower with vertical florets of a dark reddish maroon colour, regularly pointed with golden yellow ; extra fine. 1s. 6d.
- Y KANG KANG**, enormous flower-heads, very full, golden yellow, shaded with lilac. 1s. 6d.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

- ABBÉ PASSAGLIA**, brassy amber, broad incurved florets ; a beautiful show flower. 1s.
- AIMÉE FERRIÈRE**, silver white, beautifully tipped with rose pink, incurved and very fine. 1s.
- ALFONSO**, a late-blooming variety, producing very fine large flowers of a bright glowing crimson colour, tipped with gold ; extremely showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- ALFRED SALTER**, delicate pink, a very large fine and beautifully incurved flower. 1s.
- ARIADNE**, cream and rose, a very pleasing colour ; large and fine for specimens. 1s.
- AUREUM MULTIFLORUM**, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf and fine. 1s.
- AURORE**, very large and extremely full flowers, produced in immense trusses ; colour buff yellow, the reverse of the florets lilac. 2s. 6d.
- BARBARA**, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden yellow colour ; it is a splendid show flower, very full, double and perfectly symmetrical ; the florets are stiff, smooth and finely incurved ; a most effective variety. 1s. 6d.
- BEETHOVEN**, bronzed red, with slight golden tips on the under surface ; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved ; very double and of free habit. 1s.
- BEVERLEY**, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form ; a splendid show flower. 1s.
- BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES**, bronzed orange with yellow centre ; a fine incurved sport of *Jardin des Plantes*. 1s.
- BUTTERFLY**, purple, bronze and gold back, incurved ; a novel combination of colours. 1s.
- CAPTIVATION**, cream, shaded and heavily bordered with carmine ; a very fine double flower. 1s.
- CHEVALIER DOMAGE**, bright gold, splendid colour. 1s.
- CHIEFTAIN**, a distinct and attractive flower, of a cinnamon red colour and of good shape. 1s. 6d.
- CHRISTINE (NE PLUS ULTRA)**, rosy blush, fine large flower heads. 1s.
- CLARISSA**, this is a beautiful flower, of a very delicate violet pink colour with lighter centre ; the flower heads are full, incurved and well formed. 1s. 6d.
- CLEOPATRA**, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- CONRAD**, a magnificent flower, of a beautiful carmine colour, with pink centre ; novel and distinct. 2s. 6d.
- DAPHNE**, sulphur, incurved, a fine pot plant. 1s.
- DELIGHT**, *vide* **LUTEUM FORMOSUM**.
- DIDO**, sulphur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double, dwarf compact habit and very fine. 1s.
- DR. LINDLEY**, large, dark orange with amber centre ; broad incurved florets. 1s.
- DR. ROZAS**, rose crimson, incurved and very fine. 1s.
- DUKE OF EDINBURGH**, rose lilac with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved. 1s.
- EMBLEM**, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour ; very showy and effective. 1s. 6d.
- EMPRESS OF INDIA**, *vide* **WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND**.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- ENAMEL**, delicate blush white, wide incurved florets, very double and free. 1s.
- ENSIGN**, cinnamon, shading off to yellow; very full and fine incurved form. 1s. 6d.
- ÉTOILE POLAIRE**, golden yellow, incurved and fine. 1s.
- EVE**, sulphur yellow, incurved, a delicate flower. 1s.
- EXQUISITE**, a fine variety, with very full and double blossoms, of exquisite incurved form; colour a bright golden yellow, the outer petals shaded orange and reflected salmon. 3s. 6d.
- FAUST**, bronze crimson purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage. 1s.
- FELICITY**, pure white, with a lemon centre; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved; habit dwarf and compact. 1s. 6d.
- FINGAL**, large, rose violet with lighter back, very double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved; a noble show flower. 1s.
- FLORA**, bright lilac peach, shading off to white; florets broad and finely incurved. 1s. 6d.
- FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE**, pale sulphur, very beautifully incurved; excellent for cut blooms or specimen plants. 1s.
- FORMOSUM**, pale sulphur, incurved; fine show flower. 1s.
- GARIBALDI**, red chestnut, very large attractive flower-heads. 1s.
- GAZELLE**, bright crimson tipped with yellow; an exceedingly attractive variety, of dwarf compact growth; flowers large and of fine form. 2s. 6d.
- GEORGE PEABODY**, pearl white; back of florets dark lilac purple, beautifully incurved and very double; a first-rate show flower. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE)**, incurved and fine. 1s.
- GLOBOSUM**, dark Indian red, of very fine incurved form and dwarf habit. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s.
- GLORIA MUNDI**, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, very high in the centre, fine dwarf habit and very free; a seedling from *Jardin des Plantes*, possessing the same glowing colour as its parent, with an improved form. 1s.
- GOLDEN BALL**, bright orange, with golden back and tips, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- GOLDEN BEVERLEY**, a fine golden canary sport of the much-esteemed *White Beverley*; a beautifully incurved show flower. 1s.
- GOLDEN CHRISTINE**, golden buff, large and fine for specimens, a sport of *Christine*. 1s.
- GOLDEN DR. BROCK**, a bright golden yellow sport of the highly-esteemed variety, *Dr. Brock*; a beautiful incurved show flower. 1s.
- GOLDEN EMPRESS OF INDIA**, a very fine incurved variety, of similar form to *Empress of India*, but of a beautiful golden yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- GOLDEN JOHN SALTER**, golden yellow, changing to amber; fine sport of *John Salter*. 1s.
- GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND**, golden canary, a sport of *Queen of England*, very large and fine. 1s.
- GOLDEN TRILBY**, a fine sport of *Trilby*, with clear yellow flowers, finely incurved. 1s.
- GUERNSEY NUGGET**, clear primrose yellow, very full and beautifully incurved, of immense size and great substance, fine habit and ample foliage. 1s.
- HERCULES**, very large red carmine, incurved; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known. 1s.
- HERMINE**, blush, tipped purple; incurved and extra fine. 1s.
- HEROINE**, this is an exceedingly pretty flower, all the florets, which are of a delicate blush colour, being attractively tipped with sulphur yellow; good shape. 1s. 6d.
- IONA**, bright citron yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre and a model of form. 1s.
- JULIE LAGRAVÈRE**, dark velvety crimson, finer colour than *Bob*; extra fine. 1s.
- KING OF DENMARK**, bright rosy lilac, incurved and fine. 1s.
- LADY HARDING**, delicate rosy pink, tipped with blush, large and finely incurved. 1s.
- LADY PALMERSTON**, bright primrose yellow, large and globular, florets broad and finely incurved; a late-flowering variety. 1s.
- LADY TALFOURD**, delicate rose lilac, with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved and of a shell-like form, very double and of medium size. 1s.
- LEDA**, large white; a fine late-flowering variety. 1s.
- LE GRAND**, extra large, florets broad and stout, elegantly incurved, colour delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped. 1s.
- L'ÉMIR**, light red crimson, incurved and fine. 1s.
- LORD DERBY**, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved, flower heads globular or cone-shaped; a most splendid variety either for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- LORD PALMERSTON**, rose amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine. 1s.
- LORD STANLEY**, large orange amber, finely incurved. 1s.
- LUNA**, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved; a fine show flower. 1s. 6d.
- LUTEUM FORMOSUM (DELIGHT)**, fine incurved golden yellow. 1s.
- MAC MAHON**, an enormous flower, with large broad florets; colour a beautiful rosy lilac, with white back; a very fine, free-flowering, dwarf-growing variety. 1s. 6d.
- MARÉCHAL DUROC**, fine rose and lilac, incurved. 1s.
- MEMNON**, a remarkably good flower, with very fine and broad incurved florets; colour a rich rosy purple; good for exhibition. 1s. 6d.
- MEYERBEER**, rosy purple, with lighter back, very finely incurved. 1s.
- MONARCH**, dark Indian red; back of the florets golden yellow; finely incurved and of immense size; a magnificent show flower. 2s. 6d.
- MOUNT EDGCUMBE**, transparent sulphur white, delicately tinted with rose; very large, double and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- M. NARDY AINÉ**, a fine large flower, of a very bright rosy salmon colour, with the reverse of the florets white; an extremely dwarf and free-flowering variety. 1s. 6d.
- MR. BRUNLEES**, large Indian red, with tips incurved; a fine showy flower. 1s.
- MR. GEORGE GLENNY**, a very fine large flower of a bright amber or straw colour. 1s. 6d.
- MR. MURRAY**, velvet rose, very full and fine. 1s.
- MR. WYNESS**, violet puce, incurved; a beautiful colour. 1s.
- MRS. E. MILES**, bright yellow, very double and finely incurved. 1s.
- MRS. G. RUNDLE**, white, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- MRS. HUFFINGTON**, beautiful medium-sized flower-heads, blush white, with large and distinct tips of purple, finely incurved and of good habit. 1s.
- MRS. MOGGRIDGE**, silver lilac, with high centre, compact medium-sized flower-heads. 1s.
- MRS. W. HOLBORN**, ivory white, large and finely incurved. 1s.
- MRS. WREFORD MAJOR**, deep rose, very close and compact, fine form and dwarf habit. 1s.
- MULBERRY**, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved, fine and very distinct. 1s.
- NE PLUS ULTRA**, *vide* **CHRISTINE**.
- NOVELTY**, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation. 1s.
- ONDINE**, cream, tipped rose lilac and lighter-centre, fine incurved form. 1s.
- ORANGE ANNIE SALTER**, a distinct and beautiful sport of the well-known *Annie Salter*, with bright orange flowers; well-adapted for specimen plants or the conservatory. 1s.
- OSSIAN**, large rose, incurved, very double and free; an attractive conservatory plant. 1s.
- PINK PEARL**, delicate pink, with silvery shade, finely incurved. 1s.
- PINK PERFECTION**, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade; flower-heads large and of exquisite form, composed of broad incurved wax-like florets of great substance. 1s.
- PLENIPO**, rose purple, with silvery shade; very double, close and of large size. 1s.
- POUDRE D'OR**, reddish orange, very early and full. 1s.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, dark purple violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- PRINCESS**, a beautiful variety, the flower-heads, which are of good form and nicely incurved, being of a soft lilac pink colour. 1s. 6d.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE**, this variety has grand incurved flower-heads, of the finest form and style, and the colour is a beautiful lively tint of rosy pink; a splendid show flower. 1s.
- PRINCESS LOUIS OF HESSE**, rose pink, incurved blush, fine dwarf conservatory plant. 1s.
- PRINCESS MARIE**, rose, incurved; a fine show flower. 1s.
- PURPUREUM ELEGANS**, rich purple violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets, of medium size, very double and free; a scarce and most attractive shade of colour. 1s.
- REFULGENS**, a fine flower of good form; colour a deep claret crimson; very attractive. 2s. 6d.
- RENOWN**, bright orange and lighter centre; flower-heads very large and full; finely incurved. 1s. 6d.
- RIFLEMAN**, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.
- RIVAL LITTLE HARRY**, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved; a seedling from *Little Harry*, with broader florets and more robust habit, but equally dwarf. 1s.
- ROBERT JAMES**, vivid cinnamon and orange, very broad florets, finely incurved. 1s.
- ROSA MUTABILIS**, delicate peach, veined rose, broad incurved florets, dwarf habit. 1s.
- ROTUNDFLORUM**, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-head expands, when it becomes a complete ball; florets broad, still and finely incurved; a sport from *Beverley*. 1s.
- SAINT PATRICK**, ruby red, finely incurved, large, free and fine for cut blooms. 1s.

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- SAM SLICK**, ruby, with bronze points, very double, of dwarf habit; distinct and fine. 1s.
SAUMAREZ, bright chestnut red, with short, stiff, broad incurved florets. 1s.
SERAPH, sulphur, with yellow centre, finely incurved. 1s.
STAFFA, golden yellow, with stiff incurved florets of wax-like appearance. 1s.
STELLARE, amber, with ~~large distinct yellow tip~~ distinct yellow tip; florets smooth and finely incurved, conc-shaped; novel in colour, and fine for cut blooms or exhibition. 1s.
STELLARE GLOBOSUM, earmine crimson and white, incurved; a beautiful show flower. 1s.
SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur yellow, very double and fine for specimens. 1s.
THE GLOBE, fine incurved blush. 1s.
THEMIS, fine rose, incurved. 1s.
VENUS, large lilac peach, beautifully incurved. 1s.
VESTA, ivory white, incurved; a fine show flower. 1s.
VOLUNTEER, amaranth violet, with close incurved florets, dwarf and fine habit. 1s.
WHITE EVE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance. A fac-simile, except in colour, of the much admired *Eve*, of which it is a sport. 1s.
WHITE GLOBE, *vide* **GLOBE WHITE**.
WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND (EMPRESS OF INDIA), a sport of *Queen of England*, ivory white, finely incurved. 1s.
YELLOW KING, a sport of *King*, large yellow, incurved; a noble late flower. 1s.
YELLOW PERFECTION, golden yellow, incurved and of splendid form. 1s.
ZEPHYR, salmon red and yellow, incurved and fine. 1s.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to make good selections of 100 in 50 varieties for 75s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

- ACQUISITION**, bright rose lilac and yellow disc; guard florets broad and regular; centre very high and round; a splendid flower. 1s. 6d.
BIJOU, bright rose purple; guard florets broad and stiff; disc high and finely formed; a splendid variety. 2s. 6d.
FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose pink, distinct colour. 1s.
FINETTE, a delicate lilac peach, with lighter centre; guard florets broad and well arranged. 1s.
HANDEL, dark rose, with white incurved florets. 1s.
KING OF ANEMONES, large, crimson purple; very fine and distinct. 1s.
LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets. 1s.
LOUIS BONAMY, large lilac, with high centre, very fine. 1s.
MADAME GODERAU, fine sulphur. 1s.
MARGARET OF NORWAY, light red and rose centre. 1s.
MISS EYRE, blush, with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf habit, and very free. 1s.
MISS MARGARET, a very pure white, with fine and full high centre. 1s.
PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac blush, and fine high centre. 1s.
PRINCESS CHARLOTTE, rosy blush, with high centre of darker colour; dwarf and free. 1s.
PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy lilac, with a full high centre; very fine. 1s.
PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac pink, with lighter centre. 1s.
PRINCESS THYRA, white with high sulphur centre; guard florets broad and well formed. 1s.
VIRGINALE, pure white; a very dwarf late-flowering variety. 1s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPONS, LILIPUTIANS AND HYBRIDS.

- AGATHA**, a beautiful dwarf variety; flowers very full and double, of a blush pink colour, the petals tipped with gold; very pretty. 2s. 6d.
AIGLE D'OR, hybrid, splendid canary yellow. 1s.
AMPHILLA, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour. 2s. 6d.
AMY, clear yellow, dwarf habit, fine form and free. 1s.
ANNETTE, silvery lilac tipped with purple; creamy white towards the centre of the flower; full, and of good form. 3s. 6d.

POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- APOLLO, chestnut and yellow ; a fine incurved variety. 1s.
- ARABELLA, hybrid, blush. 1s.
- ARIOSTO, a fine flower of an attractive amaranth crimson colour, slightly shaded with yellow ; very dwarf and prettily fringed. 2s. 6d.
- AURORE, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form. 2s. 6d.
- BARRA, crimson, shaded with purple ; a beautiful flower with good broad florets ; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- BERROL, golden yellow ; extra fine for specimen plants. 1s.
- CAPELLA, dark red chestnut with orange centre, very dwarf and attractive. 1s.
- CENDRILLON, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white ; a dwarf-growing and early flowering variety. 1s. 6d.
- CHAMPS ELYSÉES, an attractive flower of a rich violet amaranth colour ; extra fine. 1s. 6d.
- CLEMENTINE, a first-rate hybrid variety, producing medium sized flowers of a rich lemon yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- CRIMSON PERFECTION, a most desirable and effective variety, with beautiful bright crimson flowers ; one of the richest and best colours in the Pompon section. 3s. 6d.
- DANAE, bright gold, very dwarf, abundant bloomer and fine for specimens. 1s.
- DIOGÈNE, a beautifully imbricated flower of a showy amaranth colour. 1s. 6d.
- DRIN DRIN, clear yellow ; very fine. 1s.
- ERNEST BENARY, an extremely full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose ; very dwarf and free. 1s. 6d.
- FABIOLA, a very dwarf-habited variety, freely producing large corymbs of pretty lilac flowers with fine broad florets. 1s. 6d.
- FAIREST OF THE FAIR, lilac blush, with silvery tips, dwarf habit and very fine. 1s.
- FAIRY, lemon, with dark orange border. 1s.
- FLORENCE, dark cherry, very fine ; a most attractive colour, and abundant bloomer. 1s.
- GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT, pure yellow ; very fine for specimens. 1s.
- GOLDEN CIRCLE, bright golden orange, of dwarf habit and fine for specimen plants. 1s.
- HECLA, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour. 2s. 6d.
- HÉLÈNE, fine rosy violet. 1s.
- IDA, pale clear yellow ; very fine. 1s.
- IRIS, white, tipped with bright pink, double and of fine form. 1s.
- JASON, bright clear amaranth ; a beautifully formed medium-sized hybrid flower, distinct and attractive ; of dwarf habit and very free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- JULIA ENGELBACK, yellow and brown points, very distinct and fine. 1s.
- LA FOUUDRE, a fine full flower of a dark fiery red colour, somewhat of the form of a Ranunculus. 1s. 6d.
- LA RENONCULE, rosy carmine, tipped with gold ; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.
- LA VOGUE, bright gold ; fine. 1s.
- LEONORA, a novel and effective variety, with prettily fringed flowers of a rich yellow colour, tipped with purple. 2s. 6d.
- LE PARNASSE, clear violet ; an extremely effective flower. 1s. 6d.
- LITTLE BEAUTY, white, bordered with delicate rose pink ; very full and fine. 1s.
- LITTLE KATE, blush, with primrose centre, fine form and compact habit. 1s.
- LIZZIE HOLMES, canary yellow, with rosy tint, of exquisite form, free and dwarf. 1s.
- LUCIEN CABOCHE, light rose pink, new colour and fine. 1s.
- LUCINDA, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine. 1s.
- LUCRÈCE, a splendid variety producing finely-formed fimbriated flowers of a very brilliant orange colour shaded with reddish brown. 1s. 6d.
- MADAME DE VATRY, rose lilac and white. 1s.
- MADAME EUGÈNE DOMAGE, pure white, very fine. 1s.
- MADAME FERRAND, clear rosy lilac, all the florets finely embroidered with pure white, flower medium, reflexed ; a very fine variety. 1s.
- MADAME RIVAL VERNE, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing fine trusses of full well-formed creamy white flowers, with golden centre ; excellent for bedding. 1s. 6d.
- MADMOISELLE MARTHE, pure white, good well-formed flowers ; a most useful and desirable variety. 1s.
- MADMOISELLE OPOIX, a semi-double flower of a very bright yellow colour ; dwarf, free and well adapted for bedding. 1s. 6d.

POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- MARC AURÈLE**, a variety of dwarf growth, producing a profusion of purple flowers, all the florets of which are tipped with gold. 1s. 6d.
- MIRANDA**, bright rose fringed, extra fine and very distinct, with the odour of violets. 1s.
- MR. VAN HOUTTE**, very fine chestnut, almost a ball. 1s.
- MRS. CAMPBELL**, white bordered with cherry, fine. 1s.
- MRS. DIX**, blush, bordered with rose, full size; very double; the finest flower of this colour. 1s.
- M. ULRICH**, a very fine full flower, of a reddish amaranth colour tipped with white. 1s. 6d.
- MUSTAPHA**, dark brown crimson, very free. 1s.
- OLIVAR**, a fine hybrid, extremely dwarf and floriferous; clear light brown flowers of excellent form; very distinct and pretty. 2s. 6d.
- PABLO**, fine flowers, excessively full and beautifully fringed; rose colour slightly tinged with purple; very showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- PETICLES**, rich purple bordered with golden yellow; extra fine. 2s. 6d.
- PETIT MIGNON**, a very pretty little flower, with fimbriated florets of a dark mauve colour, tipped with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- POLYCARP**, this variety produces medium-sized flowers of a light rosy peach colour, prettily fringed. 2s. 6d.
- PRÉCOCITÉ**, a remarkably free-flowering variety, producing its pretty light yellow flowers in the utmost profusion. 1s. 6d.
- PRÉSIDENT DECAISNE**, rosy carmine, fine violet scented. 1s.
- PRINCE VICTOR**, dark red maroon, double and fine. 1s.
- PROSERPINE**, a very dwarf variety of a bright yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- PYGMIE**, bright gold, very double and of dwarf habit; a most curious little Lilliputian, and the smallest Chrysanthemum ever seen. 1s.
- RAJAH**, a very floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized flowers of a bright rose colour. 1s. 6d.
- ROSE D'AMOUR**, clear rose, full size, very fine and free and of dwarf habit. 1s.
- ROSE TREVENNA**, rosy blush, extra fine. 1s.
- ROSINA**, an extremely pretty flower of a beautiful pink colour, the back of the florets bright carmine. 2s. 6d.
- SAINTE JUSTIA**, red and orange, fine. 1s.
- SAINTE MICHAEL**, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit. 1s.
- SALAMON**, dark rose carmine, very free and fine. 1s.
- SINDBAD**, bronzed rosy purple, very double and fine form. 1s.
- THE COUNTESS**, blush, tinted lilac; a beautiful little Pompon, flowering in compact bouquets. 1s.
- THERMOS**, a very pretty variety, producing extremely double flowers of a bronzy cinnamon colour, shaded with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- TIMOUR**, medium-sized flowers, of a rich canary yellow colour, tipped and shaded with rosy purple; the plant is of dwarf habit and exceedingly free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- TROPHÉE**, rose mottled, fine. 1s.
- URANIE**, amaranth, pencilled white, very fine. 1s.
- WHITE TREVENNA**, a fine white sport of the well-known *Rose Trevenna*, so highly prized for its exquisitely formed flowers. 1s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON.

- CALLIOPE**, bright ruby red, with full high centre, very fine. 1s.
- CEDO NULLI**, hybrid, white, with brown points. 1s.
- EUGÈNE LAUJAULET**, hybrid, yellow with orange centre, fine. 1s.
- FIREFLY**, bright capucin scarlet with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour. 1s.
- GRACE DARLING**, fine lilac with blush centre. 1s.
- LILAC CEDO NULLI**, rose lilac, fine for specimens. 1s.
- MADAME MONTELS**, hybrid, white with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful. 1s.
- MARIE STUART**, lilac blush with high sulphur centre; very fine. 1s.
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- MR. ASTIE**, golden yellow, dwarf and splendid form. 1s.
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NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

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BOUVARDIA ALBA ODORATA.

A very fragrant variety, the flowers, which have a long tube, are white, and of great substance, the plant lasts a long time in bloom. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA BICOLOR.

A very pretty and distinct summer-flowering hybrid; the flowers have a purple tube tinted with blue, and delicately mottled flesh-coloured lobes, tipped with white. 2s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA CANDIDISSIMA.

One of the finest of the white-flowered group, of neat, open, shrub-like habit. Its peculiar divergent stylo of growth displays its numerous terminal corymbs of pure white tube-shaped blossoms to great advantage. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA HUMBOLDTII CORYMBIFLORA.

This splendid hybrid is a great improvement on *B. Humboldtii*, for instead of one solitary flower on each branch as in that variety, it produces ample thyse-like corymbs of large fine snow white flowers, which are exquisitely scented, similar to orange blossoms. 2s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA.

A distinct hybrid variety, of similarly free vigorous growth to *B. jasminoides*, and flowers half as large again. It is very floriferous, producing compact thyse-like corymbs of large pure white tube-like blossoms, which are delightfully fragrant. 2s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA LONGIFLORA FLAMMEA.

This beautiful variety is an improved type of *B. longiflora*. The tube of the flower is rosy blush, forming a very elegant contrast with the broad, well-expanded, starry, bright salmon-coloured lobes. The blossoms are deliciously fragrant. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA MAIDEN BLUSH.

This desirable variety is of neat habit and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are of a bright blush pink colour; very distinct and effective. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA MULTIFLORA.

A remarkably neat-growing species, of dwarf, compact, much branched habit, freely producing numerous violet-coloured flower-tubes, tipped with white. It is extremely distinct and effective. 2s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA ORIFLAMME.

An exceedingly attractive variety, producing flowers of a rich vermilion scarlet colour. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA QUEEN OF ROSES.

A pretty variety, producing large clusters of bright rosy pink fragrant blossoms. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA ALBA.

A handsome hybrid, intermediate between *B. Hogarth* and *B. jasminoides*, of free well-branched habit. The flowers are produced in terminal and axillary compact clusters, the terminal ones much larger; the flower-tubes cream-tinted, with broad pure white lobes. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA CARNEA.

The flowers of this variety are very fragrant, clear cream white, changing to a delicate rosy blush colour. 1s. 6d.

BOUVARDIA VREELANDII.

A beautiful variety, somewhat similar to *B. Hogarth* in habit and form, but of the purest white colour. The flowers are of excellent substance and stand well, thus rendering the plant invaluable for decorative purposes. It is an admirable plant for winter blooming. 1s.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

An effective plant for sub-tropical gardening. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

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These striking foliage plants, so effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping, 12s., 18s., and 30s. per dozen.

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The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, whether for bedding or for decoration, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well-known; they are easily grown and make fine specimens in a short time. Price 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen. New varieties, 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA.

A free-growing and effective bedding plant, differing from the *C. Baueriana variegata* in having central instead of marginal variegation. The leaves are ovate and bluntly rounded, and they have a smooth surface of pale green, marked with blotches of pale yellow and creamy white, spreading out from the mid-rib on one or both sides, and assuming a variety of grotesque forms. 7s. 6d.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

This is a very useful variegated-leaved bedding plant, and for border or ribbon planting is extremely effective; indeed, it is one of the most attractive and useful of summer bedding plants.

It has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, this marginal portion being creamy yellow in a young state, which diversity adds much to the beauty of the plant. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

CUPHEA MINIATA IGNEA.

An attractive variety, freely producing its pretty flowers, which are of a bright red colour, slightly marked with violet in the upper segments and have a light centre. 5s.

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Choice Exhibition Varieties, 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy flowers, 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

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DELPHINIUMS.

These handsome-flowered perennials are extremely showy and effective; and from the various shades of blue to be met with in their fine spikes of blossom, they are one of the most attractive features in a garden. 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

ECHEVERIA CARINATA.

A fine greenhouse succulent of hybrid origin, obtained by crossing *E. metallica* and *E. atropurpurea*. It has leaves of the purpuraceous glaucous hue of those of *E. metallica*, but they are longer and ovate in outline, and are folded so as to be deeply channelled or keeled—whence the name. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ECHEVERIA ATROPURPUREA , 1s. 6d.	ECHEVERIA CLAVIFOLIA , 5s.
and 2s. 6d.	,, ERECTA , 5s.
,, CÆRULESCENS , 2s. 6d.	,, FERREA , 5s.
and 3s. 6d.	,, GRANDISEPALA , 7s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA GLAUCO-METALLICA.

A very distinct and fine hybrid between *E. secunda glauca* and *E. metallica*; the leaves are nearly as large as in *E. metallica* and intermediate in colour between the parents, having the deep glaucous hue of the former, with the bronzy tint of the latter. The plants, which are stemless, are formed of rosette tufts of leaves, similar to those of *E. secunda glauca*, but much larger. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ECHEVERIA IMBRICATA.

An extremely attractive hybrid between *E. secunda glauca* and *E. metallica*, with numerous compact large orbicular leaves, perfectly imbricated; the young central glaucous foliage has a bright metallic rose hue, and afterwards becomes tinged with bronze. 5s.

ECHEVERIA LUTEO-GIGANTEA , 3s. 6d.	ECHEVERIA MUTABILIS , 5s.
,, METALLICA , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	,, OVATA , 5s.
ECHEVERIA PRUINOSA , 3s. 6d.	

ECHEVERIA PEACOCKII (DE SMETIANA).

A magnificent variety of remarkably dwarf and compact growth. The leaves are short and thick, and of a bluish white colour. The beautiful orange flowers are produced on one side of the stem; extremely distinct and effective. 5s.

EACHEVERIA RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS.

An exceedingly useful and effective winter and spring blooming variety, of compact growth, with neat glaucous green foliage. It is very free flowering, producing from twenty-five to thirty blossoms on a stem. The flowers are of a rich red colour, with brilliant yellow centre. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

EACHEVERIA RETUSA GLAUCA.

A distinct hybrid between *E. retusa* and *E. secunda glauca*; the plants, which are stemless, form neat tufts and produce freely, for many months in succession, stout flower stems about 18 inches high, surmounted with corymbs of bright red flowers having yellow centres. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

EACHEVERIA ROSEO-PICTA, 7s. 6d.

„ **SCAPHYLLA**, 5s.

„ **SECUNDA**, 9d. each; 6s. per doz.

„ „ **GLAUCA**, 9d. each;

6s. per doz.

EACHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA MAJOR, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

„ **SPATHULATA**, 5s.

HUMEA ELEGANS, 1s., 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

LANTANAS, of sorts, 9s., 12s. and 18s. per doz.

HELIOTROPE IMPERIAL.

An excellent variety of good habit and free growth, producing large corymbs of dark blue flowers with light centre; one of the best of Heliotropes. 3s. 6d.

HELIOTROPE MARIE BOPPE.

A fine variety, producing corymbs of large flowers of a lilac colour on a white ground. 2s. 6d.

HELIOTROPE OTHELLO.

Flowers of a dark blue colour, and borne in immense corymbs on stiff stalks; foliage very dark. 2s. 6d.

LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and ribbon borders.

ANNETTE, lilac, with white eye prettily spotted with lilac. 1s. 6d.

BLUE BONNET, bright blue, with white centre, spotted with dark blue. 1s. 6d.

CELESTIAL, celestial blue, with white centre, attractively spotted with indigo blue. 1s. 6d.

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH, pure white flowers. 1s. and 1s. 6d.

IMPERIAL, a splendid variety, of a lovely turquoise blue colour with clean attractive white centre; of close compact habit. 1s. 6d.

MAGNIFICA, a dwarf bedding variety, of the *pumila* section; admirably effective for masses; the flowers are of a deep indigo blue colour. 1s. and 1s. 6d.

OMEN, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 2s. 6d.

PUMILA FLORE-PLENO, this splendid variety produces in the greatest profusion fine large double flowers of a beautiful blue colour. 1s. and 1s. 6d.

SERENA, pure white, with upper lobes and tube light blue. 1s. 6d.

VIOLETTA, charming light blue, with white eye; a fine large flower, very pretty. 1s. 6d.

HERBACEOUS LOBELIAS.

MARVEL, puce, with light centre; an exceedingly attractive and well-formed flower. 3s. 6d.

RINGLEADER, light purple, a very pretty colour; free grower. 1s. 6d.

SYPHILITICA GRANDIFLORA, very light pink, with white eye; a pretty flower. 1s. 6d.

MIMULUS.

The new and improved varieties of this showy flower are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur and yellow grounds; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

MIMULUS MOSCHATUS HARRISONI.

This extremely useful novelty is a hybrid between the large spotted *Mimulus* and the *Giant Musk*. The flowers are as large as those of the former, with the rich golden yellow colour and delicate odour of the latter, and are attractively spotted with rich brown on the lower segments. The foliage has the same agreeable fragrance as the *Old Musk*. It is of easy culture and produces a profusion of bloom from March until December. 5s. each; 48s. per dozen.

NIEREMBERGIA RIVULARIS, 1s. 6d.

| **PELARGONIUMS**, *vide* Index.

PENTSTEMONS.

As an attractive and decorative plant, either for flower beds or borders, the modern varieties of *Pentstemon* have scarcely any rival, their cultivation being of the easiest description, while they are suitable to almost any soil and their large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

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Choice selections of double-flowered kinds, including blotched, fringed and variegated varieties, 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.
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NEW STRIPED PHLOX, CROIX D'HONNEUR.

An extremely attractive variety, giving immense spikes of large well-formed flowers of a beautiful rosy mauve colour; each petal being distinctly and effectively margined with white. 2s. 6d.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

PRATIA ANGULATA.

A dwarf herbaceous perennial, with slender glabrous stems furnished with small roundish angulately-toothed leaves, and comparatively large pale blue flowers, which in some forms have a short and in others a long peduncle. It is a very variable species, and is sometimes called *Lobelia littoralis*. In New Zealand, its native country, it is abundant in watery places and on moist banks, sometimes reaching on the Southern Alps an elevation of 5,000 feet. 3s. 6d.

SALVIA GRAHAMI PURPURATA, 1s.

SALVIA HEERII, 1s.

| SALVIA VERSCHAFFELTII, 1s.

SALVIA NIGRESCENS.

An herbaceous species discovered in Bolivia by Mr. Roezl. It has oblong cordiform leaves, which are whitish above and woolly underneath, and have a strong aromatic odour. The flowers are produced in very long drooping bunches, and are of a dark violet colour with lavender blue calyx. 1s. 6d.

SALVIA SCHIMPERI.

A distinct species from the mountains of Abyssinia. It has stout pubescent stems, bearing thick ovate-lanceolate leaves, clothed on both surfaces, especially beneath, with white woolly hairs. Its pure white flowers grow in a twiggy branched panicle, and are subtended by broad floral leaves or bracts. 3s. 6d.

SEMPERVIVUM CHRYSANTHUM.

A useful and attractive succulent, of branching shrubby habit. The stems are as thick as one's finger, and terminate in flattened rosulate heads of spatulate acute leaves, 3 to 4 inches long, of a pale glossy green colour, and finely ciliated at the margin. The plants form a branched conical mass about a foot and a half high and as much through, and produce spikes of pale yellow flowers. 2s. 6d.

SEMPERVIVUM	ARACHNOIDEUM, 9d.	SEMPERVIVUM	GLOBIFERUM, 9d.
"	ARBOREUM, 1s.	"	GLUTINOSUM, 3s. 6d.
"	" ATRO-	"	HAWORTHII, 1s.
"	PURPUREUM, 2s. 6d.	"	HIRTUM, 9d.
"	CALCAREUM (CALI-	"	PITTONI, 9d.
"	FORNICUM), 9d. & 1s.	"	SPECIOSUM, 2s. 6d.
"	CILIATUM, 1s. 6d.	"	TECTORUM, 9d.

STENOTAPHRUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM.

A curious and ornamental grass, introduced from New South Wales, and well adapted for a greenhouse basket plant, since it has freely creeping stoloniferous stems, which rapidly spread over the surface of the ground, rooting at every node. The shoots are compressed, and the blades spreading, freely striped with creamy white, the flattened sheathing bases being also striped in the same way. It is remarkably distinct, and grows well out of doors during summer. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

VERBENAS.

CHOICE KINDS, for bedding and pot culture, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

VERONICA CHAMÆDRYS AUREA.

A golden-leaved form of this pretty plant, which for garden decorative purposes will be an acquisition. 2s. 6d.

WIGANDIA CARACASANA, 3s. 6d.

| WIGANDIA MEXICANA, 3s. 6d.

The following are a few of the Specimens in Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Winter Garden and other Plant Houses.

Mr. W. B. has a large stock of smaller sizes of most of the plants quoted, as also of many others. Sizes and prices can be had on application.

AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA, fine specimen plants, 4 and 6 guineas each	CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI, about 9 ft. high, and spreading 8 to 9 ft.; circumference of trunk at base about 2 ft. 3 in. 50 guineas
ALSOPHILA LEICHARDTIANA, <i>vide</i> page 123.	„ HUMILIS, trunk about 3 ft. 4 in. high, head about 2½ ft. high. 8 guineas
ARAUCARIA CUNNINGHAMII, about 3 ft. high. 3 guineas	„ HUMILIS, trunk about 3½ ft. high and about 2 ft. in circumference, head about 3½ ft. high. 50 guineas
„ EXCELSA, about 3 ft. 6 in. high. 3 guineas	„ HUMILIS ELEGANS, about 3 ft. high. 8 guineas
„ EXCELSA, about 6 ft. high. 6 guineas	„ HUMILIS ELEGANS, about 3½ ft. high. 10 guineas
„ EXCELSA, about 9 ft. 6 in. high. 15 guineas	CORYPHA AUSTRALIS, 2 to 2½ ft. high. 3 guineas each
ARECA BAUERI, about 4 ft. 6 in. high. 6 guineas	„ AUSTRALIS, 2½ to 3 ft. high. 4 guineas each
CAMELLIA ALBA PLENA, about 8 ft. high. 18 guineas	„ AUSTRALIS, 3 to 3½ ft. high. 5 guineas each
„ BORSIG, about 5 ft. 6 in. high. 3 guineas	CYATHEA BURKEI, <i>vide</i> page 124.
„ DUC DE MORNAY, about 4 ft. high. 4 guineas	„ DEALBATA, <i>vide</i> pages 122 to 124.
„ ESMERALDA, about 7 ft. high. 9 guineas	„ DREGEL, <i>vide</i> page 124.
„ FERRANDI, about 3 ft. 6 in. high. 3½ guineas	„ SMITHII, <i>vide</i> pages 122 and 124.
„ GÉNÉRAL DROUOT, about 3 ft. high. 2½ guineas	CYCAS MEDIA, trunks of various sizes, ranging from 1 to 13 ft. high, from 5 to 25 guineas each
„ IMBRICATA, about 5 ft. 6 in. high. 10 guineas	„ REVOLUTA, trunks about 1 ft. 9 in. high. 7, 8, and 9 guineas each
„ MADAME DE STREKALOFF, about 3 ft. 4 in. high. 2 guineas	„ REVOLUTA, trunks about 2 ft. high. 10 and 12 guineas each
„ MARCHIONESS OF EXETER about 9 ft. high. 9 guineas	„ REVOLUTA, trunk about 5½ ft. high. probably the finest specimen in Europe. 40 guineas
„ MATHOTIANA, about 7 ft. high. 9 guineas	DÆMONOROPS MELANOCHÆTES, 3 to 4 ft. high. 3 to 4 guineas each
„ MONARCH, about 6 ft. 6 in. high. 6 guineas	DICKSONIA ANTAROTICA, <i>vide</i> pages 121 to 123.
CHAMÆDORÆA ERNESTI AUGUSTI, about 5 ft. 6 in. high. 6 guineas	„ SQUARROSA, <i>vide</i> page 123.
CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI (EXCELSA), 2½ to 3 ft. high. 4 guineas each	DION EDULE, handsome specimens, 4, 5, 8, and 10 guineas each
„ FORTUNEI, 3 to 4 ft. high. 5 guineas each	„ EDULE, a magnificent specimen; trunk about 3 ft. 3 in. high. 25 guineas
„ FORTUNEI, 4 to 4½ ft. high. 6 guineas each	DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS, 3 to 4 ft. high. 2 to 3 guineas each
„ FORTUNEI, 5 to 6 ft. high. 8 guineas each	„ AUSTRALIS ELEGANS, about 5 ft. high. 6 guineas
„ FORTUNEI, about 6 ft. high. 10 guineas each	„ AUSTRALIS LINEATA, 3 to 4 ft. high. 3 to 4 guineas each
„ FORTUNEI, 6 to 7 ft. high, a handsome plant. 15 guineas	„ AUSTRALIS LINEATA, 4 to 5 ft. high. 5 guineas each
„ FORTUNEI, about 7 ft. high, and spreading about 8 ft.; circumference of trunk at base about 2 ft. 25 guineas	

SPECIMEN PLANTS—Continued.

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 „ **VROOMII**, trunk about 2½ feet high; fronds about 4½ feet long. 25 guineas
 „ **VROOMII**, trunk about 4½ feet high; fronds about 4 feet long. 40 guineas
EUTERPE EDULIS, about 5 feet high. 6 guineas each
FERNS, TREE, *vide* pages 121 to 124.
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 „ **PUMILA**, about 5 feet high. 6 guineas each
 „ **PUMILA**, about 6½ feet high. 10 guineas each
 „ **SCHOTTIANA**, about 4 ft. high. 5 guineas
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 „ **ROSEA**, fine plants. 3, 4, 6 & 8 guineas each.
LATANIA BORBONICA, 2½ to 3 feet high. 3 guineas each
 „ **BORBONICA**, 3 to 3½ feet high. 4 guineas each
 „ **BORBONICA**, 3½ to 4 feet high. 5, 6 and 7 guineas each
 „ **BORBONICA**, 4 to 5 feet high. 8 and 10 guineas each
LATANIA BORBONICA, about 4, 5 and 6 ft. high, and spreading 6 to 7 ft. 10 and 12 guineas each
 „ **BORBONICA**, a magnificent specimen, about 5 ft. high and spreading 6 to 8 ft. 15 guineas
 „ **BORBONICA**, a magnificent specimen, about 6 ft. high, and spreading 8 to 10 ft. 18 guineas
MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS, trunk about 1 ft. high and about 3 ft. in circumference. 4, 5 and 6 guineas each
 „ **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 ft. high and about 3½ feet in circumference. 7 and 8 guineas each
 „ **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 ft. 3 in. high and about 4 feet in circumference. 10 guineas each
MUSA ENSETE, fine plants. 2, 3 and 4 guineas each
PALMS, *vide* pages 131 to 141.
PANDANUS VEITCHII, about 2½ feet high, and spreading about 1 ft. 5 guineas
 „ **VEITCHII**, about 3 feet 3 in. high, and spreading about 5 ft. 7 guineas
PHOENIX HUMILIS, about 6 ft. high and spreading about 9 ft. 15 guineas
PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, fine specimens. 4, 5 & 6 guineas each
 „ **COLENSOI VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10 and 15 guineas each
 „ **TENAX VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 4, 5, 6 and 8 guineas each
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 „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, 3 to 3½ ft. high. 4 guineas each
 „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, 4 to 5 ft. high. 5 and 6 guineas each
 „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 5 ft. high. 7 guineas each
 „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, 5 to 6 ft. high. 8 to 10 guineas each
 „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, a magnificent plant, about 9 ft. high. 20 guineas
SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* *Ptychosperma Cunninghamii*.
TREE FERNS, *vide* pages 121 to 124.
YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 1 to 1½ ft. high. 2 and 3 guineas each

Mr. W. BULL has a staff of thoroughly experienced packers, so that plants of any size or in full bloom can be safely sent any distance without the least injury.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUM, "DUCHESS OF BEDFORD."

One of the most useful and charming of this highly decorative section of Pelargoniums. Its blossoms are of the purest white, prettily fringed, with feathered spot of delicate rose in the upper petals. Its habit is dwarf and compact, and the flowers are produced with the greatest redundancy. Added to other qualities, this is one of the best of the early-blooming varieties, and from the chaste beauty of its blossoms is invaluable where cut flowers are required. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. Price 10s. 6d. each.

ROSES.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to supply choico selections of Roses at the following Prices :—

	PER DOZEN.
NEW VARIETIES	42s.
SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS, in fine varieties.	18s., 24s. & 30s.
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TEA-SCENTED, in pots	18s., 24s. & 30s.
HYBRID PERPETUALS, finest varieties, in pots	18s., 24s. & 30s.

*Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing, at
3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.*

CHOICE GLADIOLUS.

This beautiful tribe of plants should be largely planted overywhere, because :—

They are perfectly hardy and easily grown.

They are gorgeously beautiful.

Their handsome spikes of flowers are useful for cutting.

Their flower buds expand and last a long time when cut and placed in water.

They are effective for conservatory decoration when planted in pots.

They are charming when introduced into borders among Evergreens.

Planted by hundreds among Rhododendrons, they brighten and enliven the beds during the summer and autumn months; inexpensive kinds can be supplied for this purpose.

Gladiolus spikes are invaluable for decorating vases and epergnes.

Gladiolus flowers have so many recommendations, that

Scarcely too much can be said in their favour.

Orders for the above are booked throughout the year at the following prices, and the bulbs supplied in January, February or March.

1	Assortment of 12 Fine varieties, by name	6s. and 0 9 0
2	„ 12 Choice varieties, by name	0 12 0
3	„ 12 Extra choice varieties, by name	0 18 0
4	„ 12 New and extra choice varieties, by name	1 10 0
5	„ 25 Extra choice varieties, by name	1 5 0
6	„ 50 Extra choice varieties, by name	2 10 0
7	„ 25 New and extra choice varieties, by name	2 10 0
8	„ 50 New and extra choice varieties, by name	5 0 0

SYMPHYTUM ASPERRIMUM, OR CAUCASIAN PRICKLY COMFREY.

Roots of this excellent forage plant are supplied in cases at Five Guineas each ; and in cases containing half the quantity at Three Pounds each.

A case of roots when started and sub-divided will plant nearly a quarter of an acre.

The roots should, on arrival, when taken from the case, be planted and kept shaded and damp until the leaves appear, and the fibres get hold of the ground. The roots may then be sub-divided, and the smallest pieces will germinate. There should be 3 feet left between each set in planting.

It is perennial, and the plants spread in size of crown each time they are cut, and the forage may be taken all the year round. It is advisable not to cut the fodder too near the roots—say 3 inches up. The yield is largest if cut just before the flower opens. It likes clay, loam, or moist boggy places, and the roots will tap down 8 feet in open soil to moisture.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SEED CATALOGUE,

Published in January, contains descriptions and prices of all the most desirable novelties in Flower Seeds, saved from extra fine carefully selected stocks, including the following :—

Astere	Cinerarias	Pansies	Portulacas
Baleams	Coleue	Pelargoniums	Primulae
Begoniae, handsome-flowered	Cyclamene	Petuniae	Stocks
Calceolarias	Fucheias	Phlox	Wallflowers
Carnatione	Hollyhocke	Picotee	Zinnias, double-flowered
Chinees Primulas	Lobelias	Pinks	&c., &c.
	Marigolds	Polyanthue	

Also Ornamental-foliaged Plants, so much used now for sub-tropical gardening.

Descriptions and prices of the best and most popular seeds that can be offered for the Kitchen Garden, Farm, Flower Garden, Conservatory, &c., &c.

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Published in September, contains selected descriptive priced lists of all the best Dutch, English and various other Flower Roots, including Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocns, Narcissi, Liliums, &c., &c.

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Plants, Seeds, &c., for transmission abroad, selected and packed with the greatest possible care in Bull's Patent Plant Cases or close boxes, according to the nature of the goods, and despatched by the best Routes, Mail Steamers, Clipper Ships and Railways, to any part of the world.

A remittance must accompany all Foreign Orders.

EXPORTING.

Mr. W. B. is continually receiving the most gratifying accounts of the excellent condition in which both the plant and seed orders entrusted to him reach their destinations and the satisfaction given by the selections made.

Post-Office Orders to be made payable at KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, S.W.

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WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY ABOUT TO FURNISH
CONSERVATORIES TO AN INSPECTION OF THE

MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

IN HIS

WINTER GARDEN,

SOME OF WHICH ARE THE MOST HANDSOME IN EUROPE;

THEY COMPRISE

VARIEGATED ALOES AND YUCCAS
UNIQUE MACROZAMIAS AND ENCEPHALARTOS
NOBLE PALMS AND MUSAS
BEAUTIFUL CAMELLIAS AND LAPAGERIAS
CURIOUS CYCAS AND AGAVES
PICTURESQUE PHORMIUMS AND DRACÆNAS,

AND

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK IN EUROPE

OF

TREE FERNS,

Well established, with handsome and graceful heads.

THE COLLECTION OF

CYCADACEOUS PLANTS

IS UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT, AND IN THE SIZE AND BEAUTY OF THE SPECIMENS.

Amateurs having plants that have grown too large for their Greenhouses or Conservatories, can have them exchanged for New and Rare Plants, on application to Mr. WILLIAM BULL, who will also be happy to take any duplicates or large plants of the older sorts of Orchids in exchange for small plants of the newer kinds, or other New Plants.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS;
KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.



PRIZE CUP,

Specially designed by Messrs. ELKINGTON & Co., to be awarded for Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S
New Introductions, vide pages 168 to 171.

PRIZES FOR NEW PLANTS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL, having offered, through the Royal Horticultural Society,
ONE THOUSAND POUNDS

for New Plants of his own introduction, begs to announce the fifth annual series of Prizes, as follows :—

TWELVE SILVER CUPS

will be given at the Great Summer Show, to be held at Kensington, on the
 19th of June, 1877, viz. :—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

SILVER CUPS

and MONEY PRIZES, as follows, will be given to those not having previously won any of Mr. WILLIAM BULL's Silver Cups :—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas & £10.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas & £7.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas & £5.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas & £10.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas & £7.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas & £5.

In each and all cases the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. BULL's introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1874. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. BULL's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can be easily referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the Twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one prize at a time in each class.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan or vase.

A SERIES OF TWELVE SILVER CUPS

will be given at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, viz. :—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

SILVER CUPS

and MONEY PRIZES, as follows, will be given to those not having previously won any of Mr. WILLIAM BULL's Silver Cups :—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas & £10.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas & £7.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas & £5.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas & £10.
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- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas & £5.

In each and all cases the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. BULL's introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1874. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. BULL's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can be easily referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the Twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one prize at a time in each class.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan or vase.

For Plants available for the above Cups, vide pages 170 and 171.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will also give the following prizes this year, for 12 New Plants of his introduction, sent out since the commencement of 1874.

FOUR SILVER CUPS

As follows, will be given at the Grand Summer Exhibition of the Glasgow and West of Scotland Horticultural Society, to be held in the Crystal Palace Conservatory, Royal Botanic Gardens,

GLASGOW.

On the 23rd of May, 1877.

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- | | | |
|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 1st Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas. |
| 2nd Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas. |

FOR NURSERYMEN.

- | | | |
|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 1st Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas. |
| 2nd Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas. |

The above Prizes are confined to growers in Scotland.

THREE SILVER CUPS

As follows, will be given at the Great International Horticultural Exhibition to be held at

CARLISLE.

On the 6th, 7th and 8th of September, 1877.

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- | | | |
|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 1st Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas. |
| 2nd Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas. |
| 3rd Prize | . . . | A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas. |

In each and all cases, the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. BULL's introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1874. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. BULL's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can easily be referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one Prize at a time.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan or vase.

For Plants available for the above Cups, vide pages 170 and 171.

Any exhibitor winning either of the foregoing Prizes, and having previously won two of Mr. William Bull's Silver Cups, can have Money instead of the Cup, if preferred.

LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR EXHIBITION

FOR MR. WILLIAM BULL'S SILVER CUPS.

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NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1874.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM	DRACÆNA NIGRO-STRIATA	MARANTA CONGINNA
ALBUM	— PICTA	MARTINEZIA GRANATENSIS
BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS	— PRINCEPS	MEDINILLA AMABILIS
BIGNONIA AURANTIACA	DYCKIA LEMAIREANA	NOTONIA GRANDIFLOEA
BILBERGIA SAUNDERSII	ENCEPHALARTOS VILLOSUS AM- PLIATUS	PELILANTHIUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS
BORONIA MEGASTIGMA	ERANTHEMUM MARMORATUM	— — — CUCULLATUS
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM	ERYTHRINA PARCELII	PELARGONIUM QUEEN VICTORIA
COFFEA LIBERICA	GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO	PHYLLOTENIUM MIRABILE
CROTON MAJESTICUS	GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA	PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI
— SPIRALIS	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KER- MESINUS	PLEOGNEMIA LEUZEANA
— VOLUTUS	HIPPEASTRUM VITTATUM HAR- RISONIE	PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA
CYCAS MEDIA	IRIS KOROLKOWII	SPATHIOPHYLLUM PICTUM
DIOSCOREA ARGYREA	MACROZAMIA CYLINDRICA	STENOTAPHIUM GLABRUM VA- RIEGATUM
DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA	— PLUMOSA	STAUDNERA DISCOLOR
DRACÆNA ALBO-ROSEA		TILLANDSIA MUSAICA.
— FORMOSA		
— GRANDIS		
— ILLUSTRIS		

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1875.

ACALYPHA MARGINATA	CURMERIA ROEZLII	MARANTA PINNATO-PICTA
ALOCASIA ROEZLII	CYCAS NORMANBYANA	— PORPHYROCAULIS
— — — COSTATA	DEMONOROPS ORNATUS	— PRASINA
ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM	DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA	MARTINEZIA LEUCOPHYEUS
ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA	DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS	MASDEVALLIA MACRURA
ARISEMA SPECIOSUM HOOK- ERIANUM	DRACÆNA GEMMA	ONCIDIUM BALDERRAME
ARTOCARPUS CANNONI	— RUBELLA	— CARDERI
ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM	ERANTHEMUM ATROPURPUREUM	— PLAGIANTHUM
— FILARE	— MOOREI	— TETRACOTIS
AUCUBA JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA	— RETICULATUM	PALICOUREA ORNATA
BERTOLONIA SUPERBISSIMA	— VERSICOLOR	PANAX OBTUSUM
BILBERGIA CILOROSTICTA	GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYL- LUM	PAULLINIA OCEANICA
CATAKIDZAMIA HOPEI	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) VIVI- CANS	PELARGONIUM BEAUTY OF OXTON
CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM	LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VER- SICOLOR	PHALENOPSIS CASTA
COLOCASIA ARGYRONEURA	LILIUM BLOOMERIANUM OCEL- LATUM	— LEUCORRHODA
COVELLIA RHIZOCARPA	— TIGRINUM JUCUNDUM	RHEUM NOBILE
CRIINUM ORNATUM RUBRO-VIT- TATUM	MARANTA BELLA	— OFFICINALE
CROTON CHRYSOPHYLLUS	— INSCRIPTA	— PALMATUM TANGIUTICUM
— IMPERIALIS	— LEOPARDINA	SABAL CÆRULESCENS
— TRILOBUS		SCHÆLIA IMPERIALIS
		TODEA INTERMEDIA.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1876.

ACALYPHA TORTA	CROTON TRILOBUS ALBERTI	FICUS ROEZLII
ARALIA ARMATA	DISRAELI	GEONOMA CARDERI
— GRACILLIMA	— LORD CAIRNS	GRIFFINIA ORNATA
— MACULATA	— TRAVELLER	GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA
ASTROCARYUM GRANATENSE	DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) DRIL- LIANTISSIMUS
BATEMANIA WALLISII	— FLAVO-VIRENS	ISOLOMA MOLLIS
BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS	— ILLUSTRIS	IXORA REGINA
BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA	— LANCEOLA	MACROPYPER EXCELSUM AUREO- PICTUM
BRUGMANSIA COCCINEA	— MACULOSA	MECONOPSIS WALLICHII
CARUMBUM POLYANDRUM	— VITTATA	ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRIOSUM
CHAMÆDORA FORMOSA	DRACENA AMBOYNSIS	PESCAFORIA ROEZLII
COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTU- RATA	— AMENA	PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS
CROTON BISMARCKI	— COCCINEA	PITCAIRNIA PLATYPHYLLA
— CONCINNUS	— DECORA	POLYGONUM TOMENTOSUM
— CONTORTUS	— EBURNEA	PTERODISCUS SPECIOSUS
— MACAFEEANUS	— REX	RICHARDIA MELANOLEUCA
— MORTII	— ROSACEA	RONNBERGIA MORRENIANA
— PICTURATUS	— STELLA	TYPHONIUM BROWNII
— ROYAL PRINCE	— VIRGINALIS	VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA.
— SPLENDIDUS	ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR	
	EUCARIS CANDIDA	

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1877.

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA	DRACENA MINIATA	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COLLERII
ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA	— MIRABILIS	IRIS ROBINSONIANA
CHAMÆDORA EBURNEA	— NIVALIS	LOMARIA DALGAIRNSIE
COLEUS PICTUS	— ROBINSONIANA	MACROZAMIA MACKENZII
CROTON HENDERSONI	— ROSEO-PERFECTA	NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM
— REX	— RUBESCENS	PANAX LACINIATUM
CURMERIA WALLISII	— TRIUMPHANS	PELARGONIUM PRINCE OF WALES
CYCAS PLUMA	— VESTALIS	— PRINCESS OF WALES
CYPRIPEDIUM DRURYI	— VIVICANS	PHENIX RUMICOLA
DIEFFENBACHIA CHELSONI	DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES	PLECTRANTHUS FÆTIDUS
— VELUTINA	— ANNULATUM	SADLERIA CYATHEOIDES
DIPLADENIA ORNATA	— CARDERI	SMILAX SHUTTLEWORTHII
— REGINA	ENCEPHALARTOS HILDEBRANDII	STANHOPEA SHUTTLEWORTHII.
DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII	EUCALYPTUS CITRIDORA	
DRACENA AMPLIATA	GYMNORAMMA MERTENSII	
— CRUENTA	DOBROYDENSIS	

Nearly 50,000 Superficial Feet of Glass at Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S
Establishment filled with New and Rare Plants.

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PALM	118 to	— NILAGRICUM	60 &
PALM	118 to	— THIBAUDIENSE	60 &
PALM	118 to	RICHARDIA	60 &
PALM	118 to	— MELANOLEUCA	60 &
PALM	118 to	ROSE	95
PALM	118 to	ROSES	76 &
PALM	118 to	RUBUS DELICIOSUS	76 &
PALM	118 to	SABAL	76 &
PALM	118 to	SACCOLABUM	76 &
PALM	118 to	SADLERIA CYATHROIDES	76 &
PALM	118 to	SALVIA	76 &
PALM	118 to	SARRACENIA	76 &
PALM	118 to	— DRUMMONDII	76 &
PALM	118 to	SAXIFRAGA PECTATA	76 &
PALM	118 to	SCHERERIA IMPERIALIS	76 &
PALM	118 to	SEAFORTHIA	76 &
PALM	118 to	SELAGINELLA	76 &
PALM	118 to	SEMPERVIVUM	76 &
PALM	118 to	SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS	76 &
PALM	118 to	SHOW PELARGONIUMS	76 &
PALM	118 to	SILVUS, <i>vide</i> HARDY PLANTS.	76 &
PALM	118 to	SIBTHORPIA EUROPEA VARIEGATA	76 &
PALM	118 to	SILVER CUP PRIZES	76 to 1
PALM	118 to	SMILAX	7, 50 &
PALM	118 to	— SHUTTLEWORTHII	7, 50 &
PALM	118 to	SONERILA	7, 50 &
PALM	118 to	SOPHRONITES	7, 50 &
PALM	118 to	SPATHOPHYLLUM PICTUM	7, 50 &
PALM	118 to	SPECIMEN PLANTS	162, 163, &
PALM	118 to	SPIREA	162, 163, &
PALM	118 to	SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS	103 & 1
PALM	118 to	STADMANIA	103 & 1
PALM	118 to	STANGERIA	103 & 1
PALM	118 to	STANDHOPEA	7 &
PALM	118 to	STENOTAPHYRUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM	7 &
PALM	118 to	STOVE PLANTS	10 to 1
PALM	118 to	SYCAMORE TREE OF SCRIPTURE	39 &
PALM	118 to	SAMPHYTUM ASPERIMUM	39 &
PALM	118 to	SYNGONIUM	39 &
PALM	118 to	TACSONIA	52 &
PALM	118 to	THE DOVE FLOWER	52 &
PALM	118 to	— IRISH FERN	52 &
PALM	118 to	THIRINAX	52 &
PALM	118 to	TILLANDSIA	52 &
PALM	118 to	TODIA	129 & 1
PALM	118 to	TREE FERNS	121 to 1
PALM	118 to	TRICOLOR PELARGONIUMS	116 to 1
PALM	118 to	TROPICAL FRUITS	77 &
PALM	118 to	TYDIA	77 &
PALM	118 to	— MADAME HEINE	77 &
PALM	118 to	TYPHONIUM BROWNII	77 &
PALM	118 to	UPAS TREE	13 &
PALM	118 to	VANDA	13 &
PALM	118 to	VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS	116 to 1
PALM	118 to	VERONICA	67 & 1
PALM	118 to	VIBURNUM SIBOLDII	67 & 1
PALM	118 to	VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA	67 & 1
PALM	118 to	VITIS	52 &
PALM	118 to	VRIESTA	52 &
PALM	118 to	WREGLA	52 &
PALM	118 to	YUCCA	65, 76 & 1
PALM	118 to	ZAMIA	65, 76 & 1
PALM	118 to	ZONAL PELARGONIUMS	8 & 103 to 1

Particulars of Mr. William Bull's Silver Cups and Money Prizes for New Plants will be found at pages 167 to 171.