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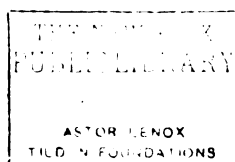
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**THE WORKS  
OF  
WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE  
VOL. VII**

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IN TEN VOLUMES

VOL. VII

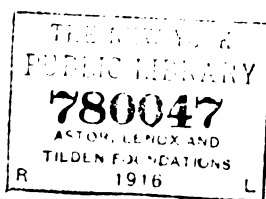


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## **TROILUS AND CRESSIDA.**



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BEFORE SOME COPIES OF THE 1609 QUARTO IS A  
BOOKSELLER'S PREFACE:—

*"A never writer to an ever reader:—News.*

Eternal reader, you have here a new play, never staled with the stage, never clapper-claw'd with the palms of the vulgar, and yet passing full of the palm comical; for it is a birth of your brain that never undertook any thing comical vainly: and were but the vain names of comedies changed for the titles of commodities, or of plays for pleas, you should see all those grand censors, that now style them such vanities, flock to them for the main grace of their gravities; especially this author's comedies, that are so framed to the life, that they serve for the most common commentaries of all the actions of our lives, showing such a dexterity and power of wit, that the most displeas'd with plays are pleas'd with his comedies. And all such dull and heavy-witted worldlings as were never capable of the wit of a comedy, coming by report of them to his representations, have found that wit there that they never found in themselves, and have parted better-witted than they came; feeling an edge of wit set upon them, more than ever they dream'd they had brain to grind it on. So much and such savour'd salt of wit is in his comedies, that they seem, for their height of pleasure, to be born in that sea that brought forth Venus. Amongst all there is none more witty than this: and had I time, I would comment upon it, though I know it needs not,—for so much as will make you think your testern well bestow'd,—but for so much worth as even poor I know to be stuff in it. It deserves such a labour, as well as the best comedy in Terence or Plautus: and believe this, that when he is gone, and his comedies out of sale, you will scramble for them, and set up a new English inquisition. Take this for a warning, and, at the peril of your pleasure's loss and judgement's, refuse not nor like this the less for not being sullied with the smoky breath of the multitude; but thank fortune for the scape it hath made amongst you; since by the grand possessors' wills, I believe, you should have pray'd for them, rather than been pray'd. And so I leave all such to be pray'd for—for the states of their wits' healths—that will not praise it. *Vale.*"

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

PRIAM, *King of Troy.*

HECTOR,  
TROILUS,  
PARIS,  
DEIPHOBUS,  
HELENUS, } *his sons.*

MARGARELON, *a bastard son of Priam.*

ÆNEAS,  
ANTENOR, } *Trojan commanders.*

CALCHAS, *a Trojan priest, taking part with the Greeks.*

PANDARUS, *uncle to Cressida.*

AGAMEMNON, *the Grecian general.*

MENELAUS, *his brother.*

ACHILLES,  
AJAX,  
ULYSSES,  
NESTOR,  
DIOMEDES,  
PATROCLUS, } *Grecian commanders.*

THERSITES, *a deform'd and scurrilous Grecian.*

ALEXANDER, *servant to Cressida.*

*Servant to Troilus.*

*Servant to Paris.*

*Servant to Diomedes.*

HELEN, *wife to Menelaus.*

ANDROMACHE, *wife to Hector.*

CASSANDRA, *daughter of Priam; a prophetess.*

CRESSIDA, *daughter of Calchas.*

*Trojan and Greek Soldiers, and Attendants.*

SCENE.—*Troy, and the Grecian camp before it.*

## TROILUS AND CRESSIDA.

### PROLOGUE.

In Troy, there lies the scene. From isles of Greece  
The princes orgulous, their high blood chafed,  
Have to the port of Athens sent their ships,  
Fraught with the ministers and instruments  
Of cruel war: sixty and nine, that wore  
Their crownets regal, from th' Athenian bay  
Put forth toward Phrygia: and their vow is made  
To ransack Troy; within whose strong immures  
The ravisht Helen, Menelaus' queen,  
With wanton Paris sleeps; and that's the quarrel. 10  
To Tenedos they come;  
And the deep-drawing barks do there disgorge  
Their warlike fraughtage: now on Dardan plains  
The fresh and yet unbruised Greeks do pitch  
Their brave pavilions: Priam's six-gated city,  
Dardan, and Tymbria, Helias, Chetas, Troien,  
And Antenorides, with massy staples,  
And corresponsive and fulfilling bolts,  
Sperr up the sons of Troy.  
Now expectation, tickling skittish spirits, 20  
On one and other side, Trojan and Greek,  
Sets all on hazard: and hither am I come  
A prologue arm'd,—but not in confidence  
Of author's pen or actor's voice; but suited  
In like conditions as our argument,—  
To tell you, fair beholders, that our play  
Leaps o'er the vaunt and firstlings of those broils,

Beginning in the middle ; starting thence away  
 To what may be digested in a play.  
 Like, or find fault ; do as your pleasures are ; 30  
 Now good or bad, 'tis but the chance of war.

## ACT I.

SCENE I. *Troy. Before PRIAM's palace.*

*Enter PANDARUS and TROIUS.*

*Tro.* Call here my varlet ; I'll unarm again :  
 Why should I war without the walls of Troy,  
 That find such cruel battle here within ?  
 Each Trojan that is master of his heart,  
 Let him to field ; Troilus, alas, hath none !

*Pan.* Will this gear ne'er be mended ?

*Tro.* The Greeks are strong, and skilful to their  
 strength,

Fierce to their skill, and to their fierceness valiant ;  
 But I am weaker than a woman's tear,  
 Tamer than sleep, fonder than ignorance, 10  
 Less valiant than the virgin in the night,  
 And skillless as unpractised infancy.

*Pan.* Well, I have told you enough of this : for my  
 part, I'll not meddle nor make no further. He that  
 will have a cake out of the wheat must needs tarry the  
 grinding.

*Tro.* Have I not tarried ?

*Pan.* Ay, the grinding ; but you must tarry the  
 bolting.

*Tro.* Have I not tarried ? 20

*Pan.* Ay, the bolting ; but you must tarry the  
 leavening.

*Tro.* Still have I tarried.

*Pan.* Ay, to the leavening ; but here's yet in the word  
 "hereafter" the kneading, the making of the cake, the

heating of the oven, and the baking; nay, you must stay the cooling too, or you may chance to burn your lips.

*Tro.* Patience herself, what goddess e'er she be,  
Doth lesser blench at sufferance than I do.  
At Priam's royal table do I sit; 30  
And when fair Cressid comes into my thoughts,—  
So, traitor!—"when she comes!"—When is she thence?

*Pan.* Well, she lookt yesternight fairer than ever I  
saw her look, or any woman else.

*Tro.* I was about to tell thee,—when my heart,  
As wedged with a sigh, would rive in twain;  
Lest Hector or my father should perceive me,—  
I have—as when the sun doth light a storm—  
Buried this sigh in wrinkle of a smile:  
But sorrow, that is coucht in seeming gladness, 40  
Is like that mirth fate turns to sudden sadness.

*Pan.* An her hair were not somewhat darker than  
Helen's,—well, go to,—there were no more comparison  
between the women,—but, for my part, she is my kins-  
woman; I would not, as they term it, praise her,—but  
I would somebody had heard her talk yesterday, as I did.  
I will not dispraise your sister Cassandra's wit; but—

*Tro.* O Pandarus! I tell thee, Pandarus,—  
When I do tell thee, there my hopes lie drown'd,  
Reply not in how many fadoms deep 50  
They lie indrencht. I tell thee, I am mad  
In Cressid's love: thou answer'st, "she is fair;"  
Pour'st in the open ulcer of my heart  
Her eyes, her hair, her cheek, her gait, her voice;  
Handlest in thy discourse, O, that her hand,  
In whose comparison all whites are ink,  
Writing their own reproach; to whose soft seizure  
The cygnet's down is harsh, and spirit of sense  
Hard as the palm of ploughman!—this thou tell'st  
me,

As true thou tell'st me, when I say I love her; 60  
But, saying thus, instead of oil and balm,

Thou lay'st in every gash that love hath given me  
The knife that made it.

*Pan.* I speak no more than truth.

*Tro.* Thou dost not speak so much.

*Pan.* Faith, I'll not meddle in 't. Let her be as she is: if she be fair, 'tis the better for her; an she be not, she has the mends in her own hands.

*Tro.* Good Pandarus,—how now, Pandarus!

*Pan.* I have had my labour for my travail; ill-thought <sup>70</sup>  
on of her, and ill-thought on of you: gone between and  
between, but small thanks for my labour.

*Tro.* What, art thou angry, Pandarus? what, with me?

*Pan.* Because she's kin to me, therefore she's not so  
fair as Helen: an she were not kin to me, she would be  
as fair on Friday as Helen is on Sunday. But what care  
I? I care not an she were a black-a-moor; 'tis all one  
to me.

*Tro.* Say I she is not fair?

*Pan.* I do not care whether you do or no. She's a <sup>80</sup>  
fool to stay behind her father; let her to the Greeks;  
and so I'll tell her the next time I see her: for my part,  
I'll meddle nor make no more i' th' matter.

*Tro.* Pandarus,—

*Pan.* Not I.

*Tro.* Sweet Pandarus,—

*Pan.* Pray you, speak no more to me: I will leave  
all as I found it, and there an end.

[*Exit* PANDARUS. *Sound alarum.*

*Tro.* Peace, you ungracious clamours! peace, rude  
sounds!

Fools on both sides! Helen must needs be fair, 90  
When with your blood you daily paint her thus.  
I cannot fight upon this argument;  
It is too starved a subject for my sword.  
But Pandarus,—O gods, how do you plague me!  
I cannot come to Cressid but by Pandar;  
And he's as tetchy to be woo'd to woo,

As she is stubborn-chaste against all suit.  
 Tell me, Apollo, for thy Daphne's love,  
 What Cressid is, what Pandar, and what we?  
 Her bed is India; there she lies, a pearl: 100  
 Between our Ilium and where she resides,  
 Let it be call'd the wild and wandering flood;  
 Ourselves the merchant; and this sailing Pandar,  
 Our doubtful hope, our convoy, and our bark.

*Alarum. Enter ÆNEAS.*

*Æne.* How now, Prince Troilus! wherefore not  
 a-field?

*Tro.* Because not there: this woman's answer sorts,  
 For womanish it is to be from thence.

What news, Æneas, from the field to-day?

*Æne.* That Paris is returned home, and hurt.

*Tro.* By whom, Æneas?

*Æne.* Troilus, by Menelaus. 110

*Tro.* Let Paris bleed; 'tis but a scar to scorn;  
 Paris is gored with Menelaus' horn. [*Alarum.*]

*Æne.* Hark, what good sport is out of town to-day!

*Tro.* Better at home, if "would I might" were  
 "may."—

But to the sport abroad:—are you bound thither?

*Æne.* In all swift haste.

*Tro.* Come, go we, then, together. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *The same. A street.*

*Enter CRESSIDA and ALEXANDER her Man.*

*Cres.* Who were those went by?

*Alex.* Queen Hecuba and Helen.

*Cres.* And whither go they?

*Alex.* Up to the eastern tower,  
 Whose height commands as subject all the vale,  
 To see the battle. Hector, whose patience  
 Is, as a virtue, fixt, to-day was moved:



He chid Andromache, and struck his armourer ;  
 And, like as there were husbandry in war,  
 Before the sun rose, he was harnest light,  
 And to the field goes he ; where every flower  
 Did, as a prophet, weep what it foresaw 10  
 In Hector's wrath.

*Cres.* What was his cause of anger ?

*Alex.* The noise goes, this : there is among the Greeks  
 A lord of Trojan blood, nephew to Hector ;  
 They call him Ajax.

*Cres.* Good ; and what of him ?

*Alex.* They say he is a very man *per se*,  
 And stands alone.

*Cres.* So do all men,—unless they are drunk, sick,  
 or have no legs.

*Alex.* This man, lady, hath robb'd many beasts of  
 their particular additions ; he is as valiant as the lion, 20  
 churlish as the bear, slow as the elephant : a man into  
 whom nature hath so crowded humours, that his valour is  
 crusht into folly, his folly sauced with discretion : there  
 is no man hath a virtue that he hath not a glimpse of ;  
 nor any man an attaint but he carries some stain of it :  
 he is melancholy without cause, and merry against the  
 hair : he hath the joints of every thing ; but every thing  
 so out of joint, that he is a gouty Briareus, many hands  
 and no use ; or purblind Argus, all eyes and no sight.

*Cres.* But how should this man, that makes me smile, 30  
 make Hector angry ?

*Alex.* They say he yesterday coped Hector in the  
 battle, and struck him down ; the disdain and shame  
 whereof hath ever since kept Hector fasting and wak-  
 ing.

*Cres.* Who comes here ?

*Alex.* Madam, your uncle Pandarus.

*Enter PANDARUS.*

*Cres.* Hector's a gallant man.

*Alex.* As may be in the world, lady.

*Pan.* What's that? what's that? 40

*Cres.* Good morrow, uncle Pandarus.

*Pan.* Good morrow, cousin Cressid: what do you talk of?—Good morrow, Alexander.—How do you, cousin? When were you at Ilium?

*Cres.* This morning, uncle.

*Pan.* What were you talking of when I came? Was Hector arm'd and gone, ere ye came to Ilium? Helen was not up, was she?

*Cres.* Hector was gone; but Helen was not up.

*Pan.* E'en so: Hector was stirring early. 50

*Cres.* That were we talking of, and of his anger.

*Pan.* Was he angry?

*Cres.* So he says here.

*Pan.* True, he was so; I know the cause too; he'll lay about him to-day, I can tell them that: and there's Troilus will not come far behind him; let them take heed of Troilus, I can tell them that too.

*Cres.* What, is he angry too?

*Pan.* Who, Troilus? Troilus is the better man of the two. 60

*Cres.* O Jupiter! there's no comparison.

*Pan.* What, not between Troilus and Hector? Do you know a man if you see him?

*Cres.* Ay, if I ever saw him before, and knew him.

*Pan.* Well, I say Troilus is Troilus.

*Cres.* Then you say as I say; for, I am sure, he is not Hector.

*Pan.* No, nor Hector is not Troilus in some degrees.

*Cres.* 'Tis just to each of them; he is himself.

*Pan.* Himself! Alas, poor Troilus! I would he 70 were,—

*Cres.* So he is.

*Pan.* Condition, I had gone barefoot to India.

*Cres.* He is not Hector.

*Pan.* Himself! no, he's not himself:—would 'a were

himself! Well, the gods are above; time must friend or end: well, Troilus, well,—I would my heart were in her body!—No, Hector is not a better man than Troilus.

*Cres.* Excuse me. 80

*Pan.* He is elder.

*Cres.* Pardon me, pardon me.

*Pan.* Th' other's not come to't; you shall tell me another tale, when th' other's come to't. Hector shall not have his wit this year,—

*Cres.* He shall not need it, if he have his own.

*Pan.* Nor his qualities,—

*Cres.* No matter.

*Pan.* Nor his beauty.

*Cres.* 'Twould not become him,—his own's better. 90

*Pan.* You have no judgement, niece: Helen herself swore th' other day, that Troilus, for a brown favour— for so 'tis, I must confess,—not brown neither,—

*Cres.* No, but brown.

*Pan.* Faith, to say truth, brown and not brown.

*Cres.* To say the truth, true and not true.

*Pan.* She praised his complexion above Paris.

*Cres.* Why, Paris hath colour enough.

*Pan.* So he has.

*Cres.* Then Troilus should have too much: if she 100 praised him above, his complexion is higher than his; he having colour enough, and the other higher, is too flaming a praise for a good complexion. I had as lief Helen's golden tongue had commended Troilus for a copper nose.

*Pan.* I swear to you, I think Helen loves him better than Paris.

*Cres.* Then she's a merry Greek indeed.

*Pan.* Nay, I am sure she does. She came to him th' other day into the compast window,—and, you know, 110 he has not past three or four hairs on his chin—

*Cres.* Indeed, a tapster's arithmetic may soon bring his particulars therein to a total.

*Pan.* Why, he is very young : and yet will he, within three pound, lift as much as his brother Hector.

*Cres.* Is he so young a man, and so old a lifter?

*Pan.* But, to prove to you that Helen loves him,—she came, and puts me her white hand to his cloven chin—

*Cres.* Juno have mercy ! how came it cloven? 120

*Pan.* Why, you know, 'tis dimpled : I think his smiling becomes him better than any man in all Phrygia.

*Cres.* O, he smiles valiantly.

*Pan.* Does he not?

*Cres.* O yes, an 'twere a cloud in autumn.

*Pan.* Why, go to, then :—but to prove to you that Helen loves Troilus,—

*Cres.* Troilus will stand to the proof, if you'll prove it so. 130

*Pan.* Troilus ! why, he esteems her no more than I esteem an addle egg.

*Cres.* If you love an addle egg as well as you love an idle head, you would eat chickens i' th' shell.

*Pan.* I cannot choose but laugh, to think how she tickled his chin ;—indeed, she has a marvell's white hand, I must needs confess,—

*Cres.* Without the rack.

*Pan.* And she takes upon her to spy a white hair on his chin. 140

*Cres.* Alas, poor chin ! many a wart is richer.

*Pan.* But there was such laughing !—Queen Hecuba laught, that her eyes ran o'er,—

*Cres.* With mill-stones.

*Pan.* And Cassandra laught,—

*Cres.* But there was more temperate fire under the pot of her eyes :—did her eyes run o'er too?

*Pan.* And Hector laught.

*Cres.* At what was all this laughing?

*Pan.* Marry, at the white hair that Helen spied on Troilus' chin. 150

*Cres.* An't had been a green hair, I should have laught too.

*Pan.* They laught not so much at the hair as at his pretty answer.

*Cres.* What was his answer?

*Pan.* Quoth she, "Here's but one and fifty hairs on your chin, and one of them is white."

*Cres.* This is her question.

*Pan.* That's true; make no question of that. "One <sup>160</sup> and fifty hairs," quoth he, "and one white: that white hair is my father, and all the rest are his sons." "Jupiter!" quoth she, "which of these hairs is Paris my husband?" "The forkt one," quoth he; "pluck't out, and give it him." But there was such laughing! and Helen so blusht, and Paris so chafed, and all the rest so laught, that it past.

*Cres.* So let it now; for it has been a great while going by.

*Pan.* Well, cousin, I told you a thing yesterday; <sup>170</sup> think on't.

*Cres.* So I do.

*Pan.* I'll be sworn 'tis true; he will weep you, an 'twere a man born in April.

*Cres.* And I'll spring up in his tears, an 'twere a nettle against May. [*A retreat sounded.*]

*Pan.* Hark! they are coming from the field: shall we stand up here, and see them as they pass toward Ilium? good niece, do,—sweet niece Cressida.

*Cres.* At your pleasure. 180

*Pan.* Here, here, here's an excellent place; here we may see most bravely: I'll tell you them all by their names as they pass by; but mark Troilus above the rest.

*Cres.* Speak not so loud.

*ÆNEAS passes.*

*Pan.* That's Æneas: is not that a brave man? he's one of the flowers of Troy, I can tell you: but mark Troilus; you shall see anon.

ANTENOR *passes.*

*Cres.* Who's that?

*Pan.* That's Antenor: he has a shrewd wit, I can tell you; and he's a man good enough: he's one o' th' 190  
soundest judgements in Troy, whosoever, and a proper man of person.—When comes Troilus?—I'll show you Troilus anon: if he see me, you shall see him nod at me.

*Cres.* Will he give you the nod?

*Pan.* You shall see.

*Cres.* If he do, the rich shall have more.

HECTOR *passes.*

*Pan.* That's Hector, that, that, look you, that; there's a fellow!—Go thy way, Hector!—There's a brave man, niece.—O brave Hector!—Look how he looks! there's a countenance! is't not a brave man? 200

*Cres.* O, a brave man!

*Pan.* Is 'a not? it does a man's heart good:—look you what hacks are on his helmet! look you yonder, do you see? look you there: there's no jesting; there's laying on, take't off who will, as they say: there be hacks!

*Cres.* Be those with swords?

*Pan.* Swords! any thing, he cares not; an the devil come to him, it's all one: by God's lid, it does one's heart good.—Yonder comes Paris, yonder comes Paris: 210

PARIS *passes.*

look ye yonder, niece; is't not a gallant man too, is't not?—Why, this is brave now.—Who said he came hurt home to-day? he's not hurt: why, this will do Helen's heart good now, ha!—Would I could see Troilus now!—You shall see Troilus anon.

HELENUS *passes.*

*Cres.* Who's that?

*Pan.* That's Helenus:—I marvel where Troilus

is:—that's Helenus:—I think he went not forth to-day:—that's Helenus.

*Cres.* Can Helenus fight, uncle?

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*Pan.* Helenus! no; yes, he'll fight indifferent well.—I marvel where Troilus is.—Hark! do you not hear the people cry "Troilus"?—Helenus is a priest.

*Cres.* What sneaking fellow comes yonder?

*TROIILUS passes.*

*Pan.* Where? yonder? that's Deiphobus: 'tis Troilus! there's a man, niece! Hem! Brave Troilus! the prince of chivalry!

*Cres.* Peace, for shame, peace!

*Pan.* Mark him; note him:—O brave Troilus!—look well upon him, niece: look you how his sword is bloodied, and his helm more hackt than Hector's; and how he looks, and how he goes!—O admirable youth! he ne'er saw three-and-twenty.—Go thy way, Troilus, go thy way!—Had I a sister were a grace, or a daughter a goddess, he should take his choice. O admirable man! Paris?—Paris is dirt to him; and, I warrant, Helen, to change, would give an eye to boot.

*Cres.* Here come more.

*Common Soldiers pass.*

*Pan.* Asses, fools, dolts! chaff and bran, chaff and bran! porridge after meat!—I could live and die i' th' eyes of Troilus.—Ne'er look, ne'er look; the eagles are gone: crows and daws, crows and daws!—I had rather be such a man as Troilus than Agamemnon and all Greece.

*Cres.* There is among the Greeks Achilles,—a better man than Troilus.

*Pan.* Achilles! a drayman, a porter, a very camel.

*Cres.* Well, well.

*Pan.* Well, well!—Why, have you any discretion? have you any eyes? do you know what a man is? Is not

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birth, beauty, good shape, discourse, manhood, learning, gentleness, virtue, youth, liberality, and such like, the spice and salt that season a man?

*Cres.* Ay, a minced man : and then to be baked with no date in the pie,—for then the man's date's out.

*Pan.* You are such a woman ! one knows not at what ward you lie.

*Cres.* Upon my back, to defend my belly ; upon my wit, to defend my wiles ; upon my secrecy, to defend mine honesty ; my mask, to defend my beauty ; and <sup>260</sup> you, to defend all these : and at all these wards I lie, at a thousand watches.

*Pan.* Say one of your watches.

*Cres.* Nay, I'll watch you for that ; and that's one of the chiefest of them too : if I cannot ward what I would not have hit, I can watch you for telling how I took the blow ; unless it swell past hiding, and then it's past watching.

*Pan.* You are such another !

*Enter* TROILUS' Boy.

*Boy.* Sir, my lord would instantly speak with you. <sup>270</sup>

*Pan.* Where?

*Boy.* At your own house ; there he unarms him.

*Pan.* Good boy, tell him I come. [*Exit* Boy.] I doubt he be hurt.—Fare ye well, good niece.

*Cres.* Adieu, uncle.

*Pan.* I'll be with you, niece, by and by.

*Cres.* To bring, uncle.

*Pan.* Ay, a token from Troilus.

*Cres.* By the same token—you are a bawd.

[*Exit* PANDARUS.]

Words, vows, gifts, tears, and love's full sacrifice, <sup>280</sup>

He offers in another's enterprise :

But more in Troilus thousand-fold I see

Than in the glass of Pandar's praise may be ;

Yet hold I off. Women are angels, wooing :



Things won are done ; joy's soul lies in the doing :  
 That she beloved knows naught that knows not this,—  
 Men prize the thing ungain'd more than it is :  
 That she was never yet that ever knew  
 Love got so sweet as when desire did sue :  
 Therefore this maxim out of love I teach,— 290  
 Achievement is command ; ungain'd, beseech :  
 Then, though my heart's content firm love doth bear,  
 Nothing of that shall from mine eyes appear. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The Grecian camp. Before*  
 AGAMEMNON'S tent.

*Sennet. Enter* AGAMEMNON, NESTOR, ULYSSES,  
 MENELAUS, *with others.*

*Agam.* Princes,  
 What grief hath set the jaundice on your cheeks?  
 The ample proposition that hope makes  
 In all designs begun on earth below  
 Fails in the promised largeness : checks and disasters  
 Grow in the veins of actions highest rear'd ;  
 As knots, by the conflux of meeting sap,  
 Infect the sound pine, and divert his grain  
 Tortive and errant from his course of growth.  
 Nor, princes, is it matter new to us, 10  
 That we come short of our suppose so far,  
 That, after seven years' siege, yet Troy walls stand ;  
 Sith every action that hath gone before,  
 Whereof we have record, trial did draw  
 Bias and thwart, not answering the aim,  
 And that unbodied figure of the thought  
 That gave't surmised shape. Why, then, you princes,  
 Do you with cheeks abasht behold our works,  
 And call them shames, which are, indeed, naught else  
 But the protractive trials of great Jove 20  
 To find persistive constancy in men?  
 The fineness of which metal is not found

In fortune's love ; for then the bold and coward,  
The wise and fool, the artist and unread,  
The hard and soft, seem all affined and kin :  
But, in the wind and tempest of her frown,  
Distinction, with a broad and powerful fan,  
Puffing at all, winnows the light away ;  
And what hath mass or matter, by itself  
Lies rich in virtue and unmingled.

30

*Nest.* With due observance of thy godlike seat,  
Great Agamemnon, Nestor shall apply  
Thy latest words. In the reproof of chance  
Lies the true proof of men : the sea being smooth,  
How many shallow bauble boats dare sail  
Upon her patient breast, making their way  
With those of nobler bulk !  
But let the ruffian Boreas once enrage  
The gentle Thetis, and, anon, behold  
The strong-ribb'd bark through liquid mountains cut, 40  
Bounding between the two moist elements,  
Like Perseus' horse : where's then the saucy boat,  
Whose weak untimber'd sides but even now  
Co-rivall'd greatness? either to harbour fled,  
Or made a toast for Neptune. Even so  
Doth valour's show and valour's worth divide  
In storms of fortune : for in her ray and brightness  
The herd hath more annoyance by the breese  
Than by the tiger ; but when the splitting wind  
Makes flexible the knees of knotted oaks, 50  
And flies fled under shade, why, then the thing of  
courage,  
As roused with rage, with rage doth sympathize,  
And with an accent tuned in selfsame key  
Returns to chiding fortune.

*Ulyss.* Agamemnon,—  
Thou great commander, nerve and bone of Greece,  
Heart of our numbers, soul and only spirit,  
In whom the tempers and the minds of all

Should be shut up,—hear what Ulysses speaks.  
 Besides the applause and approbation  
 The which—[*to* AGAMEMNON] most mighty for thy  
 place and sway,— 60  
 [*to* NESTOR] And thou most reverend for thy stretch-  
 out life—

I give to both your speeches,—which were such  
 As Agamemnon and the hand of Greece  
 Should hold up high in brass; and such again  
 As venerable Nestor, hatcht in silver,  
 Should with a bond of air—strong as the axletree  
 On which heaven rides—knit all the Greekish ears  
 To his experienced tongue,—yet let it please both,  
 Though great and wise, to hear Ulysses speak.

*Agam.* Speak, Prince of Ithaca; and be't of less expect 70  
 That matter needless, of importless burden,  
 Divide thy lips, than we are confident,  
 When rank Thersites opes his mastic jaws,  
 We shall hear music, wit, and oracle.

*Ulyss.* Troy, yet upon his basis, had been down,  
 And the great Hector's sword had lackt a master,  
 But for these instances.

The specialty of rule hath been neglected:  
 And, look, how many Grecian tents do stand  
 Hollow upon this plain, so many hollow factions. 80  
 When that the general is not like the hive,  
 To whom the foragers shall all repair,  
 What honey is expected? Degree being vizarded,  
 Th' unworthiest shows as fairly in the mask.  
 The heavens themselves, the planets, and this centre,  
 Observe degree, priority, and place,  
 Insisture, course, proportion, season, form,  
 Office, and custom, in all line of order:  
 And therefore is the glorious planet Sol  
 In noble eminence enthroned and sphered 90  
 Amidst the other; whose med'cinable eye  
 Corrects the ill aspects of planets evil,

And posts, like the commandment of a king,  
Sans check, to good and bad : but when the planets,  
In evil mixture, to disorder wander,  
What plagues, and what portents, what mutiny,  
What raging of the sea, shaking of earth,  
Commotion in the winds, frights, changes, horrors,  
Divert and crack, rend and deracinate  
The unity and married calm of states 100  
Quite from their fixure ! O, when degree is shaken,  
Which is the ladder to all high designs,  
The enterprise is sick ! How could communities,  
Degrees in schools, and brotherhoods in cities,  
Peaceful commerce from dividable shores,  
The primogenity and due of birth,  
Prerogative of age, crowns, sceptres, laurels,  
But by degree, stand in authentic place ?  
Take but degree away, untune that string,  
And, hark, what discord follows ! each thing meets 110  
In mere oppugnancy : the bounded waters  
Should lift their bosoms higher than the shores,  
And make a sop of all this solid globe :  
Strength should be lord of imbecility,  
And the rude son should strike his father dead :  
Force should be right ; or rather, right and wrong—  
Between whose endless jar justice resides—  
Should lose their names, and so should justice too.  
Then every thing includes itself in power,  
Power into will, will into appetite ; 120  
And appetite, an universal wolf,  
So doubly seconded with will and power,  
Must make perforce an universal prey,  
And last eat up himself. Great Agamemnon,  
This chaos, when degree is suffocate,  
Follows the choking.  
And this neglection of degree it is,  
That by a pace goes backward, with a purpose  
It hath to climb. The general's disdain'd

By him one step below ; he, by the next ; 130  
 That next, by him beneath : so every step,  
 Exempl'd by the first pace that is sick  
 Of his superior, grows to an envious fever  
 Of pale and bloodless emulation :  
 And 'tis this fever that keeps Troy on foot,  
 Not her own sinews. To end a tale of length,  
 Troy in our weakness stands, not in her strength.

*Nest.* Most wisely hath Ulysses here discover'd  
 The fever whereof all our power is sick.

*Agam.* The nature of the sickness found, Ulysses, 140  
 What is the remedy ?

*Ulyss.* The great Achilles,—whom opinion crowns  
 The sinew and the forehead of our host,—  
 Having his ear full of his airy fame,  
 Grows dainty of his worth, and in his tent  
 Lies mocking our designs: with him, Patroclus,  
 Upon a lazy bed, the livelong day  
 Breaks scurril jests ;  
 And with ridiculous and awkward action—  
 Which, slanderer, he imitation calls— 150  
 He pageants us. Sometime, great Agamemnon,  
 Thy topless deputation he puts on ;  
 And, like a strutting player,—whose conceit  
 Lies in his hamstring, and doth think it rich  
 To hear the wooden dialogue and sound  
 'Twixt his stretcht footing and the scaffoldage,—  
 Such to-be-pitied and o'er-wrested seeming  
 He acts thy greatness in: and when he speaks,  
 'Tis like a chime a-mending ; with terms unsquared,  
 Which, from the tongue of roaring Typhon dropt, 160  
 Would seem hyperboles. At this fusty stuff  
 The large Achilles, on his prest bed lolling,  
 From his deep chest laughs out a loud applause ;  
 Cries, “Excellent ! 'tis Agamemnon just.  
 Now play me Nestor ; hem, and stroke thy beard,  
 As he being drest to some oration.”

That's done;—as near as the extremest ends  
Of parallels; as like as Vulcan and his wife:  
Yet god Achilles still cries, "Excellent!  
'Tis Nestor right. Now play him me, Patroclus, 170  
Arming to answer in a night-alarm."

And then, forsooth, the faint defects of age  
Must be the scene of mirth; to cough and spit,  
And, with a palsy fumbling on his gorget,  
Shake in and out the rivet:—and at this sport  
Sir Valour dies; cries, "O, enough, Patroclus;  
Or give me ribs of steel! I shall split all  
In pleasure of my spleen." And in this fashion,  
All our abilities, gifts, natures, shapes,  
Severals and generals of grace exact, 180  
Achievements, plots, orders, preventions,  
Excitements to the field, or speech for truce,  
Success or loss, what is or is not, serves  
As stuff for these two to make paradoxes.

*Nest.* And in the imitation of these twain—  
Who, as Ulysses says, opinion crowns  
With an imperial voice—many are infect.  
Ajax is grown self-will'd; and bears his head  
In such a rein, in full as proud a pace  
As broad Achilles; keeps his tent like him; 190  
Makes factious feasts; rails on our state of war,  
Bold as an oracle; and sets Thersites—  
A slave whose gall coins slanders like a mint—  
To match us in comparisons with dirt,  
To weaken and discredit our exposure,  
How rank soever rounded-in with danger.

*Ulyss.* They tax our policy, and call it cowardice;  
Count wisdom as no member of the war;  
ForeSTALL prescience, and esteem no act  
But that of hand: the still and mental parts, 200  
That do contrive how many hands shall strike,  
When fitness calls them on; and know, by measure  
Of their observant toil, the enemies' weight,—

Why, this hath not a finger's dignity :  
 They call this bed-work, mappery, closet-war ;  
 So that the ram that batters down the wall,  
 For the great swing and rudeness of his poise,  
 They place before his hand that made the engine,  
 Or those that with the fineness of their souls  
 By reason guide his execution. 210

*Nest.* Let this be granted, and Achilles' horse  
 Makes many Thetis' sons. [Tucket.

*Agam.* What trumpet? look, Menelaus.

*Men.* From Troy.

*Enter ÆNEAS.*

*Agam.* What would you 'fore our tent?

*Æne.* Is this great Agamemnon's tent, I pray you?

*Agam.* Even this.

*Æne.* May one, that is a herald and a prince,  
 Do a fair message to his kingly ears?

*Agam.* With surety stronger than Achilles' arm 220  
 'Fore all the Greekish heads, which with one voice  
 Call Agamemnon head and general.

*Æne.* Fair leave and large security. How may  
 A stranger to those most imperial looks  
 Know them from eyes of other mortals?

*Agam.* How?

*Æne.* Ay ;

I ask, that I might waken reverence,  
 And bid the cheek be ready with a blush  
 Modest as morning when she coldly eyes  
 The youthful Phœbus : 230

Which is that god in office, guiding men?  
 Which is the high and mighty Agamemnon?

*Agam.* This Trojan scorns us; or the men of Troy  
 Are ceremonious courtiers.

*Æne.* Courtiers as free, as debonair, unarm'd,  
 As bending angels; that's their fame in peace:  
 But when they would seem soldiers, they have galls,

Good arms, strong joints, true swords; and, Jove's  
accord,

Nothing so full of heart. But peace, Æneas,  
Peace, Trojan; lay thy finger on thy lips! 240  
The worthiness of praise distains his worth,  
If that the praised himself bring the praise forth:  
But what the repining enemy commends,  
That breath fame blows; that praise, sole pure, tran-  
scends.

*Agam.* Sir, you of Troy, call you yourself Æneas?

*Æne.* Ay, Greek, that is my name.

*Agam.* What's your affair, I pray you?

*Æne.* Sir, pardon; 'tis for Agamemnon's ears.

*Agam.* He hears naught privately that comes from  
Troy.

*Æne.* Nor I from Troy come not to whisper him: 250  
I bring a trumpet to awake his ear;  
To set his sense on the attentive bent,  
And then to speak.

*Agam.* Speak frankly as the wind;  
It is not Agamemnon's sleeping hour:  
That thou shalt know, Trojan, he is awake,  
He tells thee so himself.

*Æne.* Trumpet, blow loud,  
Send thy brass voice through all these lazy tents;  
And every Greek of mettle, let him know,  
What Troy means fairly shall be spoke aloud.

[*Trumpet sounds.*

We have, great Agamemnon, here in Troy 260  
A prince call'd Hector,—Priam is his father,—  
Who in this dull and long-continued truce  
Is rusty grown: he bade me take a trumpet,  
And to this purpose speak. Kings, princes, lords!  
If there be one among the fair'st of Greece  
That holds his honour higher than his ease;  
That seeks his praise more than he fears his peril;  
That knows his valour, and knows not his fear;



That loves his mistress more than in confession  
 With truant vows to her own lips he loves, 270  
 And dare avow her beauty and her worth  
 In other arms than hers,—to him this challenge.  
 Hector, in view of Trojans and of Greeks,  
 Shall make it good, or do his best to do it,  
 He hath a lady, wiser, fairer, truer,  
 Than ever Greek did compass in his arms;  
 And will to-morrow with his trumpet call  
 Midway between your tents and walls of Troy,  
 To rouse a Grecian that is true in love:  
 If any come, Hector shall honour him; 280  
 If none, he'll say in Troy when he retires,  
 The Grecian dames are sunburnt, and not worth  
 The splinter of a lance. Even so much.

*Agam.* This shall be told our lovers, Lord Æneas;  
 If none of them have soul in such a kind,  
 We left them all at home: but we are soldiers;  
 And may that soldier a mere recreant prove,  
 That means not, hath not, or is not in love!  
 If then one is, or hath, or means to be,  
 That one meets Hector; if none else, I am he. 290

*Nest.* Tell him of Nestor, one that was a man  
 When Hector's grandsire suckt: he is old now;  
 But if there be not in our Grecian host  
 One noble man that hath one spark of fire,  
 To answer for his love, tell him from me,—  
 I'll hide my silver beard in a gold beaver,  
 And in my vantbrace put this wither'd brawn;  
 And, meeting him, will tell him that my lady  
 Was fairer than his grandam, and as chaste  
 As may be in the world; his youth in flood, 300  
 I'll prove this truth with my three drops of blood.

*Æne.* Now heavens forbid such scarcity of youth!

*Ulyss.* Amen.

*Agam.* Fair Lord Æneas, let me touch your hand;  
 To our pavilion shall I lead you, sir.

Achilles shall have word of this intent ;  
 So shall each lord of Greece, from tent to tent :  
 Yourself shall feast with us before you go,  
 And find the welcome of a noble foe.

[*Exeunt all but ULYSSES and NESTOR.*

*Ulyss.* Nestor,—

310

*Nest.* What says Ulysses?

*Ulyss.* I have a young conception in my brain ;  
 Be you my time to bring it to some shape.

*Nest.* What is 't?

*Ulyss.* This 'tis :—

Blunt wedges rive hard knots : the seeded pride  
 That hath to this maturity blown up  
 In rank Achilles must or now be cropt,  
 Or, shedding, breed a nursery of like evil,  
 To overbulk us all.

*Nest.* Well, and how?

320

*Ulyss.* This challenge that the gallant Hector sends,  
 However it is spread in general name,  
 Relates in purpose only to Achilles.

*Nest.* The purpose is perspicuous even as substance,  
 Whose grossness little characters sum up :  
 And, in the publication, make no strain,  
 But that Achilles, were his brain as barren  
 As banks of Libya,—though, Apollo knows,  
 'Tis dry enough,—will, with great speed of judgement,  
 Ay, with celerity, find Hector's purpose  
 Pointing on him.

330

*Ulyss.* And wake him to the answer, think you?

*Nest.*

Yes,

It is most meet : who may you else oppose,  
 That can from Hector bring his honour off,  
 If not Achilles? Though 't be a sportful combat,  
 Yet in the trial much opinion dwells ;  
 For here the Trojans taste our dear'st repute  
 With their finest palate : and trust to me, Ulysses,  
 Our imputation shall be oddly poised

In this wild action ; for the success, 340  
 Although particular, shall give a scantling  
 Of good or bad unto the general ;  
 And in such indexes, although small pricks  
 To their subsequent volumes, there is seen  
 The baby figure of the giant mass  
 Of things to come at large. It is supposed,  
 He that meets Hector issues from our choice :  
 And choice, being mutual act of all our souls,  
 Makes merit her election ; and doth boil,  
 As 'twere from forth us all, a man distill'd 350  
 Out of our virtues ; who miscarrying,  
 What heart receives from hence the conquering part,  
 To steel a strong opinion to themselves ?  
 Which entertain'd, limbs are his instruments,  
 In no less working than are swords and bows  
 Directive by the limbs.

*Ulyss.* Give pardon to my speech ;—  
 Therefore 'tis meet Achilles meet not Hector.  
 Let us, like merchants, show our foulest wares,  
 And think, perchance, they'll sell ; if not, 360  
 The lustre of the better yet to show,  
 Shall show the better. Do not, then, consent  
 That ever Hector and Achilles meet ;  
 For both our honour and our shame in this  
 Are dogg'd with two strange followers.

*Nest.* I see them not with my old eyes: what are they?

*Ulyss.* What glory our Achilles shares from Hector,  
 Were he not proud, we all should share with him :  
 But he already is too insolent ;  
 And we were better parch in Afric sun 370  
 Than in the pride and salt scorn of his eyes,  
 Should he scape Hector fair : if he were foil'd,  
 Why, then we did our main opinion crush  
 In taint of our best man. No, make a lottery ;  
 And, by device, let blockish Ajax draw  
 The sort to fight with Hector : among ourselves

Give him allowance as the worthier man ;  
 For that will physic the great Myrmidon  
 Who broils in loud applause, and make him fall  
 His crest that prouder than blue Iris bends. 380  
 If the dull brainless Ajax come safe off,  
 We'll dress him up in voices : if he fail,  
 Yet go we under our opinion still  
 That we have better men. But, hit or miss,  
 Our project's life this shape of sense assumes,—  
 Ajax employ'd plucks down Achilles' plumes.

*Nest.* Ulysses,  
 Now I begin to relish thy advice ;  
 And I will give a taste of it forthwith  
 To Agamemnon : go we to him straight. 390  
 Two curs shall tame each other : pride alone  
 Must tarre the mastiffs on, as 'twere their bone. [*Exeunt.*]

## ACT II.

SCENE I. *A part of the Grecian camp.*

*Enter AJAX and THERSITES.*

*Ajax.* Thersites,—

*Ther.* Agamemnon,—how if he had boils,—full, all  
 over, generally ?—

*Ajax.* Thersites,—

*Ther.* And those boils did run ?—Say so,—did not  
 the general run then ? were not that a botchy core ?—

*Ajax.* Dog,—

*Ther.* Then would come some matter from him ; I  
 see none now.

*Ajax.* Thou bitch-wolf's son, canst thou not hear ? 10  
 Feel, then. [*Strikes him.*]

*Ther.* The plague of Greece upon thee, thou mon-  
 grel beef-witted lord !

*Ajax.* Speak, then, thou vinewed'st leaven, speak : I  
 will beat thee into handsomeness.

*Ther.* I shall sooner rail thee into wit and holiness: but, I think, thy horse will sooner con an oration than thou learn a prayer without book. Thou canst strike, canst thou? a red murrain o' thy jade's tricks!

*Ajax.* Toadstool, learn me the proclamation. 20

*Ther.* Dost thou think I have no sense, thou strikest me thus?

*Ajax.* The proclamation!

*Ther.* Thou art proclaim'd a fool, I think.

*Ajax.* Do not, porpentine, do not: my fingers itch.

*Ther.* I would thou didst itch from head to foot, and I had the scratching of thee; I would make thee the loathsom'st scab in Greece. When thou art forth in the incursions, thou strikest as slow as another.

*Ajax.* I say, the proclamation! 30

*Ther.* Thou grumblest and raillest every hour on Achilles; and thou art as full of envy at his greatness as Cerberus is at Proserpina's beauty, ay, that thou bark'st at him.

*Ajax.* Mistress Thersites!

*Ther.* Thou shouldst strike him.

*Ajax.* Cobloaf!

*Ther.* He would pun thee into shivers with his fist, as a sailor breaks a biscuit.

*Ajax.* You whoreson cur! [Beating him. 40

*Ther.* Do, do.

*Ajax.* Thou stool for a witch!

*Ther.* Ay, do, do; thou sodden-witted lord! thou hast no more brain than I have in mine elbows; an assinego may tutor thee: thou scurvy-valiant ass! thou art here but to thrash Trojans; and thou art bought and sold among those of any wit, like a barbarian slave. If thou use to beat me, I will begin at thy heel, and tell what thou art by inches, thou thing of no bowels, thou!

50

*Ajax.* You dog!

*Ther.* You scurvy lord!

*Ajax.* You cur! [*Beating him.*  
*Ther.* Mars his idiot! do, rudeness; do, camel; do, do.

*Enter* ACHILLES *and* PATROCLUS.

*Acbil.* Why, how now, Ajax! wherefore do you thus?—How now, Thersites! what's the matter, man?

*Ther.* You see him there, do you?

*Acbil.* Ay, what's the matter?

*Ther.* Nay, look upon him.

*Acbil.* So I do: what's the matter? 60

*Ther.* Nay, but regard him well.

*Acbil.* Well! why, so I do.

*Ther.* But yet you look not well upon him; for, whosoever you take him to be, he is Ajax.

*Acbil.* I know that, fool.

*Ther.* Ay, but that fool knows not himself.

*Ajax.* Therefore I beat thee.

*Ther.* Lo, lo, lo, lo, what modicums of wit he utters! his evasions have ears thus long. I have bobb'd his brain more than he has beat my bones: I will buy nine <sup>70</sup> sparrows for a penny, and his *pia mater* is not worth the ninth part of a sparrow. This lord, Achilles, Ajax,—who wears his wit in his belly, and his guts in his head,—I'll tell you what I say of him.

*Acbil.* What?

*Ther.* I say, this Ajax—

[*AJAX offers to beat him, ACHILLES interposes.*

*Acbil.* Nay, good Ajax.

*Ther.* Has not so much wit—

*Acbil.* Nay, I must hold you.

*Ther.* As will stop the eye of Helen's needle, for <sup>80</sup> whom he comes to fight.

*Acbil.* Peace, fool!

*Ther.* I would have peace and quietness, but the fool will not: he there; that he; look you there.

*Ajax.* O thou damn'd cur! I shall—

*Acbil.* Will you set your wit to a fool's?

*Ther.* No, I warrant you ; for a fool's will shame it.

*Patr.* Good words, Thersites.

*Acbil.* What's the quarrel?

*Ajax.* I bade the vile owl go learn me the tenour <sup>90</sup>  
of the proclamation, and he rails upon me.

*Ther.* I serve thee not.

*Ajax.* Well, go to, go to.

*Ther.* I serve here voluntary.

*Acbil.* Your last service was sufferance, 'twas not  
voluntary,—no man is beaten voluntary: Ajax was  
here the voluntary, and you as under an impress.

*Ther.* E'en so ; a great deal of your wit, too, lies in  
your sinews, or else there be liars. Hector shall have  
a great catch, if he knock out either of your brains: <sup>100</sup>  
'a were as good crack a fusty nut with no kernel.

*Acbil.* What, with me too, Thersites?

*Ther.* There 's Ulysses and old Nestor—whose wit  
was mouldy ere your grandsires had nails on their toes—  
yoke you like draught-oxen, and make you plough up  
the wars.

*Acbil.* What, what?

*Ther.* Yes, good sooth : to, Achilles ! to, Ajax ! to !

*Ajax.* I shall cut out your tongue.

*Ther.* 'Tis no matter ; I shall speak as much as thou <sup>110</sup>  
afterwards.

*Patr.* No more words, Thersites ; peace !

*Ther.* I will hold my peace when Achilles' brach  
bids me, shall I ?

*Acbil.* There 's for you, Patroclus.

*Ther.* I will see you hang'd, like clotpoles, ere I  
come any more to your tents : I will keep where there  
is wit stirring, and leave the faction of fools. [*Exit.*

*Patr.* A good riddance.

*Acbil.* Marry, this, sir, is proclaim'd through all our  
host :—

That Hector, by the fifth hour of the sun,  
Will, with a trumpet, 'twixt our tents and Troy,

To-morrow morning call some knight to arms  
That hath a stomach ; and such a one that dare  
Maintain—I know not what ; 'tis trash. Farewell.

*Ajax.* Farewell. Who shall answer him ?

*Achil.* I know not,—'tis put to lottery ; otherwise  
He knew his man. [*Exeunt* ACHIL. and PATR.]

*Ajax.* O, meaning you.—I will go learn more of it.  
[*Exit.*]

SCENE II. *Troy.* PRIAM'S palace.

*Enter* PRIAM, HECTOR, TROILUS, PARIS, and HELENUS.

*Pri.* After so many hours, lives, speeches spent,  
Thus once again says Nestor from the Greeks :—  
“Deliver Helen, and all damage else—  
As honour, loss of time, travail, expense,  
Wounds, friends, and what else dear that is consumed  
In hot digestion of this cormorant war—  
Shall be struck off :”—Hector, what say you to 't ?

*Hect.* Though no man lesser fears the Greeks than I  
As far as toucheth my particular,  
Yet, dread Priam, 10  
There is no lady of more softer bowels,  
More spongy to suck in the sense of fear,  
More ready to cry out “Who knows what follows ?”  
Than Hector is: the wound of peace is surety,  
Surety secure ; but modest doubt is call'd  
The beacon of the wise, the tent that searches  
To th' bottom of the worst. Let Helen go :  
Since the first sword was drawn about this question,  
Every tithe soul, 'mongst many thousand dismes,  
Hath been as dear as Helen,—I mean, of ours : 20  
If we have lost so many tenths of ours,  
To guard a thing not ours nor worth to us,  
Had it our name, the value of one ten,—  
What merit's in that reason which denies  
The yielding of her up ?

*Tro.* Fie, fie, my brother !



Weigh you the worth and honour of a king,  
 So great as our dread father, in a scale  
 Of common ounces? will you with counters sum  
 The past-proportion of his infinite?  
 And buckle-in a waist most fathomless 30  
 With spans and inches so diminutive  
 As fears and reasons? fie, for godly shame!

*Hel.* No marvel, though you bite so sharp at reasons,  
 You are so empty of them. Should not our father  
 Bear the great sway of his affairs with reasons,  
 Because your speech hath none that tells him so?

*Tro.* You are for dreams and slumbers, brother priest;  
 You fur your gloves with reason. Here are your reasons:  
 You know an enemy intends you harm;  
 You know a sword employ'd is perilous, 40  
 And reason flies the object of all harm:  
 Who marvels, then, when Helenus beholds  
 A Grecian and his sword, if he do set  
 The very wings of reason to his heels,  
 And fly like chidden Mercury from Jove,  
 Or like a star disorb'd? Nay, if we talk of reason,  
 Let's shut our gates, and sleep: manhood and honour  
 Should have hare-hearts, would they but fat their  
 thoughts

With this cramm'd reason: reason and respect  
 Make livers pale, and lustihood deject. 50

*Hect.* Brother, she is not worth what she doth cost  
 The holding.

*Tro.* What is aught, but as 'tis valued?

*Hect.* But value dwells not in particular will;  
 It holds his estimate and dignity  
 As well wherein 'tis precious of itself  
 As in the prizer: 'tis mad idolatry  
 To make the service greater than the god;  
 And the will dotes, that is attributive  
 To what infectiously itself affects,  
 Without some image of th' affected merit. 60

*Tro.* I take to-day a wife, and my election  
Is led on in the conduct of my will ;  
My will enkindled by mine eyes and ears,  
Two traded pilots 'twixt the dangerous shores  
Of will and judgement : how may I avoid,  
Although my will distaste what it elected,  
The wife I chose? there can be no evasion  
To blench from this, and to stand firm by honour :  
We turn not back the silks upon the merchant  
When we have soil'd them ; nor the remainder viands 70  
We do not throw in unrespective sieve  
Because we now are full. It was thought meet  
Paris should do some vengeance on the Greeks :  
Your breath of full consent bellied his sails ;  
The seas and winds, old wranglers, took a truce,  
And did him service : he toucht the ports desired ;  
And, for an old aunt whom the Greeks held captive,  
He brought a Grecian queen, whose youth and fresh-  
ness  
Wrinkles Apollo's, and makes stale the morning.  
Why keep we her? the Grecians keep our aunt : 80  
Is she worth keeping? why, she is a pearl,  
Whose price hath launcht above a thousand ships,  
And turn'd crown'd kings to merchants.  
If you'll avouch 'twas wisdom Paris went,—  
As you must needs, for you all cried, "Go, go ;"  
If you'll confess he brought home noble prize,—  
As you must needs, for you all clapt your hands,  
And cried, "Inestimable!"—why do you now  
The issue of your proper wisdoms rate,  
And do a deed that fortune never did,— 90  
Beggard the estimation which you prized  
Richer than sea and land? O, theft most base,  
That we have stoln what we do fear to keep!  
But, thieves, unworthy of a thing so stoln,  
That in their country did them that disgrace  
We fear to warrant in our native place!

*Cas.* [*within*] Cry, Trojans, cry!

*Pri.* What noise? what shriek is this?

*Tro.* 'Tis our mad sister, I do know her voice.

*Cas.* [*within*] Cry, Trojans!

*Hect.* It is Cassandra.

100

*Enter CASSANDRA, raving, with her hair  
about her ears.*

*Cas.* Cry, Trojans, cry! lend me ten thousand eyes,  
And I will fill them with prophetic tears.

*Hect.* Peace, sister, peace!

*Cas.* Virgins and boys, mid-age and wrinkled old,  
Soft infancy, that nothing canst but cry,  
Add to my clamours! let us pay betimes  
A moiety of that mass of moan to come.

Cry, Trojans, cry! practise your eyes with tears!

Troy must not be, nor goodly Ilium stand;

Our firebrand brother, Paris, burns us all.

110

Cry, Trojans, cry! a Helen and a woe!

Cry, cry! Troy burns, or else let Helen go. [*Exit.*

*Hect.* Now, youthful Troilus, do not these high  
strains

Of divination in our sister work

Some touches of remorse? or is your blood

So madly hot, that no discourse of reason,

Nor fear of bad success in a bad cause,

Can qualify the same?

*Tro.* Why, brother Hector,

We may not think the justness of each act

Such and no other than event doth form it;

120

Nor once deject the courage of our minds,

Because Cassandra's mad: her brain-sick raptures

Cannot distaste the goodness of a quarrel

Which hath our several honours all engaged

To make it gracious. For my private part,

I am no more toucht than all Priam's sons:

And Jove forbid there should be done amongst us

Such things as might offend the weakest spleen  
To fight for and maintain!

*Par.* Else might the world convince of levity 130  
As well my undertakings as your counsels :  
But I attest the gods, your full consent  
Gave wings to my propension, and cut off  
All fears attending on so dire a project.  
For what, alas, can these my single arms?  
What propugnation is in one man's valour,  
To stand the push and enmity of those  
This quarrel would excite? Yet, I protest,  
Were I alone to pass the difficulties,  
And had as ample power as I have will, 140  
Paris should ne'er retract what he hath done,  
Nor faint in the pursuit.

*Pri.* Paris, you speak  
Like one besotted on your sweet delights :  
You have the honey still, but these the gall ;  
So to be valiant is no praise at all.

*Par.* Sir, I propose not merely to myself  
The pleasures such a beauty brings with it ;  
But I would have the soil of her fair ræpe  
Wiped off, in honourable keeping her.  
What treason were it to the ransackt queen, 150  
Disgrace to your great worths, and shame to me,  
Now to deliver her possession up  
On terms of base compulsion! Can it be  
That so degenerate a strain as this  
Should once set footing in your generous bosoms?  
There's not the meanest spirit on our party  
Without a heart to dare, or sword to draw,  
When Helen is defended; nor none so noble  
Whose life were ill bestow'd, or death unfamed,  
Where Helen is the subject: then, I say, 160  
Well may we fight for her, whom, we know well,  
The world's large spaces cannot parallel.

*Hect.* Paris and Troilus, you have both said well ;

And on the cause and question now in hand  
 Have glozed, but superficially; not much  
 Unlike young men, whom Aristotle thought  
 Unfit to hear moral philosophy :  
 The reasons you allege do more conduce  
 To the hot passion of distemper'd blood  
 Than to make up a free determination 170  
 'Twixt right and wrong; for pleasure and revenge  
 Have ears more deaf than adders to the voice  
 Of any true decision. Nature craves  
 All dues be render'd to their owners: now,  
 What nearer debt in all humanity  
 Than wife is to the husband? If this law  
 Of nature be corrupted through affection,  
 And that great minds, of partial indulgence  
 To their benumbed wills, resist the same,  
 There is a law in each well-order'd nation 180  
 To curb those raging appetites that are  
 Most disobedient and refractory.  
 If Helen, then, be wife to Sparta's king,—  
 As it is known she is,—these moral laws  
 Of nature and of nations speak aloud  
 To have her back return'd: thus to persist  
 In doing wrong extenuates not wrong,  
 But makes it much more heavy. Hector's opinion  
 Is this, in way of truth: yet, ne'ertheless,  
 My spritely brethren, I propend to you 190  
 In resolution to keep Helen still;  
 For 'tis a cause that hath no mean dependance  
 Upon our joint and several dignities.

*Tro.* Why, there you toucht the life of our design:  
 Were it not glory that we more affected  
 Than the performance of our heaving spleens,  
 I would not wish a drop of Trojan blood  
 Spent more in her defence. But, worthy Hector,  
 She is a theme of honour and renown;  
 A spur to valiant and magnanimous deeds; 200

Whose present courage may beat down our foes,  
And fame in time to come canonize us :  
For, I presume, brave Hector would not lose  
So rich advantage of a promised glory,  
As smiles upon the forehead of this action,  
For the wide world's revenue.

*Hect.* I am yours,  
You valiant offspring of great Priamus.—  
I have a roisting challenge sent amongst  
The dull and factious nobles of the Greeks  
Will strike amazement to their drowsy spirits : 210  
I was advertised their great general slept,  
Whilst emulation in the army crept :  
This, I presume, will wake him. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The Grecian camp. Before ACHILLES' tent.*

*Enter THERSITES.*

*Ther.* How now, Thersites! what, lost in the labyrinth of thy fury! Shall the elephant Ajax carry it thus? he beats me, and I rail at him: O, worthy satisfaction! would it were otherwise; that I could beat him, whilst he rail'd at me: 'sfoot, I'll learn to conjure and raise devils, but I'll see some issue of my spiteful execrations. Then there's Achilles,—a rare engineer. If Troy be not taken till these two undermine it, the walls will stand till they fall of themselves. O thou great thunder-darter of Olympus, forget that thou art 10  
Jove, the king of gods; and, Mercury, lose all the serpentine craft of thy caduceus; if ye take not that little little less-than-little wit from them that they have! which short-arm'd ignorance itself knows is so abundant scarce, it will not in circumvention deliver a fly from a spider, without drawing their massy irons and cutting the web. After this, the vengeance on the whole camp! or, rather, the Neapolitan bone-ache! for that, methinks, is the curse dependant on those

that war for a placket. I have said my prayers; and  
devil Envy say Amen.—What, ho! my Lord Achilles!

*Enter PATROCLUS.*

*Patr.* Who's there? Thersites! Good Thersites,  
come in and rail.

*Ther.* If I could ha' remember'd a gilt counterfeit,  
thou wouldst not have slipt out of my contemplation:  
but it is no matter; thyself upon thyself! The common  
curse of mankind, folly and ignorance, be thine in great  
revenue! heaven bless thee from a tutor, and discipline  
come not near thee! Let thy blood be thy direction  
till thy death! then if she that lays thee out says thou  
art a fair corse, I'll be sworn and sworn upon 't she never  
shrouded any but lazars. Amen.—Where's Achilles?

*Patr.* What, art thou devout? wast thou in prayer?

*Ther.* Ay; the heavens hear me!

*Enter ACHILLES.*

*Acbil.* Who's there?

*Patr.* Thersites, my lord.

*Acbil.* Where, where?—Art thou come? why, my  
cheese, my digestion, why hast thou not served thyself  
in to my table so many meals? Come,—what's Aga-  
memnon?

*Ther.* Thy commander, Achilles.—Then tell me,  
Patroclus, what's Achilles?

*Patr.* Thy lord, Thersites: then tell me, I pray thee,  
what's thyself?

*Ther.* Thy knower, Patroclus: then tell me, Patroclus,  
what art thou?

*Patr.* Thou mayst tell that know'st.

*Acbil.* O, tell, tell.

*Ther.* I'll decline the whole question. Agamemnon  
commands Achilles; Achilles is my lord; I am Patroclus'  
knower; and Patroclus is a fool.

*Patr.* You rascal!

*Tber.* Peace, fool! I have not done.

*Acbil.* He is a privileged man.—Proceed, Thersites.

*Tber.* Agamemnon is a fool; Achilles is a fool; Thersites is a fool; and, as aforesaid, Patroclus is a fool.

*Acbil.* Derive this; come.

*Tber.* Agamemnon is a fool to offer to command Achilles; Achilles is a fool to be commanded of Agamemnon; Thersites is a fool to serve such a fool; and 60 Patroclus is a fool positive.

*Patr.* Why am I a fool?

*Tber.* Make that demand to the Creator. It suffices me thou art.—Look you, who comes here?

*Acbil.* Patroclus, I'll speak with nobody.—Come in with me, Thersites. [Exit.

*Tber.* Here is such patchery, such juggling, and such knavery! all the argument is a cuckold and a whore; a good quarrel to draw emulous factions and bleed to death upon. Now, the dry serpigo on the subject! 70 and war and lechery confound all! [Exit.

*Enter* AGAMEMNON, ULYSSES, NESTOR, DIOMEDES,  
and AJAX.

*Agam.* Where is Achilles?

*Patr.* Within his tent; but ill-disposed, my lord.

*Agam.* Let it be known to him that we are here. He shent our messengers; and we lay by Our appertainments, visiting of him: Let him be told so; lest perchance he think We dare not move the question of our place, Or know not what we are.

*Patr.* I shall say so to him. [Exit.

*Ulyss.* We saw him at the opening of his tent: 80 He is not sick.

*Ajax.* Yes, lion-sick, sick of proud heart: you may call it melancholy, if you will favour the man; but, by my head, 'tis pride: but why, why? let him show us the cause.—A word, my lord. [*Takes* AGAMEMNON *aside.*



*Nest.* What moves Ajax thus to bay at him?

*Ulyss.* Achilles hath inveigled his fool from him.

*Nest.* Who, Thersites?

*Ulyss.* He.

*Nest.* Then will Ajax lack matter, if he have lost his 90  
argument.

*Ulyss.* No, you see, he is his argument that has his  
argument,—Achilles.

*Nest.* All the better; their fraction is more our wish  
than their faction: but it was a strong composure a  
fool could disunite.

*Ulyss.* The amity that wisdom knits not, folly may  
easily untie.—Here comes Patroclus.

*Nest.* No Achilles with him.

*Ulyss.* The elephant hath joints, but none for cour- 100  
tesy: his legs are legs for necessity, not for flexure.

*Enter PATROCLUS.*

*Patr.* Achilles bids me say, he is much sorry,  
If any thing more than your sport and pleasure  
Did move your greatness and this noble state  
To call upon him; he hopes it is no other  
But for your health and your digestion sake,—  
An after-dinner's breath.

*Agam.* Hear you, Patroclus:—  
We are too well acquainted with these answers:  
But his evasion, wing'd thus swift with scorn,  
Cannot outfly our apprehensions. 110  
Much attribute he hath; and much the reason  
Why we ascribe it to him: yet all his virtues,  
Not virtuously on his own part beheld,  
Do in our eyes begin to lose their gloss;  
Yea, like fair fruit in an unwholesome dish,  
Are like to rot untasted. Go and tell him,  
We come to speak with him; and you shall not sin,  
If you do say we think him over-proud  
And under-honest; in self-assumption greater

Than in the note of judgement; and worthier than  
himself

120

Here tend the savage strangeness he puts on,  
Disguise the holy strength of their command,  
And underwrite in an observing kind  
His humorous predominance; yea, watch  
His pettish lunes, his ebbs, his flows, as if  
The passage and whole carriage of this action  
Rode on his tide. Go tell him this; and add,  
That if he overhold his price so much,  
We'll none of him; but let him, like an engine  
Not portable, lie under this report,—

130

“Bring action hither, this cannot go to war:  
A stirring dwarf we do allowance give  
Before a sleeping giant:”—tell him so.

*Patr.* I shall; and bring his answer presently. [*Exit.*

*Agam.* In second voice we'll not be satisfied;  
We come to speak with him.—Ulysses, enter you.

[*Exit* ULYSSES.

*Ajax.* What is he more than another?

*Agam.* No more than what he thinks he is.

*Ajax.* Is he so much? Do you not think he thinks  
himself a better man than I am?

140

*Agam.* No question.

*Ajax.* Will you subscribe his thought, and say he is?

*Agam.* No, noble Ajax; you are as strong, as valiant,  
as wise, no less noble, much more gentle, and altogether  
more tractable.

*Ajax.* Why should a man be proud? How doth  
pride grow? I know not what pride is.

*Agam.* Your mind is the clearer, Ajax, and your  
virtues the fairer. He that is proud eats up himself;  
pride is his own glass, his own trumpet, his own  
chronicle; and whatever praises itself but in the deed,  
devours the deed in the praise.

*Ajax.* I do hate a proud man, as I hate the engender-  
ing of toads.

*Nest.* [*aside*] Yet he loves himself: is't not strange?

*Enter* ULYSSES.

*Ulyss.* Achilles will not to the field to-morrow.

*Agam.* What's his excuse?

*Ulyss.* He doth rely on none;  
But carries on the stream of his dispose,  
Without observance or respect of any,  
In will peculiar and in self-admission. 160

*Agam.* Why will he not, upon our fair request,  
Untent his person, and share the air with us?

*Ulyss.* Things small as nothing, for request's sake  
only,

He makes important: possess he is with greatness;  
And speaks not to himself, but with a pride  
That quarrels at self-breath: imagined worth  
Holds in his blood such swoln and hot discourse,  
That 'twixt his mental and his active parts  
Kingdom'd Achilles in commotion rages,  
And batters down himself: what should I say? 170  
He is so plaguy proud, that the death-tokens of it  
Cry "No recovery."

*Agam.* Let Ajax go to him.—  
Dear lord, go you and greet him in his tent:  
'Tis said he holds you well; and will be led,  
At your request, a little from himself.

*Ulyss.* O Agamemnon, let it not be so!  
We'll consecrate the steps that Ajax makes  
When they go from Achilles: shall the proud lord,  
That bastes his arrogance with his own seam,  
And never suffers matter of the world 180  
Enter his thoughts, save such as doth revolve  
And ruminates himself,—shall he be worshipt  
Of that we hold an idol more than he?  
No, this thrice-worthy and right-valiant lord  
Must not so stale his palm, nobly acquired;  
Nor, by my will, assubjugate his merit,

As amply titled as Achilles is,  
 By going to Achilles:  
 That were to enlard his fat-already pride,  
 And add more coals to Cancer when he burns 190  
 With entertaining great Hyperion.  
 This lord go to him! Jupiter forbid;  
 And say in thunder, "Achilles go to him."

*Nest.* [*aside*] O, this is well; he rubs the vein of him.

*Dio.* [*aside*] And how his silence drinks up this applause!

*Ajax.* If I go to him, with my armed fist  
 I'll pash him o'er the face.

*Agam.* O, no, you shall not go.

*Ajax.* An 'a be proud with me, I'll pheeze his pride:  
 Let me go to him. 200

*Ulyss.* Not for the worth that hangs upon our quarrel.

*Ajax.* A paltry, insolent fellow!

*Nest.* [*aside*] How he describes himself!

*Ajax.* Can he not be sociable?

*Ulyss.* [*aside*] The raven chides blackness.

*Ajax.* I'll let his humours blood.

*Agam.* [*aside*] He will be the physician that should  
 be the patient.

*Ajax.* An all men were o' my mind,—

*Ulyss.* [*aside*] Wit would be out of fashion. 210

*Ajax.* 'A should not bear it so, 'a should eat swords  
 first: shall pride carry it?

*Nest.* [*aside*] An 'twould, you'd carry half.

*Ulyss.* [*aside*] 'A would have ten shares.

*Ajax.* I will knead him; I'll make him supple.

*Nest.* [*aside*] He's not yet through warm: force him  
 with praises: pour in, pour in; his ambition is dry.

*Ulyss.* [*to AGAM.*] My lord, you feed too much on  
 this dislike.

*Nest.* Our noble general, do not do so.

*Dio.* You must prepare to fight without Achilles. 220

*Ulyss.* Why, 'tis this naming of him does him harm.

Here is a man—but 'tis before his face ;  
I will be silent.

*Nest.* Wherefore should you so ?  
He is not emulous, as Achilles is.

*Ulyss.* Know the whole world, he is as valiant.

*Ajax.* A whoreson dog, that shall palter thus with us !  
Would he were a Trojan !

*Nest.* What a vice were it in Ajax now,—

*Ulyss.* If he were proud,—

*Dio.* Or covetous of praise,—

230

*Ulyss.* Ay, or surly borne,—

*Dio.* Or strange, or self-affected !

*Ulyss.* Thank the heavens, lord, thou art of sweet  
composure ;

Praise him that got thee, she that gave thee suck :

Famed be thy tutor, and thy parts of nature

Thrice-famed beyond, beyond all erudition :

But he that disciplined thy arms to fight,

Let Mars divide eternity in twain,

And give him half : and, for thy vigour,

Bull-bearing Milo his addition yield

240

To sinewy Ajax. I will not praise thy wisdom,

Which, like a bourn, a pale, a shore, confines

Thy spacious and dilated parts : here's Nestor,—

Instructed by the antiquary times,

He must, he is, he cannot but be wise :—

But pardon, father Nestor, were your days

As green as Ajax', and your brain so temper'd,

You should not have the eminence of him,

But be as Ajax.

*Ajax.* Shall I call you father ?

*Nest.* Ay, my good son.

*Dio.*

Be ruled by him, Lord Ajax. 250

*Ulyss.* There is no tarrying here ; the hart Achilles  
Keeps thicket. Please it our great general

To call together all his state of war ;

Fresh kings are come to Troy : to-morrow

We must with all our main of power stand fast :  
And here's a lord,—come knights from east to west,  
And cull their flower, Ajax shall cope the best.

*Agam.* Go we to council. Let Achilles sleep :  
Light boats sail swift, though greater hulks draw deep.

[*Exeunt.*]

### ACT III.

SCENE I. *Troy. PRIAM'S palace.*

*Enter PANDARUS and a Servant.*

*Pan.* Friend, you,—pray you, a word : do not you  
follow the young Lord Paris ?

*Serv.* Ay, sir, when he goes before me.

*Pan.* You depend upon him, I mean ?

*Serv.* Sir, I do depend upon the Lord.

*Pan.* You depend upon a noble gentleman ; I must  
needs praise him.

*Serv.* The Lord be praised !

*Pan.* You know me, do you not ?

*Serv.* Faith, sir, superficially. 10

*Pan.* Friend, know me better ; I am the Lord  
Pandarus.

*Serv.* I hope I shall know your honour better.

*Pan.* I do desire it.

*Serv.* You are in the state of grace.

*Pan.* Grace ! not so, friend ; honour and lordship are  
my titles. [*Music sounds within.*]—What music is this ?

*Serv.* I do but partly know, sir : it is music in parts.

*Pan.* Know you the musicians ?

*Serv.* Wholly, sir. 20

*Pan.* Who play they to ?

*Serv.* To the hearers, sir.

*Pan.* At whose pleasure, friend ?

*Serv.* At mine, sir, and theirs that love music.

*Pan.* Command, I mean, friend.

*Serv.* Who shall I command, sir?

*Pan.* Friend, we understand not one another: I am too courtly, and thou art too cunning. At whose request do these men play?

*Serv.* That's to't, indeed, sir: marry, sir, at the request of Paris my lord, who's there in person; with him, the mortal Venus, the heart-blood of beauty, love's invisible soul,—

*Pan.* Who, my cousin Cressida?

*Serv.* No, sir, Helen: could you not find out that by her attributes?

*Pan.* It should seem, fellow, that thou hast not seen the Lady Cressida. I come to speak with Paris from the Prince Troilus: I will make a complimentary assault upon him, for my business seethes. 40

*Serv.* Sudden business! there's a stew'd phrase indeed!

*Enter PARIS and HELEN, attended.*

*Pan.* Fair be to you, my lord, and to all this fair company! fair desires, in all fair measure, fairly guide them!—especially to you, fair queen! fair thoughts be your fair pillow!

*Helen.* Dear lord, you are full of fair words.

*Pan.* You speak your fair pleasure, sweet queen.—Fair prince, here is good broken music.

*Par.* You have broke it, cousin: and, by my life, you shall make it whole again; you shall piece it out with a piece of your performance.—Nell, he is full of harmony.

*Pan.* Truly, lady, no.

*Helen.* O, sir,—

*Pan.* Rude, in sooth; in good sooth, very rude.

*Par.* Well said, my lord! well, you say so in fits.

*Pan.* I have business to my lord, dear queen.—My lord, will you vouchsafe me a word?

*Helen.* Nay, this shall not hedge us out: we'll hear you sing, certainly. 60

*Pan.* Well, sweet queen, you are pleasant with me.—  
But, marry, thus, my lord,—My dear lord, and most  
esteem'd friend, your brother Troilus,—

*Helen.* My Lord Pandarus; honey-sweet lord,—

*Pan.* Go to, sweet queen, go to:—commends him-  
self most affectionately to you,—

*Helen.* You shall not bob us out of our melody: if  
you do, our melancholy upon your head!

*Pan.* Sweet queen, sweet queen; that's a sweet  
queen, i'faith,—

70

*Helen.* And to make a sweet lady sad is a sour  
offence. Nay, that shall not serve your turn; that  
shall it not, in truth, la. Nay, I care not for such  
words; no, no.

*Pan.* And, my lord, he desires you, that if the king  
call for him at supper, you will make his excuse.

*Helen.* My Lord Pandarus,—

*Pan.* What says my sweet queen,—my very very  
sweet queen?

*Par.* What exploit's in hand? where sups he to- 80  
night?

*Helen.* Nay, but, my lord,—

*Pan.* What says my sweet queen?—My cousin will  
fall out with you. You must not know where he  
sups.

*Par.* I'll lay my life, with my disposer Cressida.

*Pan.* No, no, no such matter; you are wide: come,  
your disposer is sick.

*Par.* Well, I'll make excuse.

*Pan.* Ay, good my lord. Why should you say 90  
Cressida? no, your poor disposer's sick.

*Par.* I spy.

*Pan.* You spy! what do you spy?—Come, give me  
an instrument.—Now, sweet queen.

*Helen.* Why, this is kindly done.

*Pan.* My niece is horribly in love with a thing you  
have, sweet queen.



*Helen.* She shall have it, my lord, if it be not my lord Paris.

*Pan.* He! no, she'll none of him; they two are twain. 100

*Helen.* Falling in, after falling out, may make them three.

*Pan.* Come, come, I'll hear no more of this; I'll sing you a song now.

*Helen.* Ay, ay, prithee now. By my troth, sweet lord, thou hast a fine forehead.

*Pan.* Ay, you may, you may.

*Helen.* Let thy song be love: this love will undo us all. O Cupid, Cupid, Cupid!

*Pan.* Love! ay, that it shall, i'faith. 100

*Par.* Ay, good now, love, love, nothing but love.

*Pan.* In good troth, it begins so. [*Sings.*]

Love, love, nothing but love, still more!

For, O, love's bow  
Shoots buck and doe:  
The shaft confounds,  
Not that it wounds,

But tickles still the sore.

These lovers cry—Oh! oh! they die!

Yet that which seems the wound to kill 120

Doth turn oh! oh! to ha! ha! he!

So dying love lives still:

Oh! oh! a while, but ha! ha! ha!

Oh! oh! groans out for ha! ha! ha!

Heigh-ho!

*Helen.* In love, i'faith, to the very tip of the nose.

*Par.* He eats nothing but doves, love; and that breeds hot blood, and hot blood begets hot thoughts, and hot thoughts beget hot deeds, and hot deeds is love. 130

*Pan.* Is this the generation of love? hot blood, hot thoughts, and hot deeds? Why, they are vipers: is love a generation of vipers?—Sweet lord, who's a-field to-day?

*Par.* Hector, Deiphobus, Helenus, Antenor, and all the gallantry of Troy: I would fain have arm'd to-day,

but my Nell would not have it so. How chance my brother Troilus went not?

*Helen.* He hangs the lip at something:—you know all, Lord Pandarus. 140

*Pan.* Not I, honey-sweet queen.—I long to hear how they sped to-day.—You'll remember your brother's excuse?

*Par.* To a hair.

*Pan.* Farewell, sweet queen.

*Helen.* Commend me to your niece.

*Pan.* I will, sweet queen.

[*Exit.*

[*Sound a retreat.*

*Par.* They're come from field: let us to Priam's hall, To greet the warriors. Sweet Helen, I must woo you To help unarm our Hector: his stubborn buckles, 150 With these your white enchanting fingers toucht, Shall more obey than to the edge of steel Or force of Greekish sinews; you shall do more Than all the island kings,—disarm great Hector.

*Helen.* 'Twill make us proud to be his servant, Paris; Yea, what he shall receive of us in duty Gives us more palm in beauty than we have, Yea, overshines ourself.

*Par.* Sweet, above thought I love thee. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. PANDARUS' orchard.

*Enter PANDARUS and TROILUS' Boy, meeting.*

*Pan.* How now! where's thy master? at my cousin Cressida's?

*Boy.* No, sir; he stays for you to conduct him thither.

*Pan.* O, here he comes.

*Enter TROILUS.*

How now, how now!

*Tro.* Sirrah, walk off.

[*Exit Boy.*

*Pan.* Have you seen my cousin?

*Tro.* No, Pandarus: I stalk about her door,  
 Like a strange soul upon the Stygian banks  
 Staying for waftage. O, be thou my Charon, 10  
 And give me swift transportance to those fields  
 Where I may wallow in the lily-beds  
 Proposed for the deserver! O gentle Pandarus,  
 From Cupid's shoulder pluck his painted wings,  
 And fly with me to Cressid!

*Pan.* Walk here i' th' orchard, I'll bring her straight.  
 [Exit.]

*Tro.* I am giddy; expectation whirls me round.  
 Th' imaginary relish is so sweet  
 That it enchants my sense: what will it be,  
 When that the watery palate tastes indeed 20  
 Love's thrice-repured nectar? death, I fear me;  
 Swooning destruction; or some joy too fine,  
 Too subtle-potent, tuned too sharp in sweetness,  
 For the capacity of my ruder powers:  
 I fear it much; and I do fear besides,  
 That I shall lose distinction in my joys;  
 As doth a battle, when they charge on heaps  
 The enemy flying.

*Enter PANDARUS.*

*Pan.* She's making her ready, she'll come straight:  
 you must be witty now. She does so blush, and fetches 30  
 her wind so short, as if she were fray'd with a sprite:  
 I'll fetch her. It is the prettiest villain: she fetches  
 her breath as short as a new-ta'en sparrow. [Exit.]

*Tro.* Even such a passion doth embrace my bosom:  
 My heart beats thicker than a feverous pulse;  
 And all my powers do their bestowing lose,  
 Like vassalage at unawares encountering  
 The eye of majesty.

*Enter PANDARUS with CRESSIDA.*

*Pan.* Come, come, what need you blush? shame's  
 a baby.—Here she is now: swear the oaths now to 40

her that you have sworn to me.—What, are you gone again? you must be watcht ere you be made tame, must you? Come your ways, come your ways; an you draw backward, we'll put you i' th' fills. Why do you not speak to her? Come, draw this curtain, and let's see your picture. Alas the day, how loth you are to offend daylight! an 'twere dark, you'd close sooner. So, so; rub on, and kiss the mistress. How now! a kiss in fee-farm! build there, carpenter; the air is sweet. Nay, you shall fight your hearts out ere I part you. The 50 falcon as the tercel, for all the ducks i' th' river: go to, go to.

*Tro.* You have bereft me of all words, lady.

*Pan.* Words pay no debts, give her deeds: but she'll bereave you o' th' deeds too, if she call your activity in question. What, billing again? Here's—"In witness whereof the parties interchangeably"—Come in, come in: I'll go get a fire. [*Exit.*

*Cres.* Will you walk in, my lord?

*Tro.* O Cressida, how often have I wisht me thus! 60

*Cres.* Wisht, my lord!—The gods grant—O my lord!

*Tro.* What should they grant? what makes this pretty abruption? What too curious dreg espies my sweet lady in the fountain of our love?

*Cres.* More dregs than water, if my fears have eyes.

*Tro.* Fears make devils of cherubins; they never see truly.

*Cres.* Blind fear, that seeing reason leads, finds safer footing than blind reason stumbling without fear: to 70 fear the worst oft cures the worst.

*Tro.* O, let my lady apprehend no fear: in all Cupid's pageant there is presented no monster.

*Cres.* Nor nothing monstrous neither?

*Tro.* Nothing, but our undertakings; when we vow to weep seas, live in fire, eat rocks, tame tigers; thinking it harder for our mistress to devise imposition

enough than for us to undergo any difficulty imposed. This is the monstrosity in love, lady,—that the will is infinite, and the execution confined ; that the desire 80 is boundless, and the act a slave to limit.

*Cres.* They say, all lovers swear more performance than they are able, and yet reserve an ability that they never perform ; vowing more than the perfection of ten, and discharging less than the tenth part of one. They that have the voice of lions and the act of hares, are they not monsters ?

*Tro.* Are there such ? such are not we : praise us as we are tasted, allow us as we prove ; our head shall go bare till merit crown it : no perfection in reversion 90 shall have a praise in present : we will not name desert before his birth ; and, being born, his addition shall be humble. Few words to fair faith : Troilus shall be such to Cressid as what envy can say worst shall be a mock for his truth, and what truth can speak truest not truer than Troilus.

*Cres.* Will you walk in, my lord ?

*Enter PANDARUS.*

*Pan.* What, blushing still ? have you not done talking yet ?

*Cres.* Well, uncle, what folly I commit, I dedicate 100 to you.

*Pan.* I thank you for that : if my lord get a boy of you, you'll give him me. Be true to my lord : if he flinch, chide me for it.

*Tro.* You know now your hostages ; your uncle's word and my firm faith.

*Pan.* Nay, I'll give my word for her too : our kindred, though they be long ere they are wooed, they are constant being won : they are burs, I can tell you ; they'll stick where they are thrown. 110

*Cres.* Boldness comes to me now, and brings me heart :—

Prince Troilus, I have loved you night and day  
For many weary months.

*Tro.* Why was my Cressid, then, so hard to win?

*Cres.* Hard to seem won: but I was won, my lord,  
With the first glance that ever—pardon me—  
If I confess much, you will play the tyrant.  
I love you now; but not, till now, so much  
But I might master it:—in faith, I lie;  
My thoughts were like unbridled children, grown 120  
Too headstrong for their mother:—see, we fools!  
Why have I blabb'd? who shall be true to us  
When we are so unsecret to ourselves?—  
But, though I loved you well, I woo'd you not;  
And yet, good faith, I wisht myself a man,  
Or that we women had men's privilege  
Of speaking first. Sweet, bid me hold my tongue;  
For, in this rapture, I shall surely speak  
The thing I shall repent. See, see, your silence,  
Cunning in dumbness, from my weakness draws 130  
My very soul of counsel!—stop my mouth.

*Tro.* And shall, albeit sweet music issues thence.

*Pan.* Pretty, i'faith. [Kisses her.

*Cres.* My lord, I do beseech you, pardon me;  
'Twas not my purpose thus to beg a kiss:  
I am ashamed;—O heavens! what have I done?  
For this time will I take my leave, my lord.

*Tro.* Your leave, sweet Cressid!

*Pan.* Leave! an you take leave till to-morrow morn-  
ing,—

*Cres.* Pray you, content you.

*Tro.* What offends you, lady? 140

*Cres.* Sir, mine own company.

*Tro.* You cannot shun

Yourself.

*Cres.* Let me go and try:  
I have a kind of self resides with you;  
But an unkind self, that itself will leave,

To be another's fool. I would be gone:—  
Where is my wit? I know not what I speak.

*Tro.* Well know they what they speak that speak  
so wisely.

*Cres.* Perchance, my lord, I show'd more craft than  
love;

And fell so roundly to a large confession,  
To angle for your thoughts: but you are wise; 150  
Or else you love not; for to be wise and love  
Exceeds man's might; that dwells with gods above.

*Tro.* O, that I thought it could be in a woman—  
As, if it can, I will presume in you—

To feed for aye her lamp and flames of love;  
To keep her constancy in plight and youth,  
Outliving beauty's outward, with a mind  
That doth renew swifter than blood decays!

Or, that persuasion could but thus convince me,—  
That my integrity and truth to you 160

Might be affronted with the match and weight  
Of such a winnow'd purity in love;  
How were I then uplifted! but, alas!  
I am as true as truth's simplicity,  
And simpler than the infancy of truth.

*Cres.* In that I'll war with you.

*Tro.* O virtuous fight,  
When right with right wars who shall be most right!  
True swains in love shall, in the world to come,  
Approve their truths by Troilus: when their rimes,  
Full of protest, of oath, and big compare, 170  
Want similes, truth tired with iteration,—  
As true as steel, as plantage to the moon,  
As sun to day, as turtle to her mate,  
As iron to adamant, as earth to th' centre,—  
Yet, after all comparisons of truth,  
As truth's authentic author to be cited,  
"As true as Troilus" shall crown up the verse,  
And sanctify the numbers.

*Cres.* Prophet may you be!

If I be false, or swerve a hair from truth,  
 When time is old and hath forgot itself, 180  
 When waterdrops have worn the stones of Troy,  
 And blind oblivion swallow'd cities up,  
 And mighty states characterless are grated  
 To dusty nothing; yet let memory,  
 From false to false, among false maids in love,  
 Upbraid my falsehood! when they've said "as false  
 As air, as water, wind, or sandy earth,  
 As fox to lamb, or wolf to heifer's calf,  
 Pard to the hind, or stepdame to her son,"—  
 "Yea," let them say, to stick the heart of falsehood, 190  
 "As false as Cressid."

*Pan.* Go to, a bargain made: seal it, seal it; I'll be  
 the witness. Here I hold your hand; here my cousin's.  
 If ever you prove false one to another, since I have  
 taken such pains to bring you together, let all pitiful  
 goers-between be call'd to the world's end after my  
 name, call them all Pandars; let all inconstant men be  
 Troilus, all false women Cressids, and all brokers-  
 between Pandars! say, amen.

*Tro.* Amen. 200

*Cres.* Amen.

*Pan.* Amen. Whereupon I will show you a chamber  
 with a bed; which bed, because it shall not speak of  
 your pretty encounters, press it to death: away!  
 And Cupid grant all tongue-tied maidens here  
 Bed, chamber, Pandar to provide this gear! [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The Grecian camp.*

*Flourish.* Enter AGAMEMNON, ULYSSES, DIOMEDES,  
 NESTOR, AJAX, MENELAUS, and CALCHAS.

*Cal.* Now, princes, for the service I have done you,  
 Th' advantage of the time prompts me aloud  
 To call for recompense. Appear it to your mind



That, through the sight I bear in things to love,  
 I have abandon'd Troy, left my possession,  
 Incurr'd a traitor's name ; exposed myself,  
 From certain and possest conveniences,  
 To doubtful fortunes ; sequest'ring from me all  
 That time, acquaintance, custom, and condition,  
 Made tame and most familiar to my nature ; 10  
 And here, to do you service, am become  
 As new into the world, strange, unacquainted :  
 I do beseech you, as in way of taste,  
 To give me now a little benefit,  
 Out of those many register'd in promise,  
 Which, you say, live to come in my behalf.

*Agam.* What wouldst thou of us, Trojan? make demand.

*Cal.* You have a Trojan prisoner, call'd Antenor,  
 Yesterday took : Troy holds him very dear.  
 Oft have you—often have you thanks therefore— 20  
 Desired my Cressid in right great exchange,  
 Whom Troy hath still denied : but this Antenor,  
 I know, is such a wrest in their affairs,  
 That their negotiations all must slack,  
 Wanting his manage ; and they will almost  
 Give us a prince of blood, a son of Priam,  
 In change of him : let him be sent, great princes,  
 And he shall buy my daughter ; and her presence  
 Shall quite strike off all service I have done,  
 In most accepted pay.

*Agam.* Let Diomedes bear him, 30  
 And bring us Cressid hither : Calchas shall have  
 What he requests of us.—Good Diomed,  
 Furnish you fairly for this interchange :  
 Withal, bring word if Hector will to-morrow  
 Be answer'd in his challenge : Ajax is ready.

*Dio.* This shall I undertake ; and 'tis a burden  
 Which I am proud to bear.

[*Exeunt* DIOMEDES and CALCHAS.]

*Enter* **ACHILLES** and **PATROCLUS**, *before their tent.*

*Ulyss.* Achilles stands i' th' entrance of his tent:—  
 Please it our general to pass strangely by him,  
 As if he were forgot; and, princes all, 40  
 Lay negligent and loose regard upon him:  
 I will come last. 'Tis like he'll question me  
 Why such unplausible eyes are bent on him:  
 If so, I have derision medicinable,  
 To use between your strangeness and his pride,  
 Which his own will shall have desire to drink:  
 It may do good: pride hath no other glass  
 To show itself but pride; for supple knees  
 Feed arrogance, and are the proud man's fees.

*Agam.* We'll execute your purpose, and put on 50  
 A form of strangeness as we pass along:—  
 So do each lord; and either greet him not,  
 Or else disdainfully, which shall shake him more  
 Than if not lookt on. I will lead the way.

*Acbil.* What, comes the general to speak with me?  
 You know my mind, I'll fight no more 'gainst Troy.

*Agam.* What says Achilles? would he aught with us?

*Nest.* Would you, my lord, aught with the general?

*Acbil.* No.

*Nest.* Nothing, my lord. 60

*Agam.* The better.

[*Exeunt* **AGAMEMNON** and **NESTOR**.]

*Acbil.* Good day, good day.

*Men.* How do you? how do you? [*Exit.*

*Acbil.* What, does the cuckold scorn me?

*Ajax.* How now, Patroclus!

*Acbil.* Good morrow, Ajax.

*Ajax.* Ha!

*Acbil.* Good morrow.

*Ajax.* Ay, and good next day too. [*Exit.*

*Acbil.* What mean these fellows? Know they not  
 Achilles? 70

*Patr.* They pass by strangely: they were used to  
bend,  
To send their smiles before them to Achilles;  
To come as humbly as they use to creep  
To holy altars.

*Acbil.* What, am I poor of late?  
'Tis certain, greatness, once faln out with fortune,  
Must fall out with men too: what the declined is,  
He shall as soon read in the eyes of others  
As feel in his own fall; for men, like butterflies,  
Show not their mealy wings but to the summer;  
And not a man, for being simply man, 80  
Hath any honour, but honour for those honours  
That are without him, as place, riches, favour,  
Prizes of accident as oft as merit:  
Which when they fall, as being slippery standers,  
The love that lean'd on them as slippery too,  
Do one pluck down another, and together  
Die in the fall. But 'tis not so with me:  
Fortune and I are friends: I do enjoy  
At ample point all that I did possess,  
Save these men's looks; who do, methinks, find out 90  
Something not worth in me such rich beholding  
As they have often given. Here is Ulysses:  
I'll interrupt his reading.—  
How now, Ulysses!

*Ulyss.* Now, great Thetis' son!

*Acbil.* What are you reading?

*Ulyss.* A strange fellow here  
Writes me, "That man—how dearly ever parted,  
How much in having, or without or in—  
Cannot make boast to have that which he hath,  
Nor feels not what he owes, but by reflection;  
As when his virtues shining upon others 100  
Heat them, and they retort that heat again  
To the first giver."

*Acbil.* This is not strange, Ulysses.

The beauty that is borne here in the face  
The bearer knows not, but commends itself  
To others' eyes: nor doth the eye itself,  
That most pure spirit of sense, behold itself,  
Not going from itself; but eye to eye opposed  
Salutes each other with each other's form:  
For speculation turns not to itself,  
Till it hath travell'd, and is mirror'd there 110  
Where it may see itself. This is not strange at all.

*Ulyss.* I do not strain at the position,—  
It is familiar,—but at the author's drift;  
Who, in his circumstance, expressly proves  
That no man is the lord of any thing,  
Though in and of him there be much consisting,  
Till he communicate his parts to others;  
Nor doth he of himself know them for aught  
Till he behold them formed in th' applause  
Where they're extended; who, like an arch, reverb'rates 120  
The voice again; or, like a gate of steel  
Fronting the sun, receives and renders back  
His figure and his heat. I was much rapt in this;  
And apprehended here immediately  
The unknown Ajax.

Heavens, what a man is there! a very horse;  
That has he knows not what. Nature, what things  
there are,  
Most abject in regard, and dear in use!  
What things again most dear in the esteem,  
And poor in worth! Now shall we see to-morrow— 130  
An act that very chance doth throw upon him—  
Ajax renown'd. O heavens, what some men do,  
While some men leave to do!  
How some men creep in skittish Fortune's hall,  
Whiles others play the idiots in her eyes!  
How one man eats into another's pride,  
While pride is fasting in his wantonness!  
To see these Grecian lords!—why, even already

They clap the lubber Ajax on the shoulder,  
 As if his foot were on brave Hector's breast, 140  
 And great Troy shrieking.

*Achil.* I do believe it; for they past by me  
 As misers do by beggars,—neither gave to me  
 Good word nor look: what, are my deeds forgot?

*Ulyss.* Time hath, my lord, a wallet at his back,  
 Wherein he puts alms for oblivion,  
 A great-sized monster of ingratitude:  
 Those scraps are good deeds past; which are devour'd  
 As fast as they are made, forgot as soon  
 As done: perseverance, dear my lord, 150

Keeps honour bright: to have done, is to hang  
 Quite out of fashion, like a rusty mail  
 In monumental mockery. Take the instant way;  
 For honour travels in a strait so narrow,  
 Where one but goes abreast: keep, then, the path;  
 For emulation hath a thousand sons,  
 That one by one pursue: if you give way,  
 Or hedge aside from the direct forthright,  
 Like to an enter'd tide, they all rush by,  
 And leave you hindmost; 160

Or, like a gallant horse faln in first rank,  
 Lie there for pavement to the abject rear,  
 O'er-run and trampled on: then what they do in present,  
 Though less than yours in past, must o'ertop yours;  
 For time is like a fashionable host,  
 That slightly shakes his parting guest by th' hand,  
 And with his arms outstretcht, as he would fly,  
 Grasps-in the comer: welcome ever smiles,  
 And farewell goes out sighing. O, let not virtue seek  
 Remuneration for the thing it was; 170

For beauty, wit,  
 High birth, vigour of bone, desert in service,  
 Love, friendship, charity, are subjects all  
 To envious and calumniating time.  
 One touch of nature makes the whole world kin,—

That all, with one consent, praise new-born gawds,  
Though they are made and moulded of things past,  
And give to dust, that is a little gilt,  
More laud than gilt o'er-dusted.

The present eye praises the present object : 180  
Then marvel not, thou great and complete man,  
That all the Greeks begin to worship Ajax ;  
Since things in motion sooner catch the eye  
Than what not stirs. The cry went once on thee,  
And still it might, and yet it may again,  
If thou wouldst not entomb thyself alive,  
And case thy reputation in thy tent ;  
Whose glorious deeds, but in these fields of late,  
Made emulous missions 'mongst the gods themselves,  
And drave great Mars to faction.

*Achil.* Of this my privacy 190  
I have strong reasons.

*Ulyss.* But 'gainst your privacy  
The reasons are more potent and heroical :  
'Tis known, Achilles, that you are in love  
With one of Priam's daughters.

*Achil.* Ha ! known !

*Ulyss.* Is that a wonder ?  
The providence that's in a watchful state  
Knows almost every grain of Pluto's gold ;  
Finds bottom in th' uncomprehensive deeps ;  
Keeps place with thought, and almost, like the gods,  
Does thoughts unveil in their dumb cradles. 200  
There is a mystery—with whom relation  
Durst never meddle—in the soul of state ;  
Which hath an operation more divine  
Than breath or pen can give expressure to :  
All the commerce that you have had with Troy  
As perfectly is ours as yours, my lord ;  
And better would it fit Achilles much  
To throw down Hector than Polyxena :  
But it must grieve young Pyrrhus now at home,

When fame shall in our islands sound her trump, 210  
 And all the Greekish girls shall tripping sing,  
 "Great Hector's sister did Achilles win ;  
 But our great Ajax bravely beat down him."  
 Farewell, my lord : I as your lover speak ;  
 The fool slides o'er the ice that you should break.

[*Exit.*

*Patr.* To this effect, Achilles, have I moved you :  
 A woman impudent and mannish grown  
 Is not more loath'd than an effeminate man  
 In time of action. I stand condemn'd for this ;  
 They think, my little stomach to the war, 220  
 And your great love to me, restrains you thus :  
 Sweet, rouse yourself ; and the weak wanton Cupid  
 Shall from your neck unloose his amorous fold,  
 And, like a dew-drop from the lion's mane,  
 Be shook to air.

*Acbil.* Shall Ajax fight with Hector ?

*Patr.* Ay, and perhaps receive much honour by  
 him.

*Acbil.* I see my reputation is at stake ;  
 My fame is shrewdly gored.

*Patr.* O, then, beware ;  
 Those wounds heal ill that men do give themselves :  
 Omission to do what is necessary 230  
 Seals a commission to a blank of danger ;  
 And danger, like an ague, subtly taints  
 Even then when we sit idly in the sun.

*Acbil.* Go call Thersites hither, sweet Patroclus :  
 I'll send the fool to Ajax, and desire him  
 T' invite the Trojan lords after the combat  
 To see us here unarm'd : I have a woman's longing,  
 An appetite that I am sick withal,  
 To see great Hector in his weeds of peace ;  
 To talk with him, and to behold his visage, 240  
 Even to my full of view.—A labour saved !

*Enter* THERSITES.

*Tber.* A wonder!

*Acbil.* What?

*Tber.* Ajax goes up and down the field, asking for himself.

*Acbil.* How so?

*Tber.* He must fight singly to-morrow with Hector; and is so prophetically proud of an heroic cudgelling that he raves in saying nothing.

*Acbil.* How can that be?

250

*Tber.* Why, he stalks up and down like a peacock,—a stride and a stand: ruminates like an hostess that hath no arithmetic but her brain to set down her reckoning: bites his lip with a politic regard, as who should say “There were wit in this head, an ’twould out;” and so there is; but it lies as coldly in him as fire in a flint, which will not show without knocking. The man’s undone for ever; for if Hector break not his neck i’ th’ combat, he’ll break ’t himself in vainglory. He knows not me: I said, “Good morrow, Ajax;” and 260 he replies, “Thanks, Agamemnon.” What think you of this man, that takes me for the general? He’s grown a very land-fish, languageless, a monster. A plague of opinion! a man may wear it on both sides, like a leather jerkin.

*Acbil.* Thou must be my ambassador to him, Ther-sites.

*Tber.* Who, I? why, he’ll answer nobody; he professes not answering: speaking is for beggars; he wears his tongue in’s arms. I will put on his presence: let 270 Patroclus make demands to me, you shall see the pageant of Ajax.

*Acbil.* To him, Patroclus: tell him,—I humbly desire the valiant Ajax to invite the most valorous Hector to come unarm’d to my tent; and to procure safe-conduct for his person of the magnanimous and



most illustrious six-or-seven-times-honour'd captain-general of the Grecian army, Agamemnon, et cetera. Do this.

*Patr.* Jove bless great Ajax! 280

*Tber.* Hum!

*Patr.* I come from the worthy Achilles,—

*Tber.* Ha!

*Patr.* Who most humbly desires you to invite Hector to his tent,—

*Tber.* Hum!

*Patr.* And to procure safe-conduct from Agamemnon.

*Tber.* Agamemnon!

*Patr.* Ay, my lord. 290

*Tber.* Ha!

*Patr.* What say you to't?

*Tber.* God b' wi' you, with all my heart.

*Patr.* Your answer, sir.

*Tber.* If to-morrow be a fair day, by eleven o'clock it will go one way or other: howsoever, he shall pay for me ere he has me.

*Patr.* Your answer, sir.

*Tber.* Fare you well, with all my heart.

*Acbil.* Why, but he is not in this tune, is he? 300

*Tber.* No, but he's out o' tune thus. What music will be in him when Hector has knockt out his brains, I know not; but, I am sure, none,—unless the fiddler Apollo get his sinews to make catlings on.

*Acbil.* Come, thou shalt bear a letter to him straight.

*Tber.* Let me bear another to his horse; for that's the more capable creature.

*Acbil.* My mind is troubled, like a fountain stirr'd; And I myself see not the bottom of it.

[*Exeunt* ACHILLES and PATROCLUS.]

*Tber.* Would the fountain of your mind were clear 310 again, that I might water an ass at it! I had rather be a tick in a sheep than such a valiant ignorance. [*Exit.*]

## ACT IV.

SCENE I. *Troy. A street.*

*Enter, at one door, ÆNEAS, and Servant with a torch; at another, PARIS, DEIPHOBUS, ANTENOR, DIOMED the Grecian, and others, with torches.*

*Par.* See, ho! who is that there?

*Dei.* It is the Lord Æneas.

*Æne.* Is the prince there in person?—

Had I so good occasion to lie long  
As you, Prince Paris, nothing but heavenly business  
Should rob my bed-mate of my company.

*Dio.* That's my mind too.—Good morrow, Lord Æneas.

*Par.* A valiant Greek, Æneas,—take his hand,—  
Witness the process of your speech, wherein  
You told how Diomed, a whole week by days, 10  
Did haunt you in the field.

*Æne.* Health to you, valiant sir,  
During all question of the gentle truce;  
But when I meet you arm'd, as black defiance  
As heart can think or courage execute.

*Dio.* The one and other Diomed embraces.  
Our bloods are now in calm; and, so long, health;  
But when contention and occasion meet,  
By Jove, I'll play the hunter for thy life  
With all my force, pursuit, and policy.

*Æne.* And thou shalt hunt a lion, that will fly 20  
With his face backward.—In humane gentleness,  
Welcome to Troy! now, by Anchises' life,  
Welcome, indeed! By Venus' hand I swear,  
No man alive can love in such a sort  
The thing he means to kill more excellently.

*Dio.* We sympathize:—Jove, let Æneas live,  
If to my sword his fate be not the glory,

A thousand complete courses of the sun!  
 But, in mine emulous honour, let him die,  
 With every joint a wound, and that to-morrow! 30

*Æne.* We know each other well.

*Dio.* We do; and long to know each other worse.

*Par.* This is the most despiteful gentle greeting,  
 The noblest hateful love, that e'er I heard of.—  
 What business, lord, so early?

*Æne.* I was sent for to the king; but why, I know  
 not.

*Par.* His purpose meets you: 'twas to bring this  
 Greek

To Calchas' house; and there to render him,  
 For the enfreed Antenor, the fair Cressid:  
 Let's have your company; or, if you please, 40  
 Haste there before us: I constantly do think—  
 Or, rather, call my thought a certain knowledge—  
 My brother Troilus lodges there to-night:  
 Rouse him, and give him note of our approach,  
 With the whole quality wherefore: I fear  
 We shall be much unwelcome.

*Æne.* That I assure you:  
 Troilus had rather Troy were borne to Greece  
 Than Cressid borne from Troy.

*Par.* There is no help;  
 The bitter disposition of the time  
 Will have it so. On, lord; we'll follow you. 50

*Æne.* Good morrow, all. [*Exit with Servant.*]

*Par.* And tell me, noble Diomed,—faith, tell me true,  
 Even in the soul of sound good-fellowship,—  
 Who, in your thoughts, merits fair Helen best,  
 Myself or Menelaus?

*Dio.* Both alike:  
 He merits well to have her, that doth seek her,  
 Not making any scruple of her soilure,  
 With such a hell of pain and world of charge;  
 And you as well to keep her, that defend her,

Not palating the taste of her dishonour, 60  
 With such a costly loss of wealth and friends :  
 He, like a puling cuckold, would drink up  
 The lees and dregs of a flat tamed piece ;  
 You, like a lecher, out of whorish loins  
 Are pleased to breed out your inheritors :  
 Both merits poised, each weighs nor less nor more ;  
 But he as he, the heavier for a whore.

*Par.* You are too bitter to your countrywoman.

*Dio.* She's bitter to her country : hear me, Paris :—  
 For every false drop in her bawdy veins 70  
 A Grecian's life hath sunk ; for every scruple  
 Of her contaminated carrion weight  
 A Trojan hath been slain ; since she could speak,  
 She hath not given so many good words breath  
 As for her Greeks and Trojans suffer'd death.

*Par.* Fair Diomed, you do as chapmen do,  
 Dispraise the thing that you desire to buy :  
 But we in silence hold this virtue well,—  
 We'll not commend what we intend not sell.  
 Here lies our way. [Exeunt. 80

SCENE II. *Court of PANDARUS' bouse.*

*Enter TROILUS and CRESSIDA.*

*Tro.* Dear, trouble not yourself: the morn is cold.

*Cres.* Then, sweet my lord, I'll call mine uncle down ;  
 He shall unbolt the gates.

*Tro.* Trouble him not ;  
 To bed, to bed : sleep kill those pretty eyes,  
 And give as soft attachment to thy senses  
 As infants' empty of all thought !

*Cres.* Good morrow, then.

*Tro.* I prithee now, to bed.

*Cres.* Are you a-weary of me ?

*Tro.* O Cressida ! but that the busy day,  
 Waked by the lark, hath roused the ribald crows,

And dreaming night will hide our joys no longer, 10  
I would not from thee.

*Cres.* Night hath been too brief.

*Tro.* Beshrew the witch ! with venomous wights she  
stays

As tediously as hell ; but flies the grasps of love  
With wings more momentary-swift than thought.  
You will catch cold, and curse me.

*Cres.* Prithee, tarry ;—

You men will never tarry.—

O foolish Cressid !—I might have still held off,  
And then you would have tarried.—Hark ! there's one  
up.

*Pan.* [*within*] What, 's all the doors open here ?

*Tro.* It is your uncle. 20

*Cres.* A pestilence on him ! now will he be mocking :  
I shall have such a life !

*Enter PANDARUS.*

*Pan.* How now, how now ! how go maidenheads ?—  
Here, you maid ! where's my cousin Cressid ?

*Cres.* Go hang yourself, you naughty mocking uncle !  
You bring me to do—and then you flout me too.

*Pan.* To do what ? to do what ?—let her say what :—  
what have I brought you to do ?

*Cres.* Come, come, beshrew your heart ! you'll ne'er  
be good,  
Nor suffer others. 30

*Pan.* Ha, ha ! Alas, poor wretch ! ah, poor capocchio !  
hast not slept to-night ? would he not—a naughty man  
—let it sleep ? a bugbear take him !

*Cres.* Did not I tell you ?—would he were knockt  
i' th' head !— [*One knocks.*

Who's that at door ? good uncle, go and see.—

My lord, come you again into my chamber :

You smile and mock me, as if I meant naughtily.

*Tro.* Ha, ha !

*Cres.* Come, you are deceived, I think of no such thing.—  
 [Knock.  
 How earnestly they knock!—Pray you, come in: 40  
 I would not for half Troy have you seen here.

[*Exeunt* TROILUS and CRESSIDA.

*Pan.* Who's there? what's the matter? will you beat down the door? How now! what's the matter?

*Enter* ÆNEAS.

*Æne.* Good morrow, lord, good morrow.

*Pan.* Who's there? my Lord Æneas! By my troth, I knew you not: what news with you so early?

*Æne.* Is not Prince Troilus here?

*Pan.* Here! what should he do here?

*Æne.* Come, he is here, my lord; do not deny him: It doth import him much to speak with me. 50

*Pan.* Is he here, say you? 'tis more than I know, I'll be sworn:—for my own part, I came in late. What should he do here?

*Æne.* Who!—nay, then:—come, come, you'll do him wrong ere you're ware: you'll be so true to him to be false to him: do not you know of him, but yet go fetch him hither; go.

*Enter* TROILUS.

*Tro.* How now! what's the matter?

*Æne.* My lord, I scarce have leisure to salute you, My matter is so rash: there is at hand 60  
 Paris your brother, and Deiphobus,  
 The Grecian Diomed, and our Antenor  
 Deliver'd to us; and for him forthwith,  
 Ere the first sacrifice, within this hour,  
 We must give up to Diomedes' hand  
 The Lady Cressida.

*Tro.* Is it so concluded?

*Æne.* By Priam and the general state of Troy: They are at hand, and ready to effect it.

*Tro.* How my achievements mock me!—  
I will go meet them: and, my Lord Æneas, 70  
We met by chance; you did not find me here.

*Æne.* Good, good, my lord; the secrets of nature  
Have not more gift in taciturnity.

[*Exeunt TROIILUS and ÆNEAS.*

*Pan.* Is't possible? no sooner got but lost? The  
devil take Antenor! the young prince will go mad: a  
plague upon Antenor! I would they had broke 's neck!

*Enter CRESSIDA.*

*Cres.* How now! what's the matter? who was here?

*Pan.* Ah, ah!

*Cres.* Why sigh you so profoundly? where's my  
lord? gone! Tell me, sweet uncle, what's the matter? 80

*Pan.* Would I were as deep under the earth as I am  
above!

*Cres.* O the gods!—what's the matter?

*Pan.* Prithee, get thee in: would thou hadst ne'er  
been born! I knew thou wouldst be his death:—O,  
poor gentleman!—A plague upon Antenor!

*Cres.* Good uncle, I beseech you, on my knees I  
beseech you, what's the matter?

*Pan.* Thou must be gone, wench, thou must be  
gone; thou art changed for Antenor: thou must to go  
thy father, and be gone from Troilus: 'twill be his  
death; 'twill be his bane; he cannot bear it.

*Cres.* O you immortal gods!—I will not go.

*Pan.* Thou must.

*Cres.* I will not, uncle: I have forgot my father;  
I know no touch of consanguinity;  
No kin, no love, no blood, no soul so near me  
As the sweet Troilus.—O you gods divine,  
Make Cressid's name the very crown of falsehood,  
If ever she leave Troilus! Time, force, and death, 100  
Do to this body what extremes you can;  
But the strong base and building of my love

Is as the very centre of the earth,  
Drawing all things to it.—I'll go in and weep,—

*Pan.* Do, do.

*Cres.* Tear my bright hair, and scratch my praised  
cheeks;  
Crack my clear voice with sobs, and break my heart  
With sounding "Troilus." I will not go from Troy.  
[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *Before PANDARUS' bouse.*

*Enter* PARIS, TROILUS, ÆNEAS, DEIPHOBUS, ANTENOR,  
and DIOMEDES.

*Par.* It is great morning; and the hour prefixt  
Of her delivery to this valiant Greek  
Comes fast upon:—good my brother Troilus,  
Tell you the lady what she is to do,  
And haste her to the purpose.

*Tro.* Walk into her house;  
I'll bring her to the Grecian presently:  
And to his hand when I deliver her,  
Think it an altar, and thy brother Troilus  
A priest, there offering to it his own heart. [Exit.

*Par.* I know what 'tis to love;  
And would, as I shall pity, I could help!—  
Please you walk in, my lords. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV. *A room in PANDARUS' bouse.*

*Enter* PANDARUS and CRESSIDA.

*Pan.* Be moderate, be moderate.

*Cres.* Why tell you me of moderation?  
The grief is fine, full, perfect, that I taste,  
And violenteth in a sense as strong  
As that which causeth it: how can I moderate it?  
If I could temporize with my affection,



Or brew it to a weak and colder palate,  
The like allayment could I give my grief:  
My love admits no qualifying dross;  
No more my grief, in such a precious loss.

10

*Pan.* Here; here, here he comes.

*Enter TROILUS.*

Ah, sweet ducks!

*Cres.* O Troilus! Troilus! [*Embracing him.*

*Pan.* What a pair of spectacles is here! Let me embrace too. "O heart," as the goodly saying is,

"—— O heart, O heavy heart,  
Why sigh'st thou without breaking?"

where he answers again,

"Because thou canst not ease thy smart  
By friendship nor by speaking."

20

There was never a truer rime. Let us cast away nothing, for we may live to have need of such a verse: we see it, we see it.—How now, lambs!

*Tro.* Cressid, I love thee in so strain'd a purity,  
That the blest gods, as angry with my fancy,  
More bright in zeal than the devotion which  
Cold lips blow to their deities, take thee from me.

*Cres.* Have the gods envy?

*Pan.* Ay, ay, ay, ay; 'tis too plain a case.

*Cres.* And is it true that I must go from Troy? 30

*Tro.* A hateful truth.

*Cres.* What, and from Troilus too?

*Tro.* From Troy and Troilus.

*Cres.* Is it possible?

*Tro.* And suddenly; where injury of chance  
Puts back leave-taking, justles roughly by  
All time of pause, rudely beguiles our lips  
Of all rejoindure, forcibly prevents  
Our lockt embrasures, strangles our dear vows

Even in the birth of our own labouring breath :  
 We two, that with so many thousand sighs  
 Did buy each other, must poorly sell ourselves 40  
 With the rude brevity and discharge of one.  
 Injurious time now, with a robber's haste,  
 Crams his rich thievery up, he knows not how :  
 As many farewells as be stars in heaven,  
 With distinct breath and consign'd kisses to them,  
 He fumbles up into a loose adieu ;  
 And scants us with a single famisht kiss,  
 Distasted with the salt of broken tears.

*Æne.* [*within*] My lord, is the lady ready ?

*Tro.* Hark ! you are call'd : some say the Genius so 50  
 Cries "Come !" to him that instantly must die.—  
 Bid them have patience ; she shall come anon.

*Pan.* Where are my tears ? rain, to lay this wind,  
 or my heart will be blown up by the root. [*Exit.*

*Cres.* I must, then, to the Grecians ?

*Tro.* No remedy.

*Cres.* A woful Cressid 'mongst the merry Greeks !  
 When shall we see again ?

*Tro.* Hear me, my love : be thou but true of heart,—

*Cres.* I true ! how now ! what wicked deem is  
 this ?

*Tro.* Nay, we must use expostulation kindly, 60  
 For it is parting from us :  
 I speak not "be thou true," as fearing thee ;  
 For I will throw my glove to Death himself,  
 That there's no maculation in thy heart :  
 But "be thou true," say I, to fashion in  
 My sequent protestation ; be thou true,  
 And I will see thee.

*Cres.* O, you shall be exposed, my lord, to dangers  
 As infinite as imminent ! but I'll be true.

*Tro.* And I'll grow friend with danger. Wear this  
 sleeve. 70

*Cres.* And you this glove. When shall I see you ?

*Tro.* I will corrupt the Grecian sentinels,  
To give thee nightly visitation.  
But yet, be true.

*Cres.* O heavens!—"be true" again!

*Tro.* Hear why I speak it, love :  
The Grecian youths are full of quality ;  
They're loving, well composed with gifts of nature,  
And swelling o'er with arts and exercise :  
How novelty may move, and parts with person,  
Alas, a kind of godly jealousy— 80  
Which, I beseech you, call a virtuous sin—  
Makes me afeard.

*Cres.* O heavens! you love me not.

*Tro.* Die I a villain, then !  
In this I do not call your faith in question  
So mainly as my merit : I cannot sing,  
Nor heel the high lavolt, nor sweeten talk,  
Nor play at subtle games ; fair virtues all,  
To which the Grecians are most prompt and pregnant :  
But I can tell, that in each grace of these  
There lurks a still and dumb-discoursive devil 90  
That tempts most cunningly : but be not tempted.

*Cres.* Do you think I will ?

*Tro.* No.

But something may be done that we will not :  
And sometimes we are devils to ourselves,  
When we will tempt the frailty of our powers,  
Presuming on their changeful potency.

*Æne.* [*within*] Nay, good my lord,—

*Tro.* Come, kiss ; and let us part.

*Par.* [*within*] Brother Troilus !

*Tro.* Good brother, come you hither ;  
And bring Æneas and the Grecian with you. 100

*Cres.* My lord, will you be true ?

*Tro.* Who, I ? alas, it is my vice, my fault :  
Whiles others fish with craft for great opinion,  
I with great truth catch mere simplicity ;

Whilst some with cunning gild their copper crowns,  
 With truth and plainness I do wear mine bare.  
 Fear not my truth : the moral of my wit  
 Is "plain and true ;" there's all the reach of it.

*Enter ÆNEAS, PARIS, ANTENOR, DEIPHOBUS,  
 and DIOMEDES.*

Welcome, Sir Diomed ! here is the lady  
 Which for Antenor we deliver you : 110  
 At the port, lord, I'll give her to thy hand ;  
 And by the way possess thee what she is.  
 Entreat her fair ; and, by my soul, fair Greek,  
 If e'er thou stand at mercy of my sword,  
 Name Cressid, and thy life shall be as safe  
 As Priam is in Ilion.

*Dio.* Fair Lady Cressid,  
 So please you, save the thanks this prince expects :  
 The lustre in your eye, heaven in your cheek,  
 Pleads your fair usage ; and to Diomed  
 You shall be mistress, and command him wholly. 120

*Tro.* Grecian, thou dost not use me courteously,  
 To shame the zeal of my petition to thee  
 In praising her : I tell thee, lord of Greece,  
 She is as far high-soaring o'er thy praises  
 As thou unworthy to be call'd her servant.  
 I charge thee use her well, even for my charge ;  
 For, by the dreadful Pluto, if thou dost not,  
 Though the great bulk Achilles be thy guard,  
 I'll cut thy throat.

*Dio.* O, be not moved, Prince Troilus :  
 Let me be privileged by my place and message 130  
 To be a speaker free ; when I am hence,  
 I'll answer to my lust : and know you, lord,  
 I'll nothing do on charge : to her own worth  
 She shall be prized ; but that you say, "Be't so,"  
 I'll speak it in my spirit and honour, "No."

*Tro.* Come, to the port.—I'll tell thee, Diomed,

This brave shall oft make thee to hide thy head.—  
 Lady, give me your hand ; and, as we walk,  
 To our own selves bend we our needful talk.

[*Exeunt* TROIILUS, CRESSIDA, and DIOMEDES.

[*Sound trumpet.*

*Par.* Hark ! Hector's trumpet.

*Æne.* How have we spent this morning ! 140  
 The prince must think me tardy and remiss,  
 That swore to ride before him to the field.

*Par.* 'Tis Troilus' fault : come, come, to field with  
 him.

*Dei.* Let us make ready straight.

*Æne.* Yea, with a bridegroom's fresh alacrity,  
 Let us address to tend on Hector's heels :  
 The glory of our Troy doth this day lie  
 On his fair worth and single chivalry. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE V. *The Grecian camp. Lists set out.*

*Enter* AJAX, *arm'd*; AGAMEMNON, ACHILLES, PATRO-  
 CLUS, MENELAUS, ULYSSES, NESTOR, *and others.*

*Agam.* Here art thou in appointment fresh and fair,  
 Anticipating time with starting courage.  
 Give with thy trumpet a loud note to Troy,  
 Thou dreadful Ajax ; that the appalled air  
 May pierce the head of the great combatant,  
 And hale him hither.

*Ajax.* Thou, trumpet, there's my purse.  
 Now crack thy lungs, and split thy brazen pipe :  
 Blow, villain, till thy sphered bias cheek  
 Outswell the colic of puffed Aquilon :  
 Come, stretch thy chest, and let thy eyes spout blood ; 10  
 Thou blow'st for Hector. [*Trumpet sounds.*

*Ulyss.* No trumpet answers.

*Achil.* 'Tis but early days.

*Agam.* Is not yond Diomed, with Calchas' daughter?

*Ulyss.* 'Tis he, I ken the manner of his gait ;

He rises on the toe : that spirit of his  
In aspiration lifts him from the earth.

*Enter DIOMEDES with CRESSIDA.*

*Agam.* Is this the Lady Cressid?

*Dio.* Even she.

*Agam.* Most dearly welcome to the Greeks, sweet  
lady. *[Kisses her.*

*Nest.* Our general doth salute you with a kiss.

*Ulyss.* Yet is the kindness but particular ; 20  
'Twere better she were kist in general.

*Nest.* And very courtly counsel : I'll begin.—  
*[Kisses her.*

So much for Nestor.

*Achil.* I'll take that winter from your lips, fair lady :  
*[Kisses her.*

Achilles bids you welcome.

*Men.* I had good argument for kissing once.

*Patr.* But that's no argument for kissing now ;  
For thus popt Paris in his hardiment,  
And parted thus you and your argument. *[Kisses her.*

*Ulyss.* O deadly gall, and theme of all our scorns ! 30  
For which we lose our heads to gild his horns.

*Patr.* The first was Menelaus' kiss ;—this, mine :  
*[Kisses her again.*

Patroclus kisses you.

*Men.* O, this is trim !

*Patr.* Paris and I kiss evermore for him.

*Men.* I'll have my kiss, sir.—Lady, by your leave.

*Cres.* In kissing, do you render or receive ?

*Men.* Both take and give.

*Cres.* I'll make my match to live,  
The kiss you take is better than you give ;  
Therefore no kiss.

*Men.* I'll give you boot, I'll give you three for one. 40

*Cres.* You're an odd man ; give even, or give none.

*Men.* An odd man, lady ! every man is odd.

*Cres.* No, Paris is not; for you know 'tis true  
That you are odd, and he is even with you.

*Men.* You fillip me o' th' head.

*Cres.* No, I'll be sworn.

*Ulyss.* It were no match, your nail against his horn.—  
May I, sweet lady, beg a kiss of you?

*Cres.* You may.

*Ulyss.* I do desire it.

*Cres.* Why, beg, then.

*Ulyss.* Why, then, for Venus' sake, give me a kiss,  
When Helen is a maid again, and his. 50

*Cres.* I am your debtor, claim it when 'tis due.

*Ulyss.* Never's my day, and then a kiss of you.

*Dio.* Lady, a word:—I'll bring you to your father.

[*Exit with CRESSIDA.*

*Nest.* A woman of quick sense.

*Ulyss.* Fie, fie upon her!

There's language in her eye, her cheek, her lip,  
Nay, her foot speaks; her wanton spirits look out  
At every joint and motive of her body.

O, these encounterers, so glib of tongue,

That give a coasting welcome ere it comes,

And wide unclasp the tables of their thoughts 60

To every ticklish reader! set them down

For sluttish spoils of opportunity

And daughters of the game. [*Trumpet within.*

*All.* The Trojans' trumpet.

*Agam.* Yonder comes the troop.

*Flourish.* Enter all of Troy; HECTOR, ÆNEAS,  
TROIILUS, and Attendants.

*Æne.* Hail, all the state of Greece! what shall be  
done

To him that victory commands? or do you purpose

A victor shall be known? will you the knights

Shall to the edge of all extremity

Pursue each other; or shall be divided

By any voice or order of the field? 70  
Hector bade ask.

*Agam.* Which way would Hector have it?

*Æne.* He cares not; he'll obey conditions.

*Acbil.* 'Tis done like Hector; but securely done,  
A little proudly, and great deal misprizing  
The knight opposed.

*Æne.* If not Achilles, sir,  
What is your name?

*Acbil.* If not Achilles, nothing.

*Æne.* Therefore Achilles: but whate'er, know this:—  
In the extremity of great and little,  
Valour and pride excel themselves in Hector;  
The one almost as infinite as all, 80  
The other blank as nothing. Weigh him well,  
And that which looks like pride is courtesy.  
This Ajax is half made of Hector's blood:  
In love whereof half Hector stays at home;  
Half heart, half hand, half Hector comes to seek  
This blended knight, half Trojan and half Greek.

*Acbil.* A maiden battle, then?—O, I perceive you.

*Enter DIOMEDES.*

*Agam.* Here is Sir Diomed.—Go, gentle knight,  
Stand by our Ajax: as you and Lord Æneas  
Consent upon the order of their fight, 90  
So be it; either to the uttermost,  
Or else a breath: the combatants being kin  
Half stints their strife before their strokes begin.

[AJAX and HECTOR enter the lists.]

*Ulyss.* They are opposed already.

*Agam.* What Trojan is that same that looks so heavy?

*Ulyss.* The youngest son of Priam, a true knight;  
Not yet mature, yet matchless: firm of word;  
Speaking in deeds, and deedless in his tongue;  
Not soon provoked, nor being provoked soon calm'd:  
His heart and hand both open and both free; 100



For what he has he gives, what thinks he shows ;  
 Yet gives he not till judgement guide his bounty,  
 Nor dignifies an impair thought with breath :  
 Manly as Hector, but more dangerous ;  
 For Hector, in his blaze of wrath, subscribes  
 To tender objects ; but he, in heat of action,  
 Is more vindicative than jealous love :  
 They call him Troilus ; and on him erect  
 A second hope, as fairly built as Hector.  
 Thus says Æneas ; one that knows the youth 110  
 Even to his inches, and with private soul  
 Did in great Ilium thus translate him to me.

[*Alarum.* HECTOR and AJAX fight.

*Agam.* They are in action.

*Nest.* Now, Ajax, hold thine own !

*Tro.* Hector, thou sleep'st ;

Awake thee !

*Agam.* His blows are well disposed :—there, Ajax !

*Dio.* You must no more. [*Trumpets cease.*

*Æne.* Princes, enough, so please you.

*Ajax.* I am not warm yet ; let us fight again.

*Dio.* As Hector pleases.

*Hect.* Why, then will I no more :—

Thou art, great lord, my father's sister's son, 120  
 A cousin-german to great Priam's seed ;  
 The obligation of our blood forbids  
 A gory emulation 'twixt us twain :  
 Were thy commixtion Greek and Trojan so  
 That thou couldst say, "This hand is Grecian all,  
 And this is Trojan ; the sinews of this leg  
 All Greek, and this all Troy ; my mother's blood  
 Runs on the dexter cheek, and this sinister  
 Bounds-in my father's ;" by Jove multipotent,  
 Thou shouldst not bear from me a Greekish member 130  
 Wherein my sword had not impressure made  
 Of our rank feud : but the just gods gainsay  
 That any drop thou borrow'dst from thy mother,

My sacred aunt, should by my mortal sword  
 Be drained! Let me embrace thee, Ajax:  
 By him that thunders, thou hast lusty arms;  
 Hector would have them fall upon him thus:  
 Cousin, all honour to thee!

*Ajax.* I thank thee, Hector:  
 Thou art too gentle and too free a man:  
 I came to kill thee, cousin, and bear hence  
 A great addition earned in thy death. 140

*Hect.* Not Neoptolemus so mirable—  
 On whose bright crest Fame with her loud'st oyes  
 Cries "This is he"—could promise to himself  
 A thought of added honour torn from Hector.

*Æne.* There is expectance here from both the sides,  
 What further you will do.

*Hect.* We'll answer it;  
 The issue is embracement:—Ajax, farewell.

*Ajax.* If I might in entreaties find success—  
 As seld I have the chance—I would desire  
 My famous cousin to our Grecian tents. 150

*Dio.* 'Tis Agamemnon's wish; and great Achilles  
 Doth long to see unarm'd the valiant Hector.

*Hect.* Æneas, call my brother Troilus to me:  
 And signify this loving interview  
 To the expecters of our Trojan part;  
 Desire them home.—Give me thy hand, my cousin;  
 I will go eat with thee, and see your knights.

*AGAMEMNON and the rest come forward.*

*Ajax.* Great Agamemnon comes to meet us here.

*Hect.* The worthiest of them tell me name by  
 name; 160  
 But for Achilles, mine own searching eyes  
 Shall find him by his large and portly size.

*Agam.* Worthy of arms! as welcome as to one  
 That would be rid of such an enemy;  
 But that's no welcome: understand more clear,

What's past and what's to come is strew'd with  
husks

And formless ruin of oblivion ;  
But in this extant moment, faith and troth,  
Strain'd purely from all hollow bias-drawing,  
Bids thee, with most divine integrity, 170  
From heart of very heart, great Hector, welcome.

*Hect.* I thank thee, most imperious Agamemnon.

*Agam.* [*to TROIUS*] My well-famed lord of Troy,  
no less to you.

*Men.* Let me confirm my princely brother's greet-  
ing ;—

You brace of warlike brothers, welcome hither.

*Hect.* Who must we answer ?

*Æne.* The noble Menelaus.

*Hect.* O, you, my lord ? by Mars his gauntlet, thanks !  
Mock not, that I affect th' untraded oath ;  
Your *quondam* wife swears still by Venus' glove :  
She's well, but bade me not commend her to you. 180

*Men.* Name her not now, sir ; she's a deadly theme.

*Hect.* O, pardon ; I offend.

*Nest.* I have, thou gallant Trojan, seen thee oft,  
Labouring for destiny, make cruel way  
Through ranks of Greekish youth ; and I have seen  
thee,

As hot as Perseus, spur thy Phrygian steed,  
Despising many forfeits and subduements,  
When thou hast hung thy advanced sword i' th' air,  
Not letting it decline on the declined ;  
That I have said to some my standers-by, 190  
“Lo, Jupiter is yonder, dealing life !”

And I have seen thee pause and take thy breath,  
When that a ring of Greeks have hemm'd thee in,  
Like an Olympian wrestling : this have I seen ;  
But this thy countenance, still lockt in steel,  
I never saw till now. I knew thy grandsire,  
And once fought with him : he was a soldier good ;

But, by great Mars, the captain of us all,  
Never like thee. Let an old man embrace thee ;  
And, worthy warrior, welcome to our tents. 200

*Æne.* 'Tis the old Nestor.

*Hect.* Let me embrace thee, good old chronicle,  
That hast so long walkt hand in hand with time :—  
Most reverend Nestor, I am glad to clasp thee.

*Nest.* I would my arms could match thee in conten-  
tion,  
As they contend with thee in courtesy.

*Hect.* I would they could.

*Nest.* Ha !

By this white beard, I'd fight with thee to-morrow :—  
Well, welcome, welcome !—I have seen the time— 210

*Ulyss.* I wonder now how yonder city stands  
When we have here her base and pillar by us.

*Hect.* I know your favour, Lord Ulysses, well.  
Ah, sir, there's many a Greek and Trojan dead,  
Since first I saw yourself and Diomed  
In Iliion, on your Greekish embassy.

*Ulyss.* Sir, I foretold you then what would ensue :  
My prophecy is but half his journey yet ;  
For yonder walls, that pertly front your town,  
Yond towers, whose wanton tops do buss the clouds, 220  
Must kiss their own feet.

*Hect.* I must not believe you :  
There they stand yet ; and modestly I think,  
The fall of every Phrygian stone will cost  
A drop of Grecian blood : the end crowns all ;  
And that old common arbitrator, Time,  
Will one day end it.

*Ulyss.* So to him we leave it.  
Most gentle and most valiant Hector, welcome :  
After the general, I beseech you next  
To feast with me, and see me at my tent.

*Acbil.* I shall forestall thee, Lord Ulysses, thou !— 230  
Now, Hector, I have fed mine eyes on thee ;

I have with exact view perused thee, Hector,  
And quoted joint by joint.

*Hect.* Is this Achilles?

*Acbil.* I am Achilles.

*Hect.* Stand fair, I pray thee: let me look on thee.

*Acbil.* Behold thy fill.

*Hect.* Nay, I have done already.

*Acbil.* Thou art too brief: I will the second time,  
As I would buy thee, view thee limb by limb.

*Hect.* O, like a book of sport thou'lt read me o'er;  
But there's more in me than thou understand'st. 240  
Why dost thou so oppress me with thine eye?

*Acbil.* Tell me, you heavens, in which part of his  
body

Shall I destroy him? whether there, or there, or there?  
That I may give the local wound a name,  
And make distinct the very breach whereout  
Hector's great spirit flew: answer me, heavens!

*Hect.* It would discredit the blest gods, proud man,  
To answer such a question: stand again:  
Think'st thou to catch my life so pleasantly  
As to prenominate in nice conjecture 250  
Where thou wilt hit me dead?

*Acbil.* I tell thee, yea.

*Hect.* Wert thou the oracle to tell me so,  
I'd not believe thee. Henceforth guard thee well;  
For I'll not kill thee there, nor there, nor there;  
But, by the forge that stithied Mars his helm,  
I'll kill thee every where, yea, o'er and o'er.—  
You wisest Grecians, pardon me this brag,  
His insolence draws folly from my lips;  
But I'll endeavour deeds to match these words,  
Or may I never—

*Ajax.* Do not chafe thee, cousin:— 260  
And you, Achilles, let these threats alone,  
Till accident or purpose bring you to 't:  
You may have every day enough of Hector,

If you have stomach ; the general state, I fear,  
Can scarce entreat you to be odd with him.

*Hect.* I pray you, let us see you in the field :  
We have had pelting wars, since you refused  
The Grecians' cause.

*Acbil.* Dost thou entreat me, Hector ?  
To-morrow do I meet thee, fell as death ;  
To-night all friends.

*Hect.* Thy hand upon that match. 270

*Agam.* First, all you peers of Greece, go to my  
tent ;

There in the full convive we : afterwards,  
As Hector's leisure and your bounties shall  
Concur together, severally entreat him.—  
Beat loud the tabourines, let the trumpets blow,  
That this great soldier may his welcome know.

[*Exeunt all but TROILUS and ULYSSES.*

*Tro.* My Lord Ulysses, tell me, I beseech you,  
In what place of the field doth Calchas keep ?

*Ulyss.* At Menelaus' tent, most princely Troilus :  
There Diomed doth feast with him to-night ; 280  
Who neither looks upon the heaven nor earth,  
But gives all gaze and bent of amorous view  
On the fair Cressid.

*Tro.* Shall I, sweet lord, be bound to you so much,  
After we part from Agamemnon's tent,  
To bring me thither ?

*Ulyss.* You shall command me, sir.  
As gentle tell me, of what honour was  
This Cressida in Troy ? Had she no lover there  
That wails her absence ?

*Tro.* O, sir, to such as boasting show their scars 290  
A mock is due. Will you walk on, my lord ?  
She was beloved, she loved ; she is, and doth :  
But still sweet love is food for fortune's tooth.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT V.

SCENE I. *The Grecian camp. Before ACHILLES' tent.*

*Enter ACHILLES and PATROCLUS.*

*Achil.* I'll heat his blood with Greekish wine to-night,  
Which with my scimitar I'll cool to-morrow.—  
Patroclus, let us feast him to the height.

*Patr.* Here comes Thersites.

*Enter THERSITES.*

*Achil.* How now, thou core of envy!  
Thou crusty batch of nature, what's the news?

*Tber.* Why, thou picture of what thou seem'st, and  
idol of idiot-worshippers, here's a letter for thee.

*Achil.* From whence, fragment?

*Tber.* Why, thou full dish of fool, from Troy.

*Patr.* Who keeps the tent now? 10

*Tber.* The surgeon's box, or the patient's wound.

*Patr.* Well said, adversity! and what need these  
tricks?

*Tber.* Prithee, be silent, boy; I profit not by thy  
talk: thou art thought to be Achilles' male varlet.

*Patr.* Male varlet, you rogue! what's that?

*Tber.* Why, his masculine whore. Now, the rotten  
diseases of the south, the guts-griping, ruptures,  
catarrhs, loads o' gravel i' th' back, lethargies, cold  
palsies, raw eyes, dirt-rotten livers, wheezing lungs, <sup>20</sup>  
bladders full of imposthume, sciaticas, limekilns i' th'  
palm, incurable bone-ache, and the rivell'd fee-simple  
of the tetter, take and take again such posterous  
discoveries!

*Patr.* Why, thou damnable box of envy, thou, what  
mean'st thou to curse thus?

*Tber.* Do I curse thee?

*Patr.* Why, no, you ruinous butt; you whoreson indistinguishable cur, no.

*Ther.* No! why art thou, then, exasperate, thou idle<sup>30</sup> immaterial skein of sleeve-silk, thou green sarcenet flap for a sore eye, thou tassel of a prodigal's purse, thou? Ah, how the poor world is pester'd with such water-flies,—diminutives of nature!

*Patr.* Out, gall!

*Ther.* Finch-egg!

*Achil.* My sweet Patroclus, I am thwarted quite From my great purpose in to-morrow's battle.

Here is a letter from Queen Hecuba;

A token from her daughter, my fair love;

Both taxing me and gaging me to keep

An oath that I have sworn. I will not break it:

Fall Greeks; fail fame; honour or go or stay;

My major vow lies here, this I'll obey.—

Come, come, Thersites, help to trim my tent;

This night in banqueting must all be spent.—

Away, Patroclus! [*Exeunt* ACHILLES and PATROCLUS.

*Ther.* With too much blood and too little brain, these two may run mad; but, if with too much brain and too little blood they do, I'll be a curer of madmen. Here's<sup>50</sup> Agamemnon,—an honest fellow enough, and one that loves quails; but he has not so much brain as ear-wax: and the goodly transformation of Jupiter there, his brother, the bull,—the primitive statue, and oblique memorial of cuckolds; a thrifty shoeing-horn in a chain, hanging at his brother's leg,—to what form, but that he is, should wit larded with malice, and malice forced with wit, turn him to? To an ass, were nothing; he is both ass and ox: to an ox, were nothing; he is both ox and ass. To be a dog, a mule, a cat, a fitchew,<sup>60</sup> a toad, a lizard, an owl, a puttock, or a herring without a roe, I would not care; but to be Menelaus!—I would conspire against destiny. Ask me not what I would be, if I were not Thersites; for I care not to be



the louse of a lazar, so I were not Menelaus.—Hoy-day ! spirits and fires !

*Enter* HECTOR, TROILUS, AJAX, AGAMEMNON, ULYSSES, NESTOR, MENELAUS, DIOMED, *with lights.*

*Agam.* We go wrong, we go wrong.

*Ajax.* No, yonder 'tis ;  
There, where we see the lights.

*Hect.* I trouble you.

*Ajax.* No, not a whit.

*Ulyss.* Here comes himself to guide you.

*Enter* ACHILLES.

*Achil.* Welcome, brave Hector ; welcome, princes all. 70

*Agam.* So now, fair Prince of Troy, I bid good night.

*Ajax* commands the guard to tend on you.

*Hect.* Thanks and good night to the Greeks' general.

*Men.* Good night, my lord.

*Hect.* Good night, sweet Lord Menelaus.

*Tber.* Sweet draught : sweet, quoth 'a ! sweet sink,  
sweet sewer.

*Achil.* Good night and welcome, both at once, to  
those

That go or tarry.

*Agam.* Good night. [*Exeunt* AGAM. and MENE.]

*Achil.* Old Nestor tarries ; and you too, Diomed, 80  
Keep Hector company an hour or two.

*Dio.* I cannot, lord ; I have important business,  
The tide whereof is now.—Good night, great Hector.

*Hect.* Give me your hand.

*Ulyss.* [*aside to* TROILUS] Follow his torch ; he goes  
to Calchas' tent :

I'll keep you company.

*Tro.* [*aside to* ULYSS.] Sweet sir, you honour me.

*Hect.* And so, good night.

[*Exit* DIOMED ; ULYSSES and TROILUS following.]

*Achil.* Come, come, enter my tent.

[*Exeunt* ACHILLES, HECTOR, AJAX, and NESTOR.]

*Tber.* That same Diomed's a false-hearted rogue, a most unjust knave; I will no more trust him when he leers than I will a serpent when he hisses: he will spend 90 his mouth, and promise, like Brabber the hound; but when he performs, astronomers foretell it; it is prodigious, there will come some change; the sun borrows of the moon, when Diomed keeps his word. I will rather leave to see Hector than not to dog him: they say he keeps a Trojan drab, and uses the traitor Calchas' tent: I'll after.—Nothing but lechery! all incontinent varlets! [Exit.

SCENE II. *The same. Before CALCHAS' tent.*

*Enter DIOMED.*

*Dio.* What, are you up here, ho? speak.

*Cal.* [within] Who calls?

*Dio.* Diomed.—Calchas, I think. Where's your daughter?

*Cal.* [within] She comes to you.

*Enter TROILUS and ULYSSES, at a distance; after them THERSITES.*

*Ulyss.* Stand where the torch may not discover us.

*Enter CRESSIDA.*

*Tro.* Cressid comes forth to him.

*Dio.* How now, my charge!

*Cres.* Now, my sweet guardian!—Hark, a word with you. [Whispers.

*Tro.* Yea, so familiar!

*Ulyss.* She will sing any man at first sight. 10

*Tber.* And any man may sing her, if he can take her cliff; she's noted.

*Dio.* Will you remember?

*Cres.* Remember! yes.

*Dio.* Nay, but do, then ;  
 And let your mind be coupled with your words.

*Tro.* What should she remember ?

*Ulyss.* List.

*Cres.* Sweet honey Greek, tempt me no more to  
 folly.

*Ther.* Roguery ! 20

*Dio.* Nay, then,—

*Cres.* I'll tell you what,—

*Dio.* Foh, foh ! come, tell a pin : you are forsworn.

*Cres.* In faith, I cannot : what would you have  
 me do ?

*Ther.* A juggling trick,—to be secretly open.

*Dio.* What did you swear you would bestow on me ?

*Cres.* I prithee, do not hold me to mine oath ;  
 Bid me do any thing but that, sweet Greek.

*Dio.* Good night.

*Tro.* Hold, patience ! 30

*Ulyss.* How now, Trojan !

*Cres.* Diomed,—

*Dio.* No, no, good night : I'll be your fool no more.

*Tro.* Thy better must.

*Cres.* Hark, one word in your ear.

*Tro.* O plague and madness !

*Ulyss.* You are moved, prince ; let us depart, I pray  
 you,  
 Lest your displeasure should enlarge itself  
 To wrathful terms : this place is dangerous ;  
 The time right deadly ; I beseech you, go. 40

*Tro.* Behold, I pray you !

*Ulyss.* Nay, good my lord, go off :  
 You flow to great distraction ; come, my lord.

*Tro.* I pray thee, stay.

*Ulyss.* You have not patience ; come.

*Tro.* I pray you, stay ; by hell and all hell's torments,  
 I will not speak a word !

*Dio.* And so, good night.

*Cres.* Nay, but you part in anger.

*Tro.* Doth that grieve thee?

O wither'd truth!

*Ulyss.* Why, how now, lord!

*Tro.* By Jove,

I will be patient.

*Cres.* Guardian!—why, Greek!

*Dio.* Foh, foh! adieu; you palter.

*Cres.* In faith, I do not: come hither once again. 50

*Ulyss.* You shake, my lord, at something: will you go?  
You will break out.

*Tro.* She strokes his cheek!

*Ulyss.* Come, come.

*Tro.* Nay, stay; by Jove, I will not speak a word:  
There is between my will and all offences  
A guard of patience:—stay a little while.

*Tber.* How the devil luxury, with his fat rump and  
potato-finger, tickles these together! Fry, lechery, fry!

*Dio.* But will you, then?

*Cres.* In faith, I will, la; never trust me else.

*Dio.* Give me some token for the surety of it. 60

*Cres.* I'll fetch you one. [*Exit.*]

*Ulyss.* You have sworn patience.

*Tro.* Fear me not, sweet lord;  
I will not be myself, nor have cognition  
Of what I feel: I am all patience.

*Enter CRESSIDA.*

*Tber.* Now the pledge; now, now, now!

*Cres.* Here, Diomed, keep this sleeve.

*Tro.* O beauty! where is thy faith?

*Ulyss.* My lord,—

*Tro.* I will be patient; outwardly I will.

*Cres.* You look upon that sleeve; behold it well.—  
He loved me—O false wench!—Give't me again. 70

*Dio.* Whose was't?

*Cres.* It is no matter, now I have't again.

I will not meet with you to-morrow night:  
I prithee, Diomed, visit me no more.

*Tber.* Now she sharpens:—well said, whetstone!

*Dio.* I shall have it.

*Cres.* What, this?

*Dio.* Ay, that.

*Cres.* O, all you gods!—O pretty, pretty pledge!  
Thy master now lies thinking in his bed

Of thee and me: and sighs, and takes my glove,

And gives memorial dainty kisses to it,

80

As I kiss thee.—Nay, do not snatch it from me;

He that takes that doth take my heart withal.

*Dio.* I had your heart before, this follows it.

*Tro.* I did swear patience.

*Cres.* You shall not have it, Diomed; faith, you shall  
not;

I'll give you something else.

*Dio.* I will have this: whose was it?

*Cres.* It is no matter.

*Dio.* Come, tell me whose it was.

*Cres.* 'Twas one's that loved me better than you  
will.

But, now you have it, take it.

*Dio.* Whose was it? 90

*Cres.* By all Diana's waiting-women yond,  
And by herself, I will not tell you whose.

*Dio.* To-morrow will I wear it on my helm;  
And grieve his spirit that dares not challenge it.

*Tro.* Wert thou the devil, and worest it on thy horn,  
It should be challenged.

*Cres.* Well, well, 'tis done, 'tis past;—and yet it is not;  
I will not keep my word.

*Dio.* Why, then, farewell;  
Thou never shalt mock Diomed again.

*Cres.* You shall not go:—one cannot speak a word, 100  
But it straight starts you.

*Dio.* I do not like this fooling.

*Tber.* Nor I, by Pluto: but that that likes not you pleases me best.

*Dio.* What, shall I come? the hour?

*Cres.* Ay, come:—O Jove!—do come:—I shall be plagued.

*Dio.* Farewell till then.

*Cres.* Good night: I prithee, come.  
[*Exit* DIOMED.]

Troilus, farewell! one eye yet looks on thee;  
But with my heart the other eye doth see.  
Ah, poor our sex! this fault in us I find,  
The error of our eye directs our mind: 110  
What error leads must err; O, then conclude  
Minds sway'd by eyes are full of turpitude. [*Exit.*]

*Tber.* A proof of strength she could not publish more,  
Unless she said "My mind is now turn'd whore."

*Ulyss.* All's done, my lord.

*Tro.* It is.

*Ulyss.* Why stay we, then?

*Tro.* To make a recordation to my soul  
Of every syllable that here was spoke.  
But if I tell how these two did co-act,  
Shall I not lie in publishing a truth?  
Sith yet there is a credence in my heart, 120  
An esperance so obstinately strong,  
That doth invert th' attest of eyes and ears;  
As if those organs had deceptious functions,  
Created only to calumniate.

Was Cressid here?

*Ulyss.* I cannot conjure, Trojan.

*Tro.* She was not, sure.

*Ulyss.* Most sure she was.

*Tro.* Why, my negation hath no taste of madness.

*Ulyss.* Nor mine, my lord: Cressid was here but now.

*Tro.* Let it not be believed for womanhood!  
Think, we had mothers; do not give advantage 130  
To stubborn critics,—apt, without a theme,

For depravation,—to square the general sex  
By Cressid's rule: rather think this not Cressid.

*Ulyss.* What hath she done, prince, that can soil our  
mothers?

*Tro.* Nothing at all, unless that this were she.

*Tber.* Will he swagger himself out on's own eyes?

*Tro.* This she? no, this is Diomed's Cressida:

If beauty have a soul, this is not she;  
If souls guide vows, if vows be sanctimonies,  
If sanctimony be the gods' delight, 140  
If there be rule in unity itself,  
This is not she. O madness of discourse,  
That cause sets up with and against itself!  
Bi-fold authority! where reason can revolt  
Without perdition, and loss assume all reason  
Without revolt: this is, and is not, Cressid!  
Within my soul there doth conduce a fight  
Of this strange nature, that a thing inseparate  
Divides more wider than the sky and earth;  
And yet the spacious breadth of this division 150  
Admits no orifex for a point, as subtle  
As Ariachne's broken woof, to enter.  
Instance, O instance! strong as Pluto's gates;  
Cressid is mine, tied with the bonds of heaven:  
Instance, O instance! strong as heaven itself;  
The bonds of heaven are slipt, dissolved, and loosed;  
And with another knot, five-finger-tied,  
The fractions of her faith, orts of her love,  
The fragments, scraps, the bits, and greasy relics  
Of her o'er-eaten faith, are bound to Diomed. 160

*Ulyss.* May worthy Troilus be half attacht  
With that which here his passion doth express?

*Tro.* Ay, Greek; and that shall be divulged well  
In characters as red as Mars his heart  
Inflamed with Venus: never did young man fancy  
With so eternal and so fixt a soul.

Hark, Greek:—as much as I do Cressid love,

So much by weight hate I her Diomed :  
 That sleeve is mine that he'll bear on his helm ;  
 Were it a casque composed by Vulcan's skill, 170  
 My sword should bite it : not the dreadful spout,  
 Which shipmen do the hurricano call,  
 Constringed in mass by the almighty sun,  
 Shall dizzy with more clamour Neptune's ear  
 In his descent than shall my prompted sword  
 Falling on Diomed.

*Tber.* He'll tickle it for his concupy.

*Tro.* O Cressid ! O false Cressid ! false, false, false !  
 Let all untruths stand by thy stained name,  
 And they'll seem glorious.

*Ulyss.* O, contain yourself ; 180  
 Your passion draws ears hither.

*Enter ÆNEAS.*

*Æne.* I have been seeking you this hour, my lord :  
 Hector, by this, is arming him in Troy ;  
 Ajax, your guard, stays to conduct you home.

*Tro.* Have with you, prince.—My courteous lord,  
 adieu.—

Farewell, revolted fair !—and, Diomed,  
 Stand fast, and wear a castle on thy head !

*Ulyss.* I'll bring you to the gates.

*Tro.* Accept distracted thanks.

[*Exeunt TROILUS, ÆNEAS, and ULYSSES.*

*Tber.* Would I could meet that rogue Diomed ! I 190  
 would croak like a raven ; I would bode, I would bode.  
 Patroclus will give me any thing for the intelligence of  
 this whore : the parrot will not do more for an almond  
 than he for a commodious drab. Lechery, lechery ; still,  
 wars and lechery ; nothing else holds fashion : a burning  
 devil take them ! [*Exit.*



SCENE III. *Troy. Before PRIAM's palace.**Enter HECTOR and ANDROMACHE.*

*And.* When was my lord so much ungently temper'd,  
To stop his ears against admonishment?  
Unarm, unarm, and do not fight to-day.

*Hect.* You train me to offend you; get you in:  
By all the everlasting gods, I'll go!

*And.* My dreams will, sure, prove ominous to the day.

*Hect.* No more, I say.

*Enter CASSANDRA.*

*Cas.* Where is my brother Hector?

*And.* Here, sister; arm'd, and bloody in intent.  
Consort with me in loud and dear petition,  
Pursue we him on knees; for I have dream'd 10  
Of bloody turbulence, and this whole night  
Hath nothing been but shapes and forms of slaughter.

*Cas.* O, 'tis true.

*Hect.* Ho! bid my trumpet sound!

*Cas.* No notes of sally, for the heavens, sweet brother.

*Hect.* Be gone, I say: the gods have heard me swear.

*Cas.* The gods are deaf to hot and peevish vows:  
They are polluted offerings, more abhorr'd  
Than spotted livers in the sacrifice.

*And.* O, be persuaded! do not count it holy  
To hurt by being just: it is as lawful, 20  
For we would give much, to use violent thefts,  
And rob in the behalf of charity.

*Cas.* It is the purpose that makes strong the vow;  
But vows to every purpose must not hold:  
Unarm, sweet Hector.

*Hect.* Hold you still, I say;  
Mine honour keeps the weather of my fate:  
Life every man holds dear; but the brave man  
Holds honour far more precious-dear than life.

*Enter* TROILUS.

How now, young man! mean'st thou to fight to-day?

*And.* Cassandra, call my father to persuade. 30

[*Exit* CASSANDRA.]

*Hect.* No, faith, young Troilus; doff thy harness,  
youth;

I am to-day i' th' vein of chivalry:

Let grow thy sinews till their knots be strong,

And tempt not yet the brushes of the war.

Unarm thee, go; and doubt thou not, brave boy,

I'll stand to-day for thee, and me, and Troy.

*Tro.* Brother, you have a vice of mercy in you,  
Which better fits a lion than a man.

*Hect.* What vice is that, good Troilus? chide me for it.

*Tro.* When many times the captive Grecian falls, 40

Even in the fan and wind of your fair sword,

You bid them rise, and live.

*Hect.* O, 'tis fair play.

*Tro.* Fool's play, by heaven, Hector.

*Hect.* How now! how now!

*Tro.* For th' love of all the gods,

Let's leave the hermit pity with our mothers;

And when we have our armours buckled on,

The venom'd vengeance ride upon our swords,

Spur them to ruthless work, rein them from ruth.

*Hect.* Fie, savage, fie!

*Tro.* Hector, then 'tis wars.

*Hect.* Troilus, I would not have you fight to-day. 50

*Tro.* Who should withhold me?

Not fate, obedience, nor the hand of Mars

Beckoning with fiery truncheon my retire;

Not Priamus and Hecuba on knees,

Their eyes o'ergalled with recourse of tears;

Nor you, my brother, with your true sword drawn,

Opposed to hinder me, should stop my way,

But by my ruin.

*Enter CASSANDRA with PRIAM.*

*Cas.* Lay hold upon him, Priam, hold him fast :  
He is thy crutch ; now if thou lose thy stay, 60  
Thou on him leaning, and all Troy on thee,  
Fall all together.

*Pri.* Come, Hector, come, go back :  
Thy wife hath dream'd ; thy mother hath had visions ;  
Cassandra doth foresee ; and I myself  
Am like a prophet suddenly enrapt,  
To tell thee that this day is ominous :  
Therefore, come back.

*Hect.* Æneas is a-field ;  
And I do stand engaged to many Greeks,  
Even in the faith of valour, to appear  
This morning to them.

*Pri.* Ay, but thou shalt not go. 70

*Hect.* I must not break my faith.  
You know me dutiful ; therefore, dear sir,  
Let me not shame respect ; but give me leave  
To take that course by your consent and voice,  
Which you do here forbid me, royal Priam.

*Cas.* O Priam, yield not to him !

*And.* Do not, dear father.

*Hect.* Andromache, I am offended with you :  
Upon the love you bear me, get you in.

[*Exit ANDROMACHE.*

*Tro.* This foolish, dreaming, superstitious girl  
Makes all these bodements.

*Cas.* O, farewell, dear Hector ! 80  
Look, how thou diest ! look, how thy eye turns pale !  
Look, how thy wounds do bleed at many vents !  
Hark, how Troy roars ! how Hecuba cries out !  
How poor Andromache shrills her dolours forth !  
Behold, distraction, frenzy, and amazement,  
Like witless antics, one another meet,  
And all cry "Hector ! Hector's dead !" O Hector !

*Tro.* Away ! away !

*Cas.* Farewell:—yet, soft!—Hector, I take my leave:  
Thou dost thyself and all our Troy deceive. [*Exit.* 90

*Hect.* You are amazed, my liege, at her exclaim:  
Go in, and cheer the town: we'll forth, and fight;  
Do deeds worth praise, and tell you them at night.

*Pri.* Farewell: the gods with safety stand about thee!  
[*Exeunt severally* PRIAM and HECTOR. *Alarum.*

*Tro.* They are at it, hark!—Proud Diomed, believe,  
I come to lose my arm, or win my sleeve.

*Enter* PANDARUS.

*Pan.* Do you hear, my lord? do you hear?

*Tro.* What now?

*Pan.* Here's a letter come from yond poor girl.

*Tro.* Let me read. 100

*Pan.* A whoreson tisick, a whoreson rascally tisick  
so troubles me, and the foolish fortune of this girl; and  
what one thing, what another, that I shall leave you one  
o' th's days: and I have a rheum in mine eyes too; and  
such an ache in my bones, that, unless a man were curst,  
I cannot tell what to think on't.—What says she there?

*Tro.* Words, words, mere words, no matter from the  
heart;  
Th' effect doth operate another way.—

[*Tearing the letter.*

Go, wind, to wind, there turn and change together.—  
My love with words and errors still she feeds; 110  
But edifies another with her deeds. [*Exeunt severally.*

SCENE IV. *Plains between Troy and the Grecian camp.*

*Alarums: excursions. Enter* THERSITES.

*Tber.* Now they are clapper-clawing one another;  
I'll go look on. That dissembling abominable varlet,  
Diomed, has got that same scurvy doting foolish young  
knave's sleeve of Troy there in his helm: I would fain  
see them meet; that that same young Trojan ass, that

loves the whore there, might send that Greekish whore-masterly villain, with the sleeve, back to the dissembling luxurious drab of a sleeveless errand. O' th' t'other side, the policy of those crafty swearing rascals—that stale old mouse-eaten dry cheese, Nestor, and that same dog-fox, Ulysses—is not proved worth a blackberry:—they set me up, in policy, that mongrel cur, Ajax, against that dog of as bad a kind, Achilles: and now is the cur Ajax prouder than the cur Achilles, and will not arm to-day; whereupon the Grecians begin to proclaim barbarism, and policy grows into an ill opinion.—Soft! here comes sleeve, and t'other.

*Enter DIOMED and TROILUS.*

*Tro.* Fly not; for shouldst thou take the river Styx, I would swim after.

*Dio.* Thou dost miscall retire:  
I do not fly; but advantageous care  
Withdrew me from the odds of multitude:  
Have at thee!

*Tber.* Hold thy whore, Grecian! now for thy whore, Trojan!—now the sleeve! now the sleeve!

*[Exeunt TROILUS and DIOMED, fighting.]*

*Enter HECTOR.*

*Hect.* What art thou, Greek? art thou for Hector's match?  
Art thou of blood and honour?

*Tber.* No, no,—I am a rascal; a scurvy railing knave; a very filthy rogue.

*Hect.* I do believe thee;—live. *[Exit.]*

*Tber.* God-a-mercy, that thou wilt believe me; but a plague break thy neck for frightening me!—What's become of the wenching rogues? I think they have swallow'd one another: I would laugh at that miracle:—yet, in a sort, lechery eats itself. I'll seek them. *[Exit.]*

*Enter ULYSSES.*

*Ulyss.* O, courage, courage, princes! great Achilles 30  
Is arming, weeping, cursing, vowing vengeance:  
Patroclus' wounds have roused his drowsy blood,  
Together with his mangled Myrmidons,  
That noseless, handless, hackt and chipt, come to him,  
Crying on Hector. Ajax hath lost a friend,  
And foams at mouth, and he is arm'd and at it,  
Roaring for Troilus; who hath done to-day  
Mad and fantastic execution;  
Engaging and redeeming of himself,  
With such a careless force and forceless care, 40  
As if that luck, in very spite of cunning,  
Bade him win all.

*Enter AJAX.*

*Ajax.* Troilus! thou coward Troilus! [*Exit.*  
*Dio.* Ay, there, there.  
*Nest.* So, so, we draw together.

*Enter ACHILLES.*

*Achil.* Where is this Hector?—  
Come, come, thou boy-queller, show thy face;  
Know what it is to meet Achilles angry:—  
Hector! where's Hector? I will none but Hector.  
[*Exeunt.*

SCENE VI. *Another part of the plains.*

*Enter AJAX.*

*Ajax.* Troilus, thou coward Troilus, show thy head!

*Enter DIOMED.*

*Dio.* Troilus, I say! where's Troilus?

*Ajax.* What wouldst thou?

*Dio.* I would correct him.

*Ajax.* Were I the general, thou shouldst have my office  
Ere that correction.—Troilus, I say! what, Troilus!

*Enter TROILUS.*

*Tro.* O traitor Diomed!—turn thy false face, thou traitor,  
And pay thy life thou owest me for my horse!

*Dio.* Ha, art thou there?

*Ajax.* I'll fight with him alone: stand, Diomed.

*Dio.* He is my prize; I will not look upon. 10

*Tro.* Come, both you cogging Greeks; have at you both!  
[*Exeunt, fighting.*]

*Enter HECTOR.*

*Hect.* Yea, Troilus? O, well fought, my youngest brother!

*Enter ACHILLES.*

*Achil.* Now do I see thee, ha!—have at thee, Hector!

*Hect.* Pause, if thou wilt.

*Achil.* I do disdain thy courtesy, proud Trojan:  
Be happy that my arms are out of use:  
My rest and negligence befriend thee now,  
But thou anon shalt hear of me again;  
Till when, go seek thy fortune. [Exit.

*Hect.* Fare thee well:—

I would have been much more a fresher man, 20  
Had I expected thee.

*Enter TROILUS.*

How now, my brother!

*Tro.* Ajax hath ta'en Æneas: shall it be?  
No, by the flame of yonder glorious heaven,  
He shall not carry him; I'll be ta'en too,  
Or bring him off:—fate, hear me what I say!  
I reck not though I end my life to-day. [Exit.

*Enter one in sumptuous armour.*

*Hect.* Stand, stand, thou Greek; thou art a goodly mark:—  
No? wilt thou not?—I like thy armour well;  
I'll frush it, and unlock the rivets all,  
But I'll be master of it:—wilt thou not, beast, abide? 30  
Why then, fly on, I'll hunt thee for thy hide. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VII. *Another part of the plains.*

*Enter ACHILLES with Myrmidons.*

*Achil.* Come here about me, you my Myrmidons;  
Mark what I say. Attend me where I wheel:  
Strike not a stroke, but keep yourselves in breath:  
And when I have the bloody Hector found,  
Empale him with your weapons round about;  
In fellest manner execute your arms.  
Follow me, sirs, and my proceedings eye:—  
It is decreed Hector the great must die. [*Exeunt.*]

*Enter MENELAUS and PARIS, fighting; then  
THERSITES.*

*Tber.* The cuckold and the cuckold-maker are at it.—Now, bull! now, dog! 'Loo, Paris, 'loo! now my 10  
double-henn'd sparrow! 'loo, Paris, 'loo!—The bull  
has the game:—ware horns, ho!

[*Exeunt PARIS and MENELAUS.*]

*Enter MARGARELON.*

*Mar.* Turn, slave, and fight.

*Tber.* What art thou?

*Mar.* A bastard son of Priam's.

*Tber.* I am a bastard too; I love bastards: I am a  
bastard begot, bastard instructed, bastard in mind,  
bastard in valour, in every thing illegitimate. One  
bear will not bite another, and wherefore should one



SCENE IX. *Another part of the plains.*

*Enter* AGAMEMNON, AJAX, MENELAUS, NESTOR,  
DIOMED, *and the rest, marching. Shouts within.*

*Agam.* Hark! hark! what shout is that?

*Nest.* Peace, drums!

[*witbin*] Achilles! Achilles! Hector's slain! Achilles!

*Dio.* The bruit is, Hector's slain, and by Achilles.

*Ajax.* If it be so, yet bragless let it be;

Great Hector was a man as good as he.

*Agam.* March patiently along:—let one be sent  
To pray Achilles see us at our tent.—

If in his death the gods have us befriended,

Great Troy is ours, and our sharp wars are ended. 10

[*Exeunt, marching.*]

SCENE X. *Another part of the plains.*

*Enter* ÆNEAS, PARIS, ANTENOR, *and* DEIPHOBUS.

*Æne.* Stand, ho! yet are we masters of the field:  
Never go home; here starve we out the night.

*Enter* TROIUS.

*Tro.* Hector is slain.

*All.* Hector!—the gods forbid!

*Tro.* He's dead; and at the murderer's horse's tail,  
In beastly sort, dragg'd through the shameful field.—

Frown on, you heavens, effect your rage with speed!

Sit, gods, upon your thrones, and smile at Troy!

I say, at once let your brief plagues be mercy,

And linger not our sure destructions on!

*Æne.* My lord, you do discomfort all the host. 10

*Tro.* You understand me not that tell me so:

I do not speak of flight, of fear, of death;

But dare all imminence that gods and men

Address their dangers in. Hector is gone:

Who shall tell Priam so, or Hecuba?  
 Let him that will a screech-owl eye be call'd,  
 Go into Troy, and say there "Hector's dead:"  
 There is a word will Priam turn to stone;  
 Make wells and Niobes of the maids and wives,  
 Cold statues of the youth; and, in a word, 20  
 Scare Troy out of itself. But, march away:  
 Hector is dead; there is no more to say.  
 Stay yet.—You vile abominable tents,  
 Thus proudly pight upon our Phrygian plains,  
 Let Titan rise as early as he dare,  
 I'll through and through you!—and, thou great-sized  
 coward,  
 No space of earth shall sunder our two hates:  
 I'll haunt thee like a wicked conscience still,  
 That mouldeth goblins swift as frenzy's thoughts.—  
 Strike a free march to Troy!—with comfort go: 30  
 Hope of revenge shall hide our inward woe.

[*Exeunt ÆNEAS and Trojans.*]

*As TROILUS is going out, enter, from the other  
 side, PANDARUS.*

*Pan.* But hear you, hear you!

*Tro.* Hence, broker-lackey! ignomy and shame  
 Pursue thy life, and live aye with thy name! [*Exit.*]

*Pan.* A goodly medicine for my aching bones!—  
 O world! world! world! thus is the poor agent de-  
 spised! O traders and bawds, how earnestly are you  
 set a-work, and how ill requited! why should our en-  
 deavour be so loved, and the performance so loathed?  
 what verse for it? what instance for it?—Let me see:— 40

Full merrily the humble-bee doth sing,  
 Till he hath lost his honey and his sting;  
 And being once subdued in armed tail,  
 Sweet honey and sweet notes together fail.—  
 Good traders in the flesh, set this in your painted cloths.

As many as be here of Pandar's hall,  
Your eyes, half out, weep out at Pandar's fall;  
Or if you cannot weep, yet give some groans,  
Though not for me, yet for your aching bones.  
Brethren and sisters of the hold-door trade, <sup>50</sup>  
Some two months hence my will shall here be made:  
It should be now, but that my fear is this,—  
Some galled goose of Winchester would hiss:  
Till then I'll sweat, and seek about for eases;  
And at that time bequeath you my diseases. [*Exit.*

## **CORIOLANUS.**

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

CAIUS MARCIUS, afterwards CAIUS MARCIUS CORIOLANUS,  
*a noble Roman.*

TITUS LARTIUS, }  
COMINIUS, } *generals against the Volscians.*

MENENIUS AGRIPPA, *friend to Coriolanus.*

SICINIUS VELUTUS, }  
JUNIUS BRUTUS, } *tribunes of the people.*

Young MARCIUS, *son to Coriolanus.*

A Roman Herald.

TULLUS AUFIDIUS, *general of the Volscians.*

Lieutenant to *Aufidius.*

Conspirators with *Aufidius.*

A Citizen of Antium.

Two Volscian Guards.

VOLUMNIA, *mother to Coriolanus.*

VIRGILIA, *wife to Coriolanus.*

VALERIA, *friend to Virgilia.*

Gentlewoman attending on *Virgilia.*

Roman and Volscian Senators, Patricians, Ædiles, Lictors, Soldiers,  
Citizens, Messengers, Servants to *Aufidius*, and other Attendants.

SCENE—Partly Rome and its neighbourhood; partly Corioli and its  
neighbourhood; and partly Antium.

## CORIOLANUS.

### ACT I.

#### SCENE I. *Rome. A street.*

*Enter a company of mutinous Citizens, with staves, clubs, and other weapons.*

*First Cit.* Before we proceed any further, hear me speak.

*Citizens.* Speak, speak.

*First Cit.* You are all resolved rather to die than to famish?

*Citizens.* Resolved, resolved.

*First Cit.* First, you know Caius Marcius is chief enemy to the people.

*Citizens.* We know 't, we know 't.

*First Cit.* Let us kill him, and we'll have corn at our own price. Is 't a verdict?

*Citizens.* No more talking on 't; let it be done: away, away!

*Sec. Cit.* One word, good citizens.

*First Cit.* We are accounted poor citizens; the patricians, good. What authority surfeits on would relieve us: if they would yield us but the superfluity, while it were wholesome, we might guess they relieved us humanely; but they think we are too dear: the leanness that afflicts us, the object of our misery, is as an inventory to particularize their abundance; our sufferance is a gain to them.—Let us revenge this with our

piques, ere we become rakes : for the gods know I speak this in hunger for bread, not in thirst for revenge.

*Sec. Cit.* Would you proceed especially against Caius Marcius?

*Citizens.* Against him first : he's a very dog to the commonalty.

*Sec. Cit.* Consider you what services he has done for his country? 30

*First Cit.* Very well ; and could be content to give him good report for 't, but that he pays himself with being proud.

*Sec. Cit.* Nay, but speak not maliciously.

*First Cit.* I say unto you, what he hath done famously, he did it to that end : though soft-conscienced men can be content to say it was for his country, he did it to please his mother, and to be partly proud ; which he is, even to the altitude of his virtue.

*Sec. Cit.* What he cannot help in his nature, you <sup>40</sup> account a vice in him. You must in no way say he is covetous.

*First Cit.* If I must not, I need not be barren of accusations ; he hath faults, with surplus, to tire in repetition. [*Shouts within.*] What shouts are these ? The other side o' th' city is risen : why stay we prating here ? to th' Capitol !

*Citizens.* Come, come.

*First Cit.* Soft ! who comes here ?

*Sec. Cit.* Worthy Menenius Agrippa ; one that hath <sup>50</sup> always loved the people.

*First Cit.* He's one honest enough : would all the rest were so !

*Enter MENENIUS AGRIPPA.*

*Men.* What work 's, my countrymen, in hand ?  
where go you

With bats and clubs ? the matter ? speak, I pray you.

*First Cit.* Our business is not unknown to th' senate ;

they have had inkling, this fortnight, what we intend to do, which now we'll show 'em in deeds. They say poor suitors have strong breaths: they shall know we have strong arms too. 60

*Men.* Why, masters, my good friends, mine honest neighbours,  
Will you undo yourselves?

*First Cit.* We cannot, sir, we are undone already.

*Men.* I tell you, friends, most charitable care  
Have the patricians of you. For your wants,  
Your suffering in this dearth, you may as well  
Strike at the heaven with your staves as lift them  
Against the Roman state; whose course will on  
The way it takes, cracking ten thousand curbs  
Of more strong link asunder than can ever 70  
Appear in your impediment: for the dearth,  
The gods, not the patricians, make it; and  
Your knees to them, not arms, must help. Alack,  
You are transported by calamity  
Thither where more attends you; and you slander  
The helms o' th' state, who care for you like fathers,  
When you curse them as enemies.

*First Cit.* Care for us! True, indeed! They ne'er  
cared for us yet:—suffer us to famish, and their store-  
houses cramm'd with grain; make edicts for usury, to 80  
support usurers; repeal daily any wholesome act estab-  
lisht against the rich; and provide more piercing statutes  
daily, to chain up and restrain the poor. If the wars  
eat us not up, they will; and there's all the love they  
bear us.

*Men.* Either you must  
Confess yourselves wondrous malicious,  
Or be accused of folly. I shall tell you  
A pretty tale: it may be you have heard it;  
But, since it serves my purpose, I will venture 90  
To stale 't a little more.

*First Cit.* Well, I'll hear it, sir: yet you must not



think to fob-off our disgrace with a tale: but, an't please you, deliver.

*Men.* There was a time when all the body's members  
Rebell'd against the belly; thus accused it:—  
That only like a gulf it did remain  
I' th' midst o' th' body, idle and unactive,  
Still cupboarding the viand, never bearing  
Like labour with the rest; where th' other instruments 100  
Did see and hear, devise, instruct, walk, feel,  
And, mutually participate, did minister  
Unto the appetite and affection common  
Of the whole body. The belly answer'd,—

*First Cit.* Well, sir, what answer made the belly?

*Men.* Sir, I shall tell you.—With a kind of smile,  
Which ne'er came from the lungs, but even thus—  
For, look you, I may make the belly smile  
As well as speak—it tauntingly replied  
To th' discontented members, the mutinous parts 110  
That envied his receipt; even so most fitly  
As you malign our senators for that  
They are not such as you.

*First Cit.* Your belly's answer? What!  
The kingly-crowned head, the vigilant eye,  
The counsellor heart, the arm our soldier,  
Our steed the leg, the tongue our trumpeter,  
With other muniments and petty helps  
In this our fabric, if that they—

*Men.* What then?—  
'Fore me, this fellow speaks!—what then? what then?

*First Cit.* Should by the cormorant belly be restrain'd, 120  
Who is the sink o' th' body,—

*Men.* Well, what then?

*First Cit.* The former agents, if they did complain,  
What could the belly answer?

*Men.* I will tell you;  
Is you'll bestow a small—of what you have little—  
Patience awhile, you'st hear the belly's answer.

*First Cit.* Y' are long about it.

*Men.* Note me this, good friend ;  
Your most grave belly was deliberate,  
Not rash like his accusers, and thus answer'd :  
"True is it, my incorporate friends," quoth he,  
"That I receive the general food at first, 130  
Which you do live upon ; and fit it is,  
Because I am the store-house and the shop  
Of the whole body : but, if you do remember,  
I send it through the rivers of your blood,  
Even to the court, the heart,—to th' seat o' th' brain ;  
And, through the cranks and offices of man,  
The strongest nerves and small inferior veins  
From me receive that natural competency  
Whereby they live : and though that all at once,  
You, my good friends,"—this says the belly, mark me,— 140

*First Cit.* Ay, sir ; well, well.

*Men.* "Though all at once can not  
See what I do deliver out to each,  
Yet I can make my audit up, that all  
From me do back receive the flour of all,  
And leave me but the bran."—What say you to't ?

*First Cit.* It was an answer : how apply you this ?

*Men.* The senators of Rome are this good belly,  
And you the mutinous members : for, examine  
Their counsels and their cares ; digest things rightly  
Touching the weal o' th' common ; you shall find, 150  
No public benefit which you receive  
But it proceeds or comes from them to you,  
And no way from yourselves.—What do you think,—  
You, the great toe of this assembly ?

*First Cit.* I the great toe ! why the great toe ?

*Men.* For that, being one o' th' lowest, basest, poorest,  
Of this most wise rebellion, thou go'st foremost :  
Thou rascal, that art worst in blood to run,  
Lead'st first to win some vantage.—  
But make you ready your stiff bats and clubs : 160

Rome and her rats are at the point of battle ;  
The one side must have bale.

*Enter CAIUS MARCIUS.*

Hail, noble Marcius !

*Mar.* Thanks.—What's the matter, you dissentious rogues,  
That, rubbing the poor itch of your opinion,  
Make yourselves scabs ?

*First Cit.* We have ever your good word.

*Mar.* He that will give good words to thee will flatter  
Beneath abhorring. What would you have, you curs,  
That like nor peace nor war ? the one affrights you,  
The other makes you proud. He that trusts to you,  
Where he should find you lions, finds you hares ; 170  
Where foxes, geese : you are no surer, no,  
Than is the coal of fire upon the ice,  
Or hailstone in the sun. Your virtue is,  
To make him worthy whose offence subdues him,  
And curse that justice did it. Who deserves greatness  
Deserves your hate ; and your affections are  
A sick man's appetite, who desires most that  
Which would increase his evil. He that depends  
Upon your favours swims with fins of lead,  
And hews down oaks with rushes. Hang ye ! Trust ye ! 180  
With every minute you do change a mind ;  
And call him noble that was now your hate,  
Him vile that was your garland. What's the matter,  
That in these several places of the city  
You cry against the noble senate, who,  
Under the gods, keep you in awe, which else  
Would feed on one another ?—What's their seeking ?

*Men.* For corn at their own rates ; whereof, they say,  
The city is well stored.

*Mar.* Hang 'em ! They say !  
They'll sit by th' fire, and presume to know 190  
What's done i' th' Capitol ; who's like to rise,

Who thrives, and who declines; side factions, and give  
out

Conjectural marriages; making parties strong,  
And feebling such as stand not in their liking  
Below their cobbled shoes. They say there's grain  
enough!

Would the nobility lay aside their ruth,  
And let me use my sword, I'd make a quarry  
With thousands of these quarter'd slaves, as high  
As I could pick my lance.

*Men.* Nay, these are almost thoroughly persuaded; 200  
For though abundantly they lack discretion,  
Yet are they passing cowardly. But, I beseech you,  
What says the other troop?

*Mar.* They are dissolved: hang 'em!  
They said they were an-hungry; sigh'd forth pro-  
verbs,—

That hunger broke stone walls, that dogs must eat,  
That meat was made for mouths, that the gods sent  
not

Corn for the rich men only:—with these shreds  
They vented their complainings; which being answer'd,  
And a petition granted them, a strange one—  
To break the heart of generosity, 210  
And make bold power look pale—they threw their caps  
As they would hang them on the horns o' th' moon,  
Shouting their emulation.

*Men.* What is granted them?

*Mar.* Five tribunes to defend their vulgar wisdoms,  
Of their own choice: one's Junius Brutus,  
Sicinius Velutus, and I know not—'Sdeath!  
The rabble should have first unroofed the city,  
Ere so prevail'd with me: it will in time  
Win upon power, and throw forth greater themes  
For insurrection's arguing.

*Men.* This is strange. 220

*Mar.* Go, get you home, you fragments!

*Enter a Messenger, hastily.*

*Mess.* Where's Caius Marcius?

*Mar.* Here: what's the matter?

*Mess.* The news is, sir, the Volsces are in arms.

*Mar.* I am glad on 't; then we shall ha' means to vent  
Our musty superfluity.—See, our best elders.

*Enter COMINIUS, TITUS LARTIUS, with other Senators;  
JUNIUS BRUTUS, and SICINIUS VELUTUS.*

*First Sen.* Marcius, 'tis true that you have lately told  
us,—  
The Volsces are in arms.

*Mar.* They have a leader,  
Tullus Aufidius, that will put you to 't.  
I sin in envying his nobility;  
And were I any thing but what I am, 230  
I would wish me only he.

*Com.* You have fought together.

*Mar.* Were half to half the world by th' ears, and he  
Upon my party, I'd revolt, to make  
Only my wars with him: he is a lion  
That I am proud to hunt.

*First Sen.* Then, worthy Marcius,  
Attend upon Cominius to these wars.

*Com.* It is your former promise.

*Mar.* Sir, it is;  
And I am constant.—Titus Lartius, thou  
Shalt see me once more strike at Tullus' face.  
What, art thou stiff? stand'st out?

*Tit.* No, Caius Marcius; 240  
I'll lean upon one crutch, and fight with t' other,  
Ere stay behind this business.

*Men.* O, true-bred!

*First Sen.* Your company to th' Capitol; where, I  
know,  
Our greatest friends attend us.

*Tit.* [to Com.] Lead you on.—

[to MAR.] Follow Cominius: we must follow you ;  
Right worthy you priority.

Com. Noble Marcius !

First Sen. [to the Citizens] Hence to your homes ; be  
gone !

Mar. Nay, let them follow :  
The Volsces have much corn ; take these rats thither  
To gnaw their garners.—Worshipful mutiners,  
Your valour puts well forth : pray, follow. 250  
[Citizens steal away. Exeunt all but BRUTUS  
and SICINIUS.

Sic. Was ever man so proud as is this Marcius ?

Bru. He has no equal.

Sic. When we were chosen tribunes for the people,—

Bru. Markt you his lip and eyes ?

Sic. Nay, but his taunts.

Bru. Being moved, he will not spare to gird the gods.

Sic. Be-mock the modest moon.

Bru. The present wars devour him ! He is grown  
Too proud to be so valiant.

Sic. Such a nature,  
Tickled with good success, disdains the shadow  
Which he treads on at noon : but I do wonder 260  
His insolence can brook to be commanded  
Under Cominius.

Bru. Fame, at the which he aims,—  
In whom already he's well graced,—can not  
Better be held, nor more attain'd, than by  
A place below the first : for what miscarries  
Shall be the general's fault, though he perform  
To th' utmost of a man ; and giddy censure  
Will then cry out of Marcius, "O, if he  
Had borne the business !"

Sic. Besides, if things go well,  
Opinion, that so sticks on Marcius, shall 270  
Of his demerits rob Cominius.

Bru. Come :

Half all Cominius' honours are to Marcius,  
Though Marcius earn'd them not; and all his faults  
To Marcius shall be honours, though, indeed,  
In aught he merit not.

*Sic.* Let's hence, and hear  
How the dispatch is made; and in what fashion,  
More than his singularity, he goes  
Upon his present action.

*Bru.* Let's along. [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *Corioli. The Senate-house.*

*Enter TULLUS AUFIDIUS with Senators of Corioli.*

*First Sen.* So, your opinion is, Aufidius,  
That they of Rome are enter'd in our counsels,  
And know how we proceed.

*Auf.* Is it not yours?  
What ever have been thought on in this state,  
That could be brought to bodily act ere Rome  
Had circumvention? 'Tis not four days gone  
Since I heard thence; these are the words: I think  
I have the letter here; yes, here it is: [Reads.]

"They have prest a power, but it is not known  
Whether for east or west: the dearth is great;  
The people mutinous: and it is rumour'd,  
Cominius, Marcius your old enemy,—  
Who is of Rome worse hated than of you,—  
And Titus Lartius, a most valiant Roman,  
These three lead on this preparation  
Whither 'tis bent: most likely 'tis for you:  
Consider of it."

*First Sen.* Our army's in the field:  
We never yet made doubt but Rome was ready  
To answer us.

*Auf.* Nor did you think it folly  
To keep your great pretences veil'd till when  
They needs must show themselves; which in the  
hatching,

It seem'd, appear'd to Rome. By the discovery  
We shall be shorten'd in our aim; which was,  
To take in many towns, ere, almost, Rome  
Should know we were afoot.

*Sec. Sen.* Noble Aufidius,  
Take your commission; hie you to your bands:  
Let us alone to guard Corioli:  
If they set down before's, for the remove  
Bring up your army; but, I think, you'll find  
Th' have not prepared for us.

*Auf.* O, doubt not that; 30  
I speak from certainties. Nay, more,  
Some parcels of their power are forth already,  
And only hitherward. I leave your honours.  
If we and Caius Marcius chance to meet,  
'Tis sworn between us, we shall ever strike  
Till one can do no more.

*All.* The gods assist you!

*Auf.* And keep your honours safe!

*First Sen.* Farewell.

*Sec. Sen.* Farewell.

*All.* Farewell. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *Rome. A room in MARCIUS' house.*

*Enter VOLUMNIA and VIRGILIA, mother and wife to  
MARCIUS: they set them down on two low stools, and sew.*

*Vol.* I pray you, daughter, sing; or express yourself  
in a more comfortable sort: if my son were my husband,  
I should freelier rejoice in that absence wherein he won  
honour than in the embracements of his bed where he  
would show most love. When yet he was but tender-  
bodied, and the only son of my womb; when youth with  
comeliness pluckt all gaze his way; when, for a day of  
kings' entreaties, a mother should not sell him an hour  
from her beholding; I—considering how honour would



become such a person; that it was no better than picture- 10  
like to hang by th' wall, if renown made it not stir—  
was pleased to let him seek danger where he was like to  
find fame. To a cruel war I sent him; from whence  
he return'd, his brows bound with oak. I tell thee,  
daughter, I sprang not more in joy at first hearing he  
was a man-child than now in first seeing he had proved  
himself a man.

*Vir.* But had he died in the business, madam,—how  
then?

*Vol.* Then his good report should have been my son; 20  
I therein would have found issue. Hear me profess  
sincerely, had I a dozen sons, each in my love alike, and  
none less dear than thine and my good Marcius, I had  
rather had eleven die nobly for their country than one  
voluptuously surfeit out of action.

*Enter a Gentlewoman.*

*Gent.* Madam, the Lady Valeria is come to visit  
you.

*Vir.* Beseech you, give me leave to retire myself.

*Vol.* Indeed, you shall not.

Methinks I hear hither your husband's drum; 30  
See him pluck Aufidius down by th' hair;  
As children from a bear, the Volsces shunning him:  
Methinks I see him stamp thus, and call thus,—  
“Come on, you cowards! you were got in fear,  
Though you were born in Rome:” his bloody brow  
With his mail'd hand then wiping, forth he goes,  
Like to a harvest-man, that's taskt to mow  
Or all, or lose his hire.

*Vir.* His bloody brow! O Jupiter, no blood!

*Vol.* Away, you fool! it more becomes a man 40  
Than gilt his trophy: the breasts of Hecuba,  
When she did suckle Hector, lookt not lovelier  
Than Hector's forehead when it spit forth blood

At Grecian sword, contemning.—Tell Valeria  
We are fit to bid her welcome. [Exit Gent.]

*Vir.* Heavens bless my lord from fell Aufidius!

*Vol.* He'll beat Aufidius' head below his knee,  
And tread upon his neck.

*Enter VALERIA with Usher and a Gentlewoman.*

*Val.* My ladies both, good day to you.

*Vol.* Sweet madam. 50

*Vir.* I am glad to see your ladyship.

*Val.* How do you both? you are manifest house-keepers. What are you sewing here? A fine spot, in good faith.—How does your little son?

*Vir.* I thank your ladyship; well, good madam.

*Vol.* He had rather see the swords, and hear a drum,  
than look upon his schoolmaster.

*Val.* O' my word, the father's son: I'll swear, 'tis a very pretty boy. O' my troth, I lookt upon him o' Wednesday half an hour together: has such a confirm'd 60  
countenance. I saw him run after a gilded butterfly;  
and when he caught it, he let it go again; and after it  
again; and over and over he comes, and up again; catcht  
it again: or whether his fall enraged him, or how 'twas,  
he did so set his teeth, and tear it; O, I warrant, how  
he mammockt it!

*Vol.* One on's father's moods.

*Val.* Indeed, la, 'tis a noble child.

*Vir.* A crack, madam.

*Val.* Come, lay aside your stitchery; I must have 70  
you play the idle huswife with me this afternoon.

*Vir.* No, good madam; I will not out of doors.

*Val.* Not out of doors!

*Vol.* She shall, she shall.

*Vir.* Indeed, no, by your patience; I'll not over the  
threshold till my lord return from the wars.

*Val.* Fie, you confine yourself most unreasonably:  
come, you must go visit the good lady that lies in.

*Vir.* I will wish her speedy strength, and visit her with my prayers; but I cannot go thither. 80

*Vol.* Why, I pray you?

*Vir.* 'Tis not to save labour, nor that I want love.

*Val.* You would be another Penelope: yet, they say, all the yarn she spun in Ulysses' absence did but fill Ithaca full of moths. Come; I would your cambric were sensible as your finger, that you might leave pricking it for pity. Come, you shall go with us.

*Vir.* No, good madam, pardon me; indeed, I will not forth.

*Val.* In truth, la, go with me; and I'll tell you excellent news of your husband.

*Vir.* O, good madam, there can be none yet.

*Val.* Verily, I do not jest with you; there came news from him last night.

*Vir.* Indeed, madam?

*Val.* In earnest, it's true; I heard a senator speak it. Thus it is:—The Volsces have an army forth; against whom Cominius the general is gone, with one part of our Roman power: your lord and Titus Lartius are set down before their city Corioli; they nothing doubt prevailing, and to make it brief wars. This is true, on mine honour; and so, I pray, go with us. 100

*Vir.* Give me excuse, good madam; I will obey you in every thing hereafter.

*Vol.* Let her alone, lady: as she is now, she will but disease our better mirth.

*Val.* In troth, I think she would.—Fare you well, then.—Come, good sweet lady.—Prithee, Virgilia, turn thy solemnness out o' door, and go along with us.

*Vir.* No, at a word, madam; indeed, I must not. I 110 wish you much mirth.

*Val.* Well, then, farewell.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE IV. *Before Corioli.*

*Enter* MARCIUS, TITUS LARTIUS, *with drum and colours, with Captains and Soldiers, as before the city Corioli: to them a Messenger.*

*Mar.* Yonder comes news:—a wager they have met.

*Lart.* My horse to yours, no.

*Mar.* 'Tis done.

*Lart.* Agreed.

*Mar.* Say, has our general met the enemy?

*Mess.* They lie in view; but have not spoke as yet.

*Lart.* So, the good horse is mine.

*Mar.* I'll buy him of you.

*Lart.* No, I'll nor sell nor give him; lend you him

I will

For half a hundred years.—Summon the town.

*Mar.* How far off lie these armies?

*Mess.* Within this mile and half.

*Mar.* Then shall we hear their 'larum, and they  
ours.—

Now, Mars, I prithee, make us quick in work, 10  
That we with smoking swords may march from hence,  
To help our fielded friends!—Come, blow thy blast.

*They sound a parley. Enter two Senators with  
others on the walls of Corioli.*

Tullus Aufidius, is he within your walls?

*First Sen.* No, nor a man that fears you less than he,  
That's lesser than a little. [*Drum afar off.*] Hark,  
our drums

Are bringing forth our youth! we'll break our walls,  
Rather than they shall pound us up: our gates,  
Which yet seem shut, we have but pinn'd with rushes;  
They'll open of themselves. [*Alarum afar off.*] Hark  
you, far off!

There is Aufidius; list, what work he makes  
Amongst your cloven army. 20

*Mar.* O, they're at it!

*Lart.* Their noise be our instruction.—Ladders, ho!

*Enter the Army of the Volsces.*

*Mar.* They fear us not, but issue forth their city.  
Now put your shields before your hearts, and fight  
With hearts more proof than shields.—Advance, brave

Titus:

They do disdain us much beyond our thoughts,  
Which makes me sweat with wrath.—Come on, my  
fellows:

He that retires, I'll take him for a Volscie,  
And he shall feel mine edge.

*Alarum. The Romans are beat back to their trenches.*

*Enter MARCIUS, cursing.*

*Mar.* All the contagion of the south light on you, 30  
You shames of Rome! you herd of—Boils and plagues  
Plaster you o'er; that you may be abhorr'd  
Further than seen, and one infect another  
Against the wind a mile! You souls of geese,  
That bear the shapes of men, how have you run  
From slaves that apes would beat! Pluto and hell!  
All hurt behind; backs red, and faces pale  
With flight and agued fear! Mend, and charge home,  
Or, by the fires of heaven, I'll leave the foe,  
And make my wars on you: look to't: come on; 40  
If you'll stand fast, we'll beat them to their wives,  
As they us to our trenches. Follow's.

*Another alarum, and MARCIUS follows the Volsces  
to the gates, and is shut in.*

So, now the gates are ope:—now prove good seconds:  
'Tis for the followers fortune widens them,  
Not for the fliers: mark me, and do the like.

*[Enters the gates.]*

*First Sold.* Fool-hardiness ; not I.

*Sec. Sold.* Nor I.

*First Sold.* See, they have shut him in.

*All.* To th' pot, I warrant him.

[*Alarum continues.*]

*Enter* TITUS LARTIUS.

*Lart.* What is become of Marcius ?

*All.* Slain, sir, doubtless.

*First Sold.* Following the fliers at the very heels,  
With them he enters ; who, upon the sudden, 50  
Clapt-to their gates : he is himself alone,  
To answer all the city.

*Lart.* O noble fellow !  
Who, sensible, outdares his senseless sword,  
And, when it bows, stands up ! Thou art left, Marcius :  
A carbuncle entire, as big as thou art,  
Were not so rich a jewel. Thou wast a soldier  
Even to Cato's wish, not fierce and terrible  
Only in strokes ; but, with thy grim looks and  
The thunder-like percussion of thy sounds,  
Thou madest thine enemies shake, as if the world 60  
Were feverous and did tremble.

*Enter* MARCIUS, *bleeding, assaulted by the enemy.*

*First Sold.* Look, sir.

*Lart.* O, 'tis Marcius !  
Let's fetch him off, or make remain alike.  
[*They fight, and all enter the city.*]

SCENE V. *Within Corioli. A street.*

*Enter certain Romans, with spoils.*

*First Rom.* This will I carry to Rome.

*Sec. Rom.* And I this.

*Third Rom.* A murrain on 't ! I took this for silver.  
[*Alarum continues still afar off.*]

*Enter MARCIUS and TITUS LARTIUS with a trumpet.*

*Mar.* See here these movers that do prize their hours  
At a crackt drachma! Cushions, leaden spoons,  
Irons of a doit, doublets that hangmen would  
Bury with those that wore them, these base slaves,  
Ere yet the fight be done, pack up:—down with them!—  
And hark, what noise the general makes!—To him!  
There is the man of my soul's hate, Aufidius, 10  
Piercing our Romans: then, valiant Titus, take  
Convenient numbers to make good the city;  
Whilst I, with those that have the spirit, will haste  
To help Cominius.

*Lart.* Worthy sir, thou bleed'st;  
Thy exercise hath been too violent  
For a second course of fight.

*Mar.* Sir, praise me not;  
My work hath yet not warm'd me: fare you well:  
The blood I drop is rather physical  
Than dangerous to me: to Aufidius thus  
I will appear, and fight.

*Lart.* Now the fair goddess, Fortune, 20  
Fall deep in love with thee; and her great charms  
Misguide thy opposers' swords! Bold gentleman,  
Prosperity be thy page!

*Mar.* Thy friend no less  
Than those she placeth highest! So, farewell.

*Lart.* Thou worthiest Marcius!— [*Exit MARCIUS.*  
Go, sound thy trumpet in the market-place;  
Call thither all the officers o' th' town,  
Where they shall know our mind: away! [*Exeunt.*

SCENE VI. *Near the camp of COMINIUS.*

*Enter COMINIUS, as it were in retire, with Soldiers.*

*Com.* Breathe you, my friends: well fought; we are  
come off  
Like Romans, neither foolish in our stands

Nor cowardly in retire: believe me, sirs,  
We shall be charged again. Whiles we have struck,  
By interims and conveying gusts we have heard  
The charges of our friends.—Ye Roman gods,  
Lead their successes as we wish our own,  
That both our powers, with smiling fronts encountering,  
May give you thankful sacrifice!

*Enter a Messenger.*

Thy news?

*Mess.* The citizens of Corioli have issued, 10  
And given to Lartius and to Marcius battle:  
I saw our party to their trenches driven,  
And then I came away.

*Com.* Though thou speak'st truth,  
Methinks thou speak'st not well. How long is 't since?

*Mess.* Above an hour, my lord.

*Com.* 'Tis not a mile; briefly we heard their drums:  
How couldst thou in a mile confound an hour,  
And bring thy news so late?

*Mess.* Spies of the Volsces  
Held me in chase, that I was forced to wheel  
Three or four miles about; else had I, sir, 20  
Half an hour since brought my report.

*Com.* Who's yonder,  
That does appear as he were flay'd? O gods!  
He has the stamp of Marcius; and I have  
Before-time seen him thus.

*Mar.* [*witbin*] Come I too late?

*Com.* The shepherd knows not thunder from a tabor,  
More than I know the sound of Marcius' tongue  
From every meaner man.

*Enter MARCIUS.*

*Mar.* Come I too late?

*Com.* Ay, if you come not in the blood of others,  
But mantled in your own.

*Mar.* O, let me clip ye



In arms as sound as when I woo'd ; in heart 30  
 As merry as when our nuptial day was done,  
 And tapers burnt to bedward !

*Com.* Flower of warriors,  
 How is't with Titus Lartius ?

*Mar.* As with a man busied about decrees :  
 Condemning some to death, and some to exile ;  
 Ransoming him or pitying, threatening th' other ;  
 Holding Corioli in the name of Rome,  
 Even like a fawning greyhound in the leash,  
 To let him slip at will.

*Com.* Where is that slave  
 Which told me they had beat you to your trenches ? 40  
 Where is he ? call him hither.

*Mar.* Let him alone ;  
 He did inform the truth : but for our gentlemen,  
 The common file—a plague !—tribunes for them !—  
 The mouse ne'er shunn'd the cat as they did budge  
 From rascals worse than they.

*Com.* But how prevail'd you ?

*Mar.* Will the time serve to tell ? I do not think.  
 Where is the enemy ? are you lords o' th' field ?  
 If not, why cease you till you are so ?

*Com.* Marcius,  
 We have at disadvantage fought, and did 50  
 Retire, to win our purpose.

*Mar.* How lies their battle ? know you on which  
 side  
 They have placed their men of trust ?

*Com.* As I guess, Marcius,  
 Their bands i' th' vaward are the Antiates,  
 Of their best trust ; o'er them Aufidius,  
 Their very heart of hope.

*Mar.* I do beseech you,  
 By all the battles wherein we have fought,  
 By th' blood we have shed together, by the vows  
 We have made to endure friends, that you directly

Set me against Aufidius and his Antiates ;  
And that you not delay the present, but, 60  
Filling the air with swords advanced and darts,  
We prove this very hour.

*Com.*                    Though I could wish  
You were conducted to a gentle bath,  
And balms applied to you, yet dare I never  
Deny your asking : take your choice of those  
That best can aid your action.

*Mar.*                    Those are they  
That most are willing.—If any such be here—  
As it were sin to doubt—that love this painting  
Wherein you see me smear'd ; if any fear  
Lesser his person than an ill report ; 70  
If any think brave death outweighs bad life,  
And that his country's dearer than himself ;  
Let him alone, or so many so minded,  
Wave thus, to express his disposition,  
And follow Marcius.

*[They all shout, and wave their swords ; take him  
up in their arms, and cast up their caps.]*

O, me alone ! make you a sword of me ?  
If these shows be not outward, which of you  
But is four Volsces ? none of you but is  
Able to bear against the great Aufidius  
A shield as hard as his.    A certain number, 80  
Though thanks to all, must I select from all : the  
rest

Shall bear the business in some other fight,  
As cause will be obey'd.    Please you to march ;  
And four shall quickly draw out my command,  
Which men are best inclined.

*Com.*                    March on, my fellows :  
Make good this ostentation, and you shall  
Divide in all with us.                    *[Exeunt.]*

SCENE VII. *The gates of Corioli.*

TITUS LARTIUS, *having set a guard upon Corioli, going with drum and trumpet toward COMINIUS and CAIUS MARCIUS, enters with a Lieutenant, other Soldiers, and a Scout.*

*Lart.* So, let the ports be guarded : keep your duties, As I have set them down. If I do send, dispatch Those centuries to our aid ; the rest will serve For a short holding : if we lose the field, We cannot keep the town.

*Lieu.* Fear not our care, sir.

*Lart.* Hence, and shut your gates upon 's.— Our guider, come ; to th' Roman camp conduct us.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VIII. *A field of battle between the Roman and the Volscian camps.*

*Alarum as in battle. Enter MARCIUS and AUFIDIUS at several doors.*

*Mar.* I'll fight with none but thee ; for I do hate thee Worse than a promise-breaker.

*Auf.* We hate alike : Not Afric owns a serpent I abhor More than thy fame I envy. Fix thy foot.

*Mar.* Let the first budger die the other's slave, And the gods doom him after !

*Auf.* If I fly, Marcius, Halloo me like a hare.

*Mar.* Within these three hours, Tullus, Alone I fought in your Corioli walls, And made what work I pleased : 'tis not my blood Wherein thou seest me maskt ; for thy revenge Wrench up thy power to th' highest. 10

*Auf.* Wert thou the Hector

That was the whip of your bragg'd progeny,  
Thou shouldst not scape me here.

[*Here they fight, and certain Volsces come in the aid of AUFIDIUS. MARCIUS fights till they be driven in breathless.*]

Officious, and not valiant,—you have shamed me  
In your condemned seconds. [Exeunt.]

SCENE IX. *The Roman camp.*

*Flourish. Alarum. A retreat is sounded. Enter, at one door, COMINIUS with the Romans; at another door, MARCIUS, with his arm in a scarf.*

*Com.* If I should tell thee o'er this thy day's work,  
Thou 't not believe thy deeds: but I'll report it,  
Where senators shall mingle tears with smiles;  
Where great patricians shall attend, and shrug,  
I' th' end admire; where ladies shall be frighted,  
And, gladly quaked, hear more; where the dull tribunes,  
That, with the fusty plebeians, hate thine honours,  
Shall say, against their hearts, "We thank the gods  
Our Rome hath such a soldier!"  
Yet camest thou to a morsel of this feast, 10  
Having fully dined before.

*Enter TITUS LARTIUS, with his power, from the pursuit.*

*Lart.* O general,  
Here is the steed, we the caparison:  
Hadst thou beheld—

*Mar.* Pray now, no more: my mother,  
Who has a charter to extol her blood,  
When she does praise me grieves me. I have done  
As you have done,—that's what I can; induced  
As you have been,—that's for my country:  
He that has but effected his good will  
Hath overta'en mine act.

*Com.* You shall not be

The grave of your deserving ; Rome must know 20  
 The value of her own : 'twere a concealment  
 Worse than a theft, no less than a traducement,  
 To hide your doings ; and to silence that,  
 Which, to the spire and top of praises voucht,  
 Would seem but modest : therefore, I beseech you—  
 In sign of what you are, not to reward  
 What you have done—before our army hear me.

*Mar.* I have some wounds upon me, and they smart  
 To hear themselves remember'd.

*Com.* Should they not,  
 Well might they fester 'gainst ingratitude, 30  
 And tent themselves with death. Of all the horses,—  
 Whereof we have ta'en good, and good store,—of all  
 The treasure in this field achieved and city,  
 We render you the tenth ; to be ta'en forth,  
 Before the common distribution,  
 At your only choice.

*Mar.* I thank you, general ;  
 But cannot make my heart consent to take  
 A bribe to pay my sword : I do refuse it ;  
 And stand upon my common part with those  
 That have beheld the doing. 40

*[A long flourish. They all cry, "Marcius!  
 Marcius!" cast up their caps and lances:  
 COMINIUS and LARTIUS stand bare.]*

*Mar.* May these same instruments, which you pro-  
 fane,  
 Never sound more ! When drums and trumpets shall  
 I' th' field prove flatterers, let courts and cities be  
 Made all of false-faced soothing ! When steel grows  
 Soft as the parasite's silk, let him be made  
 A coverture for th' wars ! No more, I say !  
 For that I have not washt my nose that bled,  
 Or foil'd some debile wretch,—which, without note,  
 Here's many else have done,—you shout me forth  
 In acclamations hyperbolical ; 50

As if I loved my little should be dieted  
In praises sauced with lies.

*Com.* Too modest are you ;  
More cruel to your good report than grateful  
To us that give you truly : by your patience,  
If 'gainst yourself you be incensed, we'll put you—  
Like one that means his proper harm—in manacles,  
Then reason safely with you. Therefore, be it known,  
As to us, to all the world, that Caius Marcius  
Wears this war's garland : in token of the which,  
My noble steed, known to the camp, I give him, 60  
With all his trim belonging ; and from this time,  
For what he did before Corioli, call him,  
With all th' applause and clamour of the host,  
CAIUS MARCIUS CORIOLANUS.—Bear  
Th' addition nobly ever !

[*Flourish. Trumpets sound and drums.*]

*All.* Caius Marcius Coriolanus !

*Cor.* I will go wash ;  
And when my face is fair, you shall perceive  
Whether I blush or no : howbeit, I thank you :—  
I mean to stride your steed ; and at all times, 70  
To undercrest your good addition  
To th' fairness of my power.

*Com.* So, to our tent ;  
Where, ere we do repose us, we will write  
To Rome of our success.—You, Titus Lartius,  
Must to Corioli back : send us to Rome  
The best, with whom we may articulate,  
For their own good and ours.

*Lart.* I shall, my lord.

*Cor.* The gods begin to mock me. I, that now  
Refused most princely gifts, am bound to beg  
Of my lord general.

*Com.* Take 't ; 'tis yours. What is 't ? 80

*Cor.* I sometime lay, here in Corioli,  
At a poor man's house ; he used me kindly :—

He cried to me; I saw him prisoner;  
But then Aufidius was within my view,  
And wrath o'erwhelm'd my pity: I request you  
To give my poor host freedom.

*Com.* O, well begg'd!

Were he the butcher of my son, he should  
Be free as is the wind.—Deliver him, Titus.

*Lart.* Marcius, his name?

*Cor.* By Jupiter, forgot:—

I am weary; yea, my memory is tired.—

Have we no wine here?

*Com.* Go we to our tent:

The blood upon your visage dries; 'tis time

It should be lookt to: come.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE X. *The camp of the Volsces.*

*A flourish. Cornets. Enter TULLUS AUFIDIUS bloody,  
with two or three Soldiers.*

*Auf.* The town is ta'en!

*First Sold.* 'Twill be deliver'd back on good condition.

*Auf.* Condition!—

I would I were a Roman; for I cannot,  
Being a Volsce, be that I am.—Condition!

What good condition can a treaty find

I' th' part that is at mercy?—Five times, Marcius,

I have fought with thee; so often hast thou beat me;

And wouldst do so, I think, should we encounter

As often as we eat.—By th' elements,

If e'er again I meet him beard to beard,

He's mine, or I am his: mine emulation

Hath not that honour in 't it had; for where

I thought to crush him in an equal force,

True sword to sword, I'll poach at him some way,

Or wrath or craft may get him.

*First Sold.*

He's the devil.

*Auf.* Bolder, though not so subtle. My valour's  
poison'd  
With only suffering stain by him ; for him  
Shall fly out of itself : nor sleep nor sanctuary,  
Being naked, sick, nor fane nor Capitol, 20  
The prayers of priests nor times of sacrifice,  
Embarquements all of fury, shall lift up  
Their rotten privilege and custom 'gainst  
My hate to Marcius : where I find him, were it  
At home, upon my brother's guard, even there,  
Against the hospitable canon, would I  
Wash my fierce hand in's heart. Go you to th' city ;  
Learn how 'tis held ; and what they are that must  
Be hostages for Rome.

*First Sold.* Will not you go ?

*Auf.* I am attended at the cypress grove : I pray you— 30  
'Tis south the city mills—bring me word thither  
How the world goes, that to the pace of it  
I may spur on my journey.

*First Sold.* I shall, sir. [Exeunt.

## ACT II.

### SCENE I. Rome. A public place.

*Enter MENENIUS, with the two Tribunes of the people,  
SICINIUS and BRUTUS.*

*Men.* The augurer tells me we shall have news to-  
night.

*Bru.* Good or bad ?

*Men.* Not according to the prayer of the people, for  
they love not Marcius.

*Sic.* Nature teaches beasts to know their friends.

*Men.* Pray you, who does the wolf love ?

*Sic.* The lamb.



*Men.* Ay, to devour him ; as the hungry plebeians would the noble Marcius. 10

*Bru.* He's a lamb indeed, that baes like a bear.

*Men.* He's a bear indeed, that lives like a lamb. You two are old men : tell me one thing that I shall ask you.

*Both.* Well, sir.

*Men.* In what enormity is Marcius poor in, that you two have not in abundance?

*Bru.* He's poor in no one fault, but stored with all.

*Sic.* Especially in pride.

*Bru.* And topping all others in boasting.

*Men.* This is strange now : do you two know how 20 you are censured here in the city, I mean of us o' th' right-hand file? do you?

*Both.* Why, how are we censured?

*Men.* Because you talk of pride now,—will you not be angry?

*Both.* Well, well, sir, well.

*Men.* Why, 'tis no great matter ; for a very little thief of occasion will rob you of a great deal of patience : give your dispositions the reins, and be angry at your pleasures ; at the least, if you take it as a pleasure to 30 you in being so. You blame Marcius for being proud?

*Bru.* We do it not alone, sir.

*Men.* I know you can do very little alone ; for your helps are many, or else your actions would grow wondrous single : your abilities are too infant-like for doing much alone. You talk of pride:—O that you could turn your eyes toward the napes of your necks, and make but an interior survey of your good selves ! O that you could !

*Bru.* What then, sir? 40

*Men.* Why, then you should discover a brace of unmeriting, proud, violent, testy magistrates, alias fools, as any in Rome.

*Sic.* Menenius, you are known well enough too.

*Men.* I am known to be a humorous patrician, and

one that loves a cup of hot wine with not a drop of allaying Tiber in't; said to be something imperfect in favouring the first complaint, hasty and tinder-like upon too trivial motion; one that converses more with the buttock of the night than with the forehead of the morning: what I think I utter, and spend my malice in my breath. Meeting two such wealsmen as you are,— I cannot call you Lycurguses,—if the drink you give me touch my palate adversely, I make a crooked face at it. I cannot say your worships have deliver'd the matter well, when I find the ass in compound with the major part of your syllables: and though I must be content to bear with those that say you are reverend grave men, yet they lie deadly that tell you you have good faces. If you see this in the map of my micro-cosm, follows it that I am known well enough too? what harm can your bisson conspectuities glean out of this character, if I be known well enough too?

*Bru.* Come, sir, come, we know you well enough.

*Men.* You know neither me, yourselves, nor any thing. You are ambitious for poor knaves' caps and legs: you wear out a good wholesome forenoon in hearing a cause between an orange-wife and a fosset-seller; and then rejoin the controversy of three-pence to a second day of audience. When you are hearing a matter between party and party, if you chance to be pincht with the colic, you make faces like mummers; set up the bloody flag against all patience; and, in roaring for a chamber-pot, dismiss the controversy bleeding, the more entangled by your hearing: all the peace you make in their cause is, calling both the parties knaves. You are a pair of strange ones.

*Bru.* Come, come, you are well understood to be a perfecter giber for the table than a necessary bencher in the Capitol.

*Men.* Our very priests must become mockers, if they shall encounter such ridiculous subjects as you

are. When you speak best unto the purpose, it is not worth the wagging of your beards; and your beards deserve not so honourable a grave as to stuff a botcher's cushion, or to be entomb'd in an ass's pack-saddle. Yet you must be saying, Marcius is proud; who, in a cheap estimation, is worth all your predecessors since Deucalion; though peradventure some of the best of 'em were hereditary hangmen. God-den to your worships: more of your conversation would infect my brain, being the herdsmen of the beastly plebeians: I will be bold to take my leave of you.

[BRUTUS and SICINIUS go aside.]

*Enter VOLUMNIA, VIRGILIA, and VALERIA,  
with Attendants.*

How now, my as fair as noble ladies,—and the moon, were she earthly, no nobler,—whither do you follow your eyes so fast?

*Vol.* Honourable Menenius, my boy Marcius approaches; for the love of Juno, let's go.

*Men.* Ha! Marcius coming home!

*Vol.* Ay, worthy Menenius; and with most prosperous approbation.

*Men.* Take my cap, Jupiter, and I thank thee.—Hoo! Marcius coming home!

*Vir. Val.* Nay, 'tis true.

*Vol.* Look, here's a letter from him: the state hath another, his wife another; and, I think, there's one at home for you.

*Men.* I will make my very house reel to-night:—a letter for me!

*Vir.* Yes, certain, there's a letter for you; I saw't. 110

*Men.* A letter for me! it gives me an estate of seven years' health; in which time I will make a lip at the physician: the most sovereign prescription in Galen is but empiricitic, and, to this preservative,

of no better report than a horse-drench.—Is he not wounded? he was wont to come home wounded.

*Vir.* O, no, no, no.

*Vol.* O, he is wounded; I thank the gods for 't.

*Men.* So do I too, if it be not too much: brings 'a victory in his pocket? the wounds become him. 120

*Vol.* On 's brows: Menenius, he comes the third time home with the oaken garland.

*Men.* Has he disciplined Aufidius soundly?

*Vol.* Titus Lartius writes,—they fought together, but Aufidius got off.

*Men.* And 'twas time for him too, I'll warrant him that: an he had stay'd by him, I would not have been so fidius'd for all the chests in Corioli, and the gold that 's in them. Is the senate possest of this?

*Vol.* Good ladies, let 's go.—Yes, yes, yes; the senate 130 has letters from the general, wherein he gives my son the whole name of the war: he hath in this action outdone his former deeds doubly.

*Val.* In troth, there 's wondrous things spoke of him.

*Men.* Wondrous! ay, I warrant you, and not without his true purchasing.

*Vir.* The gods grant them true!

*Vol.* True! pow, wow.

*Men.* True! I'll be sworn they are true.—Where is he wounded?—[*To the Tribunes*] God save your good 140 worships! Marcius is coming home: he has more cause to be proud.—Where is he wounded?

*Vol.* I' th' shoulder and i' th' left arm: there will be large cicatrices to show the people, when he shall stand for his place. He received in the repulse of Tarquin seven hurts i' th' body.

*Men.* One i' th' neck, and two i' th' thigh,—there 's nine that I know.

*Vol.* He had, before this last expedition, twenty-five wounds upon him. 150

*Men.* Now it's twenty-seven: every gash was an

enemy's grave. [*A shout and flourish.*] Hark! the trumpets.

*Vol.* These are the ushers of Marcius: before him he carries noise, and behind him he leaves tears: Death, that dark spirit, in's nery arm doth lie; Which, being advanced, declines, and then men die.

*A sennet. Trumpets sound. Enter COMINIUS the General and TITUS LARTIUS; between them, CORIOLANUS, crown'd with an oaken garland; with Captains and Soldiers, and a Herald.*

*Her.* Know, Rome, that all alone Marcius did fight  
Within Corioli gates: where he hath won,  
With fame, a name to Caius Marcius; these 160  
In honour follows Coriolanus.

Welcome to Rome, renowned Coriolanus! [*Flourish.*]

*All.* Welcome to Rome, renowned Coriolanus!

*Cor.* No more of this, it does offend my heart;  
Pray now, no more.

*Com.* Look, sir, your mother!

*Cor.* O,

You have, I know, petition'd all the gods  
For my prosperity. [*Kneels.*]

*Vol.* Nay, my good soldier, up;  
My gentle Marcius, worthy Caius, and  
By deed-achieving honour newly named,—  
What is it?—Coriolanus must I call thee?— 170  
But, O, thy wife!

*Cor.* My gracious silence, hail!  
Wouldst thou have laugh'd had I come coffin'd home,  
That weep'st to see me triumph? Ah, my dear,  
Such eyes the widows in Corioli wear,  
And mothers that lack sons.

*Men.* Now, the gods crown thee!

*Cor.* And live you yet?—[*to VALERIA*] O my sweet  
lady, pardon.

*Vol.* I know not where to turn:—O, welcome home;—

And welcome, general; and y'are welcome all.

*Men.* A hundred thousand welcomes:—I could weep,

And I could laugh; I am light and heavy:—welcome: 180

A curse begin at very root on's heart

That is not glad to see thee!—You are three

That Rome should dote on: yet, by the faith of men,

We have some old crab-trees here at home that will not

Be grafted to your relish. Yet welcome, warriors:

We call a nettle but a nettle, and

The faults of fools but folly.

*Com.* Ever right.

*Cor.* Menenius ever, ever.

*Her.* Give way there, and go on!

*Cor.* [*to VOL. and VIR.*] Your hand, and yours:

Ere in our own house I do shade my head, 190

The good patricians must be visited;

From whom I have received not only greetings,

But with them change of honours.

*Vol.* I have lived

To see inherited my very wishes,

And the buildings of my fancy: only there

Is one thing wanting, which I doubt not but

Our Rome will cast upon thee.

*Cor.* Know, good mother,

I had rather be their servant in my way

Than sway with them in theirs.

*Com.* On, to the Capitol!

[*Flourish. Cornets. Exeunt in state, as before.*

*BRUTUS and SICINIUS come forward.*

*Bru.* All tongues speak of him, and the bleared sights 200

Are spectacled to see him: your prattling nurse

Into a rapture lets her baby cry

While she chats him: the kitchen malkin pins

Her richest lockram 'bout her reechy neck,

Clamb'ring the walls to eye him: stalls, bulks, windows,  
 Are smother'd up, leads fill'd, and ridges horsed  
 With variable complexions; all agreeing  
 In earnestness to see him: seld-shown flamens  
 Do press among the popular throngs, and puff  
 To win a vulgar station: our veil'd dames 210  
 Commit the war of white and damask in  
 Their nicely-gawded cheeks to th' wanton spoil  
 Of Phœbus' burning kisses: such a pother,  
 As if that whatsoever god who leads him  
 Were silyly crept into his human powers,  
 And gave him graceful posture.

*Sic.* On the sudden,  
 I warrant him consul.

*Bru.* Then our office may,  
 During his power, go sleep.

*Sic.* He cannot temperately transport his honours  
 From where he should begin and end; but will 220  
 Lose those he hath won.

*Bru.* In that there's comfort.

*Sic.* Doubt not  
 The commoners, for whom we stand, but they,  
 Upon their ancient malice, will forget,  
 With the least cause, these his new honours; which  
 That he will give them make I as little question  
 As he is proud to do 't.

*Bru.* I heard him swear,  
 Were he to stand for consul, never would he  
 Appear i' th' market-place, nor on him put  
 The napless vesture of humility;  
 Nor, showing, as the manner is, his wounds 230  
 To th' people, beg their stinking breaths.

*Sic.* 'Tis right.

*Bru.* It was his word: O, he would miss it, rather  
 Than carry it but by th' suit of the gentry to him,  
 And the desire of the nobles.

*Sic.* I wish no better

Than have him hold that purpose, and to put it  
In execution.

*Bru.* 'Tis most like he will.

*Sic.* It shall be to him, then, as our good wills,  
A sure destruction.

*Bru.* So it must fall out  
To him or our authorities. For an end,  
We must suggest the people in what hatred 240  
He still hath held them; that to's power he would  
Have made them mules, silenced their pleaders, and  
Dispropertied their freedoms; holding them,  
In human action and capacity,  
Of no more soul nor fitness for the world  
Than camels in the war; who have their provand  
Only for bearing burdens, and sore blows  
For sinking under them.

*Sic.* This, as you say, suggested  
At some time when his soaring insolence  
Shall touch the people,—which time shall not want, 250  
If he be put upon't; and that's as easy  
As to set dogs on sheep,—will be his fire  
To kindle their dry stubble; and their blaze  
Shall darken him for ever.

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Bru.* What's the matter?

*Mess.* You are sent for to the Capitol. 'Tis thought  
That Marcius shall be consul:  
I have seen the dumb men throng to see him, and  
The blind to hear him speak: matrons flung gloves,  
Ladies and maids their scarfs and handkerchers,  
Upon him as he past: the nobles bended, 260  
As to Jove's statue; and the commons made  
A shower and thunder with their caps and shouts:  
I never saw the like.

*Bru.* Let's to the Capitol;



And carry with us ears and eyes for th' time,  
But hearts for the event.

*Sic.* Have with you. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE II. *The same. The Capitol.*

*Enter two Officers, to lay cushions, as it were,  
in the Capitol.*

*First Off.* Come, come, they are almost here. How many stand for consulships?

*Sec. Off.* Three, they say: but 'tis thought of every one Coriolanus will carry it.

*First Off.* That 's a brave fellow; but he 's vengeance proud, and loves not the common people.

*Sec. Off.* Faith, there have been many great men that have flatter'd the people, who ne'er loved them; and there be many that they have loved, they know not wherefore: so that, if they love they know not why, they hate upon no better a ground: therefore, for Coriolanus neither to care whether they love or hate him manifests the true knowledge he has in their disposition; and, out of his noble carelessness, lets them plainly see 't.

*First Off.* If he did not care whether he had their love or no, he'd waded indifferently 'twixt doing them neither good nor harm: but he seeks their hate with greater devotion than they can render it him; and leaves nothing undone that may fully discover him their opposite. Now, to seem to affect the malice and displeasure of the people is as bad as that which he dislikes,—to flatter them for their love.

*Sec. Off.* He hath deserved worthily of his country: and his ascent is not by such easy degrees as those who, having been supple and courteous to the people, bonneted, without any further deed to heave them at all into their estimation and report: but he hath so planted his honours in their eyes, and his actions in their hearts,

that for their tongues to be silent, and not confess so much, were a kind of ingrateful injury; to report otherwise were a malice, that, giving itself the lie, would pluck reproof and rebuke from every ear that heard it.

*First Off.* No more of him; he's a worthy man: make way, they are coming.

*A sennet. Enter the Patricians and the Tribunes of the People, Lictors before them: CORIOLANUS, MENENIUS, COMINIUS the Consul: SICINIUS and BRUTUS take their places by themselves: CORIOLANUS stands.*

*Men.* Having determined of the Volsces, and To send for Titus Lartius, it remains, As the main point of this our after-meeting, To gratify his noble service that  
40 Hath thus stood for his country: therefore, please you, Most reverend and grave elders, to desire The present consul, and last general In our well-found successes, to report A little of that worthy work perform'd By Caius Marcius Coriolanus; whom We meet here, both to thank, and to remember With honours like himself.

*First Sen.* Speak, good Cominius: Leave nothing out for length, and make us think Rather our state's defective for requital  
50 Than we to stretch it out.—[to the Tribunes] Masters o' th' people, We do request your kindest ears; and, after, Your loving motion toward the common body, To yield what passes here.

*Sic.* We are convented Upon a pleasing treaty; and have hearts Inclivable to honour and advance The theme of our assembly.

*Bru.* Which the rather We shall be blest to do, if he remember

A kinder value of the people than  
He hath hereto prized them at.

*Men.* That 's off, that 's off; 60  
I would you rather had been silent. Please you  
To hear Cominius speak?

*Bru.* Most willingly :  
But yet my caution was more pertinent  
Than the rebuke you give it.

*Men.* He loves your people ;  
But tie him not to be their bedfellow.—  
Worthy Cominius, speak.—[CORIOLANUS rises, and  
offers to go away.] Nay, keep your place.

*First Sen.* Sit, Coriolanus; never shame to hear  
What you have nobly done.

*Cor.* Your honours' pardon :  
I had rather have my wounds to heal again  
Than hear say how I got them.

*Bru.* Sir, I hope 70  
My words disbencht you not.

*Cor.* No, sir : yet oft,  
When blows have made me stay, I fled from words.  
You sooth'd not, therefore hurt not : but your people,  
I love them as they weigh.

*Men.* Pray now, sit down.

*Cor.* I had rather have one scratch my head i' th'  
sun,  
When the alarum were struck, than idly sit  
To hear my nothings monster'd. [Exit.]

*Men.* Masters of the people,  
Your multiplying spawn how can he flatter—  
That 's thousand to one good one—when you now see  
He had rather venture all his limbs for honour 80  
Than one on 's ears to hear 't?—Proceed, Cominius.

*Com.* I shall lack voice : the deeds of Coriolanus  
Should not be utter'd feebly.—It is held  
That valour is the chiefest virtue, and  
Most dignifies the haver : if it be,  
The man I speak of cannot in the world

Be singly counterpoised. At sixteen years,  
When Tarquin made a head for Rome, he fought  
Beyond the mark of others: our then dictator,  
Whom with all praise I point at, saw him fight, 90  
When with his Amazonian chin he drove  
The bristled lips before him: he bestrid  
An o'er-prest Roman, and i' th' consul's view  
Slew three opposers: Tarquin's self he met,  
And struck him on his knee: in that day's feats,  
When he might act the woman in the scene,  
He proved best man i' th' field, and for his meed  
Was brow-bound with the oak. His pupil-age  
Man-enter'd thus, he waxed like a sea;  
And, in the brunt of seventeen battles since, 100  
He lurcht all swords of the garland. For this last,  
Before and in Corioli, let me say,  
I cannot speak him home: he stopt the fliers;  
And by his rare example made the coward  
Turn terror into sport: as weeds before  
A vessel under sail, so men obey'd,  
And fell below his stem: his sword, death's stamp  
Where it did mark, it took; from face to foot  
He was a thing of blood, whose every motion  
Was timed with dying cries: alone he enter'd 110  
The mortal gate of th' city, which he painted  
With shunless destiny; aidless came off,  
And with a sudden re-enforcement struck  
Corioli like a planet: now all's his:  
When, by and by, the din of war gan pierce  
His ready sense; then straight his doubled spirit  
Re-quickened what in flesh was fatigate,  
And to the battle came he; where he did  
Run reeking o'er the lives of men, as if  
'Twere a perpetual spoil: and till we call'd 120  
Both field and city ours, he never stood  
To ease his breast with panting.

*Men.*

Worthy man!

*First Sen.* He cannot but with measure fit the honours  
Which we devise him.

*Com.* Our spoils he kickt at ;  
And lookt upon things precious as they were  
The common muck of the world : he covets less  
Than misery itself would give ; rewards  
His deeds with doing them ; and is content  
To spend the time to end it.

*Men.* He's right noble :  
Let him be call'd for.

*First Sen.* Call Coriolanus.

130

*Off.* He doth appear.

*Enter CORIOLANUS.*

*Men.* The senate, Coriolanus, are well pleased  
To make thee consul.

*Cor.* I do owe them still  
My life and services.

*Men.* It then remains  
That you do speak to the people.

*Cor.* I do beseech you,  
Let me o'erleap that custom ; for I cannot  
Put on the gown, stand naked, and entreat them,  
For my wounds' sake, to give their suffrage : please you  
That I may pass this doing.

*Sic.* Sir, the people  
Must have their voices ; neither will they bate  
One jot of ceremony.

140

*Men.* Put them not to't :—  
Pray you, go fit you to the custom ; and  
Take to you, as your predecessors have,  
Your honour with your form.

*Cor.* It is a part  
That I shall blush in acting, and might well  
Be taken from the people.

*Bru.* [to Sic.] Mark you that ?

*Cor.* To brag unto them,—thus I did, and thus ;—

Show them th' unaching scars which I should hide,  
As if I had received them for the hire  
Of their breath only!—

*Men.* Do not stand upon't.— 150  
We recommend to you, tribunes of the people,  
Our purpose to them;—and to our noble consul  
Wish we all joy and honour.

*Senators.* To Coriolanus come all joy and honour!  
[*Flourish of cornets. Exeunt all but*  
*BRUTUS and SICINIUS.*

*Bru.* You see how he intends to use the people.

*Sic.* May they perceive 's intent! He will require  
them,  
As if he did contemn what he requested  
Should be in them to give.

*Bru.* Come, we'll inform them  
Of our proceedings here: on th' market-place  
I know they do attend us. [Exeunt. 160

SCENE III. *The same. The Forum.*

*Enter seven or eight Citizens.*

*First Cit.* Once, if he do require our voices, we ought  
not to deny him.

*Sec. Cit.* We may, sir, if we will.

*Third Cit.* We have power in ourselves to do it, but  
it is a power that we have no power to do: for if he  
show us his wounds, and tell us his deeds, we are to  
put our tongues into those wounds, and speak for them;  
so, if he tell us his noble deeds, we must also tell him  
our noble acceptance of them. Ingratitude is mon-  
strous: and for the multitude to be ingrateful, were to 10  
make a monster of the multitude; of the which we  
being members, should bring ourselves to be monstrous  
members.

*First Cit.* And to make us no better thought of, a  
little help will serve; for once we stood up about the

corn, he himself stuck not to call us the many-headed multitude.

*Third Cit.* We have been call'd so of many ; not that our heads are some brown, some black, some Abram, some bald, but that our wits are so diversely colour'd :<sup>20</sup> and truly I think, if all our wits were to issue out of one skull, they would fly east, west, north, south ; and their consent of one direct way should be at once to all the points o' th' compass.

*Sec. Cit.* Think you so ? Which way do you judge my wit would fly ?

*Third Cit.* Nay, your wit will not so soon out as another man's will,—'tis strongly wedged up in a block-head ; but if it were at liberty, 'twould, sure, southward.

*Sec. Cit.* Why that way ?

*Third Cit.* To lose itself in a fog ; where being three parts melted away with rotten dews, the fourth would return for conscience sake, to help to get thee a wife.

*Sec. Cit.* You are never without your tricks :—you may, you may.

*Third Cit.* Are you all resolved to give your voices ? But that's no matter, the greater part carries it. I say, if he would incline to the people, there was never a worthier man.—Here he comes, and in the gown of humility : mark his behaviour. We are not to stay all<sup>40</sup> together, but to come by him where he stands, by ones, by twos, and by threes. He's to make his requests by particulars ; wherein every one of us has a single honour, in giving him our own voices with our own tongues : therefore follow me, and I'll direct you how you shall go by him.

*All.* Content, content.

[*Exeunt.*

*Enter CORIOLANUS, in a gown of humility, with MENENIUS.*

*Men.* O sir, you are not right : have you not known The worthiest men have done't ?

*Cor.*

What must I say ?—

“I pray, sir,”—Plague upon ’t! I cannot bring  
My tongue to such a pace. “Look, sir, my wounds! 50  
I got them in my country’s service, when  
Some certain of your brethren roar’d, and ran  
From th’ noise of our own drums.”

*Men.* O me, the gods!  
You must not speak of that: you must desire them  
To think upon you.

*Cor.* Think upon me! hang ’em!  
I would they would forget me, like the virtues  
Which our divines lose by ’em.

*Men.* You’ll mar all:  
I’ll leave you: pray you, speak to ’em, I pray you,  
In wholesome manner.

*Cor.* Bid them wash their faces, 60  
And keep their teeth clean. [*Exit MENENIUS.*]—So,  
here comes a brace.

*Enter two of the Citizens.*

You know the cause, sir, of my standing here.

*First Cit.* We do, sir; tell us what hath brought you  
to ’t.

*Cor.* Mine own desert.

*Sec. Cit.* Your own desert!

*Cor.* Ay, not mine own desire.

*First Cit.* How! not your own desire!

*Cor.* No, sir, ’twas never my desire yet to trouble the  
poor with begging. 70

*First Cit.* You must think, if we give you any thing,  
we hope to gain by you.

*Cor.* Well, then, I pray, your price o’ th’ consulship?

*First Cit.* The price is, to ask it kindly.

*Cor.* Kindly! Sir, I pray, let me ha’ t: I have wounds  
to show you, which shall be yours in private.—Your  
good voice, sir; what say you?

*Sec. Cit.* You shall ha’ t, worthy sir.



*Cor.* A match, sir.—There's in all two worthy voices  
begg'd.—I have your alms: adieu. 80

*First Cit.* But this is something odd.

*Sec. Cit.* An'twere to give again,—but 'tis no matter.

[*Exeunt the two Citizens.*]

*Enter two other Citizens.*

*Cor.* Pray you now, if it may stand with the tune  
of your voices that I may be consul, I have here the  
customary gown.

*Third Cit.* You have deserved nobly of your country,  
and you have not deserved nobly.

*Cor.* Your enigma?

*Third Cit.* You have been a scourge to her enemies,  
you have been a rod to her friends; you have not, indeed, 90  
loved the common people.

*Cor.* You should account me the more virtuous, that  
I have not been common in my love. I will, sir, flatter  
my sworn brother, the people, to earn a dearer estima-  
tion of them; 'tis a condition they account gentle: and  
since the wisdom of their choice is rather to have my  
hat than my heart, I will practise the insinuating nod,  
and be off to them most counterfeitly; that is, sir, I will  
counterfeit the bewitchment of some popular man, and  
give it bountiful to the desirers. Therefore, beseech 100  
you I may be consul.

*Fourth Cit.* We hope to find you our friend; and  
therefore give you our voices heartily.

*Third Cit.* You have received many wounds for your  
country.

*Cor.* I will not seal your knowledge with showing  
them. I will make much of your voices, and so trouble  
you no further.

*Both Cit.* The gods give you joy, sir, heartily!

[*Exeunt.*]

*Cor.* Most sweet voices!—  
Better it is to die, better to sterve,

Than crave the hire which first we do deserve.  
 Why in this wolvish toge should I stand here,  
 To beg of Hob and Dick, that do appear,  
 Their needless vouches? Custom calls me to 't:—  
 What custom wills, in all things should we do 't,  
 The dust on antique time would lie unswept,  
 And mountainous error be too highly heapt  
 For truth to o'er-peer. Rather than fool it so,  
 Let the high office and the honour go  
 To one that would do thus.—I am half through;  
 The one part suffer'd, the other will I do.—  
 Here come moe voices.

120

*Enter three Citizens more.*

Your voices: for your voices I have fought;  
 Watcht for your voices; for your voices bear  
 Of wounds two dozen odd; battles thrice six  
 I have seen, and heard of; for your voices have  
 Done many things, some less, some more: your voices:  
 Indeed, I would be consul.

*Fifth Cit.* He has done nobly, and cannot go without  
 any honest man's voice. 130

*Sixth Cit.* Therefore let him be consul: the gods give  
 him joy, and make him good friend to the people!

*All three Citizens.* Amen, amen.—God save thee,  
 noble consul! [Exeunt.]

*Cor.* Worthy voices!

*Enter MENENIUS, with BRUTUS and SICINIUS.*

*Men.* You have stood your limitation; and the tri-  
 bunes  
 Endue you with the people's voice: remains  
 That, in th' official marks invested, you  
 Anon do meet the senate.

*Cor.* Is this done?

*Sic.* The custom of request you have discharged: 140

The people do admit you ; and are summon'd  
To meet anon, upon your approbation.

*Cor.* Where? at the senate-house?

*Sic.* There, Coriolanus.

*Cor.* May I change these garments?

*Sic.* You may, sir.

*Cor.* That I'll straight do ; and, knowing myself  
again,

Repair to th' senate-house.

*Men.* I'll keep you company.—Will you along?

*Bru.* We stay here for the people.

*Sic.* Fare you well.

[*Exeunt* CORIOLANUS and MENENIUS.]

He has it now ; and, by his looks, methinks

'Tis warm at 's heart.

*Bru.* With a proud heart he wore 150

His humble weeds.—Will you dismiss the people?

*Enter* Citizens.

*Sic.* How now, my masters! have you chose this man?

*First Cit.* He has our voices, sir.

*Bru.* We pray the gods he may deserve your loves.

*Sec. Cit.* Amen, sir :—to my poor unworthy notice,  
He mockt us when he begg'd our voices.

*Third Cit.* Certainly

He flouted us downright.

*First Cit.* No, 'tis his kind of speech,—he did not  
mock us.

*Sec. Cit.* Not one amongst us, save yourself, but says  
He used us scornfully ; he should have show'd us 160  
His marks of merit, wounds received for 's country.

*Sic.* Why, so he did, I am sure.

*All the Citizens.* No, no ; no man saw 'em.

*Third Cit.* He said he had wounds, which he could  
show in private ;

And with his hat, thus waving it in scorn,

“I would be consul,” says he ; “aged custom

But by your voices will not so permit me ;  
Your voices therefore :” when we granted that,  
Here was, “I thank you for your voices,—thank you,—  
Your most sweet voices:—now you have left your  
voices,

I have no further with you :”—was not this mockery ? 170

*Sic.* Why, either were you ignorant to see ’t ?  
Or, seeing it, of such childish friendliness  
To yield your voices ?

*Bru.* Could you not have told him,  
As you were lesson’d,—when he had no power,  
But was a petty servant to the state,  
He was your enemy ; ever spake against  
Your liberties, and the charters that you bear  
I’ th’ body of the weal ; and now, arriving  
A place of potency, and sway o’ th’ state,  
If he should still malignantly remain 180  
Fast foe to th’ plebeii, your voices might  
Be curses to yourselves ? You should have said,  
That as his worthy deeds did claim no less  
Than what he stood for, so his gracious nature  
Would think upon you for your voices, and  
Translate his malice towards you into love,  
Standing your friendly lord.

*Sic.* Thus to have said,  
As you were fore-advised, had toucht his spirit  
And tried his inclination ; from him pluckt  
Either his gracious promise, which you might, 190  
As cause had call’d you up, have held him to ;  
Or else it would have gall’d his surly nature,  
Which easily endures not article  
Tying him to aught ; so, putting him to rage,  
You should have ta’en th’ advantage of his choler,  
And past him unelected.

*Bru.* Did you perceive  
He did solicit you in free contempt,  
When he did need your loves ; and do you think

That his contempt shall not be bruising to you,  
 When he hath power to crush? Why, had your bodies <sup>200</sup>  
 No heart among you? or had you tongues to cry  
 Against the rectorship of judgement?

*Sic.* Have you,  
 Ere now, denied the asker? and now again,  
 Of him that did not ask, but mock, bestow  
 Your sued-for tongues?

*Third Cit.* He's not confirm'd; we may deny him  
 yet.

*Sec. Cit.* And will deny him;  
 I'll have five hundred voices of that sound.

*First Cit.* I twice five hundred, and their friends to  
 piece 'em.

*Bru.* Get you hence instantly; and tell those friends <sup>210</sup>  
 They have chose a consul that will from them take  
 Their liberties; make them of no more voice  
 Than dogs, that are as often beat for barking  
 As therefore kept to do so.

*Sic.* Let them assemble;  
 And, on a safer judgement, all revoke  
 Your ignorant election: enforce his pride,  
 And his old hate unto you: besides, forget not  
 With what contempt he wore the humble weed;  
 How in his suit he scorn'd you; but your loves,  
 Thinking upon his services, took from you <sup>220</sup>  
 Th' apprehension of his present portance, which  
 Most gibingly, ungravely, he did fashion  
 After th' inveterate hate he bears you.

*Bru.* Lay  
 A fault on us, your tribunes; that we labour'd,  
 No impediment between, but that you must  
 Cast your election on him.

*Sic.* Say you chose him  
 More after our commandment than as guided  
 By your own true affections; and that your minds,  
 Pre-occupied with what you rather must do

Than what you should, made you against the grain 230  
To voice him consul: lay the fault on us.

*Bru.* Ay, spare us not. Say we read lectures to  
you,

How youngly he began to serve his country,  
How long continued; and what stock he springs of,—  
The noble house o' th' Marcians; from whence came  
That Ancus Marcius, Numa's daughter's son,  
Who, after great Hostilius, here was king;  
Of the same house Publius and Quintus were,  
That our best water brought by conduits hither;  
And Censorinus, nobly named so, 240  
Twice being by the people chosen censor,  
Was his great ancestor.

*Sic.* One thus descended,  
That hath beside well in his person wrought  
To be set high in place, we did commend  
To your remembrances; but you have found,  
Scaling his present bearing with his past,  
That he's your fixed enemy, and revoke  
Your sudden approbation.

*Bru.* Say you ne'er had done 't—  
Harp on that still—but by our putting on:  
And presently, when you have drawn your number, 250  
Repair to th' Capitol.

*All the Citizens.* We will so: almost all  
Repent in their election. [*Exeunt.*

*Bru.* Let them go on;  
This mutiny were better put in hazard,  
Than stay, past doubt, for greater:  
If, as his nature is, he fall in rage  
With their refusal, both observe and answer  
The vantage of his anger.

*Sic.* To th' Capitol, come:  
We will be there before the stream o' th' people;  
And this shall seem, as partly 'tis, their own,  
Which we have goaded onward. [*Exeunt.* 260

## ACT III.

SCENE I. *Rome. A street.*

*Cornets. Enter CORIOLANUS, MENENIUS, all the Gentry, COMINIUS, TITUS LARTIUS, and other Senators.*

*Cor.* Tullus Aufidius, then, had made new head?

*Lart.* He had, my lord; and that it was which caused  
Our swifter composition.

*Cor.* So, then, the Volsces stand but as at first;  
Ready, when time shall prompt them, to make road  
Upon's again.

*Com.* They are worn, lord consul, so,  
That we shall hardly in our ages see  
Their banners wave again.

*Cor.* Saw you Aufidius?

*Lart.* On safe-guard he came to me; and did curse  
Against the Volsces, for they had so vilely  
Yielded the town: he is retired to Antium. 10

*Cor.* Spoke he of me?

*Lart.* He did, my lord.

*Cor.* How? what?

*Lart.* How often he had met you, sword to sword;  
That of all things upon the earth he hated  
Your person most; that he would pawn his fortunes  
To hopeless restitution, so he might  
Be call'd your vanquisher.

*Cor.* At Antium lives he?

*Lart.* At Antium.

*Cor.* I wish I had a cause to seek him there,  
To oppose his hatred fully. Welcome home. 20

*Enter SICINIUS and BRUTUS.*

Behold, these are the tribunes of the people,  
The tongues o' th' common mouth: I do despise them;

For they do prank them in authority,  
Against all noble sufferance.

*Sic.* Pass no further.

*Cor.* Ha! what is that?

*Bru.* It will be dangerous to go on: no further.

*Cor.* What makes this change?

*Men.* The matter?

*Com.* Hath he not past the noble and the common?

*Bru.* Cominius, no.

*Cor.* Have I had children's voices? 30

*First Sen.* Tribunes, give way; he shall to th' market-  
place.

*Bru.* The people are incensed against him.

*Sic.* Stop,

Or all will fall in broil.

*Cor.* Are these your herd?—

Must these have voices, that can yield them now,  
And straight disclaim their tongues?—What are your  
offices?

You being their mouths, why rule you not their teeth?  
Have you not set them on?

*Men.* Be calm, be calm.

*Cor.* It is a purposed thing, and grows by plot,  
To curb the will of the nobility:  
Suffer 't, and live with such as cannot rule, 40  
Nor ever will be ruled.

*Bru.* Call 't not a plot:  
The people cry you mockt them; and of late,  
When corn was given them gratis, you repined;  
Scandal'd the suppliants for the people,—call'd them  
Time-pleasers, flatterers, foes to nobleness.

*Cor.* Why, this was known before.

*Bru.* Not to them all.

*Cor.* Have you inform'd them sithence?

*Bru.* How! I inform them!

*Cor.* You are like to do such business.

*Bru.* Not unlike,

Each way, to better yours.



*Cor.* Why, then, should I be consul? By yond  
clouds, 50  
Let me deserve so ill as you, and make me  
Your fellow tribune.

*Sic.* You show too much of that  
For which the people stir: if you will pass  
To where you are bound, you must inquire your  
way,  
Which you are out of, with a gentler spirit;  
Or never be so noble as a consul,  
Nor yoke with him for tribune.

*Men.* Let's be calm.

*Com.* The people are abused; set on. This paltering  
Becomes not Rome; nor has Coriolanus  
Deserved this so dishonour'd rub, laid falsely 60  
I' th' plain way of his merit.

*Cor.* Tell me of corn!  
This was my speech, and I will speak't again,—

*Men.* Not now, not now.

*First Sen.* Not in this heat, sir, now.

*Cor.* Now, as I live, I will.—My nobler friends,  
I crave their pardons:—  
For the mutable, rank-scented meiny, let them  
Regard me as I do not flatter, and  
Therein behold themselves: I say again,  
In soothing them, we nourish 'gainst our senate  
The cockle of rebellion, insolence, sedition, 70  
Which we ourselves have plough'd for, sow'd, and  
scatter'd,  
By mingling them with us, the honour'd number;  
Who lack not virtue, no, nor power, but that  
Which they have given to beggars.

*Men.* Well, no more.

*First Sen.* No more words, we beseech you.

*Cor.* How! no more!

As for my country I have shed my blood,  
Not fearing outward force, so shall my lungs  
Coin words till their decay against those measles,

Which we disdain should tetter us, yet sought  
The very way to catch them.

*Bru.* You speak o' th' people, 80  
As if you were a god to punish, not  
A man of their infirmity.

*Sic.* 'Twere well  
We let the people know't.

*Men.* What, what? his choler?

*Cor.* Choler!  
Were I as patient as the midnight sleep,  
By Jove, 'twould be my mind!

*Sic.* It is a mind  
That shall remain a poison where it is,  
Not poison any further.

*Cor.* Shall remain!—  
Hear you this Triton of the minnows? mark you  
His absolute "shall"?

*Com.* 'Twas from the canon.

*Cor.* "Shall"! 90  
O good, but most unwise patricians! why,  
You grave, but reckless senators, have you thus  
Given Hydra here to choose an officer,  
That with his peremptory "shall," being but  
The horn and noise o' th' monster, wants not spirit  
To say he'll turn your current in a ditch,  
And make your channel his? If he have power,  
Then vail your ignorance; if none, awake  
Your dangerous lenity. If you are learn'd,  
Be not as common fools; if you are not, 100  
Let them have cushions by you. You are plebeians,  
If they be senators: and they are no less,  
When, both your voices blended, the great'st taste  
Most palates theirs. They choose their magistrate;  
And such a one as he, who puts his "shall,"  
His popular "shall," against a graver bench  
Than ever frown'd in Greece. By Jove himself,  
It makes the consuls base! and my soul aches

To know, when two authorities are up,  
Neither supreme, how soon confusion 110  
May enter 'twixt the gap of both, and take  
The one by th' other.

*Com.* Well,—on to th' market-place.

*Cor.* Whoever gave that counsel, to give forth  
The corn o' th' storehouse gratis, as 'twas used  
Sometime in Greece,—

*Men.* Well, well, no more of that.

*Cor.* Though there the people had more absolute  
power,—

I say, they nourisht disobedience, fed  
The ruin of the state.

*Bru.* Why, shall the people give  
One, that speaks thus, their voice?

*Cor.* I'll give my reasons,  
More worthier than their voices. They know the corn 120

Was not their recompense, resting well assured  
They ne'er did service for 't: being prest to th' war,  
Even when the navel of the state was toucht,  
They would not thread the gates:—this kind of service  
Did not deserve corn gratis: being i' th' war,  
Their mutinies and revolts, wherein they show'd  
Most valour, spoke not for them: th' accusation  
Which they have often made against the senate,  
All cause unborn, could never be the native  
Of our so frank donation. Well, what then? 130

How shall this bosom multiplied digest  
The senate's courtesy? Let deeds express  
What's like to be their words:—"We did request it;  
We are the greater poll, and in true fear  
They gave us our demands:"—thus we debase  
The nature of our seats, and make the rabble  
Call our cares fears; which will in time  
Break ope the locks o' th' senate, and bring in  
The crows to peck the eagles.

*Men.* Come, enough.

*Bru.* Enough, with over-measure.

*Cor.* No, take more: 140  
 What may be sworn by, both divine and human,  
 Seal what I end withal!—This double worship,—  
 Where one part does disdain with cause, the other  
 Insult without all reason; where gentry, title, wisdom,  
 Cannot conclude but by the yea and no  
 Of general ignorance,—it must omit  
 Real necessities, and give way the while  
 To unstable slightness: purpose so barr'd, it follows,  
 Nothing is done to purpose. Therefore, beseech you,—  
 You that will be less fearful than discreet; 150  
 That love the fundamental part of state  
 More than you doubt the change on 't; that prefer  
 A noble life before a long, and wish  
 To jump a body with a dangerous physic  
 That's sure of death without it,—at once pluck out  
 The multitudinous tongue; let them not lick  
 The sweet which is their poison: your dishonour  
 Mangles true judgement, and bereaves the state  
 Of that integrity which should become 't;  
 Not having the power to do the good it would, 160  
 For th' ill which doth control 't.

*Bru.* 'Has said enough.

*Sic.* 'Has spoken like a traitor, and shall answer  
 As traitors do.

*Cor.* Thou wretch, despite o'erwhelm thee!—  
 What should the people do with these bald tribunes?  
 On whom depending, their obedience fails  
 To th' greater bench: in a rebellion,  
 When what's not meet, but what must be, was  
 law,

Then were they chosen: in a better hour,  
 Let what is meet be said it must be meet,  
 And throw their power i' th' dust. 170

*Bru.* Manifest treason!

*Sic.* This a consul? no.

*Bru.* The ædiles, ho!

*Enter an Ædile.*

Let him be apprehended.

*Sic.* Go, call the people [*exit Ædile*]:—in whose name myself

Attach thee as a traitorous innovator,  
A foe to th' public weal: obey, I charge thee,  
And follow to thine answer.

*Cor.* Hence, old goat!

*Senators, &c.* We'll surety him.

*Com.* Aged sir, hands off.

*Cor.* Hence, rotten thing! or I shall shake thy  
bones

Out of thy garments.

*Sic.* Help, ye citizens!

*Enter a rabble of Citizens, with the Ædiles.*

*Men.* On both sides more respect. 180

*Sic.* Here's he that would take from you all your  
power.

*Bru.* Seize him, ædiles!

*Citizens.* Down with him! down with him!

*Senators, &c.* Weapons, weapons, weapons!

[*They all bustle about CORIOLANUS.*

Tribunes!—Patricians!—Citizens!—What, ho!—

Sicinius!—Brutus!—Coriolanus!—Citizens!—

Peace, peace, peace!—Stay, hold, peace!

*Men.* What is about to be?—I am out of breath;  
Confusion's near; I cannot speak.—You, tribunes

To th' people!—Coriolanus, patience:— 190

Speak, good Sicinius.

*Sic.* Hear me, people; peace!

*Citizens.* Let's hear our tribune: peace!—Speak,  
speak, speak.

*Sic.* You are at point to lose your liberties:

Marcus would have all from you ; Marcus,  
Whom late you have named for consul.

*Men.* Fie, fie, fie !

This is the way to kindle, not to quench.

*First Sen.* To unbuild the city, and to lay all flat.

*Sic.* What is the city but the people ?

*Citizens.* True,

The people are the city.

*Bru.* By the consent of all, we were establisht 200  
The people's magistrates.

*Citizens.* You so remain.

*Men.* And so are like to do.

*Com.* That is the way to lay the city flat ;  
To bring the roof to the foundation,  
And bury all, which yet distinctly ranges,  
In heaps and piles of ruin.

*Sic.* This deserves death.

*Bru.* Or let us stand to our authority,  
Or let us lose it.—We do here pronounce,  
Upon the part o' th' people, in whose power  
We were elected theirs, Marcus is worthy 210  
Of present death.

*Sic.* Therefore lay hold of him ;  
Bear him to th' rock Tarpeian, and from thence  
Into destruction cast him.

*Bru.* Ædiles, seize him !

*Citizens.* Yield, Marcus, yield !

*Men.* Hear me one word :  
Beseech you, tribunes, hear me but a word.

*Æd.* Peace, peace !

*Men.* Be that you seem, truly your country's friends,  
And temperately proceed to what you would  
Thus violently redress.

*Bru.* Sir, those cold ways,  
That seem like prudent helps, are very poisonous 220  
Where the disease is violent.—Lay hands upon him,  
And bear him to the rock.

*Cor.* No, I'll die here. [*Drawing his sword.*]

There's some among you have beheld me fighting:  
Come, try upon yourselves what you have seen me.

*Men.* Down with that sword!—Tribunes, withdraw  
awhile.

*Bru.* Lay hands upon him.

*Men.* Help Marcius, help,  
You that be noble; help him, young and old!

*Citizens.* Down with him! down with him!

[*In this mutiny the Tribunes, the Ædiles, and  
the People are beat in.*]

*Men.* Go, get you to your house; be gone, away!  
All will be naught else.

*Sec. Sen.* Get you gone.

*Com.* Stand fast; 230

We have as many friends as enemies.

*Men.* Shall it be put to that?

*First Sen.* The gods forbid!—

I prithee, noble friend, home to thy house;  
Leave us to cure this cause.

*Men.* For 'tis a sore upon us,  
You cannot tent yourself: be gone, beseech you.

*Com.* Come, sir, along with us.

*Cor.* I would they were barbarians, as they are,  
Though in Rome litter'd; not Romans, as they are  
not,

Though calved i' th' porch o' th' Capitol.—

*Men.* Be gone;

Put not your worthy rage into your tongue; 240  
One time will owe another.

*Cor.* On fair ground

I could beat forty of them.

*Men.* I could myself

Take up a brace o' th' best of them; yea, the two tri-  
bunes.

*Com.* But now 'tis odds beyond arithmetic;  
And manhood is call'd foolery, when it stands  
Against a falling fabric.—Will you hence,  
Before the tag return? whose rage doth rend

Like interrupted waters, and o'erbear  
What they are used to bear.

*Men.* Pray you, be gone:  
I'll try whether my old wit be in request 250  
With those that have but little: this must be patcht  
With cloth of any colour.

*Com.* Nay, come away.

[*Exeunt CORIOLANUS, COMINIUS, and others.*]

*First Pat.* This man has marr'd his fortune.

*Men.* His nature is too noble for the world:  
He would not flatter Neptune for his trident,  
Or Jove for 's power to thunder. His heart 's his mouth:  
What his breast forges, that his tongue must vent;  
And, being angry, does forget that ever  
He heard the name of death.— [*A noise within.*]  
Here 's goodly work!

*Sec. Pat.* I would they were a-bed! 260

*Men.* I would they were in Tiber! What the ven-  
geance  
Could he not speak 'em fair?

*Enter BRUTUS and SICINIUS, with the rabble again.*

*Sic.* Where is this viper,  
That would depopulate the city, and  
Be every man himself?

*Men.* You worthy tribunes,—

*Sic.* He shall be thrown down the Tarpeian rock  
With rigorous hands; he hath resisted law,  
And therefore law shall scorn him further trial  
Than the severity of the public power,  
Which he so sets at naught.

*First Cit.* He shall well know  
The noble tribunes are the people's mouths, 270  
And we their hands.

*Citizens.* He shall, sure on 't.

*Men.* Sir, sir,—

*Sic.* Peace!



*Men.* Do not cry havoc, where you should but hunt  
With modest warrant.

*Sic.* Sir, how comes't that you  
Have help to make this rescue?

*Men.* Hear me speak:—  
As I do know the consul's worthiness,  
So can I name his faults,—

*Sic.* Consul!—what consul?

*Men.* The consul Coriolanus.

*Bru.* He consul!

*Citizens.* No, no, no, no, no.

*Men.* If, by the tribunes' leave, and yours, good  
people,

I may be heard, I'd crave a word or two;  
The which shall turn you to no further harm  
Than so much loss of time.

*Sic.* Speak briefly, then;  
For we are peremptory to dispatch  
This viperous traitor: to eject him hence  
Were but our danger; and to keep him here  
Our certain death: therefore it is decreed  
He dies to-night.

*Men.* Now the good gods forbid  
That our renowned Rome, whose gratitude  
Towards her deserved children is enroll'd  
In Jove's own book, like an unnatural dam  
Should now eat up her own!

*Sic.* He's a disease that must be cut away.

*Men.* O, he's a limb that has but a disease;  
Mortal, to cut it off; to cure it, easy.  
What has he done to Rome that's worthy death?  
Killing our enemies, the blood he hath lost—  
Which, I dare vouch, is more than that he hath,  
By many an ounce—he dropt it for his country;  
And what is left, to lose it by his country,  
Were to us all, that do't and suffer it,  
A brand to th' end o' th' world.

*Sic.* This is clean kam.

*Bru.* Merely awry : when he did love his country,  
It honour'd him.

*Men.* The service of the foot  
Being once gangrened, is not then respected  
For what before it was.

*Bru.* We'll hear no more.—  
Pursue him to his house, and pluck him thence ;  
Lest his infection, being of catching nature,  
Spread further.

*Men.* One word more, one word.  
This tiger-footed rage, when it shall find 310  
The harm of unscann'd swiftness, will, too late,  
Tie leaden pounds to's heels. Proceed by process ;  
Lest parties—as he is beloved—break out,  
And sack great Rome with Romans.

*Bru.* If it were so,—

*Sic.* What do ye talk ?  
Have we not had a taste of his obedience ?  
Our ædiles smote ? ourselves resisted ? Come,—

*Men.* Consider this :—he has been bred i' th' wars  
Since he could draw a sword, and is ill school'd 320  
In bolted language ; meal and bran together  
He throws without distinction. Give me leave,  
I'll go to him, and undertake to bring him  
Where he shall answer, by a lawful form,—  
In peace,—to his utmost peril.

*First Sen.* Noble tribunes,  
It is the humane way : the other course  
Will prove too bloody ; and the end of it  
Unknown to the beginning.

*Sic.* Noble Menenius,  
Be you, then, as the people's officer.—  
Masters, lay down your weapons.

*Bru.* Go not home.

*Sic.* Meet on the market-place. We'll attend you there : 330  
Where, if you bring not Marcius, we'll proceed  
In our first way.

*Men.* I'll bring him to you.—

[to the Senators] Let me desire your company: he must come,

Or what is worst will follow.

*First Sen.*

Pray you, let's to him.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A room in CORIOLANUS' house.*

*Enter CORIOLANUS and Patricians.*

*Cor.* Let them pull all about mine ears; present me Death on the wheel or at wild horses' heels; Or pile ten hills on the Tarpeian rock, That the precipitation might down stretch Below the beam of sight; yet will I still Be thus to them.

*First Pat.* You do the nobler.

*Cor.* I muse my mother Does not approve me further, who was wont To call them woollen vassals, things created To buy and sell with groats; to show bare heads <sup>10</sup> In congregations, to yawn, be still, and wonder, When one but of my ordinance stood up To speak of peace or war.

*Enter VOLUMNIA.*

I talk of you:  
Why did you wish me milder? would you have me False to my nature? Rather say, I play The man I am.

*Vol.* O, sir, sir, sir,  
I would have had you put your power well on,  
Before you had worn it out.

*Cor.* Let go.

*Vol.* You might have been enough the man you are,  
With striving less to be so: lesser had been <sup>20</sup>  
The thwartings of your disposition, if

You had not show'd them how ye were disposed  
Ere they lackt power to cross you.

*Cor.* Let them hang.

*Vol.* Ay, and burn too.

*Enter MENENIUS with the Senators.*

*Men.* Come, come, you have been too rough, some-  
thing too rough ;

You must return and mend it.

*First Sen.* There's no remedy ;

Unless, by not so doing, our good city  
Cleave in the midst, and perish.

*Vol.* Pray, be counsell'd :

I have a heart as little apt as yours,  
But yet a brain that leads my use of anger 30  
To better vantage.

*Men.* Well said, noble woman !  
Before he should thus stoop to th' herd, but that  
The violent fit o' th' time craves it as physic  
For the whole state, I would put mine armour on,  
Which I can scarcely bear.

*Cor.* What must I do ?

*Men.* Return to th' tribunes.

*Cor.* Well, what then ? what then ?

*Men.* Repent what you have spoke.

*Cor.* For them ?—I cannot do it to the gods ;  
Must I, then, do 't to them ?

*Vol.* You are too absolute ;  
Though therein you can never be too noble, 40  
But when extremities speak. I have heard you say,  
Honour and policy, like unsever'd friends,  
I' th' war do grow together : grant that, and tell me,  
In peace what each of them by th' other lose,  
That they combine not there.

*Cor.* Tush, tush !

*Men.* A good demand.

*Vol.* If it be honour in your wars to seem

The same you are not,—which, for your best ends,  
 You adopt your policy,—how is it less or worse,  
 That it shall hold companionship in peace  
 With honour, as in war ; since that to both 50  
 It stands in like request ?

*Cor.* Why force you this ?

*Vol.* Because that now it lies you on to speak  
 To th' people ; not by your own instruction,  
 Nor by the matter which your heart prompts you,  
 But with such words that are but roted in  
 Your tongue, though but bastards, and syllables  
 Of no allowance to your bosom's truth.  
 Now, this no more dishonours you at all  
 Than to take in a town with gentle words,  
 Which else would put you to your fortune, and 60  
 The hazard of much blood.

I would dissemble with my nature, where  
 My fortunes and my friends at stake required  
 I should do so in honour : I am, in this,  
 Your wife, your son, these senators, the nobles ;  
 And you will rather show our general louts  
 How you can frown than spend a fawn upon 'em,  
 For the inheritance of their loves, and safeguard  
 Of what that want might ruin.

*Men.* Noble lady !—

Come, go with us ; speak fair : you may salve so, 70  
 Not what is dangerous present, but the loss  
 Of what is past.

*Vol.* I prithee now, my son,  
 Go to them, with this bonnet in thy hand ;  
 And thus far having stretcht it,—here be with them,—  
 Thy knee bussing the stones,—for in such business  
 Action is eloquence, and the eyes of th' ignorant  
 More learned than the ears,—waving thy head,  
 Which often, thus, correcting thy stout heart,  
 Now humble as the ripest mulberry  
 That will not hold the handling,—or say to them, 80

Thou art their soldier, and, being bred in broils,  
Hast not the soft way which, thou dost confess,  
Were fit for thee to use, as they to claim,  
In asking their good loves; but thou wilt frame  
Thyself, forsooth, hereafter theirs, so far  
As thou hast power and person.

*Men.* This but done,  
Even as she speaks it, why, their hearts were yours;  
For they have pardons, being askt, as free  
As words to little purpose.

*Vol.* Prithee now,  
Go, and be ruled: although I know thou hadst rather go  
Follow thine enemy in a fiery gulf  
Than flatter him in a bower.—Here is Cominius.

*Enter COMINIUS.*

*Com.* I have been i' th' market-place; and, sir, 'tis fit  
You make strong party, or defend yourself  
By calmness or by absence: all's in anger.

*Men.* Only fair speech.

*Com.* I think 'twill serve, if he  
Can thereto frame his spirit.

*Vol.* He must, and will.—  
Prithee now, say you will, and go about it.

*Cor.* Must I go show them my unbarb'd sconce?  
must I

With my base tongue give to my noble heart  
A lie that it must bear? Well, I will do't:  
Yet, were there but this single plot to lose,  
This mould of Marcius, they to dust should grind it,  
And throw 't against the wind.—To th' market-  
place!—

You have put me now to such a part, which never  
I shall discharge to th' life.

*Com.* Come, come, we'll prompt you.

*Vol.* I prithee now, sweet son,—as thou hast said  
My praises made thee first a soldier, so,

To have my praise for this, perform a part  
Thou hast not done before.

*Cor.* Well, I must do't: 110

Away, my disposition, and possess me  
Some harlot's spirit! my throat of war be turn'd,  
Which quired with my drum, into a pipe  
Small as an eunuch, or the virgin voice  
That babies lulls asleep! the smiles of knaves  
Tent in my cheeks; and schoolboys' tears take up  
The glasses of my sight! a beggar's tongue  
Make motion through my lips; and my arm'd knees,  
Who bow'd but in my stirrup, bend like his  
That hath received an alms!—I will not do't; 120  
Lest I surcease to honour mine own truth,  
And by my body's action teach my mind  
A most inherent baseness.

*Vol.* At thy choice, then:  
To beg of thee, it is my more dishonour  
Than thou of them. Come all to ruin: let  
Thy mother rather feel thy pride than fear  
Thy dangerous stoutness; for I mock at death  
With as big heart as thou. Do as thou list.  
Thy valiantness was mine, thou suck'dst it from me;  
But owe thy pride thyself.

*Cor.* Pray, be content: 130  
Mother, I am going to the market-place;  
Chide me no more. I'll mountebank their loves,  
Cog their hearts from them, and come home beloved  
Of all the trades in Rome. Look, I am going:  
Commend me to my wife. I'll return consul;  
Or never trust to what my tongue can do  
I' th' way of flattery further.

*Vol.* Do your will. [*Exit.*

*Com.* Away! the tribunes do attend you: arm yourself  
To answer mildly; for they are prepared  
With accusations, as I hear, more strong 140  
Than are upon you yet.

*Cor.* The word is "mildly:"—pray you, let us go:  
Let them accuse me by invention, I  
Will answer in mine honour.

*Men.* Ay, but mildly.

*Cor.* Well, mildly be it, then,—mildly! [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The same. The Forum.*

*Enter SICINIUS and BRUTUS.*

*Bru.* In this point charge him home,—that he affects  
Tyrannical power: if he evade us there,  
Enforce him with his envy to the people;  
And that the spoil got on the Antiates  
Was ne'er distributed.

*Enter an Ædile.*

What, will he come?

*Æd.* He's coming.

*Bru.* How accompanied?

*Æd.* With old Menenius, and those senators  
That always favour'd him.

*Sic.* Have you a catalogue  
Of all the voices that we have procured,  
Set down by th' poll?

*Æd.* I have; 'tis ready.

*Sic.* Have you collected them by tribes?

*Æd.* I have.

*Sic.* Assemble presently the people hither:  
And when they hear me say, "It shall be so  
I' th' right and strength o' th' commons," be it either  
For death, for fine, or banishment, then let them,  
If I say fine, cry "Fine,"—if death, cry "Death;"  
Insisting on the old prerogative  
And power i' th' truth o' th' cause.

*Æd.* I shall inform them.

*Bru.* And when such time they have begun to cry,



Let them not cease, but with a din confused 20  
 Enforce the present execution  
 Of what we chance to sentence.

*Æd.* Very well.

*Sic.* Make them be strong, and ready for this hint,  
 When we shall hap to give 't them.

*Bru.* Go about it.— [*Exit* Ædile.  
 Put him to choler straight: he hath been used  
 Ever to conquer, and to have his worth  
 Of contradiction: being once chafed, he cannot  
 Be rein'd again to temperance; then he speaks  
 What's in his heart; and that is there which looks  
 With us to break his neck.

*Sic.* Well, here he comes. 30

*Enter* CORIOLANUS, MENENIUS, COMINIUS, *with*  
 Senators *and* Patricians.

*Men.* Calmly, I do beseech you.

*Cor.* Ay, as an ostler, that for th' poorest piece  
 Will bear the knave by th' volume.—Th' honour'd gods  
 Keep Rome in safety, and the chairs of justice  
 Supplied with worthy men! plant love among's!  
 Throng our large temples with the shows of peace,  
 And not our streets with war!

*First Sen.* Amen, amen.

*Men.* A noble wish.

*Enter the* Ædile, *with* Citizens.

*Sic.* Draw near, ye people.

*Æd.* List to your tribunes; audience! peace, I say! 40

*Cor.* First, hear me speak.

*Both Tri.* Well, say.—Peace, ho!

*Cor.* Shall I be charged no further than this present?  
 Must all determine here?

*Sic.* I do demand

If you submit you to the people's voices,

Allow their officers, and are content  
To suffer lawful censure for such faults  
As shall be proved upon you?

*Cor.* I am content.

*Men.* Lo, citizens, he says he is content:  
The warlike service he has done consider; think  
Upon the wounds his body bears, which show 50  
Like graves i' th' holy churchyard.

*Cor.* Scratches with briers,  
Scars to move laughter only.

*Men.* Consider further,  
That when he speaks not like a citizen,  
You find him like a soldier: do not take  
His rougher accents for malicious sounds,  
But, as I say, such as become a soldier,  
Rather than envy you.

*Com.* Well, well, no more.

*Cor.* What is the matter,  
That being past for consul with full voice,  
I am so dishonour'd, that the very hour 60  
You take it off again?

*Sic.* Answer to us.

*Cor.* Say, then: 'tis true, I ought so.

*Sic.* We charge you, that you have contrived to take  
From Rome all season'd office, and to wind  
Yourself into a power tyrannical;  
For which you are a traitor to the people.

*Cor.* How! traitor!

*Men.* Nay, temperately; your promise.

*Cor.* The fires i' th' lowest hell fold-in the people!  
Call me their traitor!—Thou injurious tribune!  
Within thine eyes sat twenty thousand deaths, 70  
In thy hands clutcht as many millions, in  
Thy lying tongue both numbers, I would say  
"Thou liest" unto thee with a voice as free  
As I do pray the gods.

*Sic.* Mark you this, people?

*Citizens.* To th' rock, to th' rock with him!

*Sic.* Peace!

We need not put new matter to his charge:  
 What you have seen him do, and heard him speak,  
 Beating your officers, cursing yourselves,  
 Opposing laws with strokes, and here defying 80  
 Those whose great power must try him; even this,  
 So criminal, and in such capital kind,  
 Deserves th' extremest death.

*Bru.* But since he hath  
 Served well for Rome,—

*Cor.* What do you prate of service?

*Bru.* I talk of that that know it.

*Cor.* You?

*Men.* Is this the promise that you made your mother?

*Com.* Know, I pray you,—

*Cor.* I'll know no further:

Let them pronounce the steep Tarpeian death,  
 Vagabond exile, flaying, pent to linger 90  
 But with a grain a day,—I would not buy  
 Their mercy at the price of one fair word;  
 Nor check my courage for what they can give,  
 To have't with saying "Good morrow."

*Sic.* For that he has,  
 As much as in him lies, from time to time  
 Envied against the people, seeking means  
 To pluck away their power; as now at last  
 Given hostile strokes, and that not in the presence  
 Of dreaded justice, but on the ministers  
 That do distribute it;—in the name o' th' people, 100  
 And in the power of us the tribunes, we,  
 Even from this instant, banish him our city;  
 In peril of precipitation  
 From off the rock Tarpeian, never more  
 To enter our Rome gates: i' th' people's name,  
 I say it shall be so.

*Citizens.* It shall be so,

It shall be so ; let him away : he's banisht,  
And it shall be so.

*Com.* Hear me, my masters and my common friends,—

*Sic.* He's sentenced ; no more hearing.

*Com.* Let me speak : 11c

I have been consul, and can show for Rome  
Her enemies' marks upon me. I do love  
My country's good with a respect more tender,  
More holy, and profound, than mine own life,  
My dear wife's estimate, her womb's increase,  
And treasure of my loins ; then if I would  
Speak that,—

*Sic.* We know your drift :—speak what ?

*Bru.* There's no more to be said, but he is banisht,  
As enemy to the people and his country :  
It shall be so. 120

*Citizens.* It shall be so, it shall be so.

*Cor.* You common cry of curs ! whose breath I hate  
As reek o' th' rotten fens, whose loves I prize  
As the dead carcasses of unburied men  
That do corrupt my air,—I banish you ;  
And here remain with your uncertainty !  
Let every feeble rumour shake your hearts !  
Your enemies, with nodding of their plumes,  
Fan you into despair ! Have the power still  
To banish your defenders ; till at length 130  
Your ignorance, which finds not till it feels,  
Making not reservation of yourselves,  
Still your own foes, deliver you, as most  
Abated captives, to some nation  
That won you without blows ! Despising,  
For you, the city, thus I turn my back :  
There is a world elsewhere.

[*Exeunt* CORIOLANUS, COMINIUS, MENENIUS,  
Senators, and Patricians.]

*Æd.* The people's enemy is gone, is gone !

*Citizens.* Our enemy is banisht ! he is gone !

Hoo ! hoo ! [They all shout and throw up their caps. 140]

*Sic.* Go, see him out at gates, and follow him,  
As he hath follow'd you, with all despite ;  
Give him deserved vexation. Let a guard  
Attend us through the city.

*Citizens.* Come, come, let's see him out at gates ;  
come :—

The gods preserve our noble tribunes!—come. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT IV.

SCENE I. *Rome. Before a gate of the city.*

*Enter* CORIOLANUS, VOLUMNIA, VIRGILIA, MENENIUS,  
COMINIUS, *with the young Nobility of Rome.*

*Cor.* Come, leave your tears ; a brief farewell :—the  
beast

With many heads butts me away.—Nay, mother,  
Where is your ancient courage? you were used  
To say extremity was the trier of spirits ;  
That common chances common men could bear ;  
That, when the sea was calm, all boats alike  
Show'd mastership in floating ; fortune's blows,  
When most struck home, being gentle wounded, craves  
A noble cunning : you were used to load me  
With precepts that would make invincible 10  
The heart that conn'd them.

*Vir.* O heavens ! O heavens !

*Cor.* Nay, I prithee, woman,—

*Vol.* Now the red pestilence strike all trades in Rome,  
And occupations perish !

*Cor.* What, what, what !

I shall be loved when I am lackt. Nay, mother,  
Resume that spirit, when you were wont to say,  
If you had been the wife of Hercules,  
Six of his labours you'd have done, and saved  
Your husband so much sweat.—Cominius,  
Droop not ; adieu.—Farewell, my wife,—my mother : 20  
I'll do well yet.—Thou old and true Menenius,

Thy tears are salter than a younger man's,  
 And venomous to thine eyes.—My sometime general,  
 I have seen thee stern, and thou hast oft beheld  
 Heart-hard'ning spectacles; tell these sad women,  
 'Tis fond to wail inevitable strokes,  
 As 'tis to laugh at 'em.—My mother, you wot well  
 My hazards still have been your solace: and  
 Believe 't not lightly,—though I go alone,  
 Like to a lonely dragon, that his fen 30  
 Makes fear'd and talkt of more than seen,—your son  
 Will or exceed the common, or be caught  
 With cautelous baits and practice.

*Vol.* My first son,  
 Whither wilt thou go? Take good Cominius  
 With thee awhile: determine on some course,  
 More than a wild exposure to each chance  
 That starts i' th' way before thee.

*Cor.* O the gods!

*Com.* I'll follow thee a month, devise with thee  
 Where thou shalt rest, that thou mayst hear of us,  
 And we of thee: so, if the time thrust forth 40  
 A cause for thy repeal, we shall not send  
 O'er the vast world to seek a single man;  
 And lose advantage, which doth ever cool  
 I' th' absence of the needer.

*Cor.* Fare ye well:  
 Thou hast years upon thee; and thou art too full  
 Of the wars' surfeits, to go rove with one  
 That 's yet unbruised: bring me but out at gate.—  
 Come, my sweet wife, my dearest mother, and  
 My friends of noble touch; when I am forth,  
 Bid me farewell, and smile. I pray you, come. 50  
 While I remain above the ground, you shall  
 Hear from me still; and never of me aught  
 But what is like me formerly.

*Men.* That 's worthily  
 As any ear can hear.—Come, let 's not weep.—

If I could shake off but one seven years  
From these old arms and legs, by the good gods,  
I'd with thee every foot.

*Cor.* Give me thy hand:—  
*Come.* [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *The same. A street near the gate.*

*Enter the two Tribunes, SICINIUS, BRUTUS, with  
the Ædile.*

*Sic.* Bid them all home; he's gone, and we'll no  
further.—

The nobility are vext, whom we see have sided  
In his behalf.

*Bru.* Now we have shown our power,  
Let us seem humbler after it is done  
Than when it was a-doing.

*Sic.* Bid them home:  
Say their great enemy is gone, and they  
Stand in their ancient strength.

*Bru.* Dismiss them home. [Exit Ædile.  
Here comes his mother.

*Sic.* Let's not meet her.

*Bru.* Why?

*Sic.* They say she's mad.

*Bru.* They have ta'en note of us: keep on your way. <sup>10</sup>

*Enter VOLUMNIA, VIRGILIA, and MENENIUS.*

*Vol.* O, y'are well met: the hoarded plague o' th' gods  
Requite your love!

*Men.* Peace, peace; be not so loud.

*Vol.* If that I could for weeping, you should hear,—  
Nay, and you shall hear some.—[to BRUTUS] Will you  
be gone?

*Vir.* [to SICINIUS] You shall stay too: I would I had  
the power

To say so to my husband.

*Sic.* Are you mankind?

*Vol.* Ay, fool; is that a shame?—Note but this fool.—  
Was not a man my father? Hadst thou foxship  
To banish him that struck more blows for Rome  
Than thou hast spoken words?—

*Sic.* O blessed heavens! 20

*Vol.* More noble blows than ever thou wise words;  
And for Rome's good.—I'll tell thee what;—yet go:—  
Nay, but thou shalt stay too:—I would my son  
Were in Arabia, and thy tribe before him,  
His good sword in his hand.

*Sic.* What then?

*Vir.* What then!

He'd make an end of thy posterity.

*Vol.* Bastards and all.—

Good man, the wounds that he does bear for Rome!

*Men.* Come, come, peace.

*Sic.* I would he had continued to his country 30  
As he began, and not unknit himself  
The noble knot he made.

*Bru.* I would he had.

*Vol.* "I would he had"! 'Twas you incensed the  
rabble;—

Rats, that can judge as fitly of his worth  
As I can of those mysteries which heaven  
Will not have earth to know.

*Bru.* Pray, let us go.

*Vol.* Now, pray, sir, get you gone:  
You have done a brave deed. Ere you go, hear this:—  
As far as doth the Capitol exceed  
The meanest house in Rome, so far my son,— 40  
This lady's husband here, this, do you see,—  
Whom you have banisht, does exceed you all.

*Bru.* Well, well, we'll leave you.

*Sic.* Why stay we to be baited  
With one that wants her wits?

*Vol.* Take my prayers with you.—

[*Exeunt* Tribunes.]



I would the gods had nothing else to do  
But to confirm my curses! Could I meet 'em  
But once a-day, it would unclog my heart  
Of what lies heavy to 't.

*Men.* You have told them home;  
And, by my troth, you have cause. You'll sup with me?

*Vol.* Anger's my meat; I sup upon myself, 50  
And so shall starve with feeding.—Come, let's go:  
Leave this faint puling, and lament as I do,  
In anger, Juno-like. Come, come, come.

*Men.* Fie, fie, fie! [*Exeunt.*

SCENE III. *A highway between Rome and Antium.*

*Enter a Roman and a Volsce, meeting.*

*Rom.* I know you well, sir, and you know me: your name, I think, is Adrian.

*Vols.* It is so, sir: truly, I have forgot you.

*Rom.* I am a Roman; and my services are, as you are, against 'em: know you me yet?

*Vols.* Nicanor? no?

*Rom.* The same, sir.

*Vols.* You had more beard when I last saw you; but your favour is well approved by your tongue. What's the news in Rome? I have a note from the Volscian 10 state, to find you out there: you have well saved me a day's journey.

*Rom.* There hath been in Rome strange insurrections; the people against the senators, patricians, and nobles.

*Vols.* Hath been! is it ended, then? Our state thinks not so: they are in a most warlike preparation, and hope to come upon them in the heat of their division.

*Rom.* The main blaze of it is past, but a small thing would make it flame again; for the nobles receive 20 to heart the banishment of that worthy Coriolanus,

that they are in a ripe aptness to take all power from the people, and to pluck from them their tribunes for ever. This lies glowing, I can tell you, and is almost mature for the violent breaking out.

*Vols.* Coriolanus banisht!

*Rom.* Banisht, sir.

*Vols.* You will be welcome with this intelligence, Nicanor.

*Rom.* The day serves well for them now. I have <sup>30</sup> heard it said, the fittest time to corrupt a man's wife is when she's faln out with her husband. Your noble Tullus Aufidius will appear well in these wars, his great opposer, Coriolanus, being now in no request of his country.

*Vols.* He cannot choose. I am most fortunate, thus accidentally to encounter you: you have ended my business, and I will merrily accompany you home.

*Rom.* I shall, between this and supper, tell you most strange things from Rome; all tending to the good of <sup>40</sup> their adversaries. Have you an army ready, say you?

*Vols.* A most royal one; the centurions and their charges, distinctly billeted, already in th'entertainment, and to be on foot at an hour's warning.

*Rom.* I am joyful to hear of their readiness, and am the man, I think, that shall set them in present action. So, sir, heartily well met, and most glad of your company.

*Vols.* You take my part from me, sir; I have the most cause to be glad of yours. <sup>50</sup>

*Rom.* Well, let us go together. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *Antium. Before AUFIDIUS' bouse.*

*Enter CORIOLANUS in mean apparel, disguised and muffled.*

*Cor.* A goodly city is this Antium.—City,  
'Tis I that made thy widows: many an heir  
Of these fair edifices 'fore my wars

Have I heard groan and drop: then know me not;  
Lest that thy wives with spits, and boys with stones,  
In puny battle slay me.

*Enter a Citizen.*

Save you, sir.

*Cit.* And you.

*Cor.* Direct me, if it be your will,  
Where great Aufidius lies: is he in Antium?

*Cit.* He is, and feasts the nobles of the state  
At his house this night.

*Cor.* Which is his house, beseech you? <sup>10</sup>

*Cit.* This, here, before you.

*Cor.* Thank you, sir: farewell.

[*Exit* Citizen.]

O world, thy slippery turns! Friends now fast sworn,  
Whose double bosoms seems to wear one heart,  
Whose hours, whose bed, whose meal, and exercise,  
Are still together, who twin, as 'twere, in love  
Unseparable, shall within this hour,  
On a dissension of a doit, break out  
To bitterest enmity: so, fellest foes,  
Whose passions and whose plots have broke their sleep  
To take the one the other, by some chance, <sup>20</sup>  
Some trick not worth an egg, shall grow dear friends  
And interjoin their issues. So with me:  
My birth-place hate I, and my love's upon  
This enemy town.—I'll enter: if he slay me,  
He does fair justice; if he give me way,  
I'll do his country service. [*Exit.*]

SCENE V. *The same. A hall in AUFIDIUS' house.*

*Music plays. Enter a Serving-man.*

*First Serv.* Wine, wine, wine!—What service is here!  
I think our fellows are asleep. [*Exit.*]

*Enter another Serving-man.*

*Sec. Serv.* Where's Cotus? my master calls for him.—  
Cotus! [*Exit.*

*Enter CORIOLANUS.*

*Cor.* A goodly house: the feast smells well; but I  
Appear not like a guest.

*Enter the first Serving-man.*

*First Serv.* What would you have, friend? whence  
are you? Here's no place for you: pray, go to the  
door. [*Exit.*

*Cor.* I have deserved no better entertainment 10  
In being Coriolanus.

*Enter second Serving-man.*

*Sec. Serv.* Whence are you, sir?—Has the porter his  
eyes in his head, that he gives entrance to such com-  
panions?—Pray, get you out.

*Cor.* Away!

*Sec. Serv.* "Away!" get you away.

*Cor.* Now th'art troublesome.

*Sec. Serv.* Are you so brave? I'll have you talkt with  
anon.

*Enter a third Serving-man. The first meets him.*

*Third Serv.* What fellow's this? 20

*Sec. Serv.* A strange one as ever I lookt on: I cannot  
get him out o' th' house: prithee, call my master to him.

*Third Serv.* What have you to do here, fellow? Pray  
you avoid the house.

*Cor.* Let me but stand; I will not hurt your hearth.

*Third Serv.* What are you?

*Cor.* A gentleman.

*Third Serv.* A marvellous poor one.

*Cor.* True, so I am.

*Third Serv.* Pray you, poor gentleman, take up some 30

other station ; here 's no place for you ; pray you, avoid :  
come.

*Cor.* Follow your function, go, and batten on cold bits.  
[Pushes him away from him.]

*Third Serv.* What, you will not?—Prithee, tell my  
master what a strange guest he has here.

*Sec. Serv.* And I shall. [Exit.]

*Third Serv.* Where dwell'st thou?

*Cor.* Under the canopy.

*Third Serv.* Under the canopy!

*Cor.* Ay. 40

*Third Serv.* Where 's that?

*Cor.* I' th' city of kites and crows.

*Third Serv.* I' th' city of kites and crows!—What  
an ass it is!—Then thou dwell'st with daws too?

*Cor.* No, I serve not thy master.

*Third Serv.* How, sir! do you meddle with my master?

*Cor.* Ay ; 'tis an honest service than to meddle with  
thy mistress : thou pratest, and pratest ; serve with thy  
trencher, hence ! [Beats him away.]

*Enter AUFIDIUS with the second Serving-man.*

*Auf.* Where is this fellow? 50

*Sec. Serv.* Here, sir : I'd have beaten him like a dog,  
but for disturbing the lords within. [Retires.]

*Auf.* Whence comest thou? what wouldst thou? thy  
name?

Why speak'st not? speak, man : what 's thy name?

*Cor.* If, Tullus, [Unmuffling.]

Not yet thou know'st me, and, seeing me, dost not  
Think me for the man I am, necessity

Commands me name myself.

*Auf.* What is thy name?

*Cor.* A name unmusical to the Volscians' ears,  
And harsh in sound to thine.

*Auf.* Say, what 's thy name?

Thou hast a grim appearance, and thy face 60

Bears a command in 't; though thy tackle's torn,  
Thou show'st a noble vessel: what's thy name?

*Cor.* Prepare thy brow to frown:—know'st thou  
me yet?

*Auf.* I know thee not:—thy name?

*Cor.* My name is Caius Marcius, who hath done  
To thee particularly and to all the Volsces  
Great hurt and mischief; thereto witness may  
My surname, Coriolanus: the painful service,  
The extreme dangers, and the drops of blood  
Shed for my thankless country, are requited 70  
But with that surname; a good memory,  
And witness of the malice and displeasure  
Which thou shouldst bear me: only that name remains;  
The cruelty and envy of the people,  
Permitted by our dastard nobles, who  
Have all forsook me, hath devour'd the rest;  
And suffer'd me by th' voice of slaves to be  
Whoopt out of Rome. Now, this extremity  
Hath brought me to thy hearth; not out of hope—  
Mistake me not—to save my life; for if 80  
I had fear'd death, of all the men i' th' world  
I would have 'voided thee; but in mere spite,  
To be full quit of those my banishers,  
Stand I before thee here. Then if thou hast  
A heart of wreak in thee, that wilt revenge  
Thine own particular wrongs, and stop those maims  
Of shame seen through thy country, speed thee straight,  
And make my misery serve thy turn: so use it,  
That my revengeful services may prove  
As benefits to thee; for I will fight 90  
Against my canker'd country with the spleen  
Of all the under fiends. But if so be  
Thou darest not this, and that to prove more fortunes  
Th' art tired, then, in a word, I also am  
Longer to live most weary, and present  
My throat to thee and to thy ancient malice;

Which not to cut would show thee but a fool,  
 Since I have ever follow'd thee with hate,  
 Drawn tuns of blood out of thy country's breast,  
 And cannot live but to thy shame, unless 100  
 It be to do thee service.

*Auf.* O Marcius, Marcius!  
 Each word thou hast spoke hath weeded from my heart  
 A root of ancient envy. If Jupiter  
 Should from yond cloud speak divine things,  
 And say "Tis true," I'd not believe them more  
 Than thee, all-noble Marcius.—Let me twine  
 Mine arms about that body, where against  
 My grained ash an hundred times hath broke,  
 And scarr'd the moon with splinters: here I clip 110  
 The anvil of my sword; and do contest  
 As hotly and as nobly with thy love  
 As ever in ambitious strength I did  
 Contend against thy valour. Know thou first  
 I loved the maid I married; never man  
 Sigh'd truer breath; but that I see thee here,  
 Thou noble thing! more dances my rapt heart  
 Than when I first my wedded mistress saw  
 Bestride my threshold. Why, thou Mars! I tell  
 thee,

We have a power on foot; and I had purpose  
 Once more to hew thy target from thy brawn, 120  
 Or lose mine arm for 't: thou hast beat me out  
 Twelve several times, and I have nightly since  
 Dreamt of encounters 'twixt thyself and me;  
 We have been down together in my sleep,  
 Unbuckling helms, fisting each other's throat,  
 And waked half dead with nothing. Worthy Marcius,  
 Had we no quarrel else to Rome, but that  
 Thou art thence banisht, we would muster all  
 From twelve to seventy; and, pouring war  
 Into the bowels of ungrateful Rome, 130  
 Like a bold flood o'er-bear. O, come, go in,

And take our friendly senators by th' hands ;  
 Who now are here taking their leaves of me,  
 Who am prepared against your territories,  
 Though not for Rome itself.

*Cor.* You bless me, gods !

*Auf.* Therefore, most absolute sir, if thou wilt have  
 The leading of thine own revenges, take  
 Th' one half of my commission ; and set down—  
 As best thou art experienced, since thou know'st  
 Thy country's strength and weakness—thine own  
 ways ;

140

Whether to knock against the gates of Rome,  
 Or rudely visit them in parts remote,  
 To fright them, ere destroy. But come in :  
 Let me commend thee first to those that shall  
 Say yea to thy desires. A thousand welcomes !  
 And more a friend than e'er an enemy ;  
 Yet, Marcius, that was much. Your hand : most wel-  
 come !

[*Exeunt CORIOLANUS and AUFIDIUS.—The two  
 Serving-men come forward.*]

*First Serv.* Here's a strange alteration !

*Sec. Serv.* By my hand, I had thought to have  
 stricken him with a cudgel ; and yet my mind gave  
 me his clothes made a false report of him.

*First Serv.* What an arm he has ! he turn'd me about  
 with his finger and his thumb as one would set up a top.

*Sec. Serv.* Nay, I knew by his face that there was  
 something in him : he had, sir, a kind of face, me-  
 thought,—I cannot tell how to term it.

*First Serv.* He had so ; looking as it were—Would  
 I were hang'd, but I thought there was more in him  
 than I could think.

*Sec. Serv.* So did I, I'll be sworn : he is simply the  
 rarest man i' th' world.

*First Serv.* I think he is : but a greater soldier than  
 he you wot on.



*Sec. Serv.* Who, my master?

*First Serv.* Nay, it's no matter for that.

*Sec. Serv.* Worth six on him.

*First Serv.* Nay, not so neither: but I take him to be the greater soldier.

*Sec. Serv.* Faith, look you, one cannot tell how to say that: for the defence of a town our general is excellent. 170

*First Serv.* Ay, and for an assault too.

*Enter the third Serving-man.*

*Third Serv.* O slaves, I can tell you news,—news, you rascals!

*First and Sec. Serv.* What, what, what? let's partake.

*Third Serv.* I would not be a Roman, of all nations; I had as lief be a condemn'd man.

*First and Sec. Serv.* Wherefore? wherefore?

*Third Serv.* Why, here's he that was wont to thwack our general,—Caius Marcius.

*First Serv.* Why do you say "thwack our general"? 180

*Third Serv.* I do not say "thwack our general;" but he was always good enough for him.

*Sec. Serv.* Come, we are fellows and friends: he was ever too hard for him; I have heard him say so himself.

*First Serv.* He was too hard for him directly, to say the troth on't: before Corioli he scotcht him and notcht him like a carbonado.

*Sec. Serv.* An he had been cannibally given, he might have broil'd and eaten him too.

*First Serv.* But, more of thy news? 190

*Third Serv.* Why, he is so made on here within as if he were son and heir to Mars; set at upper end o' th' table; no question askt him by any of the senators, but they stand bald before him: our general himself makes a mistress of him; sanctifies himself with's hand, and turns up the white o' th' eye to his discourse. But the bottom of the news is, our general is cut i' th' middle,

and but one half of what he was yesterday ; for the other has half, by the entreaty and grant of the whole table. He'll go, he says, and sowl the porter of Rome gates by 200 th' ears : he will mow all down before him, and leave his passage poll'd.

*Sec. Serv.* And he's as like to do't as any man I can imagine.

*Third Serv.* Do't ! he will do't ; for, look you, sir, he has as many friends as enemies ; which friends, sir, as it were, durst not, look you, sir, show themselves, as we term it, his friends whilst he's in directitude.

*First Serv.* Directitude ! what's that ?

*Third Serv.* But when they shall see, sir, his crest up 210 again, and the man in blood, they will out of their burrows, like conies after rain, and revel all with him.

*First Serv.* But when goes this forward ?

*Third Serv.* To-morrow ; to-day ; presently ; you shall have the drum struck up this afternoon : 'tis, as it were, a parcel of their feast, and to be executed ere they wipe their lips.

*Sec. Serv.* Why, then we shall have a stirring world again. This peace is nothing, but to rust iron, increase 220 tailors, and breed ballad-makers.

*First Serv.* Let me have war, say I ; it exceeds peace as far as day does night ; it's spritely, waking, audible, and full of vent. Peace is a very apoplexy, lethargy ; mull'd, deaf, sleepy, insensible ; a getter of more bastard children than war's a destroyer of men.

*Sec. Serv.* 'Tis so : and as war, in some sort, may be said to be a ravisher, so it cannot be denied but peace is a great maker of cuckolds.

*First Serv.* Ay, and it makes men hate one another.

*Third Serv.* Reason ; because they then less need 230 one another. The wars for my money. I hope to see Romans as cheap as Volscians.—They are rising, they are rising.

*All Three.* In, in, in, in !

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE VI. *Rome. A public place.*

*Enter the two Tribunes, SICINIUS and BRUTUS.*

*Sic.* We hear not of him, neither need we fear him ;  
His remedies are tame i' th' present peace  
And quietness of the people, which before  
Were in wild hurry. Here do we make his friends  
Blush that the world goes well ; who rather had,  
Though they themselves did suffer by't, behold  
Dissentious numbers pest'ring streets, than see  
Our tradesmen singing in their shops, and going  
About their functions friendly.

*Bru.* We stood to't in good time.—Is this Menenius? 10

*Sic.* 'Tis he, 'tis he : O, he is grown most kind  
Of late. Hail, sir !

*Enter MENENIUS.*

*Bru.* Hail, sir !

*Men.* Hail to you both !

*Sic.* Your Coriolanus, sir, is not much mist  
But with his friends : the commonwealth doth stand ;  
And so would do, were he more angry at it.

*Men.* All's well ; and might have been much better, if  
He could have temporized.

*Sic.* Where is he, hear you ?

*Men.* Nay, I hear nothing : his mother and his wife  
Hear nothing from him.

*Enter three or four Citizens.*

*Citizens.* The gods preserve you both !

*Sic.* God-den, our neighbours. 10

*Bru.* God-den to you all, god-den to you all.

*First Cit.* Ourselves, our wives, and children, on our  
knees,

Are bound to pray for you both.

*Sic.* Live, and thrive !

*Bru.* Farewell, kind neighbours: we wisht Coriolanus  
Had loved you as we did.

*Citizens.* Now the gods keep you!

*Both Tri.* Farewell, farewell. [*Exeunt Citizens.*]

*Sic.* This is a happier and more comely time  
Than when these fellows ran about the streets  
Crying confusion.

*Bru.* Caius Marcius was  
A worthy officer i' th' war; but insolent, 30  
O'ercome with pride, ambitious past all thinking,  
Self-loving,—

*Sic.* And affecting one sole throne,  
Without assistance.

*Men.* I think not so.

*Sic.* We should by this, to all our lamentation,  
If he had gone forth consul, found it so.

*Bru.* The gods have well prevented it, and Rome  
Sits safe and still without him.

*Enter an Ædile.*

*Æd.* Worthy tribunes,  
There is a slave, whom we have put in prison,  
Reports the Volsces with two several powers  
Are enter'd in the Roman territories, 40  
And with the deepest malice of the war  
Destroy what lies before 'em.

*Men.* 'Tis Aufidius,  
Who, hearing of our Marcius' banishment,  
Thrusts forth his horns again into the world;  
Which were inshell'd when Marcius stood for Rome,  
And durst not once peep out.

*Sic.* Come, what talk you  
Of Marcius?

*Bru.* Go see this rumourer whipt.—It cannot be  
The Volsces dare break with us.

*Men.* Cannot be!  
We have record that very well it can; 50

And three examples of the like hath been  
 Within my age. But reason with the fellow,  
 Before you punish him, where he heard this;  
 Lest you shall chance to whip your information,  
 And beat the messenger who bids beware  
 Of what is to be dreaded.

*Sic.* Tell not me :  
 I know this cannot be.

*Bru.* Not possible.

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Mess.* The nobles in great earnestness are going  
 All to the senate-house : some news is come  
 That turns their countenances.

*Sic.* 'Tis this slave ;— 60  
 Go whip him 'fore the people's eyes :—his raising ;  
 Nothing but his report.

*Mess.* Yes, worthy sir,  
 The slave's report is seconded ; and more,  
 More fearful, is deliver'd.

*Sic.* What more fearful ?

*Mess.* It is spoke freely out of many mouths—  
 How probable I do not know—that Marcius,  
 Join'd with Aufidius, leads a power 'gainst Rome,  
 And vows revenge as spacious as between  
 The young'st and oldest thing.

*Sic.* This is most likely !

*Bru.* Raised only, that the weaker sort may wish 70  
 Good Marcius home again.

*Sic.* The very trick on't.

*Men.* This is unlikely :  
 He and Aufidius can no more atone  
 Than violentest contrariety.

*Enter a second Messenger.*

*Sec. Mess.* You are sent for to the senate :  
 A fearful army, led by Caius Marcius

Associated with Aufidius, rages  
 Upon our territories; and have already  
 O'erborne their way, consumed with fire, and took  
 What lay before them. 80

*Enter COMINIUS.*

*Com.* O, you have made good work!

*Men.* What news? what news?

*Com.* You have help to ravish your own daughters,  
 and

To melt the city leads upon your pates;  
 To see your wives dishonour'd to your noses,—

*Men.* What's the news? what's the news?

*Com.* Your temples burned in their cement; and  
 Your franchises, whereon you stood, confined  
 Into an auger's bore.

*Men.* Pray now, your news?—

You have made fair work, I fear me.—Pray, your  
 news?—

If Marcius should be join'd with Volscians,—

*Com.* If! 90

He is their god: he leads them like a thing  
 Made by some other deity than nature,  
 That shapes man better; and they follow him,  
 Against us brats, with no less confidence  
 Than boys pursuing summer butterflies,  
 Or butchers killing flies.

*Men.* You have made good work,  
 You and your apron-men; you that stood so much  
 Upon the voice of occupation and  
 The breath of garlic-eaters!

*Com.* He will shake  
 Your Rome about your ears.

*Men.* As Hercules 100  
 Did shake down mellow fruit.—You have made fair  
 work!

*Bru.* But is this true, sir?

*Com.* Ay; and you'll look pale

Before you find it other. All the regions  
Do smilingly revolt; and who resist  
Are mockt for valiant ignorance,  
And perish constant fools. Who is't can blame him?  
Your enemies and his find something in him.

*Men.* We are all undone, unless  
The noble man have mercy.

*Com.* Who shall ask it?  
The tribunes cannot do't for shame; the people 110  
Deserve such pity of him as the wolf  
Does of the shepherds: for his best friends, if they  
Should say, "Be good to Rome," they charged him even  
As those should do that had deserved his hate,  
And therein show'd like enemies.

*Men.* 'Tis true:  
If he were putting to my house the brand  
That should consume it, I have not the face  
To say, "Beseech you, cease."—You have made fair  
hands,  
You and your crafts! you have crafted fair!

*Com.* You have brought  
A trembling upon Rome, such as was never 120  
So incapable of help.

*Both Tri.* Say not, we brought it.

*Men.* How! Was it we? we loved him; but, like  
beasts  
And cowardly nobles, gave way unto your clusters,  
Who did hoot him out o' th' city.

*Com.* But I fear  
They'll roar him in again. Tullus Aufidius,  
The second name of men, obeys his points  
As if he were his officer:—desperation  
Is all the policy, strength, and defence,  
That Rome can make against them.

*Enter a troop of Citizens.*

*Men.* Here come the clusters.—  
And is Aufidius with him?—You are they 130

That made the air unwholesome, when you cast  
Your stinking greasy caps in hooting at  
Coriolanus' exile. Now he's coming;  
And not a hair upon a soldier's head  
Which will not prove a whip: as many coxcombs  
As you threw caps up will he tumble down,  
And pay you for your voices. 'Tis no matter;  
If he could burn us all into one coal,  
We have deserved it.

*Citizens.* Faith, we hear fearful news.

*First Cit.* For mine own part, 140  
When I said, banish him, I said, 'twas pity.

*Sec. Cit.* And so did I.

*Third Cit.* And so did I; and, to say the truth, so  
did very many of us: that we did, we did for the best;  
and though we willingly consented to his banishment,  
yet it was against our will.

*Com.* Y'are goodly things, you voices!

*Men.* You have made  
Good work, you and your cry!—Shall's to the Capitol?

*Com.* O, ay, what else?

[*Exeunt* COMINIUS and MENENIUS.]

*Sic.* Go, masters, get you home; be not dismay'd: 150  
These are a side that would be glad to have  
This true which they so seem to fear. Go home,  
And show no sign of fear.

*First Cit.* The gods be good to us!—Come, masters,  
let's home. I ever said we were i' th' wrong when  
we banisht him.

*Sec. Cit.* So did we all. But, come, let's home.

[*Exeunt* Citizens.]

*Bru.* I do not like this news.

*Sic.* Nor I.

*Bru.* Let's to the Capitol.—Would half my wealth 160  
Would buy this for a lie!

*Sic.* Pray, let us go. [*Exeunt.*]



SCENE VII. *A camp, at a small distance from Rome.*

*Enter AUFIDIUS with his Lieutenant.*

*Auf.* Do they still fly to th' Roman?

*Lieu.* I do not know what witchcraft's in him, but  
Your soldiers use him as the grace 'fore meat,  
Their talk at table, and their thanks at end;  
And you are darken'd in this action, sir,  
Even by your own.

*Auf.* I cannot help it now,  
Unless, by using means, I lame the foot  
Of our design. He bears himself more proudlier,  
Even to my person, than I thought he would  
When first I did embrace him: yet his nature 10  
In that's no changeling; and I must excuse  
What cannot be amended.

*Lieu.* Yet I wish, sir,—  
I mean for your particular,—you had not  
Join'd in commission with him; but either  
Had borne the action of yourself, or else  
To him had left it solely.

*Auf.* I understand thee well; and be thou sure,  
When he shall come to his account, he knows not  
What I can urge against him. Although it seems,  
And so he thinks, and is no less apparent 20  
To th' vulgar eye, that he bears all things fairly,  
And shows good husbandry for the Volscian state,  
Fights dragon-like, and does achieve as soon  
As draw his sword; yet he hath left undone  
That which shall break his neck or hazard mine,  
Whene'er we come to our account.

*Lieu.* Sir, I beseech you, think you he'll carry Rome?

*Auf.* All places yield to him ere he sits down;  
And the nobility of Rome are his:  
The senators and patricians love him too: 30  
The tribunes are no soldiers; and their people

Will be as rash in the repeal, as hasty  
 To expel him thence. I think he'll be to Rome  
 As is the osprey to the fish, who takes it  
 By sovereignty of nature. First he was  
 A noble servant to them; but he could not  
 Carry his honours even: whether 'twas pride,  
 Which out of daily fortune ever taints  
 The happy man; whether defect of judgement,  
 To fail in the disposing of those chances 40  
 Which he was lord of; or whether nature,  
 Not to be other than one thing, not moving  
 From th' casque to th' cushion, but commanding peace  
 Even with the same austerity and garb  
 As he controll'd the war; but one of these—  
 As he hath spices of them all, not all,  
 For I dare so far free him—made him fear'd,  
 So hated, and so banisht: but he has a merit,  
 To choke it in the utterance. So our virtues  
 Lie in th' interpretation of the time; 50  
 And power, unto itself most commendable,  
 Hath not a tomb so evident as a chair  
 T' extol what it hath done.  
 One fire drives out one fire; one nail, one nail;  
 Rights by rights falter, strengths by strengths do fail.  
 Come, let's away. When, Caius, Rome is thine,  
 Thou'rt poor'st of all; then shortly art thou mine.  
 [*Exeunt.*]

## ACT V.

SCENE I. *Rome. A public place.*

*Enter* MENENIUS, COMINIUS, SICINIUS, BRUTUS,  
*and others.*

*Men.* No, I'll not go: you hear what he hath said  
 Which was sometime his general; who loved him  
 In a most dear particular. He call'd me father:

But what o' that? Go, you that banisht him;  
 A mile before his tent fall down, and knee  
 The way into his mercy: nay, if he coy'd  
 To hear Cominius speak, I'll keep at home.

*Com.* He would not seem to know me.

*Men.* Do you hear?

*Com.* Yet one time he did call me by my name:  
 I urged our old acquaintance, and the drops 10  
 That we have bled together. Coriolanus  
 He would not answer to: forbad all names;  
 He was a kind of nothing, titleless,  
 Till he had forged himself a name o' th' fire  
 Of burning Rome.

*Men.* Why, so,—you have made good work!  
 A pair of tribunes that have rackt for Rome  
 To make coals cheap,—a noble memory!

*Com.* I minded him how royal 'twas to pardon  
 When it was least expected: he replied,  
 It was a base petition of a state 20  
 To one whom they had punisht.

*Men.* Very well:  
 Could he say less?

*Com.* I offer'd to awaken his regard  
 For's private friends: his answer to me was,  
 He could not stay to pick them in a pile  
 Of noisome musty chaff: he said 'twas folly,  
 For one poor grain or two, to leave unburnt,  
 And still to nose th' offence.

*Men.* For one poor grain or two!  
 I am one of those; his mother, wife, his child,  
 And this brave fellow too, we are the grains: 30  
 You are the musty chaff; and you are smelt  
 Above the moon: we must be burnt for you.

*Sic.* Nay, pray, be patient: if you refuse your aid  
 In this so never-needed help, yet do not  
 Upbraid's with our distress. But, sure, if you  
 Would be your country's pleader, your good tongue,

More than the instant army we can make,  
Might stop our countryman.

*Men.* No, I'll not meddle.

*Sic.* Pray you, go to him.

*Men.* What should I do?

*Bru.* Only make trial what your love can do  
For Rome, towards Marcius. 40

*Men.* Well, and say that Marcius  
Return me, as Cominius is return'd,  
Unheard; what then?

But as a discontented friend, grief-shot  
With his unkindness? say 't be so?

*Sic.* Yet your good will  
Must have that thanks from Rome, after the measure  
As you intended well.

*Men.* I'll undertake't:  
I think he'll hear me. Yet, to bite his lip  
And hum at good Cominius, much unhearts me.  
He was not taken well; he had not dined: 50  
The veins unfill'd, our blood is cold, and then  
We pout upon the morning, are unapt  
To give or to forgive; but when we've stuf  
These pipes and these conveyances of our blood  
With wine and feeding, we have suppler souls  
Than in our priest-like fasts: therefore I'll watch him  
Till he be dieted to my request,  
And then I'll set upon him.

*Bru.* You know the very road into his kindness,  
And cannot lose your way.

*Men.* Good faith, I'll prove him, 60  
Speed how it will: you shall ere long have knowledge  
Of my success. [Exit.

*Com.* He'll never hear him.

*Sic.* Not?

*Com.* I tell you, he does sit in gold, his eye  
Red as 'twould burn Rome; and his injury  
The gaoler to his pity. I kneel'd before him;

'Twas very faintly he said "Rise;" dismiss me  
 Thus, with his speechless hand: what he would do,  
 He sent in writing after me; what he would not,  
 Bound with an oath to yield no fresh conditions:  
 So that all hope is vain, 70  
 Unless in 's noble mother and his wife;  
 Who, as I hear, mean to solicit him  
 For mercy to his country. Therefore let's hence,  
 And with our fair entreaties haste them on. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *The Volscian camp before Rome.*  
*The Sentinels at their stations.*

*Enter MENENIUS to the Watch or Guard.*

*First S.* Stay: whence are you?

*Sec. S.* Stand, and go back.

*Men.* You guard like men; 'tis well: but, by your  
 leave,

I am an officer of state, and come  
 To speak with Coriolanus.

*First S.* From whence?

*Men.* From Rome.

*First S.* You may not pass, you must return: our  
 general

Will no more hear from thence.

*Sec. S.* You'll see your Rome embraced with fire,  
 before

You'll speak with Coriolanus.

*Men.* Good my friends,

If you have heard your general talk of Rome,  
 And of his friends there, it is lots to blanks 10

My name hath toucht your ears: it is Menenius.

*First S.* Be it so; go back: the virtue of your name  
 Is not here passable.

*Men.* I tell thee, fellow,

Thy general is my lover: I have been

The book of his good acts, whence men have read

His fame unparallel'd, haply amplified ;  
 For I have ever verified my friends—  
 Of whom he's chief—with all the size that verity  
 Would without lapsing suffer : nay, sometimes,  
 Like to a bowl upon a subtle ground, 20  
 I have tumbled past the throw ; and in his praise  
 Have almost stamp't the leasing : therefore, fellow,  
 I must have leave to pass.

*First S.* Faith, sir, if you had told as many lies in his behalf as you have utter'd words in your own, you should not pass here ; no, though it were as virtuous to lie as to live chastely. Therefore, go back.

*Men.* Prithee, fellow, remember my name is Menenius, always factionary on the party of your general.

*Sec. S.* Howsoever you have been his liar, as you say 30 you have, I am one that, telling true under him, must say you cannot pass. Therefore, go back.

*Men.* Has he dined, canst thou tell ? for I would not speak with him till after dinner.

*First S.* You are a Roman, are you ?

*Men.* I am, as thy general is.

*First S.* Then you should hate Rome, as he does. Can you, when you have pusht out your gates the very defender of them, and, in a violent popular ignorance, given your enemy your shield, think to front his re- 40 venges with the easy groans of old women, the virginal palms of your daughters, or with the palsied intercession of such a decay'd dotant as you seem to be ? Can you think to blow out the intended fire your city is ready to flame in with such weak breath as this ? No, you are deceived ; therefore, back to Rome, and prepare for your execution : you are condemn'd, our general has sworn you out of reprieve and pardon.

*Men.* Sirrah, if thy captain knew I were here, he would use me with estimation. 50

*Sec. S.* Come, my captain knows you not.

*Men.* I mean, thy general.

*First S.* My general cares not for you. Back, I say, go; lest I let forth your half-pint of blood;—back,—that's the utmost of your having:—back.

*Men.* Nay, but, fellow, fellow,—

*Enter CORIOLANUS and AUFIDIUS.*

*Cor.* What's the matter?

*Men.* Now, you companion, I'll say an errand for you: you shall know now that I am in estimation; you shall perceive that a Jack guardant cannot office me <sup>60</sup> from my son Coriolanus: guess, but by my entertainment with him, if thou stand'st not i' th' state of hanging, or of some death more long in spectatorship, and crueller in suffering; behold now presently, and swound for what's to come upon thee.—[*to COR.*] The glorious gods sit in hourly synod about thy particular prosperity, and love thee no worse than thy old father Menenius does! O my son, my son! thou art preparing fire for us; look thee, here's water to quench it. I was hardly moved to come to thee; but being assured none but <sup>70</sup> myself could move thee, I have been blown out of our gates with sighs; and conjure thee to pardon Rome, and thy petitionary countrymen. The good gods assuage thy wrath, and turn the dregs of it upon this varlet here,—this, who, like a block, hath denied my access to thee.

*Cor.* Away!

*Men.* How! away!

*Cor.* Wife, mother, child, I know not. My affairs  
Are servanted to others: though I owe 80  
My revenge properly, my remission lies  
In Volscian breasts. That we have been familiar,  
Ingrate forgetfulness shall prison, rather  
Than pity note how much. Therefore, be gone.  
Mine ears against your suits are stronger than  
Your gates against my force. Yet, for I loved thee,  
Take this along; I writ it for thy sake, [*Gives a letter.*]

And would have sent it. Another word, Menenius,  
I will not hear thee speak.—This man, Aufidius,  
Was my beloved in Rome: yet thou behold'st! 90

*Auf.* You keep a constant temper.

[*Exeunt* CORIOLANUS and AUFIDIUS.]

*First S.* Now, sir, is your name Menenius?

*Sec. S.* 'Tis a spell, you see, of much power: you  
know the way home again.

*First S.* Do you hear how we are shent for keep-  
ing your greatness back?

*Sec. S.* What cause, do you think, I have to swound?

*Men.* I neither care for the world nor your general:  
for such things as you, I can scarce think there's any,  
y' are so slight. He that hath a will to die by him- 100  
self fears it not from another: let your general do his  
worst. For you, be that you are, long; and your misery  
increase with your age! I say to you, as I was said  
to, Away! [*Exit.*]

*First S.* A noble fellow, I warrant him.

*Sec. S.* The worthy fellow is our general: he's the  
rock, the oak not to be wind-shaken. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The tent of* CORIOLANUS.

*Enter* CORIOLANUS, AUFIDIUS, and others.

*Cor.* We will before the walls of Rome to-morrow  
Set down our host.—My partner in this action,  
You must report to th' Volscian lords, how plainly  
I have borne this business.

*Auf.* Only their ends  
You have respected; stopt your ears against  
The general suit of Rome; never admitted  
A private whisper, no, not with such friends  
That thought them sure of you.

*Cor.* This last old man,  
Whom with a crackt heart I have sent to Rome,



Loved me above the measure of a father ;  
 Nay, godded me, indeed. Their latest refuge  
 Was to send him ; for whose old love I have,  
 Though I show'd sourly to him, once more offer'd  
 The first conditions, which they did refuse,  
 And cannot now accept ; to grace him only  
 That thought he could do more, a very little  
 I have yielded to : fresh embassies and suits,  
 Nor from the state nor private friends, hereafter  
 Will I lend ear to.—Ha ! what shout is this ?

[*Shout within.*

Shall I be tempted to infringe my vow  
 In the same time 'tis made ? I will not.

*Enter, in mourning habits, VIRGILIA, VOLUMNIA, leading  
 young MARCIUS, VALERIA, with Attendants.*

My wife comes foremost ; then the honour'd mould  
 Wherein this trunk was framed, and in her hand  
 The grandchild to her blood. But out, affection !  
 All bond and privilege of nature, break !  
 Let it be virtuous to be obstinate.—  
 What is that curt'sy worth ? or those doves' eyes,  
 Which can make gods forsworn ?—I melt, and am not  
 Of stronger earth than others.—My mother bows ;  
 As if Olympus to a molehill should  
 In supplication nod : and my young boy  
 Hath an aspect of intercession, which  
 Great nature cries "Deny not."—Let the Volsces  
 Plough Rome, and harrow Italy : I'll never  
 Be such a gosling to obey instinct ; but stand,  
 As if a man were author of himself,  
 And knew no other kin.

*Vir.* My lord and husband !

*Cor.* These eyes are not the same I wore in Rome.

*Vir.* The sorrow that delivers us thus changed  
 Makes you think so.

*Cor.* Like a dull actor now, 40

I have forgot my part, and I am out,  
 Even to a full disgrace.—Best of my flesh,  
 Forgive my tyranny; but do not say,  
 For that, “Forgive our Romans.” O, a kiss  
 Long as my exile, sweet as my revenge!  
 Now, by the jealous queen of heaven, that kiss  
 I carried from thee, dear; and my true lip  
 Hath virgin’d it e’er since.—You gods! I prate,  
 And the most noble mother of the world  
 Leave unsaluted: sink, my knee, i’ th’ earth; [*Kneels.* 50  
 Of thy deep duty more impression show  
 Than that of common sons.

*Vol.* O, stand up blest!  
 Whilst, with no softer cushion than the flint,  
 I kneel before thee; and unproperly  
 Show duty, as mistaken all this while  
 Between the child and parent. [*Kneels.*

*Cor.* What is this?  
 Your knees to me? to your corrected son?  
 Then let the pebbles on the hungry beach  
 Fillip the stars; then let the mutinous winds  
 Strike the proud cedars ’gainst the fiery sun; 60  
 Murd’ring impossibility, to make  
 What cannot be, slight work.

*Vol.* Thou art my warrior;  
 I help to frame thee.—Do you know this lady?

*Cor.* The noble sister of Publicola,  
 The moon of Rome; chaste as the icicle,  
 That’s curdied by the frost from purest snow,  
 And hangs on Dian’s temple:—dear Valeria!

*Vol.* This is a poor epitome of yours,  
 Which by th’ interpretation of full time  
 May show like all yourself.

*Cor.* The god of soldiers, 70  
 With the consent of supreme Jove, inform  
 Thy thoughts with nobleness; that thou mayst prove  
 To shame invulnerable, and stick i’ th’ wars

Like a great sea-mark, standing every flaw,  
And saving those that eye thee!

*Vol.* Your knee, sirrah.

*Cor.* That's my brave boy!

*Vol.* Even he, your wife, this lady, and myself,  
Are suitors to you.

*Cor.* I beseech you, peace:  
Or, if you'd ask, remember this before,—  
The things I have forsworn to grant may never 80  
Be held by you denials. Do not bid me  
Dismiss my soldiers, or capitulate  
Again with Rome's mechanics:—tell me not  
Wherein I seem unnatural: desire not  
T' allay my rages and revenges with  
Your colder reasons.

*Vol.* O, no more, no more!  
You have said you will not grant us any thing;  
For we have nothing else to ask, but that  
Which you deny already: yet we will ask;  
That, if you fail in our request, the blame 90  
May hang upon your hardness: therefore hear us.

*Cor.* Aufidius, and you Volscies, mark; for we'll  
Hear naught from Rome in private.—Your request?

*Vol.* Should we be silent and not speak, our raiment  
And state of bodies would bewray what life  
We have led since thy exile. Think with thyself  
How more unfortunate than all living women  
Are we come hither: since that thy sight, which should  
Make our eyes flow with joy, hearts dance with com-  
forts,

Constrains them weep, and shake with fear and sorrow; 100  
Making the mother, wife, and child, to see  
The son, the husband, and the father, tearing  
His country's bowels out. And to poor we  
Thine enmity's most capital: thou barr'st us  
Our prayers to the gods, which is a comfort  
That all but we enjoy; for how can we,

Alas, how can we for our country pray,  
Whereto we are bound,—together with thy victory,  
Whereto we are bound? alack, or we must lose  
The country, our dear nurse, or else thy person, 110  
Our comfort in the country. We must find  
An evident calamity, though we had  
Our wish, which side should win; for either thou  
Must, as a foreign recreant, be led  
With manacles thorough our streets, or else  
Triumphantly tread on thy country's ruin,  
And bear the palm for having bravely shed  
Thy wife and children's blood. For myself, son,  
I purpose not to wait on fortune till  
These wars determine: if I cannot persuade thee 120  
Rather to show a noble grace to both parts  
Than seek the end of one, thou shalt no sooner  
March to assault thy country than to tread—  
Trust to't, thou shalt not—on thy mother's womb,  
That brought thee to this world.

*Vir.* Ay, and mine,  
That brought you forth this boy, to keep your name  
Living to time.

*Young Mar.* 'A shall not tread on me;  
I'll run away till I am bigger, but then I'll fight.

*Cor.* Not of a woman's tenderness to be,  
Requires nor child nor woman's face to see. 130  
I have sat too long. [*Rising.*]

*Vol.* Nay, go not from us thus.  
If it were so that our request did tend  
To save the Romans, thereby to destroy  
The Volsces whom you serve, you might condemn us,  
As poisonous of your honour: no; our suit  
Is, that you reconcile them: while the Volsces  
May say, "This mercy we have show'd;" the Romans,  
"This we received;" and each in either side  
Give the all-hail to thee, and cry, "Be blest  
For making up this peace!" Thou know'st, great son, 140

The end of war's uncertain ; but this certain,  
 That, if thou conquer Rome, the benefit  
 Which thou shalt thereby reap is such a name,  
 Whose repetition will be dogg'd with curses ;  
 Whose chronicle thus writ,—“The man was noble,  
 But with his last attempt he wiped it out ;  
 Destroy'd his country ; and his name remains  
 To th' ensuing age abhorr'd.” Speak to me, son :  
 Thou hast affected the fine strains of honour,  
 To imitate the graces of the gods ; 150  
 To tear with thunder the wide cheeks o' th' air,  
 And yet to charge thy sulphur with a bolt  
 That should but rive an oak. Why dost not speak ?  
 Think'st thou it honourable for a noble man  
 Still to remember wrongs ?—Daughter, speak you :  
 He cares not for your weeping.—Speak thou, boy :  
 Perhaps thy childishness will move him more  
 Than can our reasons.—There's no man in the world  
 More bound to 's mother ; yet here he lets me prate  
 Like one i' th' stocks.—Thou hast never in thy life 160  
 Show'd thy dear mother any courtesy ;  
 When she, poor hen, fond of no second brood,  
 Has cluckt thee to the wars, and safely home,  
 Loaden with honour. Say my request 's unjust,  
 And spurn me back : but if it be not so,  
 Thou art not honest ; and the gods will plague thee,  
 That thou restrain'st from me the duty which  
 To a mother's part belongs.—He turns away :  
 Down, ladies ; let us shame him with our knees.  
 To his surname Coriolanus 'longs more pride 170  
 Than pity to our prayers. Down : an end ;  
 This is the last :—so we will home to Rome,  
 And die among our neighbours.—Nay, behold's :  
 This boy, that cannot tell what he would have,  
 But kneels and holds up hands for fellowship,  
 Does reason our petition with more strength  
 Than thou hast to deny't.—Come, let us go :

This fellow had a Volscian to his mother ;  
 His wife is in Corioli, and this child  
 Like him by chance.—Yet give us our dispatch : 180  
 I am husht until our city be a-fire,  
 And then I'll speak a little.

*Cor.* [*holding her by the hand, silent*] O mother, mother!  
 What have you done? Behold, the heavens do ope,  
 The gods look down, and this unnatural scene  
 They laugh at. O my mother, mother! O!  
 You have won a happy victory to Rome ;  
 But, for your son, believe it, O, believe it,  
 Most dangerously you have with him prevail'd,  
 If not most mortal to him. But, let it come.—  
 Aufidius, though I cannot make true wars, 190  
 I'll frame convenient peace. Now, good Aufidius,  
 Were you in my stead, would you have heard  
 A mother less? or granted less, Aufidius?

*Auf.* I was moved withal.

*Cor.* I dare be sworn you were:  
 And, sir, it is no little thing to make  
 Mine eyes to sweat compassion. But, good sir,  
 What peace you'll make, advise me: for my part,  
 I'll not to Rome, I'll back with you; and pray you,  
 Stand to me in this cause.—O mother! wife!

*Auf.* [*aside*] I am glad thou hast set thy mercy and  
 thy honour 200  
 At difference in thee: out of that I'll work  
 Myself a former fortune.

[*The Ladies make signs to CORIOLANUS.*

*Cor.* [*to VOLUMNIA, VIRGILIA, &c.*] Ay, by and by;  
 But we will drink together; and you shall bear  
 A better witness back than words, which we,  
 On like conditions, will have counter-seal'd.  
 Come, enter with us. Ladies, you deserve  
 To have a temple built you: all the swords  
 In Italy, and her confederate arms,  
 Could not have made this peace.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE IV. *Rome. A public place.*

*Enter MENENIUS with SICINIUS.*

*Men.* See you yond coign o' th' Capitol,—yond corner-stone?

*Sic.* Why, what of that?

*Men.* If it be possible for you to displace it with your little finger, there is some hope the ladies of Rome, especially his mother, may prevail with him. But I say there is no hope in 't: our throats are sentenced, and stay upon execution.

*Sic.* Is't possible that so short a time can alter the condition of a man? 10

*Men.* There is differency between a grub and a butterfly; yet your butterfly was a grub. This Marcius is grown from man to dragon: he has wings; he's more than a creeping thing.

*Sic.* He loved his mother dearly.

*Men.* So did he me: and he no more remembers his mother now than an eight-year-old horse. The tartness of his face sours ripe grapes: when he walks, he moves like an engine, and the ground shrinks before his treading: he is able to pierce a corslet with his eye; 20 talks like a knell, and his hum is a battery. He sits in his state, as a thing made for Alexander. What he bids be done, is finisht with his bidding. He wants nothing of a god but eternity, and a heaven to throne in.

*Sic.* Yes, mercy, if you report him truly.

*Men.* I paint him in the character. Mark what mercy his mother shall bring from him: there is no more mercy in him than there is milk in a male tiger; that shall our poor city find: and all this is 'long of you.

*Sic.* The gods be good unto us! 30

*Men.* No, in such a case the gods will not be good unto us. When we banisht him, we respected not them; and, he returning to break our necks, they respect not us.

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Mess.* Sir, if you'd save your life, fly to your house :  
The plebeians have got your fellow-tribune,  
And hale him up and down ; all swearing, if  
The Roman ladies bring not comfort home,  
They'll give him death by inches.

*Enter another Messenger.*

*Sic.* What's the news ?

*Sec. Mess.* Good news, good news ;—the ladies have  
prevail'd,  
The Volscians are dislodged, and Marcius gone : 40  
A merrier day did never yet greet Rome,  
No, not th' expulsion of the Tarquins.

*Sic.* Friend,  
Art thou certain this is true ? is it most certain ?

*Sec. Mess.* As certain as I know the sun is fire :  
Where have you lurkt, that you make doubt of it ?  
Ne'er through an arch so hurried the blown tide  
As the recomforted through th' gates. Why, hark you !

*[Trumpets, hautboys, drums beat, all together.*

The trumpets, sackbuts, psalteries, and fifes,  
Tabors, and cymbals, and the shouting Romans,  
Make the sun dance. Hark you ! *[A shout within.*

*Men.* This is good news : 50  
I will go meet the ladies. This Volumnia  
Is worth of consuls, senators, patricians,  
A city full ; of tribunes, such as you,  
A sea and land full. You have pray'd well to-day :  
This morning for ten thousand of your throats  
I'd not have given a doit.—Hark, how they joy !

*[Sound still with the shouts.*

*Sic.* First, the gods bless you for your tidings ; next,  
Accept my thankfulness.

*Sec. Mess.* Sir, we have all  
Great cause to give great thanks.

*Sic.* They are near the city ?



*Sec. Mess.* Almost at point to enter.

*Sic.* We will meet them, 60  
And help the joy. [Exeunt.

SCENE V. *The same. A street near the gate.*

*Enter two Senators, with Ladies, passing over the stage;  
with other Lords.*

*First Sen.* Behold our patroness, the life of Rome!  
Call all your tribes together, praise the gods,  
And make triumphant fires; strew flowers before them:  
Unshout the noise that banisht Marcius,  
Repeal him with the welcome of his mother;  
Cry, "Welcome, ladies, welcome!"

*All.* Welcome, ladies,  
Welcome! [*A flourish with drums and trumpets. Exeunt.*

SCENE VI. *Corioli. A public place.*

*Enter AUFIDIUS, with Attendants.*

*Auf.* Go tell the lords o' th' city I am here:  
Deliver them this paper: having read it,  
Bid them repair to th' market-place; where I,  
Even in theirs and in the commons' ears,  
Will vouch the truth of it. Him I accuse  
The city ports by this hath enter'd, and  
Intends t' appear before the people, hoping  
To purge himself with words: dispatch.

[Exeunt Attendants.

*Enter three or four Conspirators of AUFIDIUS' faction.*

Most welcome!

*First Con.* How is it with our general?

*Auf.* Even so

As with a man by his own alms empoison'd, 10  
And with his charity slain.

*Sec. Con.* Most noble sir,  
If you do hold the same intent wherein  
You wisht us parties, we'll deliver you  
Of your great danger.

*Auf.* Sir, I cannot tell:  
We must proceed as we do find the people.

*Third Con.* The people will remain uncertain whilst  
'Twixt you there's difference; but the fall of either  
Makes the survivor heir of all.

*Auf.* I know it;  
And my pretext to strike at him admits  
A good construction. I raised him, and I pawn'd 20  
Mine honour for his truth: who being so heighten'd,  
He water'd his new plants with dews of flattery,  
Seducing so my friends; and, to this end,  
He bow'd his nature, never known before  
But to be rough, unswayable, and free.

*Third Con.* Sir, his stoutness  
When he did stand for consul, which he lost  
By lack of stooping,—

*Auf.* That I would have spoke of:  
Being banisht for 't, he came unto my hearth;  
Presented to my knife his throat: I took him; 30  
Made him joint-servant with me; gave him way  
In all his own desires; nay, let him choose  
Out of my files, his projects to accomplish,  
My best and freshest men; served his designments  
In mine own person; help to reap the fame  
Which he did end all his; and took some pride  
To do myself this wrong: till, at the last,  
I seem'd his follower, not partner; and  
He waged me with his countenance, as if  
I had been mercenary.

*First Con.* So he did, my lord,— 40  
The army marvell'd at it; and, in the last,

When he had carried Rome, and that we lookt  
For no less spoil than glory,—

*Auf.* There was it ;—  
For which my sinews shall be stretcht upon him.  
At a few drops of women's rheum, which are  
As cheap as lies, he sold the blood and labour  
Of our great action : therefore shall he die,  
And I'll renew me in his fall.—But, hark !

[*Drums and trumpets sound, with great shouts  
of the People.*

*First Con.* Your native town you enter'd like a post,  
And had no welcomes home ; but he returns, 50  
Splitting the air with noise.

*Sec. Con.* And patient fools,  
Whose children he hath slain, their base throats tear  
With giving him glory.

*Third Con.* Therefore, at your vantage,  
Ere he express himself, or move the people  
With what he would say, let him feel your sword,  
Which we will second. When he lies along,  
After your way his tale pronounced shall bury  
His reasons with his body.

*Auf.* Say no more :  
Here come the lords.

*Enter the Lords of the city.*

*Lords.* You are most welcome home.

*Auf.* I have not deserved it. 60  
But, worthy lords, have you with heed perused  
What I have written to you ?

*Lords.* We have.

*First Lord.* And grieve to hear't.  
What faults he made before the last, I think  
Might have found easy fines : but there to end  
Where he was to begin, and give away  
The benefit of our levies, answering us

With our own charge, making a treaty where  
There was a yielding,—this admits no excuse.

*Auf.* He approaches: you shall hear him.

*Enter CORIOLANUS, marching with drum and colours;  
the Commoners being with him.*

*Cor.* Hail, lords! I am return'd your soldier; 70  
No more infected with my country's love  
Than when I parted hence, but still subsisting  
Under your great command. You are to know,  
That prosperously I have attempted, and,  
With bloody passage, led your wars even to  
The gates of Rome. Our spoils we have brought home  
Doth more than counterpoise a full third part  
The charges of the action. We have made peace,  
With no less honour to the Antiates  
Than shame to th' Romans: and we here deliver, 80  
Subscribed by th' consuls and patricians,  
Together with the seal o' th' senate, what  
We have compounded on.

*Auf.* Read it not, noble lords;  
But tell the traitor, in the highest degree  
He hath abused your powers.

*Cor.* Traitor!—how now!

*Auf.* Ay, traitor, Marcius!

*Cor.* Marcius!

*Auf.* Ay, Marcius, Caius Marcius: dost thou think  
I'll grace thee with that robbery, thy stoln name  
Coriolanus, in Corioli?—

You lords and heads o' th' state, perfidiously 90  
He has betray'd your business, and given up,  
For certain drops of salt, your city Rome—  
I say, your city—to his wife and mother;  
Breaking his oath and resolution, like  
A twist of rotten silk; never admitting  
Counsel o' th' war; but at his nurse's tears  
He whined and roar'd away your victory;

That pages blusht at him, and men of heart  
Lookt wond'ring each at other.

*Cor.* Hear'st thou, Mars?

*Auf.* Name not the god, thou boy of tears!

*Cor.* Ha! 100

*Auf.* No more.

*Cor.* Measureless liar, thou hast made my heart  
Too great for what contains it. Boy! O slave!—  
Pardon me, lords, 'tis the first time that ever  
I was forced to scold. Your judgements, my grave lords,  
Must give this cur the lie: and his own notion—  
Who wears my stripes imprest upon him; that  
Must bear my beating to his grave—shall join  
To thrust the lie unto him.

*First Lord.* Peace, both, and hear me speak. 110

*Cor.* Cut me to pieces, Volsces; men and lads,  
Stain all your edges on me.—Boy! false hound!  
If you have writ your annals true, 'tis there,  
That, like an eagle in a dove-cote, I  
Flutter'd your Volscians in Corioli:  
Alone I did it.—Boy!

*Auf.* Why, noble lords,  
Will you be put in mind of his blind fortune,  
Which was your shame, by this unholy braggart,  
'Fore your own eyes and ears?

*All the Conspirators.* Let him die for't!

*All the People.* Tear him to pieces!—Do it presently! 120  
—He kill'd my son!—My daughter!—He kill'd my  
cousin Marcus!—He kill'd my father!—

*Sec. Lord.* Peace, ho!—no outrage:—peace!  
The man is noble, and his fame folds-in  
This orb o' th' earth. His last offences to us  
Shall have judicious hearing.—Stand, Aufidius,  
And trouble not the peace.

*Cor.* O, that I had him,  
With six Aufidiuses, or more, his tribe,  
To use my lawful sword!

*Auf.* Insolent villain!

*All the Conspirators.* Kill, kill, kill, kill, kill him! 130

[*AUFIDIUS and the Conspirators draw, and kill  
CORIOLANUS, who falls: AUFIDIUS stands  
on him.*

*Lords.* Hold, hold, hold, hold!

*Auf.* My noble masters, hear me speak.

*First Lord.*

O Tullus,—

*Sec. Lord.* Thou hast done a deed whereat valour  
will weep.

*Third Lord.* Tread not upon him.—Masters all, be  
quiet;

Put up your swords.

*Auf.* My lords, when you shall know—as in this rage,  
Provoked by him, you cannot—the great danger  
Which this man's life did owe you, you'll rejoice  
That he is thus cut off. Please it your honours  
To call me to your senate, I'll deliver 140  
Myself your loyal servant, or endure  
Your heaviest censure.

*First Lord.* Bear from hence his body,—  
And mourn you for him:—let him be regarded  
As the most noble corse that ever herald  
Did follow to his urn.

*Sec. Lord.* His own impatience  
Takes from Aufidius a great part of blame.  
Let's make the best of it.

*Auf.* My rage is gone;  
And I am struck with sorrow.—Take him up:—  
Help, three o' th' chiefest soldiers; I'll be one.—  
Beat thou the drum, that it speak mournfully: 150  
Trail your steel pikes.—Though in this city he  
Hath widow'd and unchilded many a one,  
Which to this hour bewail the injury,  
Yet he shall have a noble memory.—

Assist. [*Exeunt, bearing the body of MARCIUS.  
A dead march sounded.*

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**TITUS ANDRONICUS.**



DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

SATURNINUS, *son to the late Emperor of Rome, afterwards emperor.*

BASSIANUS, *brother to Saturninus; in love with Lavinia.*

TITUS ANDRONICUS, *a noble Roman, general against the Goths.*

MARCUS ANDRONICUS, *tribune of the people, and brother to Titus.*

LUCIUS,  
QUINTUS, } *sons to Titus Andronicus.*  
MARTIUS, }  
MUTIUS, }

Young LUCIUS, *a boy, son to Lucius.*

PUBLIUS, *son to Marcus the tribune.*

SEMPRONIUS, } *kinsmen to Titus.*  
CAIUS, }  
VALENTINE, }

ÆMILIUS, *a noble Roman.*

ALARBUS, } *sons to Tamora.*  
DEMETRIUS, }  
CHIRON, }

AARON, *a Moor, beloved by Tamora.*

A Captain, Tribune, Messenger, and Clown.  
Romans and Goths.

TAMORA, *Queen of the Goths.*

LAVINIA, *daughter to Titus Andronicus.*

A Nurse, and a black Child.

Senators, Tribunes, Officers, Soldiers, and Attendants.

SCENE—*Rome and the country near it.*

## TITUS ANDRONICUS.

### ACT I.

SCENE I. *Rome. Before the Capitol. The Tomb of the Andronici appearing.*

*Flourish. Enter the Tribunes and Senators aloft. And then enter, below, SATURNINUS and his Followers at one door; and BASSIANUS and his Followers at the other, with drums and colours.*

*Sat.* Noble patricians, patrons of my right,  
Defend the justice of my cause with arms;  
And, countrymen, my loving followers,  
Plead my successive title with your swords:  
I am his first-born son, that was the last  
That wore the imperial diadem of Rome;  
Then let my father's honours live in me,  
Nor wrong mine age with this indignity.

*Bas.* Romans,—friends, followers, favourers of my  
right,—

If ever Bassianus, Cæsar's son, 10  
Were gracious in the eyes of royal Rome,  
Keep, then, this passage to the Capitol;  
And suffer not dishonour to approach  
Th' imperial seat, to virtue consecrate,  
To justice, continence, and nobility:  
But let desert in pure election shine;  
And, Romans, fight for freedom in your choice.

*Enter MARCUS ANDRONICUS, aloft, with the crown.*

*Marc.* Princes,—that strive by factions and by friends  
Ambitiously for rule and empery,—  
Know that the people of Rome, for whom we stand 20

A special party, have, by common voice,  
 In election for the Roman empery,  
 Chosen Andronicus, surnamed Pius  
 For many good and great deserts to Rome :  
 A nobler man, a braver warrior,  
 Lives not this day within the city walls :  
 He by the senate is accited home  
 From weary wars against the barbarous Goths ;  
 That, with his sons, a terror to our foes,  
 Hath yoked a nation strong, train'd up in arms. 30  
 Ten years are spent since first he undertook  
 This cause of Rome, and chastised with arms  
 Our enemies' pride : five times he hath return'd  
 Bleeding to Rome, bearing his valiant sons  
 In coffins from the field ;  
 And now at last, laden with honour's spoils,  
 Returns the good Andronicus to Rome,  
 Renowned Titus, flourishing in arms.  
 Let us entreat,—by honour of his name,  
 Whom worthily you would have now succeed, 40  
 And in the Capitol and senate's right,  
 Whom you pretend to honour and adore,—  
 That you withdraw you, and abate your strength ;  
 Dismiss your followers, and, as suitors should,  
 Plead your deserts in peace and humbleness.

*Sat.* How fair the tribune speaks to calm my thoughts!

*Bas.* Marcus Andronicus, so I do affy  
 In thy uprightness and integrity,  
 And so I love and honour thee and thine,  
 Thy noble brother Titus and his sons, 50  
 And her to whom my thoughts are humbled all,  
 Gracious Lavinia, Rome's rich ornament,  
 That I will here dismiss my loving friends ;  
 And to my fortunes and the people's favour  
 Commit my cause in balance to be weigh'd.

[*Exeunt the Followers of BASSIANUS.*]

*Sat.* Friends, that have been thus forward in my right,

I thank you all, and here dismiss you all ;  
And to the love and favour of my country  
Commit myself, my person, and the cause.

[*Exeunt the Followers of SATURNINUS.*

Rome, be as just and gracious unto me 60  
As I am confident and kind to thee.—  
Open the gates, and let me in.

*Bas.* Tribunes, and me, a poor competitor.

[*Flourish.* SATURNINUS and BASSIANUS go up  
into the Capitol.

*Enter a Captain.*

*Cap.* Romans, make way : the good Andronicus,  
Patron of virtue, Rome's best champion,  
Successful in the battles that he fights,  
With honour and with fortune is return'd  
From where he circumscribed with his sword,  
And brought to yoke, the enemies of Rome.

*Sound drums and trumpets, and then enter MARTIUS and  
MUTIUS, two of TITUS' sons ; after them, two Men  
bearing a coffin cover'd with black ; then two other sons,  
LUCIUS and QUINTUS ; after them, TITUS ANDRONICUS ;  
and then TAMORA, the Queen of Goths, and her sons  
ALARBUS, DEMETRIUS, and CHIRON, with AARON the  
Moor, and others, as many as can be. They set down  
the coffin and TITUS speaks.*

*Tit.* Hail, Rome, victorious in thy mourning weeds ! 70  
Lo, as the bark that hath discharged her fraught  
Returns with precious lading to the bay  
From whence at first she weigh'd her anchorage,  
Cometh Andronicus, bound with laurel-boughs,  
To re-salute his country with his tears,  
Tears of true joy for his return to Rome.—  
Thou great defender of this Capitol,  
Stand gracious to the rites that we intend !—  
Romans, of five-and-twenty valiant sons,

Half of the number that King Priam had, 80  
 Behold the poor remains, alive and dead !  
 These that survive let Rome reward with love ;  
 These that I bring unto their latest home,  
 With burial amongst their ancestors :  
 Here Goths have given me leave to sheathe my sword.  
 Titus, unkind, and careless of thine own,  
 Why suffer'st thou thy sons, unburied yet,  
 To hover on the dreadful shore of Styx ?—  
 Make way to lay them by their brethren.—

[*They open the tomb.*

There greet in silence, as the dead are wont, 90  
 And sleep in peace, slain in your country's wars !  
 O sacred receptacle of my joys,  
 Sweet cell of virtue and nobility,  
 How many sons of mine hast thou in store,  
 That thou wilt never render to me more !

*Luc.* Give us the proudest prisoner of the Goths,  
 That we may hew his limbs, and on a pile  
*Ad manes fratrum* sacrifice his flesh,  
 Before this earthy prison of their bones ;  
 That so the shadows be not unappeased, 100  
 Nor we disturb'd with prodigies on earth.

*Tit.* I give him you,—the noblest that survives,  
 The eldest son of this distressed queen.

*Tam.* Stay, Roman brethren !—Gracious conqueror,  
 Victorious Titus, rue the tears I shed,  
 A mother's tears in passion for her son :  
 And if thy sons were ever dear to thee,  
 O, think my son to be as dear to me !  
 Sufficeth not, that we are brought to Rome,  
 To beautify thy triumphs and return, 110  
 Captive to thee and to thy Roman yoke ;  
 But must my sons be slaughter'd in the streets,  
 For valiant doings in their country's cause ?  
 O, if to fight for king and commonweal  
 Were piety in thine, it is in these.

Andronicus, stain not thy tomb with blood:  
 Wilt thou draw near the nature of the gods?  
 Draw near them, then, in being merciful:  
 Sweet mercy is nobility's true badge:  
 Thrice-noble Titus, spare my first-born son. 120

*Tit.* Patient yourself, madam, and pardon me.  
 These are their brethren, whom you Goths beheld  
 Alive and dead; and for their brethren slain  
 Religiously they ask a sacrifice:  
 To this your son is markt; and die he must,  
 T' appease their groaning shadows that are gone.

*Luc.* Away with him! and make a fire straight;  
 And with our swords, upon a pile of wood,  
 Let's hew his limbs till they be clean consumed.

*[Exeunt the Sons of ANDRONICUS with ALARBUS.]*

*Tam.* O cruel, irreligious piety! 130

*Cbi.* Was ever Scythia half so barbarous?

*Dem.* Oppose not Scythia to ambitious Rome.

Alarbus goes to rest; and we survive  
 To tremble under Titus' threatening looks.  
 Then, madam, stand resolved; but hope withal,  
 The self-same gods, that arm'd the Queen of Troy  
 With opportunity of sharp revenge  
 Upon the Thracian tyrant in her tent,  
 May favour Tamora, the Queen of Goths,—  
 When Goths were Goths, and Tamora was queen,— 140  
 To quit these bloody wrongs upon her foes.

*Enter the Sons of ANDRONICUS again, with their  
 swords bloody.*

*Luc.* See, lord and father, how we have perform'd  
 Our Roman rites: Alarbus' limbs are lopt,  
 And entrails feed the sacrificing fire,  
 Whose smoke, like incense, doth perfume the sky.  
 Remaineth naught, but to inter our brethren,  
 And with loud 'larums welcome them to Rome.

*Tit.* Let it be so; and let Andronicus  
Make this his latest farewell to their souls.

[*Then sound trumpets and lay the coffin in the tomb.*

In peace and honour rest you here, my sons; 150  
Rome's readiest champions, repose you here,  
Secure from worldly chances and mishaps!  
Here lurks no treason, here no envy swells,  
Here grow no damned grudges; here are no storms,  
No noise, but silence and eternal sleep:

*Enter LAVINIA.*

In peace and honour rest you here, my sons!

*Lav.* In peace and honour live Lord Titus long;  
My noble lord and father, live in fame!  
Lo, at this tomb my tributary tears  
I render, for my brethren's obsequies; 160  
And at thy feet I kneel, with tears of joy,  
Shed on the earth, for thy return to Rome:  
O, bless me here with thy victorious hand,  
Whose fortunes Rome's best citizens applaud!

*Tit.* Kind Rome, that hast thus lovingly reserved  
The cordial of mine age to glad my heart!—  
Lavinia, live; outlive thy father's days,  
And fame's eternal date, for virtue's praise!

*Enter, below, MARCUS ANDRONICUS and Tribunes;  
SATURNINUS and BASSIANUS, attended.*

*Marc.* Long live Lord Titus, my beloved brother,  
Gracious triumpher in the eyes of Rome! 170

*Tit.* Thanks, gentle tribune, noble brother Marcus.

*Marc.* And welcome, nephews, from successful wars,  
You that survive, and you that sleep in fame!  
Fair lords, your fortunes are alike in all,  
That in your country's service drew your swords:  
But safer triumph is this funeral pomp,  
That hath aspired to Solon's happiness,  
And triumphs over chance in honour's bed.—

Titus Andronicus, the people of Rome,  
Whose friend in justice thou hast ever been, 180  
Send thee by me, their tribune and their trust,  
This palliament of white and spotless hue ;  
And name thee in election for the empire,  
With these our late-deceased emperor's sons :  
Be *candidatus*, then, and put it on,  
And help to set a head on headless Rome.

*Tit.* A better head her glorious body fits  
Than his that shakes for age and feebleness :  
What should I don this robe, and trouble you ?  
Be chosen with proclamations to-day, 190  
To-morrow yield up rule, resign my life,  
And set abroach new business for you all ?  
Rome, I have been thy soldier forty years,  
And led my country's strength successfully,  
And buried one-and-twenty valiant sons,  
Knighted in field, slain manfully in arms,  
In right and service of their noble country :  
Give me a staff of honour for mine age,  
But not a sceptre to control the world :  
Upright he held it, lords, that held it last. 200

*Marc.* Titus, thou shalt obtain and ask the empery.

*Sat.* Proud and ambitious tribune, canst thou tell ?

*Tit.* Patience, Prince Saturnine.

*Sat.* Romans, do me right ;—  
Patricians, draw your swords, and sheathe them not  
Till Saturninus be Rome's emperor.—  
Andronicus, would thou wert shipt to hell,  
Rather than rob me of the people's hearts !

*Luc.* Proud Saturnine, interrupter of the good  
That noble-minded Titus means to thee !

*Tit.* Content thee, prince ; I will restore to thee 210  
The people's hearts, and wean them from themselves.

*Bas.* Andronicus, I do not flatter thee,  
But honour thee, and will do till I die :  
My faction if thou strengthen with thy friends,



I will most thankful be ; and thanks to men  
Of noble minds is honourable meed.

*Tit.* People of Rome, and people's tribunes here,  
I ask your voices and your suffrages :  
Will you bestow them friendly on Andronicus ?

*Tribunes.* To gratify the good Andronicus, 220  
And gratulate his safe return to Rome,  
The people will accept whom he admits.

*Tit.* Tribunes, I thank you : and this suit I make,  
That you create your emperor's eldest son,  
Lord Saturnine ; whose virtues will, I hope,  
Reflect on Rome as Titan's rays on earth,  
And ripen justice in this commonweal :  
Then, if you will elect by my advice,  
Crown him, and say, "Long live our emperor !"

*Marc.* With voices and applause of every sort, 230  
Patricians and plebeians, we create  
Lord Saturninus Rome's great emperor,  
And say, "Long live our Emperor Saturnine !"

*[A long flourish till they come down.]*

*Sat.* Titus Andronicus, for thy favours done  
To us in our election this day  
I give thee thanks in part of thy deserts,  
And will with deeds requite thy gentleness :  
And, for an onset, Titus, to advance  
Thy name and honourable family,  
Lavinia will I make my empress, 240  
Rome's royal mistress, mistress of my heart,  
And in the sacred Pantheon her espouse :  
Tell me, Andronicus, doth this motion please thee ?

*Tit.* It doth, my worthy lord ; and in this match  
I hold me highly honour'd of your Grace :  
And here, in sight of Rome, to Saturnine—  
King and commander of our commonweal,  
The wide world's emperor—do I consecrate  
My sword, my chariot, and my prisoners ;  
Presents well worthy Rome's imperial lord : 250

Receive them, then, the tribute that I owe,  
Mine honour's ensigns humbled at thy feet.

*Sat.* Thanks, noble Titus, father of my life!  
How proud I am of thee and of thy gifts  
Rome shall record; and when I do forget  
The least of these unspeakable deserts,  
Romans, forget your fealty to me.

*Tit.* [*to TAMORA*] Now, madam, are you prisoner to  
an emperor;  
To him that, for your honour and your state,  
Will use you nobly and your followers. 260

*Sat.* [*aside*] A goodly lady, trust me; of the hue  
That I would choose, were I to choose anew.—  
Clear up, fair queen, that cloudy countenance:  
Though chance of war hath wrought this change of  
cheer,

Thou comest not to be made a scorn in Rome:  
Princely shall be thy usage every way.  
Rest on my word, and let not discontent  
Daunt all your hopes: madam, he comforts you  
Can make you greater than the Queen of Goths.—  
Lavinia, you are not displeased with this? 270

*Lav.* Not I, my lord; sith true nobility  
Warrants these words in princely courtesy.

*Sat.* Thanks, sweet Lavinia.—Romans, let us go:  
Ransomless here we set our prisoners free:  
Proclaim our honours, lords, with trump and drum.

[*Flourish.* SATURNINUS courts TAMORA in  
*dumb-show.*]

*Bas.* Lord Titus, by your leave, this maid is mine.

[*Seizing LAVINIA.*]

*Tit.* How, sir! are you in earnest, then, my lord?

*Bas.* Ay, noble Titus; and resolved withal  
To do myself this reason and this right.

*Marc.* *Suum cuique* is our Roman justice: 280  
This prince in justice seizeth but his own.

*Luc.* And that he will, and shall, if Lucius live.

*Tit.* Traitors, avaunt!—Where is the emperor's guard?—

Treason, my lord,—Lavinia is surprised!

*Sat.* Surprised! by whom?

*Bas.* By him that justly may  
Bear his betrothed from all the world away.

[*Exeunt BASSIANUS and MARCUS with LAVINIA.*

*Mut.* Brothers, help to convey her hence away,  
And with my sword I'll keep this door safe.

[*Exeunt LUCIUS, QUINTUS, and MARTIUS.*

*Tit.* Follow, my lord, and I'll soon bring her back.

[*Exeunt SATURNINUS, TAMORA, and her Sons,  
and AARON the Moor.*

*Mut.* My lord, you pass not here.

*Tit.* What, villain boy! 190

Barr'st me my way in Rome?

*Mut.* Help, Lucius, help!  
[*TITUS kills MUTIUS.*

*Enter LUCIUS.*

*Luc.* My lord, you are unjust; and, more than so,  
In wrongful quarrel you have slain your son.

*Tit.* Nor thou, nor he, are any sons of mine;  
My sons would never so dishonour me:  
Traitor, restore Lavinia to the emperor.

*Luc.* Dead, if you will; but not to be his wife,  
That is another's lawful-promised love. [*Exit.*

*Enter aloft the Emperor SATURNINUS with TAMORA  
and her two Sons, and AARON the Moor.*

*Sat.* No, Titus, no; the emperor needs her not,  
Nor her, nor thee, nor any of thy stock: 300  
I'll trust, by leisure, him that mocks me once;  
Thee never, nor thy traitorous haughty sons,  
Confederates all thus to dishonour me.  
Was there none else in Rome to make a stale,  
But Saturnine? Full well, Andronicus,

Agree these deeds with that proud brag of thine,  
That saidst, I begg'd the empire at thy hands.

*Tit.* O monstrous! what reproachful words are these?

*Sat.* But go thy ways; go, give that changing piece  
To him that flourisht for her with his sword: 310  
A valiant son-in-law thou shalt enjoy;  
One fit to bandy with thy lawless sons,  
To ruffle in the commonwealth of Rome.

*Tit.* These words are razors to my wounded heart.

*Sat.* And therefore, lovely Tamora, Queen of Goths,—  
That, like the stately Phœbe 'mongst her nymphs,  
Dost overshadow the gallant'st dames of Rome,—  
If thou be pleased with this my sudden choice,  
Behold, I choose thee, Tamora, for my bride,  
And will create thee empress of Rome. 320  
Speak, Queen of Goths, dost thou applaud my choice?  
And here I swear by all the Roman gods,—  
Sith priest and holy water are so near,  
And tapers burn so bright, and every thing  
In readiness for Hymenæus stand,—  
I will not re-salute the streets of Rome,  
Or climb my palace, till from forth this place  
I lead espoused my bride along with me.

*Tam.* And here, in sight of heaven, to Rome I swear,  
If Saturnine advance the Queen of Goths, 330  
She will a handmaid be to his desires,  
A loving nurse, a mother to his youth.

*Sat.* Ascend, fair queen, Pantheon.—Lords, accom-  
pany  
Your noble emperor and his lovely bride,  
Sent by the heavens for Prince Saturnine,  
Whose wisdom hath her fortune conquered:  
There shall we consummate our spousal rites.

[*Exeunt all but* TITUS.]

*Tit.* I am not bid to wait upon this bride:—  
Titus, when wert thou wont to walk alone,  
Dishonour'd thus, and challenged of wrongs? 340

*Enter* MARCUS, LUCIUS, QUINTUS, *and* MARTIUS.

*Marc.* O Titus, see, O, see what thou hast done!  
In a bad quarrel slain a virtuous son.

*Tit.* No, foolish tribune, no; no son of mine,—  
Nor thou, nor these, confederates in the deed  
That hath dishonour'd all our family;  
Unworthy brother, and unworthy sons!

*Luc.* But let us give him burial, as becomes;  
Give Mutius burial with our brethren.

*Tit.* Traitors, away! he rests not in this tomb:—  
This monument five hundred years hath stood, 350  
Which I have sumptuously re-edified:  
Here none but soldiers and Rome's servitors  
Repose in fame; none basely slain in brawls:—  
Bury him where you can, he comes not here.

*Marc.* My lord, this is impiety in you:  
My nephew Mutius' deeds do plead for him;  
He must be buried with his brethren.

*Quin.* }  
*Mart.* } And shall, or him we will accompany.

*Tit.* "And shall"! what villain was it spake that  
word?

*Quin.* He that would vouch it in any place but here. 360

*Tit.* What, would you bury him in my despite?

*Marc.* No, noble Titus; but entreat of thee  
To pardon Mutius, and to bury him.

*Tit.* Marcus, even thou hast struck upon my crest,  
And, with these boys, mine honour thou hast wounded:  
My foes I do repute you every one;  
So, trouble me no more, but get you gone.

*Mart.* He is not with himself; let us withdraw.

*Quin.* Not I, till Mutius' bones be buried.

[MARCUS *and* the Sons of TITUS kneel.]

*Marc.* Brother, for in that name doth nature plead,— 370

*Quin.* Father, and in that name doth nature speak,—

*Tit.* Speak thou no more, if all the rest will speed.

*Marc.* Renowned Titus, more than half my soul,—

*Luc.* Dear father, soul and substance of us all,—

*Marc.* Suffer thy brother Marcus to inter  
His noble nephew here in virtue's nest,  
That died in honour and Lavinia's cause.  
Thou art a Roman,—be not barbarous:  
The Greeks upon advice did bury Ajax,  
That slew himself; and wise Laertes' son 380  
Did graciously plead for his funerals:  
Let not young Mutius, then, that was thy joy,  
Be barr'd his entrance here.

*Tit.* Rise, Marcus, rise:—  
The dismall'st day is this that e'er I saw,  
To be dishonour'd by my sons in Rome!—  
Well, bury him, and bury me the next.

[*They put MUTIUS in the tomb.*]

*Luc.* There lie thy bones, sweet Mutius, with thy  
friends,  
Till we with trophies do adorn thy tomb.

*All.* [*kneeling*] No man shed tears for noble Mutius;  
He lives in fame that died in virtue's cause. 390

*Marc.* My lord,—to step out of these dreary dumps,—  
How comes it that the subtle Queen of Goths  
Is of a sudden thus advanced in Rome?

*Tit.* I know not, Marcus; but I know it is,—  
Whether by device or no, the heavens can tell:  
Is she not, then, beholding to the man  
That brought her for this high good turn so far?

*Marc.* Yes, and will nobly him remunerate.

*Flourish.* Enter the Emperor SATURNINUS, TAMORA and  
her two Sons, with the MOOR at one door; enter at the  
other door, BASSIANUS and LAVINIA, with others.

*Sat.* So, Bassianus, you have play'd your prize:  
God give you joy, sir, of your gallant bride! 400

*Bas.* And you of yours, my lord! I say no more,  
Nor wish no less; and so, I take my leave.

*Sat.* Traitor, if Rome have law, or we have power,  
Thou and thy faction shall repent this rape.

*Bas.* Rape, call you it, my lord, to seize my own,  
My true-betrothed love, and now my wife?  
But let the laws of Rome determine all;  
Meanwhile I am possess of that is mine.

*Sat.* 'Tis good, sir: you are very short with us;  
But, if we live, we'll be as sharp with you. 410

*Bas.* My lord, what I have done, as best I may  
Answer I must, and shall do with my life.  
Only thus much I give your Grace to know,—  
By all the duties that I owe to Rome,  
This noble gentleman, Lord Titus here,  
Is in opinion and in honour wrong'd;  
That, in the rescue of Lavinia,  
With his own hand did slay his youngest son,  
In zeal to you, and highly moved to wrath  
To be controll'd in that he frankly gave: 420  
Receive him, then, to favour, Saturnine,  
That hath exprest himself in all his deeds  
A father and a friend to thee and Rome.

*Tit.* Prince Bassianus, leave to plead my deeds:  
'Tis thou and those that have dishonour'd me.  
Rome and the righteous heavens be my judge,  
How I have loved and honour'd Saturnine!

*Tam.* My worthy lord, if ever Tamora  
Were gracious in those princely eyes of thine,  
Then hear me speak indifferently for all; 430  
And at my suit, sweet, pardon what is past.

*Sat.* What, madam! be dishonour'd openly,  
And basely put it up without revenge?

*Tam.* Not so, my lord; the gods of Rome forbend  
I should be author to dishonour you!  
But on mine honour dare I undertake  
For good Lord Titus' innocence in all;  
Whose fury not dissembled speaks his griefs:  
Then, at my suit, look graciously on him;

Lose not so noble a friend on vain suppose, 440  
 Nor with sour looks afflict his gentle heart.—  
 [*aside to SAT.*] My lord, be ruled by me, be won at last ;  
 Dissemble all your griefs and discontents :  
 You are but newly planted in your throne ;  
 Lest, then, the people, and patricians too,  
 Upon a just survey, take Titus' part,  
 And so supplant you for ingratitude,—  
 Which Rome reposes to be a heinous sin,—  
 Yield at entreats ; and then let me alone :  
 I'll find a day to massacre them all, 450  
 And raze their faction and their family,  
 The cruel father and his traitorous sons,  
 To whom I sued for my dear son's life ;  
 And make them know what 'tis to let a queen  
 Kneel in the streets and beg for grace in vain.—  
 Come, come, sweet emperor,—come, Andronicus,—  
 Take up this good old man, and cheer the heart  
 That dies in tempest of thy angry frown.

*Sat.* Rise, Titus, rise ; my empress hath prevail'd.

*Tit.* I thank your majesty, and her, my lord : 460  
 These words, these looks, infuse new life in me.

*Tam.* Titus, I am incorporate in Rome,  
 A Roman now adopted happily,  
 And must advise the emperor for his good.  
 This day all quarrels die, Andronicus ;—  
 And let it be mine honour, good my lord,  
 That I have reconciled your friends and you.—  
 For you, Prince Bassianus, I have past  
 My word and promise to the emperor,  
 That you will be more mild and tractable.— 470  
 And fear not, lords,—and you, Lavinia ;—  
 By my advice, all humbled on your knees,  
 You shall ask pardon of his majesty.

[MARCUS, LAVINIA, and the Sons  
 of TITUS kneel.

*Luc.* We do ; and vow to heaven, and to his highness,



That what we did was mildly as we might,  
Tend'ring our sister's honour and our own.

*Marc.* That, on mine honour, here I do protest.

*Sat.* Away, and talk not; trouble us no more.

*Tam.* Nay, nay, sweet emperor, we must all be friends:  
The tribune and his nephews kneel for grace; 480  
I will not be denied: sweet heart, look back.

*Sat.* Marcus, for thy sake and thy brother's here,  
And at my lovely Tamora's entreats,  
I do remit these young men's heinous faults. [*Stand up.*  
Lavinia, though you left me like a churl,  
I found a friend; and sure as death I swore  
I would not part a bachelor from the priest.  
Come, if the emperor's court can feast two brides,  
You are my guest, Lavinia, and your friends.—  
This day shall be a love-day, Tamora. 490

*Tit.* To-morrow, an it please your majesty  
To hunt the panther and the hart with me,  
With horn and hound we'll give your Grace *bonjour*.

*Sat.* Be it so, Titus, and gramercy too.

[*Flourish.* *Exeunt.*

## ACT II.

### SCENE I. *Rome. Before the palace.*

*Enter AARON alone.*

*Aar.* Now climbeth Tamora Olympus' top,  
Safe out of fortune's shot; and sits aloft,  
Secure of thunder's crack or lightning-flash;  
Advanced above pale envy's threat'ning reach.  
As when the golden sun salutes the morn,  
And, having gilt the ocean with his beams,  
Gallops the zodiac in his glistening coach,  
And overlooks the highest-peering hills;  
So Tamora:  
Upon her wit doth earthly honour wait, 10

And virtue stoops and trembles at her frown.  
 Then, Aaron, arm thy heart, and fit thy thoughts,  
 To mount aloft with thy imperial mistress,  
 And mount her pitch, whom thou in triumph long  
 Hast prisoner held, fetter'd in amorous chains,  
 And faster bound to Aaron's charming eyes  
 Than is Prometheus tied to Caucasus.  
 Away with slavish weeds and servile thoughts!  
 I will be bright, and shine in pearl and gold,  
 To wait upon this new-made empress. 20  
 To wait, said I? to wanton with this queen,  
 This goddess, this Semiramis, this nymph,  
 This siren, that will charm Rome's Saturnine,  
 And see his shipwrack and his commonweal's.—  
 Holla! what storm is this?

*Enter DEMETRIUS and CHIRON, braving.*

*Dem.* Chiron, thy years wants wit, thy wit wants  
 edge,  
 And manners, to intrude where I am graced;  
 And may, for aught thou know'st, affected be.  
*Cbi.* Demetrius, thou dost over-ween in all;  
 And so in this, to bear me down with braves. 30  
 'Tis not the difference of a year or two  
 Makes me less gracious, or thee more fortunate:  
 I am as able and as fit as thou  
 To serve, and to deserve my mistress' grace;  
 And that my sword upon thee shall approve,  
 And plead my passions for Lavinia's love.

*Aar.* [*aside*] Clubs, clubs! these lovers will not keep  
 the peace.

*Dem.* Why, boy, although our mother, unadvised,  
 Gave you a dancing-rapier by your side,  
 Are you so desperate grown to threat your friends? 40  
 Go to; have your lath glued within your sheath  
 Till you know better how to handle it.

*Cbi.* Meanwhile, sir, with the little skill I have,  
Full well shalt thou perceive how much I dare.

*Dem.* Ay, boy, grow ye so brave? [*They draw.*]

*Aar.* [*coming forward*] Why, how now, lords!

So near the emperor's palace dare you draw,  
And maintain such a quarrel openly?

Full well I wot the ground of all this grudge:

I would not for a million of gold

The cause were known to them it most concerns; 50

Nor would your noble mother for much more

Be so dishonour'd in the court of Rome.

For shame, put up.

*Dem.* Not I, till I have sheathed  
My rapier in his bosom, and withal

Thrust these reproachful speeches down his throat

That he hath breathed in my dishonour here.

*Cbi.* For that I am prepared and full resolved,—

Foul-spoken coward, that thunder'st with thy tongue,

And with thy weapon nothing darest perform.

*Aar.* Away, I say!— 60

Now, by the gods that warlike Goths adore,

This pretty brabble will undo us all.—

Why, lords, and think you not how dangerous

It is to jet upon a prince's right?

What, is Lavinia, then, become so loose,

Or Bassianus so degenerate,

That for her love such quarrels may be broacht

Without controlment, justice, or revenge?

Young lords, beware! an should the empress know

This discord's ground, the music would not please. 70

*Cbi.* I care not, I, knew she and all the world:

I love Lavinia more than all the world.

*Dem.* Youngling, learn thou to make some meaner  
choice;

Lavinia is thine elder brother's hope.

*Aar.* Why, are ye mad? or know ye not, in Rome  
How furious and impatient they be,

And cannot brook competitors in love?  
I tell you, lords, you do but plot your deaths  
By this device.

*Cbi.* Aaron, a thousand deaths

Would I propose to achieve her whom I love. 80

*Aar.* To achieve her!—how?

*Dem.* Why makest thou it so strange?

She is a woman, therefore may be woo'd;

She is a woman, therefore may be won;

She is Lavinia, therefore must be loved.

What, man! more water glideth by the mill

Than wots the miller of; and easy it is

Of a cut loaf to steal a shive, we know:

Though Bassianus be the emperor's brother,

Better than he have worn Vulcan's badge.

*Aar.* [*aside*] Ay, and as good as Saturninus may. 90

*Dem.* Then why should he despair that knows to  
court it

With words, fair looks, and liberality?

What, hast not thou full often struck a doe,

And borne her cleanly by the keeper's nose?

*Aar.* Why, then, it seems, some certain snatch or so  
Would serve your turns.

*Cbi.* Ay, so the turn were served.

*Dem.* Aaron, thou hast hit it.

*Aar.* Would you had hit it too!

Then should not we be tired with this ado.

Why, hark ye, hark ye,—and are you such fools

To square for this? would it offend you, then, 100

That both should speed?

*Cbi.* Faith, not me.

*Dem.* Nor me, so I were one.

*Aar.* For shame, be friends, and join for that you jar:

'Tis policy and stratagem must do

That you affect; and so must you resolve,

That what you cannot as you would achieve,

You must perforce accomplish as you may.

Take this of me,—Lucrece was not more chaste  
 Than this Lavinia, Bassianus' love.  
 A speedier course than lingering languishment 110  
 Must we pursue, and I have found the path.  
 My lords, a solemn hunting is in hand ;  
 There will the lovely Roman ladies troop :  
 The forest-walks are wide and spacious ;  
 And many unfrequented plots there are  
 Fitted by kind for rape and villainy :  
 Single you thither, then, this dainty doe,  
 And strike her home by force, if not by words :  
 This way, or not at all, stand you in hope.  
 Come, come, our empress, with her sacred wit 120  
 To villainy and vengeance consecrate,  
 Will we acquaint with all that we intend ;  
 And she shall file our engines with advice,  
 That will not suffer you to square yourselves,  
 But to your wishes' height advance you both.  
 The emperor's court is like the house of Fame,  
 The palace full of tongues, of eyes, and ears :  
 The woods are ruthless, dreadful, deaf, and dull ;  
 There speak, and strike, brave boys, and take your turns ;  
 There serve your lust, shadow'd from heaven's eye, 130  
 And revel in Lavinia's treasury.

*Cbi.* Thy counsel, lad, smells of no cowardice.

*Dem.* *Sit fas aut nefas*, till I find the stream  
 To cool this heat, a charm to calm these fits,  
*Per Styga, per manes vebor.* [Exeunt.

SCENE II. *A forest near Rome.*

*Enter* TITUS ANDRONICUS *and his three Sons, making a noise with bounds and horns; and* MARCUS.

*Tit.* The hunt is up, the morn is bright and gray,  
 The fields are fragrant, and the woods are green :  
 Uncouple here, and let us make a bay,  
 And wake the emperor and his lovely bride,

And rouse the prince, and ring a hunter's peal,  
 That all the court may echo with the noise.  
 Sons, let it be your charge, as it is ours,  
 To attend the emperor's person carefully :  
 I have been troubled in my sleep this night,  
 But dawning day new comfort hath inspired. 10

*Here a cry of hounds, and wind horns in a peal. Enter  
 SATURNINUS, TAMORA, BASSIANUS, LAVINIA, DEME-  
 TRIUS, CHIRON, and their Attendants.*

Many good morrows to your majesty ;—  
 Madam, to you as many and as good :—  
 I promised your Grace a hunter's peal.

*Sat.* And you have rung it lustily, my lords ;  
 Somewhat too early for new-married ladies.

*Bas.* Lavinia, how say you ?

*Lav.* I say, no ;

I have been broad awake two hours and more.

*Sat.* Come on, then ; horse and chariots let us have,  
 And to our sport.—[*to TAMORA*] Madam, now shall  
 ye see

Our Roman hunting.

*Marc.* I have dogs, my lord, 20  
 Will rouse the proudest panther in the chase,  
 And climb the highest promontory top.

*Tit.* And I have horse will follow where the game  
 Makes way, and run like swallows o'er the plain.

*Dem.* Chiron, we hunt not, we, with horse nor hound,  
 But hope to pluck a dainty doe to ground. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A lonely part of the forest.*

*Enter AARON alone, with a bag of gold.*

*Aar.* He that had wit would think that I had none,  
 To bury so much gold under a tree,  
 And never after to inherit it.  
 Let him that thinks of me so abjectly

Know that this gold must coin a stratagem,  
Which, cunningly effected, will beget  
A very excellent piece of villainy :  
And so repose, sweet gold, for their unrest  
[*Hides the gold.*  
That have their alms out of the empress' chest.

*Enter TAMORA to the Moor.*

*Tam.* My lovely Aaron, wherefore look'st thou sad, 10  
When every thing doth make a gleeful boast ?  
The birds chant melody on every bush ;  
The snake lies rolled in the cheerful sun ;  
The green leaves quiver with the cooling wind,  
And make a chequer'd shadow on the ground :  
Under their sweet shade, Aaron, let us sit,  
And, whilst the babbling echo mocks the hounds,  
Replying shrilly to the well-tuned horns,  
As if a double hunt were heard at once,  
Let us sit down and mark their yelping noise ; 20  
And—after conflict such as was supposed  
The wandering prince and Dido once enjoy'd,  
When with a happy storm they were surprised,  
And curtain'd with a counsel-keeping cave—  
We may, each wreathed in the other's arms,  
Our pastimes done, possess a golden slumber ;  
Whiles hounds and horns and sweet melodious birds  
Be unto us as is a nurse's song  
Of lullaby to bring her babe asleep.

*Aar.* Madam, though Venus govern your desires, 30  
Saturn is dominator over mine :  
What signifies my deadly-standing eye,  
My silence and my cloudy melancholy,  
My fleece of woolly hair that now uncurls  
Even as an adder when she doth unroll  
To do some fatal execution ?  
No, madam, these are no venereal signs :  
Vengeance is in my heart, death in my hand,

Blood and revenge are hammering in my head.  
 Hark, Tamora,—the empress of my soul, 40  
 Which never hopes more heaven than rests in thee,—  
 This is the day of doom for Bassianus:  
 His Philomel must lose her tongue to-day;  
 Thy sons make pillage of her chastity,  
 And wash their hands in Bassianus' blood.  
 Seest thou this letter? take it up, I pray thee,  
 And give the king this fatal-plotted scroll.—  
 Now question me no more,—we are espied;  
 Here comes a parcel of our hopeful booty,  
 Which dreads not yet their lives' destruction. 50

*Tam.* Ah, my sweet Moor, sweeter to me than life!

*Aar.* No more, great empress,—Bassianus comes:  
 Be cross with him; and I'll go fetch thy sons  
 To back thy quarrels, whatsoe'er they be. [*Exit.*]

*Enter BASSIANUS and LAVINIA.*

*Bas.* Who have we here? Rome's royal empress,  
 Unfurnisht of her well-beseeming troop?  
 Or is it Dian, habited like her,  
 Who hath abandoned her holy groves  
 To see the general hunting in this forest?

*Tam.* Saucy controller of our private steps! 60  
 Had I the power that some say Dian had,  
 Thy temples should be planted presently  
 With horns, as was Actæon's; and the hounds  
 Should drive upon thy new-transformed limbs,  
 Unmannerly intruder as thou art!

*Lav.* Under your patience, gentle empress,  
 'Tis thought you have a goodly gift in horning;  
 And to be doubted that your Moor and you  
 Are singled forth to try experiments:  
 Jove shield your husband from his hounds to-day! 70  
 'Tis pity they should take him for a stag.

*Bas.* Believe me, queen, your swarth Cimmerian  
 Doth make your honour of his body's hue,



Spotted, detested, and abominable.  
 Why are you sequester'd from all your train,  
 Dismounted from your snow-white goodly steed,  
 And wander'd hither to an obscure plot,  
 Accompanied but with a barbarous Moor,  
 If foul desire had not conducted you?

*Lav.* And, being intercepted in your sport, 80  
 Great reason that my noble lord be rated  
 For sauciness.—I pray you, let us hence,  
 And let her joy her raven-colour'd love;  
 This valley fits the purpose passing well.

*Bas.* The king my brother shall have note of this.

*Lav.* Ay, for these slips have made him noted long:  
 Good king, to be so mightily abused!

*Tam.* Why have I patience to endure all this?

*Enter DEMETRIUS and CHIRON.*

*Dem.* How now, dear sovereign and our gracious  
 mother!

Why doth your highness look so pale and wan? 90

*Tam.* Have I not reason, think you, to look pale?  
 These two have ticed me hither to this place:—

A barren detested vale you see it is;  
 The trees, though summer, yet forlorn and lean,  
 O'ercome with moss and baleful mistletoe:  
 Here never shines the sun; here nothing breeds,  
 Unless the nightly owl or fatal raven:—

And when they show'd me this abhorred pit,  
 They told me, here, at dead time of the night,  
 A thousand fiends, a thousand hissing snakes, 100  
 Ten thousand swelling toads, as many urchins,  
 Would make such fearful and confused cries,  
 As any mortal body hearing it  
 Should straight fall mad, or else die suddenly.

No sooner had they told this hellish tale,  
 But straight they told me they would bind me here  
 Unto the body of a dismal yew,

And leave me to this miserable death :  
 And then they call'd me foul adulteress,  
 Lascivious Goth, and all the bitterest terms 110  
 That ever ear did hear to such effect :  
 And, had you not by wondrous fortune come,  
 This vengeance on me had they executed.  
 Revenge it, as you love your mother's life,  
 Or be ye not henceforth call'd my children.

*Dem.* This is a witness that I am thy son.

[*Stabs* BASSIANUS.

*Cbi.* And this for me, struck home to show my  
 strength. [Stabs BASSIANUS, who dies.

*Lav.* Ay, come, Semiramis,—nay, barbarous Tamora,  
 For no name fits thy nature but thy own !

*Tam.* Give me the poniard ;—you shall know, my  
 boys, 120

Your mother's hand shall right your mother's wrong.

*Dem.* Stay, madam ; here is more belongs to her ;  
 First thrash the corn, then after burn the straw :  
 This minion stood upon her chastity,  
 Upon her nuptial vow, her loyalty,  
 And with that painted hope she braves your mightiness:  
 And shall she carry this unto her grave ?

*Cbi.* An if she do, I would I were an eunuch.  
 Drag hence her husband to some secret hole,  
 And make his dead trunk pillow to our lust. 130

*Tam.* But when ye have the honey ye desire,  
 Let not this wasp outlive, us both to sting.

*Cbi.* I warrant you, madam, we will make that sure.—  
 Come, mistress, now perforce we will enjoy  
 That nice-preserved honesty of yours.

*Lav.* O Tamora ! thou bear'st a woman's face,—

*Tam.* I will not hear her speak ; away with her !

*Lav.* Sweet lords, entreat her hear me but a word.

*Dem.* Listen, fair madam : let it be your glory  
 To see her tears ; but be your heart to them 140  
 As unrelenting flint to drops of rain.

*Lav.* When did the tiger's young ones teach the dam?  
O, do not learn her wrath,—she taught it thee;  
The milk thou suck'dst from her did turn to marble;  
Even at thy teat thou hadst thy tyranny.—  
Yet every mother breeds not sons alike:  
[to CHIRON] Do thou entreat her show a woman pity.

*Cbi.* What, wouldst thou have me prove myself a  
bastard?

*Lav.* 'Tis true,—the raven doth not hatch a lark:  
Yet have I heard,—O, could I find it now!— 150  
The lion, moved with pity, did endure  
To have his princely paws pared all away:  
Some say that ravens foster forlorn children,  
The whilst their own birds famish in their nests:  
O, be to me, though thy hard heart say no,  
Nothing so kind, but something pitiful!

*Tam.* I know not what it means.—Away with her!

*Lav.* O, let me teach thee! for my father's sake,  
That gave thee life, when well he might have slain thee,  
Be not obdurate, open thy deaf ears. 160

*Tam.* Hadst thou in person ne'er offended me,  
Even for his sake am I pitiless.—  
Remember, boys, I pour'd forth tears in vain  
To save your brother from the sacrifice;  
But fierce Andronicus would not relent:  
Therefore, away with her, and use her as you will;  
The worse to her, the better loved of me.

*Lav.* O Tamora, be call'd a gentle queen,  
And with thine own hands kill me in this place!  
For 'tis not life that I have begg'd so long; 170  
Poor I was slain when Bassianus died.

*Tam.* What begg'st thou, then? fond woman, let  
me go.

*Lav.* 'Tis present death I beg; and one thing more  
That womanhood denies my tongue to tell:  
O, keep me from their worse than killing lust,  
And tumble me into some loathsome pit,

Where never man's eye may behold my body :  
Do this, and be a charitable murderer.

*Tam.* So should I rob my sweet sons of their fee :  
No, let them satisfy their lust on thee. 180

*Dem.* Away ! for thou hast stay'd us here too long.

*Lav.* No grace ? no womanhood ? Ah, beastly  
creature !

The blot and enemy to our general name !  
Confusion fall—

*Cbi.* Nay, then I'll stop your mouth.—Bring thou  
her husband :

This is the hole where Aaron bid us hide him.

[*DEMETRIUS throws the body of BASSIANUS into  
the pit ; then exeunt DEMETRIUS and CHIRON,  
dragging off LAVINIA.*]

*Tam.* Farewell, my sons : see that you make her  
sure :—

Ne'er let my heart know merry cheer indeed  
Till all the Andronici be made away.

Now will I hence to seek my lovely Moor, 190  
And let my spleenful sons this trull deflow'r. [*Exit.*]

*Enter AARON, with QUINTUS and MARTIUS.*

*Aar.* Come on, my lords, the better foot before :  
Straight will I bring you to the loathsome pit  
Where I espied the panther fast asleep.

*Quin.* My sight is very dull, whate'er it bodes.

*Mart.* And mine, I promise you ; were it not for  
shame,

Well could I leave our sport to sleep awhile.

[*Falls into the pit.*]

*Quin.* What, art thou faln ?—What subtle hole is this,  
Whose mouth is cover'd with rude-growing briars,  
Upon whose leaves are drops of new-shed blood 200  
As fresh as morning dew distill'd on flowers ?  
A very fatal place it seems to me.—  
Speak, brother, hast thou hurt thee with the fall ?

*Mart.* O brother, with the dismall'st object hurt  
That ever eye with sight made heart lament!

*Aar.* [*aside*] Now will I fetch the king to find them  
here,

That he thereby may have a likely guess  
How these were they that made away his brother. [*Exit.*

*Mart.* Why dost not comfort me, and help me out  
From this unhallow'd and blood-stained hole? 210

*Quin.* I am surprised with an uncouth fear;  
A chilling sweat o'er-runs my trembling joints;  
My heart suspects more than mine eye can see.

*Mart.* To prove thou hast a true-divining heart,  
Aaron and thou look down into this den,  
And see a fearful sight of blood and death.

*Quin.* Aaron is gone; and my compassionate heart  
Will not permit mine eyes once to behold  
The thing whereat it trembles by surmise:  
O, tell me how it is; for ne'er till now 220  
Was I a child to fear I know not what.

*Mart.* Lord Bassianus lies embrewed here,  
All on a heap, like to a slaughter'd lamb,  
In this detested, dark, blood-drinking pit.

*Quin.* If it be dark, how dost thou know 'tis he?

*Mart.* Upon his bloody finger he doth wear  
A precious ring, that lightens all the hole,  
Which, like a taper in some monument,  
Doth shine upon the dead man's earthy cheeks,  
And shows the ragged entrails of the pit: 230  
So pale did shine the moon on Pyramus  
When he by night lay bathed in maiden blood.  
O brother, help me with thy fainting hand—  
If fear hath made thee faint, as me it hath—  
Out of this fell-devouring receptacle,  
As hateful as Cocytus' misty mouth.

*Quin.* Reach me thy hand, that I may help thee out;  
Or, wanting strength to do thee so much good,  
I may be pluckt into the swallowing womb

Of this deep pit, poor Bassianus' grave. 240  
I have no strength to pluck thee to the brink.

*Mart.* Nor I no strength to climb without thy help.

*Quin.* Thy hand once more; I will not loose again,  
Till thou art here aloft, or I below:  
Thou canst not come to me,—I come to thee. [*Falls in.*

*Enter SATURNINUS with AARON the Moor.*

*Sat.* Along with me: I'll see what hole is here,  
And what he is that now is leap'd into it.—  
Say, who art thou that lately didst descend  
Into this gaping hollow of the earth?

*Mart.* The unhappy son of old Andronicus; 250  
Brought hither in a most unlucky hour,  
To find thy brother Bassianus dead.

*Sat.* My brother dead! I know thou dost but jest:  
He and his lady both are at the lodge  
Upon the north side of this pleasant chase;  
'Tis not an hour since I left him there.

*Mart.* We know not where you left them all alive;  
But, out, alas! here have we found him dead.

*Enter TAMORA, with Attendants; TITUS ANDRONICUS,  
and LUCIUS.*

*Tam.* Where is my lord the king?

*Sat.* Here, Tamora; though grieved with killing  
grief. 260

*Tam.* Where is thy brother Bassianus?

*Sat.* Now to the bottom dost thou search my wound:  
Poor Bassianus here lies murdered.

*Tam.* Then all too late I bring this fatal writ,  
[*Giving a letter to SAT.*

The complot of this timeless tragedy;  
And wonder greatly that man's face can fold  
In pleasing smiles such murderous tyranny.

*Sat.* [*reads*] "An if we miss to meet him handsomely,—  
 Sweet huntsman, Bassianus 'tis we mean,—  
 Do thou so much as dig the grave for him :  
 Thou know'st our meaning. Look for thy reward  
 Among the nettles at the elder-tree  
 Which overshades the mouth of that same pit  
 Where we decreed to bury Bassianus.  
 Do this, and purchase us thy lasting friends."—  
 O Tamora ! was ever heard the like?—  
 This is the pit, and this the elder-tree.—  
 Look, sirs, if you can find the huntsman out  
 That should have murder'd Bassianus here.

270

*Aar.* My gracious lord, here is the bag of gold. 280  
 [*Showing it.*]

*Sat.* [*to Titus*] Two of thy whelps, fell curs of bloody  
 kind,

Have here bereft my brother of his life.—  
 Sirs, drag them from the pit unto the prison :  
 There let them bide until we have devised  
 Some never-heard-of torturing pain for them.

*Tam.* What, are they in this pit? O wondrous thing!  
 How easily murder is discovered !

*Tit.* High emperor, upon my feeble knee  
 I beg this boon, with tears not lightly shed,  
 That this fell fault of my accursed sons,—  
 Accursed, if the fault be proved in them,—

290

*Sat.* If it be proved ! you see it is apparent.—  
 Who found this letter? Tamora, was it you?

*Tam.* Andronicus himself did take it up.

*Tit.* I did, my lord : yet let me be their bail ;  
 For, by my father's reverend tomb, I vow  
 They shall be ready at your highness' will  
 To answer their suspicion with their lives.

*Sat.* Thou shalt not bail them : see thou follow me.—  
 Some bring the murder'd body, some the murderers : 300  
 Let them not speak a word,—the guilt is plain ;  
 For, by my soul, were there worse end than death,  
 That end upon them should be executed.

*Tam.* Andronicus, I will entreat the king :  
Fear not thy sons ; they shall do well enough.

*Tit.* Come, Lucius, come ; stay not to talk with them.  
[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *Another part of the forest.*

*Enter the Empress' Sons, DEMETRIUS and CHIRON, with LAVINIA, her hands cut off, and her tongue cut out, and ravisht.*

*Dem.* So, now go tell, an if thy tongue can speak,  
Who 'twas that cut thy tongue and ravisht thee.

*Cbi.* Write down thy mind, bewray thy meaning so,  
An if thy stumps will let thee play the scribe.

*Dem.* See, how with signs and tokens she can scowl.

*Cbi.* Go home, call for sweet water, wash thy hands.

*Dem.* She hath no tongue to call, nor hands to wash ;  
And so let's leave her to her silent walks.

*Cbi.* An 'twere my case, I should go hang myself.

*Dem.* If thou hadst hands to help thee knit the cord. 10

[*Exeunt DEMETRIUS and CHIRON.*]

*Wind horns. Enter MARCUS from hunting to LAVINIA.*

*Marc.* Who is this ? my niece, that flies away so fast !  
Cousin, a word ; where is your husband ?—

If I do dream, would all my wealth would wake me !

If I do wake, some planet strike me down,

That I may slumber in eternal sleep !—

Speak, gentle niece, what stern ungentle hands

Have lopt and hew'd and made thy body bare

Of her two branches, those sweet ornaments,

Whose circling shadows kings have sought to sleep in,

And might not gain so great a happiness

As have thy love ? Why dost not speak to me ?—

Alas, a crimson river of warm blood,



Like to a bubbling fountain stirr'd with wind,  
Doth rise and fall between thy rosed lips,  
Coming and going with thy honey breath.  
But, sure, some Tereus hath deflower'd thee,  
And, lest thou shouldst detect him, cut thy tongue.  
Ah, now thou turn'st away thy face for shame!  
And, notwithstanding all this loss of blood,—  
As from a conduit with three issuing spouts,— 30  
Yet do thy cheeks look red as Titan's face  
Blushing to be encounter'd with a cloud.  
Shall I speak for thee? shall I say 'tis so?  
O, that I knew thy heart! and knew the beast,  
That I might rail at him, to ease my mind!  
Sorrow concealed, like an oven stopt,  
Doth burn the heart to cinders where it is.  
Fair Philomela, she but lost her tongue,  
And in a tedious sampler sew'd her mind:  
But, lovely niece, that mean is cut from thee; 40  
A craftier Tereus, cousin, hast thou met,  
And he hath cut those pretty fingers off,  
That could have better sew'd than Philomel.  
O, had the monster seen those lily hands  
Tremble, like aspen-leaves, upon a lute,  
And make the silken strings delight to kiss them,  
He would not, then, have toucht them for his life!  
Or, had he heard the heavenly harmony  
Which that sweet tongue hath made,  
He would have dropt his knife, and fell asleep 50  
As Cerberus at the Thracian poet's feet.  
Come, let us go, and make thy father blind;  
For such a sight will blind a father's eye:  
One hour's storm will drown the fragrant meads;  
What will whole months of tears thy father's eyes?  
Do not draw back, for we will mourn with thee:  
O, could our mourning ease thy misery! [*Exeunt.*]

## ACT III.

SCENE I. *Rome. A street.*

*Enter Judges, Senators, and Tribunes, with TITUS' two Sons, MARTIUS and QUINTUS, bound, passing on the stage to the place of execution; TITUS going before, pleading.*

*Tit.* Hear me, grave fathers! noble tribunes, stay!  
For pity of mine age, whose youth was spent  
In dangerous wars, whilst you securely slept;  
For all my blood in Rome's great quarrel shed;  
For all the frosty nights that I have watcht;  
And for these bitter tears, which now you see  
Filling the aged wrinkles in my cheeks;  
Be pitiful to my condemned sons,  
Whose souls are not corrupted as 'tis thought.  
For two-and-twenty sons I never wept, 10  
Because they died in honour's lofty bed.  
For these, these, tribunes, in the dust I write  
    *[Lieth down, and the Judges pass by him, and exeunt.*  
My heart's deep languor and my soul's sad tears:  
Let my tears stanch the earth's dry appetite;  
My sons' sweet blood will make it shame and blush.

*[Exeunt Senators, &c., with the Prisoners.*

O earth, I will befriend thee more with rain,  
That shall distil from these two ancient urns,  
Than youthful April shall with all his showers:  
In summer's drought I'll drop upon thee still;  
In winter with warm tears I'll melt the snow, 20  
And keep eternal spring-time on thy face,  
So thou refuse to drink my dear sons' blood.

*Enter LUCIUS, with his weapon drawn.*

O reverend tribunes! O gentle, aged men!

Unbind my sons, reverse the doom of death ;  
 And let me say, that never wept before,  
 My tears are now prevailing orators.

*Luc.* O noble father, you lament in vain :  
 The tribunes hear you not ; no man is by ;  
 And you recount your sorrows to a stone.

*Tit.* Ah, Lucius, for thy brothers let me plead.— 30  
 Grave tribunes, once more I entreat of you,—

*Luc.* My gracious lord, no tribune hears you speak.

*Tit.* Why, 'tis no matter, man : if they did hear,  
 They would not mark me ; or if they did mark,  
 They would not pity me. Yet plead I must :  
 And bootless unto them . . . . .  
 Therefore I tell my sorrows to the stones ;  
 Who, though they cannot answer my distress,  
 Yet in some sort they are better than the tribunes,  
 For that they will not intercept my tale : 40  
 When I do weep, they humbly at my feet  
 Receive my tears, and seem to weep with me ;  
 And, were they but attired in grave weeds,  
 Rome could afford no tribune like to these.  
 A stone is soft as wax, tribunes more hard than stones ;  
 A stone is silent, and offendeth not,  
 And tribunes with their tongues doom men to death.—

[*Rises.*

But wherefore stand'st thou with thy weapon drawn?

*Luc.* To rescue my two brothers from their death :  
 For which attempt the judges have pronounced 50  
 My everlasting doom of banishment.

*Tit.* O happy man ! they have befriended thee.  
 Why, foolish Lucius, dost thou not perceive  
 That Rome is but a wilderness of tigers ?  
 Tigers must prey ; and Rome affords no prey  
 But me and mine : how happy art thou, then,  
 From these devourers to be banished !—  
 But who comes with our brother Marcus here ?

*Enter* MARCUS *and* LAVINIA.

*Marc.* Titus, prepare thy aged eyes to weep ;  
Or, if not so, thy noble heart to break : 60  
I bring consuming sorrow to thine age.

*Tit.* Will it consume me? let me see it, then.

*Marc.* This was thy daughter.

*Tit.* Why, Marcus, so she is.

*Luc.* Ay me, this object kills me!

*Tit.* Faint-hearted boy, arise, and look upon her.—  
Speak, Lavinia, what accursed hand  
Hath made thee handless in thy father's sight?  
What fool hath added water to the sea,  
Or brought a faggot to bright-burning Troy?  
My grief was at the height before thou camest ; 70  
And now, like Nilus, it disdaineth bounds.—  
Give me a sword, I'll chop off my hands too ;  
For they have fought for Rome, and all in vain ;  
And they have nursed this woe, in feeding life ;  
In bootless prayer have they been held up,  
And they have served me to effectless use :  
Now all the service I require of them  
Is, that the one will help to cut the other.—  
'Tis well, Lavinia, that thou hast no hands ;  
For hands, to do Rome service, is but vain. 80

*Luc.* Speak, gentle sister, who hath martyr'd thee?

*Marc.* O, that delightful engine of her thoughts,  
That blabb'd them with such pleasing eloquence,  
Is torn from forth that pretty hollow cage,  
Where, like a sweet melodious bird, it sung  
Sweet varied notes, enchanting every ear!

*Luc.* O, say thou for her, who hath done this deed?

*Marc.* O, thus I found her, straying in the park,  
Seeking to hide herself, as doth the deer  
That hath received some unrecuring wound. 90

*Tit.* It was my deer; and he that wounded her  
Hath hurt me more than had he kill'd me dead :

For now I stand as one upon a rock,  
 Environ'd with a wilderness of sea ;  
 Who marks the waxing tide grow wave by wave,  
 Expecting ever when some envious surge  
 Will in his brinish bowels swallow him.  
 This way to death my wretched sons are gone ;  
 Here stands my other son, a banisht man ;  
 And here my brother, weeping at my woes : 100  
 But that which gives my soul the greatest spurn,  
 Is dear Lavinia, dearer than my soul.—  
 Had I but seen thy picture in this plight,  
 It would have madded me : what shall I do  
 Now I behold thy lively body so ?  
 Thou hast no hands to wipe away thy tears ;  
 Nor tongue to tell me who hath martyr'd thee :  
 Thy husband he is dead ; and for his death  
 Thy brothers are condemn'd, and dead by this.—  
 Look, Marcus ! ah, son Lucius, look on her ! 110  
 When I did name her brothers, then fresh tears  
 Stood on her cheeks, as doth the honey-dew  
 Upon a gather'd lily almost wither'd.

*Marc.* Perchance she weeps because they kill'd her husband ;

Perchance because she knows them innocent.

*Tit.* If they did kill thy husband, then be joyful,  
 Because the law hath ta'en revenge on them.—  
 No, no, they would not do so foul a deed ;  
 Witness the sorrow that their sister makes.—  
 Gentle Lavinia, let me kiss thy lips ; 120  
 Or make some sign how I may do thee ease :  
 Shall thy good uncle, and thy brother Lucius,  
 And thou, and I, sit round about some fountain,  
 Looking all downwards, to behold our cheeks  
 How they are stain'd, like meadows, yet not dry,  
 With miry slime left on them by a flood ?  
 And in the fountain shall we gaze so long  
 Till the fresh taste be taken from that clearness,

And made a brine-pit with our bitter tears?  
 Or shall we cut away our hands, like thine? 130  
 Or shall we bite our tongues, and in dumb-shows  
 Pass the remainder of our hateful days?  
 What shall we do? let us, that have our tongues,  
 Plot some device of further misery,  
 To make us wonder'd at in time to come.

*Luc.* Sweet father, cease your tears; for, at your grief,  
 See how my wretched sister sobs and weeps.

*Marc.* Patience, dear niece.—Good Titus, dry thine  
 eyes.

*Tit.* Ah, Marcus, Marcus! brother, well I wot  
 Thy napkin cannot drink a tear of mine, 140  
 For thou, poor man, hast drown'd it with thine own.

*Luc.* Ah, my Lavinia, I will wipe thy cheeks.

*Tit.* Mark, Marcus, mark! I understand her signs:  
 Had she a tongue to speak, now would she say  
 That to her brother which I said to thee:  
 His napkin, with his true tears all bewet,  
 Can do no service on her sorrowful cheeks.  
 O, what a sympathy of woe is this,—  
 As far from help as Limbo is from bliss!

*Enter AARON the Moor alone.*

*Aar.* Titus Andronicus, my lord the emperor 150  
 Sends thee this word,—that, if thou love thy sons,  
 Let Marcus, Lucius, or thyself, old Titus,  
 Or any one of you, chop off your hand,  
 And send it to the king: he for the same  
 Will send thee hither both thy sons alive;  
 And that shall be the ransom for their fault.

*Tit.* O gracious emperor! O gentle Aaron!  
 Did ever raven sing so like a lark,  
 That gives sweet tidings of the sun's uprise?  
 With all my heart, I'll send the emperor 160  
 My hand:  
 Good Aaron, wilt thou help to chop it off?

*Luc.* Stay, father! for that noble hand of thine,  
That hath thrown down so many enemies,  
Shall not be sent: my hand will serve the turn:  
My youth can better spare my blood than you:  
And therefore mine shall save my brothers' lives.

*Marc.* Which of your hands hath not defended Rome,  
And rear'd aloft the bloody battle-axe,  
Writing destruction on the enemy's castle? 170  
O, none of both but are of high desert:  
My hand hath been but idle; let it serve  
To ransom my two nephews from their death;  
Then have I kept it to a worthy end.

*Aar.* Nay, come, agree whose hand shall go along,  
For fear they die before their pardon come.

*Marc.* My hand shall go.

*Luc.* By heaven, it shall not go!

*Tit.* Sirs, strive no more: such wither'd herbs as these  
Are meet for plucking up, and therefore mine.

*Luc.* Sweet father, if I shall be thought thy son, 180  
Let me redeem my brothers both from death.

*Marc.* And, for our father's sake and mother's care,  
Now let me show a brother's love to thee.

*Tit.* Agree between you; I will spare my hand.

*Luc.* Then I'll go fetch an axe.

*Marc.* But I will use the axe.

[*Exeunt LUCIUS and MARCUS.*]

*Tit.* Come hither, Aaron; I'll deceive them both:  
Lend me thy hand, and I will give thee mine.

*Aar.* [*aside*] If that be call'd deceit, I will be honest,  
And never, whilst I live, deceive men so: 190  
But I'll deceive you in another sort,  
And that you'll say, ere half an hour pass.

[*Cuts off TITUS' band.*]

*Enter LUCIUS and MARCUS again.*

*Tit.* Now stay your strife: what shall be is dispatch.  
Good Aaron, give his majesty my hand:

Tell him it was a hand that warded him  
From thousand dangers; bid him bury it;  
More hath it merited,—that let it have.  
As for my sons, say I account of them  
As jewels purchased at an easy price;  
And yet dear too, because I bought mine own. 200

*Aar.* I go, Andronicus: and for thy hand  
Look by and by to have thy sons with thee:—  
[*aside*] Their heads, I mean. O, how this villainy  
Doth fat me with the very thoughts of it!  
Let fools do good, and fair men call for grace,  
Aaron will have his soul black like his face. [*Exit.*]

*Tit.* O, here I lift this one hand up to heaven,  
And bow this feeble ruin to the earth:  
If any power pities wretched tears,  
To that I call!—[*to LAV.*] What, wouldst thou kneel  
with me? 210

Do, then, dear heart; for heaven shall hear our prayers;  
Or with our sighs we'll breathe the welkin dim,  
And stain the sun with fog, as sometime clouds  
When they do hug him in their melting bosoms.

*Marc.* O brother, speak with possibility,  
And do not break into these deep extremes.

*Tit.* Is not my sorrow deep, having no bottom?  
Then be my passions bottomless with them.

*Marc.* But yet let reason govern thy lament.

*Tit.* If there were reason for these miseries, 220  
Then into limits could I bind my woes:  
When heaven doth weep, doth not the earth o'erflow?  
If the winds rage, doth not the sea wax mad,  
Threat'ning the welkin with his big-swoln face?  
And wilt thou have a reason for this coil?  
I am the sea; hark, how her sighs do blow!  
She is the wèeping welkin, I the earth:  
Then must my sea be moved with her sighs;  
Then must my earth with her continual tears  
Become a deluge, overflow'd and drown'd: 230



For why my bowels cannot hide her woes,  
 But like a drunkard must I vomit them.  
 Then give me leave; for losers will have leave  
 To ease their stomachs with their bitter tongues.

*Enter a Messenger, with two heads and a band.*

*Mess.* Worthy Andronicus, ill art thou repaid  
 For that good hand thou sent'st the emperor.  
 Here are the heads of thy two noble sons;  
 And here's thy hand, in scorn to thee sent back,—  
 Thy griefs their sport, thy resolution mockt;  
 That woe is me to think upon thy woes 240  
 More than remembrance of my father's death. [*Exit.*]

*Marc.* Now let hot Ætna cool in Sicily,  
 And be my heart an ever-burning hell!  
 These miseries are more than may be borne.  
 To weep with them that weep doth ease some deal;  
 But sorrow flouted-at is double death.

*Luc.* Ah, that this sight should make so deep a  
 wound,  
 And yet detested life not shrink thereat!  
 That ever death should let life bear his name,  
 Where life hath no more interest but to breathe! 250

[*LAVINIA kisses TITUS.*]

*Marc.* Alas, poor heart, that kiss is comfortless  
 As frozen water to a starved snake.

*Tit.* When will this fearful slumber have an end?

*Marc.* Now, farewell, flattery: die, Andronicus;  
 Thou dost not slumber: see, thy two sons' heads,  
 Thy warlike hand, thy mangled daughter here;  
 Thy other banisht son, with this dear sight  
 Struck pale and bloodless; and thy brother, I,  
 Even like a stony image, cold and numb.  
 Ah, now no more will I control thy griefs: 260  
 Rent off thy silver hair, thy other hand  
 Gnawing with thy teeth; and be this dismal sight

The closing up of our most wretched eyes:  
Now is a time to storm; why art thou still?

*Tit.* Ha, ha, ha!

*Marc.* Why dost thou laugh? it fits not with this hour.

*Tit.* Why, I have not another tear to shed:

Besides, this sorrow is an enemy,  
And would usurp upon my watery eyes,  
And make them blind with tributary tears: 270  
Then which way shall I find Revenge's cave?  
For these two heads do seem to speak to me,  
And threat me I shall never come to bliss  
Till all these mischiefs be return'd again  
Even in their throats that have committed them.  
Come, let me see what task I have to do.—

You heavy people, circle me about,  
That I may turn me to each one of you,  
And swear unto my soul to right your wrongs.—  
The vow is made.—Come, brother, take a head; 280  
And in this hand the other will I bear.—  
Lavinia, thou shalt be employ'd in these things;  
Bear thou my hand, sweet wench, between thy teeth.—  
As for thee, boy, go get thee from my sight;  
Thou art an exile, and thou must not stay:  
Hie to the Goths, and raise an army there:  
And, if you love me, as I think you do,  
Let's kiss and part, for we have much to do.

[*Exeunt* TITUS, MARCUS, and LAVINIA.]

*Luc.* Farewell, Andronicus, my noble father,—  
The woeful'st man that ever lived in Rome: 290  
Farewell, proud Rome; till Lucius come again,  
He leaves his pledges dearer than his life:  
Farewell, Lavinia, my noble sister;  
O, would thou wert as thou tofore hast been!  
But now nor Lucius nor Lavinia lives  
But in oblivion and hateful griefs.  
If Lucius live, he will requite your wrongs;  
And make proud Saturnine and his empress

Beg at the gates, like Tarquin and his queen.  
 Now will I to the Goths, and raise a power,  
 To be revenged on Rome and Saturnine. 300  
[Exit.]

SCENE II. *A room in TITUS' house. A banquet set out.*

*Enter TITUS, MARCUS, LAVINIA, and young  
 LUCIUS, a boy.*

*Tit.* So, so; now sit: and look you eat no more  
 Than will preserve just so much strength in us  
 As will revenge these bitter woes of ours.  
 Marcus, unknit that sorrow-wreathen knot:  
 Thy niece and I, poor creatures, want our hands,  
 And cannot passionate our tenfold grief  
 With folded arms. This poor right hand of mine  
 Is left to tyrannize upon my breast;  
 Who, when my heart, all mad with misery,  
 Beats in this hollow prison of my flesh, 10  
 Then thus I thump it down.—

[*to LAVINIA*] Thou map of woe, that thus dost talk in  
 signs!

When thy poor heart beats with outrageous beating,  
 Thou canst not strike it thus to make it still.  
 Wound it with sighing, girl, kill it with groans;  
 Or get some little knife between thy teeth,  
 And just against thy heart make thou a hole;  
 That all the tears that thy poor eyes let fall  
 May run into that sink, and, soaking in,  
 Drown the lamenting fool in sea-salt tears. 20

*Marc.* Fie, brother, fie! teach her not thus to lay  
 Such violent hands upon her tender life.

*Tit.* How now! has sorrow made thee dote already?  
 Why, Marcus, no man should be mad but I.  
 What violent hands can she lay on her life?  
 Ah, wherefore dost thou urge the name of hands;—  
 To bid Æneas tell the tale twice o'er,

How Troy was burnt, and he made miserable?  
 O, handle not the theme, to talk of hands,  
 Lest we remember still that we have none.— 30  
 Fie, fie, how frantically I square my talk,—  
 As if we should forget we had no hands,  
 If Marcus did not name the word of hands!—  
 Come, let's fall to; and, gentle girl, eat this:—  
 Here is no drink!—Hark, Marcus, what she says;—  
 I can interpret all her martyr'd signs;—  
 She says she drinks no other drink but tears,  
 Brew'd with her sorrow, masht upon her cheeks:—  
 Speechless complainer, I will learn thy thought;  
 In thy dumb action will I be as perfect 40  
 As begging hermits in their holy prayers:  
 Thou shalt not sigh, nor hold thy stumps to heaven,  
 Nor wink, nor nod, nor kneel, nor make a sign,  
 But I of these will wrest an alphabet,  
 And by still practice learn to know thy meaning.

*Young Luc.* Good grandsire, leave these bitter deep  
 laments:

Make my aunt merry with some pleasing tale.

*Marc.* Alas, the tender boy, in passion moved,  
 Doth weep to see his grandsire's heaviness.

*Tit.* Peace, tender sapling; thou art made of tears, 50  
 And tears will quickly melt thy life away.—

[*MARCUS strikes the dish with a knife.*]

What dost thou strike at, Marcus, with thy knife?

*Marc.* At that that I have kill'd, my lord,—a fly.

*Tit.* Out on thee, murderer! thou kill'st my heart;  
 Mine eyes are cloy'd with view of tyranny:  
 A deed of death done on the innocent  
 Becomes not Titus' brother: get thee gone;  
 I see thou art not for my company.

*Marc.* Alas, my lord, I have but kill'd a fly.

*Tit.* But how, if that fly had a father and mother? 60  
 How would he hang his slender gilded wings,  
 And buzz lamenting doings in the air!

Poor harmless fly,  
That, with his pretty buzzing melody,  
Came here to make us merry ! and thou hast kill'd him.

*Marc.* Pardon me, sir ; it was a black ill-favour'd fly,  
Like to the empress' Moor ; therefore I kill'd him.

*Tit.* O, O, O,  
Then pardon me for reprehending thee,  
For thou hast done a charitable deed. 70  
Give me thy knife, I will insult on him ;  
Flattering myself, as if it were the Moor  
Come hither purposely to poison me.—  
There's for thyself, and that's for Tamora.—  
Ah, sirrah !  
As yet, I think, we are not brought so low  
But that between us we can kill a fly  
That comes in likeness of a coal-black Moor.

*Marc.* Alas, poor man ! grief has so wrought on him,  
He takes false shadows for true substances. 80

*Tit.* Come, take away.—Lavinia, go with me :  
I'll to thy closet ; and go read with thee  
Sad stories chanced in the times of old.—  
Come, boy, and go with me : thy sight is young,  
And thou shalt read when mine begin to dazzle.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT IV.

SCENE I. *Rome. The garden of TITUS' bouse.*

*Enter young LUCIUS, and LAVINIA running after him,  
and the Boy flies from her, with his books under his arm.  
Then enter TITUS and MARCUS.*

*Young Luc.* Help, grandsire, help ! my aunt Lavinia  
Follows me every where, I know not why :—  
Good uncle Marcus, see how swift she comes.—  
Alas, sweet aunt, I know not what you mean.

*Marc.* Stand by me, Lucius; do not fear thine aunt.

*Tit.* She loves thee, boy, too well to do thee harm.

*Young Luc.* Ay, when my father was in Rome she did.

*Marc.* What means my niece Lavinia by these signs?

*Tit.* Fear her not, Lucius:—somewhat doth she mean:—

See, Lucius, see how much she makes of thee: 10

Somewhither would she have thee go with her.

Ah, boy, Cornelia never with more care

Read to her sons than she hath read to thee

Sweet poetry and Tully's Orator.

*Marc.* Canst thou not guess wherefore she plies thee thus?

*Young Luc.* My lord, I know not, I, nor can I guess,  
Unless some fit or frenzy do possess her:

For I have heard my grandsire say full oft,

Extremity of griefs would make men mad;

And I have read that Hecuba of Troy 20

Ran mad through sorrow: that made me to fear;

Although, my lord, I know my noble aunt

Loves me as dear as e'er my mother did,

And would not, but in fury, fright my youth:

Which made me down to throw my books, and fly,—

Causeless, perhaps.—But pardon me, sweet aunt:

And, madam, if my uncle Marcus go,

I will most willingly attend your ladyship.

*Marc.* Lucius, I will.

[LAVINIA turns over with her stumps the books  
which LUCIUS has let fall.

*Tit.* How now, Lavinia! Marcus, what means this? 30

Some book there is that she desires to see.

Which is it, girl, of these? Open them, boy.

But thou art deeper read, and better skill'd:

Come, and take choice of all my library,

And so beguile thy sorrow, till the heavens

Reveal the damn'd contriver of this deed.—

Why lifts she up her arms in sequence thus?

*Marc.* I think she means that there was more than one  
Confederate in the fact ; ay, more there was ;  
Or else to heaven she heaves them for revenge. 40

*Tit.* Lucius, what book is that she tosseth so ?

*Young Luc.* Grandsire, 'tis Ovid's *Metamorphoses* ;  
My mother gave it me.

*Marc.* For love of her that's gone,  
Perhaps she cull'd it from among the rest.

*Tit.* Soft ! so busily she turns the leaves !  
Help her :

What would she find ?—Lavinia, shall I read ?

This is the tragic tale of Philomel,  
And treats of Tereus' treason and his rape ;  
And rape, I fear, was root of thine annoy. 50

*Marc.* See, brother, see ; note how she quotes the  
leaves.

*Tit.* Lavinia, wert thou thus surprised, sweet girl,  
Ravish't and wrong'd, as Philomela was,  
Forced in the ruthless, vast, and gloomy woods ?—  
See, see :—

Ay, such a place there is, where we did hunt—  
O, had we never, never hunted there !—  
Pattern'd by that the poet here describes,  
By nature made for murders and for rapes.

*Marc.* O, why should nature build so foul a den, 60  
Unless the gods delight in tragedies ?

*Tit.* Give signs, sweet girl,—for here are none but  
friends,—

What Roman lord it was durst do the deed :  
Or slunk not Saturnine, as Tarquin erst,  
That left the camp to sin in Lucrece' bed ?

*Marc.* Sit down, sweet niece :—brother, sit down  
by me.—

Apollo, Pallas, Jove, or Mercury,  
Inspire me, that I may this treason find !—

My lord, look here :—look here, Lavinia :  
This sandy plot is plain ; guide, if thou canst, 70

This after me, when I have writ my name  
Without the help of any hand at all.

*[He writes his name with his staff, and guides it  
with feet and mouth.]*

Curst be that heart that forced us to this shift!—  
Write thou, good niece; and here display, at last,  
What God will have discover'd for revenge:  
Heaven guide thy pen to print thy sorrows plain,  
That we may know the traitors and the truth!

*[She takes the staff in her mouth, and guides it with  
her stumps, and writes.]*

*Tit.* O, do ye read, my lord, what she hath writ?—  
“*Stuprum, Chiron, Demetrius.*”

*Marc.* What, what! the lustful sons of Tamora 80  
Performers of this heinous, bloody deed?

*Tit.* *Magni dominator poli,  
Tam lentus audis scelera? tam lentus vides?*

*Marc.* O, calm thee, gentle lord; although I know  
There is enough written upon this earth  
To stir a mutiny in the mildest thoughts,  
And arm the minds of infants to exclaims.  
My lord, kneel down with me; Lavinia, kneel;  
And kneel, sweet boy, the Roman Hector's hope;  
And swear with me,—as, with the woful fere 90  
And father of that chaste dishonour'd dame,  
Lord Junius Brutus sware for Lucrece' rape,—  
That we will prosecute, by good advice,  
Mortal revenge upon these traitorous Goths,  
And see their blood, or die with this reproach.

*Tit.* 'Tis sure enough, an you knew how.  
But if you hunt these bear-whelps, then beware:  
The dam will wake; and, if she wind you once,  
She's with the lion deeply still in league,  
And lulls him whilst she playeth on her back, 100  
And when he sleeps will she do what she list.  
You are a young huntsman, Marcus; let alone;  
And, come, I will go get a leaf of brass,



And with a gad of steel will write these words,  
 And lay it by: the angry northern wind  
 Will blow these sands, like Sibyl's leaves, abroad,  
 And where's your lesson, then?—Boy, what say you?

*Young Luc.* I say, my lord, that if I were a man,  
 Their mother's bed-chamber should not be safe  
 For these bad bondmen to the yoke of Rome. 110

*Marc.* Ay, that's my boy! thy father hath full oft  
 For his ungrateful country done the like.

*Young Luc.* And, uncle, so will I, an if I live.

*Tit.* Come, go with me into mine armoury;  
 Lucius, I'll fit thee; and withal, my boy  
 Shall carry from me to the empress' sons  
 Presents that I intend to send them both:  
 Come, come; thou'lt do thy message, wilt thou not?

*Young Luc.* Ay, with my dagger in their bosoms,  
 grandsire.

*Tit.* No, boy, not so; I'll teach thee another course.—  
 Lavinia, come.—Marcus, look to my house:  
 Lucius and I'll go brave it at the court;  
 Ay, marry, will we, sir; and we'll be waited on.

[*Exeunt* TITUS, LAVINIA, and young LUCIUS.

*Marc.* O heavens, can you hear a good man groan,  
 And not relent, or not compassion him?—  
 Marcus, attend him in his ecstasy,  
 That hath more scars of sorrow in his heart  
 Than foemen's marks upon his batter'd shield;  
 But yet so just that he will not revenge:—  
 Revenge, ye heavens, for old Andronicus! [*Exit.* 130

SCENE II. *The same. A room in the palace.*

*Enter* AARON, DEMETRIUS, and CHIRON, at one door; at  
 another door young LUCIUS, and ANOTHER, with a bundle  
 of weapons, and verses writ upon them.

*Cbi.* Demetrius, here's the son of Lucius;  
 He hath some message to deliver us.

*Aar.* Ay, some mad message from his mad grandfather.

*Young Luc.* My lords, with all the humbleness I may,

I greet your honours from Andronicus,—

[*aside*] And pray the Roman gods confound you both!

*Dem.* Gramercy, lovely Lucius: what's the news?

*Young Luc.* [*aside*] That you are both decipher'd, that's the news,

For villains markt with rape.—May it please you,

My grandsire, well advised, hath sent by me 10

The goodliest weapons of his armoury

To gratify your honourable youth,

The hope of Rome; for so he bid me say;

And so I do, and with his gifts present

Your lordships, that, whenever you have need,

You may be armed and appointed well:

And so I leave you both,—[*aside*] like bloody villains.

[*Exeunt young LUCIUS and Attendant.*]

*Dem.* What's here? A scroll; and written round about?

Let's see:—

[*Reads*] “*Integer vita, scelerisque purus,* 20  
“*Non eget Mauri jaculis, nec arcu.*”

*Cbi.* O, 'tis a verse in Horace; I know it well:

I read it in the grammar long ago.

*Aar.* Ay, just,—a verse in Horace;—right, you have it.—

[*aside*] Now, what a thing it is to be an ass!

Here's no sound jest! the old man hath found their guilt;

And sends them weapons wrapt about with lines

That wound, beyond their feeling, to the quick.

But were our witty empress well a-foot,

She would applaud Andronicus' conceit: 30

But let her rest in her unrest awhile.—

And now, young lords, was't not a happy star

Led us to Rome, strangers, and more than so,  
 Captives, to be advanced to this height?  
 It did me good, before the palace-gate  
 To brave the tribune in his brother's hearing.

*Dem.* But me more good, to see so great a lord  
 Basely insinuate and send us gifts.

*Aar.* Had he not reason, Lord Demetrius?  
 Did you not use his daughter very friendly? 40

*Dem.* I would we had a thousand Roman dames  
 At such a bay, by turn to serve our lust.

*Cbi.* A charitable wish and full of love:

*Aar.* Here lacks but your mother for to say amen.

*Cbi.* And that would she for twenty thousand more.

*Dem.* Come, let us go; and pray to all the gods  
 For our beloved mother in her pains.

*Aar.* Pray to the devils; the gods have given us over.

[*Flourish within.*

*Dem.* Why do the emperor's trumpets flourish thus?

*Cbi.* Belike for joy the emperor hath a son. 50

*Dem.* Soft! who comes here?

*Enter a Nurse, with a blackamoor Child.*

*Nur.* Good morrow, lords:  
 O, tell me, did you see Aaron the Moor?

*Aar.* Well, more or less, or ne'er a whit at all,  
 Here Aaron is; and what with Aaron now?

*Nur.* O gentle Aaron, we are all undone!  
 Now help, or woe betide thee evermore!

*Aar.* Why, what a caterwauling dost thou keep!  
 What dost thou wrap and fumble in thine arms?

*Nur.* O, that which I would hide from heaven's  
 eye,

Our empress' shame and stately Rome's disgrace!— 60  
 She is deliver'd, lords,—she is deliver'd.

*Aar.* To whom?

*Nur.* I mean, she is brought a-bed.

*Aar.* Well, God give her good rest! What hath he sent her?

*Nur.* A devil.

*Aar.* Why, then she is the devil's dam;  
A joyful issue.

*Nur.* A joyless, dismal, black, and sorrowful issue:  
Here is the babe, as loathsome as a toad  
Amongst the fairest breeders of our clime:  
The empress sends it thee, thy stamp, thy seal,  
And bids thee christen it with thy dagger's point. 70

*Aar.* Zounds, ye whore! is black so base a hue?—  
Sweet blowse, you are a beauteous blossom, sure.

*Dem.* Villain, what hast thou done?

*Aar.* That which thou canst not undo.

*Cbi.* Thou hast undone our mother.

*Aar.* Villain, I have done thy mother.

*Dem.* And therein, hellish dog, thou hast undone  
her.

Woe to her chance, and damn'd her loathed choice!  
Accurst the offspring of so foul a fiend!

*Cbi.* It shall not live. 80

*Aar.* It shall not die.

*Nur.* Aaron, it must; the mother wills it so.

*Aar.* What, must it, nurse? then let no man but I  
Do execution on my flesh and blood.

*Dem.* I'll broach the tadpole on my rapier's point:—  
Nurse, give it me; my sword shall soon dispatch it.

*Aar.* Sooner this sword shall plough thy bowels up.

[*Takes the Child from the Nurse, and draws.*

Stay, murderous villains! will you kill your brother?  
Now, by the burning tapers of the sky,  
That shone so brightly when this boy was got, 90  
He dies upon my scimitar's sharp point  
That touches this my first-born son and heir!  
I tell you, younglings, not Enceladus,  
With all his threat'ning band of Typhon's brood,  
Nor great Alcides, nor the god of war,

Shall seize this prey out of his father's hands.  
 What, what, ye sanguine, shallow-hearted boys!  
 Ye white-limed walls! ye alchouse painted signs!  
 Coal-black is better than another hue,  
 In that it scorns to bear another hue; 100  
 For all the water in the ocean  
 Can never turn the swan's black legs to white,  
 Although she lave them hourly in the flood.  
 Tell the empress from me, I am of age  
 To keep mine own,—excuse it how she can.

*Dem.* Wilt thou betray thy noble mistress thus?

*Aar.* My mistress is my mistress; this, myself,—  
 The vigour and the picture of my youth:  
 This before all the world do I prefer;  
 This maugre all the world will I keep safe, 110  
 Or some of you shall smoke for it in Rome.

*Dem.* By this our mother is for ever shamed.

*Cbi.* Rome will despise her for this foul escape.

*Nur.* The emperor, in his rage, will doom her death.

*Cbi.* I blush to think upon this ignomy.

*Aar.* Why, there's the privilege your beauty bears:  
 Fie, treacherous hue, that will betray with blushing  
 The close enacts and counsels of the heart!  
 Here's a young lad framed of another leer:  
 Look, how the black slave smiles upon the father, 120  
 As who should say, "Old lad, I am thine own."  
 He is your brother, lords; sensibly fed  
 Of that self-blood that first gave life to you;  
 And from that womb where you imprison'd were  
 He is enfranchised and come to light:  
 Nay, he is your brother by the surer side,  
 Although my seal be stamped in his face.

*Nur.* Aaron, what shall I say unto the empress?

*Dem.* Advise thee, Aaron, what is to be done,  
 And we will all subscribe to thy advice: 130  
 Save thou the child, so we may all be safe.

*Aar.* Then sit we down, and let us all consult.

My son and I will have the wind of you :  
Keep there : now talk at pleasure of your safety.

[*They sit.*

*Dem.* How many women saw this child of his ?

*Aar.* Why, so, brave lords ! when we join in league,  
I am a lamb : but if you brave the Moor,  
The chafed boar, the mountain lioness,  
The ocean swells not so as Aaron storms.—  
But say, again, how many saw the child ?

140

*Nur.* Cornelia the midwife and myself ;  
And no one else but the deliver'd empress.

*Aar.* The empress, the midwife, and yourself :—  
Two may keep counsel when the third's away :—  
Go to the empress, tell her this I said :—[*He kills her.*  
Weke, weke !—so cries a pig prepared to th' spit.

*Dem.* What mean'st thou, Aaron ? wherefore didst  
thou this ?

*Aar.* O Lord, sir, 'tis a deed of policy :  
Shall she live to betray this guilt of ours,—  
A long-tongued babbling gossip ? no, lords, no :  
And now be it known to you my full intent.

150

Not far one Muliteus, my countryman,  
His wife but yesternight was brought to bed ;  
His child is like to her, fair as you are :  
Go pack with him, and give the mother gold,  
And tell them both the circumstance of all ;  
And how by this their child shall be advanced,  
And be received for the emperor's heir,  
And substituted in the place of mine,  
To calm this tempest whirling in the court ;  
And let the emperor dandle him for his own.

160

Hark ye, lords ; you see I have given her physic,

[*Pointing to the Nurse.*

And you must needs bestow her funeral ;  
The fields are near, and you are gallant grooms :  
This done, see that you take no longer days,  
But send the midwife presently to me.

The midwife and the nurse well made away,  
Then let the ladies tattle what they please.

*Cbi.* Aaron, I see thou wilt not trust the air  
With secrets.

*Dem.* For this care of Tamora,  
Herself and hers are highly bound to thee.

170

[*Exeunt* DEMETRIUS and CHIRON, bearing  
*off the dead Nurse.*

*Aar.* Now to the Goths, as swift as swallow flies;  
There to dispose this treasure in mine arms,  
And secretly to greet the empress' friends.—  
Come on, you thick-lipt slave, I'll bear you hence;  
For it is you that puts us to our shifts:  
I'll make you feed on berries and on roots,  
And feed on curds and whey, and suck the goat,  
And cabin in a cave; and bring you up  
To be a warrior and command a camp.

[*Exit.* 180

SCENE III. *The same. A public place.*

*Enter* TITUS, MARCUS, young LUCIUS, and other Gentle-  
men (PUBLIUS, SEMPRONIUS, CAIUS), *with bows; and*  
TITUS *bears the arrows with letters at the end of them.*

*Tit.* Come, Marcus, come:—kinsmen, this is the  
way.—

Sir boy, now let me see your archery;  
Look ye draw home enough, and 'tis there straight.—  
*Terras Astræa reliquit:*

Be you remember'd, Marcus, she's gone, she's fled.—  
Sirs, take you to your tools. You, cousins, shall  
Go sound the ocean, and cast your nets;  
Happily you may catch her in the sea;  
Yet there's as little justice as at land:  
No; Publius and Sempronius, you must do it;  
'Tis you must dig with mattock and with spade,  
And pierce the inmost centre of the earth:  
Then, when you come to Pluto's region,

10

I pray you, deliver him this petition ;  
 Tell him, it is for justice and for aid,  
 And that it comes from old Andronicus,  
 Shaken with sorrows in ungrateful Rome.—  
 Ah, Rome! Well, well ; I made thee miserable  
 What time I threw the people's suffrages  
 On him that thus doth tyrannize o'er me.— 20  
 Go, get you gone ; and pray be careful all,  
 And leave you not a man-of-war unsearcht :  
 This wicked emperor may have shipt her hence ;  
 And, kinsmen, then we may go pipe for justice.

*Marc.* O Publius, is not this a heavy case,  
 To see thy noble uncle thus distract ?

*Pub.* Therefore, my lord, it highly us concerns  
 By day and night t' attend him carefully,  
 And feed his humour kindly as we may,  
 Till time beget some careful remedy. 30

*Marc.* Kinsmen, his sorrows are past remedy.  
 Join with the Goths ; and with revengeful war  
 Take wreak on Rome for this ingratitude,  
 And vengeance on the traitor Saturnine.

*Tit.* Publius, how now ! how now, my masters !  
 What,

Have you met with her ?

*Pub.* No, my good lord ; but Pluto sends you word,  
 If you will have Revenge from hell, you shall :  
 Marry, for Justice, she is so employ'd,  
 He thinks, with Jove in heaven, or somewhere else, 40  
 So that perforce you must needs stay a time.

*Tit.* He doth me wrong to feed me with delays.  
 I'll dive into the burning lake below,  
 And pull her out of Acheron by the heels.—  
 Marcus, we are but shrubs, no cedars we,  
 No big-boned men framed of the Cyclops' size ;  
 But metal, Marcus, steel to the very back,  
 Yet wrung with wrongs more than our backs can bear :  
 And, sith there's no justice in earth nor hell,



We will solicit heaven, and move the gods 50  
 To send down Justice for to wreak our wrongs.—  
 Come, to this gear.—You are a good archer, Marcus;  
*[He gives them the arrows.]*  
*Ad Jovem*, that's for you:—here, *Ad Apollinem*:—  
*Ad Martem*, that's for myself:—  
 Here, boy, *To Pallas*:—here, *To Mercury*:—  
*To Saturn*, Caius, not to Saturnine;  
 You were as good to shoot against the wind.—  
 To it, boy.—Marcus, loose when I bid.—  
 Of my word, I have written to effect;  
 There's not a god left unsolicited. 60

*Marc.* Kinsmen, shoot all your shafts into the court:  
 We will afflict the emperor in his pride.

*Tit.* Now, masters, draw. *[They shoot.]*—O, well said,  
 Lucius!—

Good boy, in Virgo's lap; give it Pallas.

*Marc.* My lord, I aim a mile beyond the moon;  
 Your letter is with Jupiter by this.

*Tit.* Ha, ha!

Publius, Publius, what hast thou done?

See, see, thou hast shot off one of Taurus' horns.

*Marc.* This was the sport, my lord: when Publius  
 shot, 70

The Bull, being gall'd, gave Aries such a knock  
 That down fell both the Ram's horns in the court;  
 And who should find them but the empress' villain?  
 She laught, and told the Moor he should not choose  
 But give them to his master for a present.

*Tit.* Why, there it goes: God give his lordship joy!

*Enter a Clown, with a basket, and two  
 pigeons in it.*

News, news from heaven! Marcus, the post is come.—  
 Sirrah, what tidings? have you any letters?  
 Shall I have justice? what says Jupiter?

*Clo.* Ho, the gibbet-maker! he says that he hath 80  
taken them down again, for the man must not be hang'd  
till the next week.

*Tit.* But what says Jupiter, I ask thee?

*Clo.* Alas, sir, I know not Jupiter; I never drank  
with him in all my life.

*Tit.* Why, villain, art not thou the carrier?

*Clo.* Ay, of my pigeons, sir; nothing else.

*Tit.* Why, didst thou not come from heaven?

*Clo.* From heaven! alas, sir, I never came there:  
God forbid I should be so bold to press to heaven in 90  
my young days. Why, I am going with my pigeons  
to the tribunal plebs, to take up a matter of brawl be-  
twixt my uncle and one of the emperial's men.

*Marc.* Why, sir, that is as fit as can be to serve for  
your oration; and let him deliver the pigeons to the  
emperor from you.

*Tit.* Tell me, can you deliver an oration to the  
emperor with a grace?

*Clo.* Nay, truly, sir, I could never say grace in all  
my life. 100

*Tit.* Sirrah, come hither: make no more ado,  
But give your pigeons to the emperor:  
By me thou shalt have justice at his hands.  
Hold, hold; meanwhile here's money for thy charges.—  
Give me pen and ink.—

Sirrah, can you with a grace deliver a supplication?

*Clo.* Ay, sir.

*Tit.* Then here is a supplication for you. And when  
you come to him, at the first approach you must kneel;  
then kiss his foot; then deliver up your pigeons; and 110  
then look for your reward. I'll be at hand, sir; see you  
do it bravely.

*Clo.* I warrant you, sir, let me alone.

*Tit.* Sirrah, hast thou a knife? come, let me see it.—  
Here, Marcus, fold it in the oration;  
For thou hast made it like an humble suppliant:—

And when thou hast given it to the emperor,  
Knock at my door, and tell me what he says.

*Clo.* God be with you, sir ; I will. [Exit.

*Tit.* Come, Marcus, let us go.—Publius, follow me. 120  
[Excunt.

SCENE IV. *The same. Before the palace.*

*Enter SATURNINUS, TAMORA, DEMETRIUS, CHIRON,  
Lords, and others ; the Emperor brings the arrows in  
his hand that TITUS shot at him.*

*Sat.* Why, lords, what wrongs are these! was ever seen  
An emperor in Rome thus overborne,  
Troubled, confronted thus ; and, for the extent  
Of egal justice, used in such contempt?  
My lords, you know, as do the mighty gods,  
However these disturbers of our peace  
Buzz in the people's ears, there naught hath past,  
But even with law, against the wilful sons  
Of old Andronicus. And what an if  
His sorrows have so overwhelm'd his wits,— 10  
Shall we be thus afflicted in his wrecks,  
His fits, his frenzy, and his bitterness?  
And now he writes to heaven for his redress:  
See, here's *To Jove*, and this *To Mercury*;  
This *To Apollo*; this *To the god of war*;  
Sweet scrolls to fly about the streets of Rome!  
What's this but libelling against the senate,  
And blazoning our injustice every where?  
A goodly humour, is it not, my lords?  
As who would say, in Rome no justice were. 20  
But if I live, his feigned ecstasies  
Shall be no shelter to these outrages:  
But he and his shall know that justice lives  
In Saturninus' health ; whom, if she sleep,  
He'll so awake, as she in fury shall  
Cut off the proud'st conspirator that lives.

*Tam.* My gracious lord, my lovely Saturnine,  
 Lord of my life, commander of my thoughts,  
 Calm thee, and bear the faults of Titus' age,  
 Th' effects of sorrow for his valiant sons, 30  
 Whose loss hath pierced him deep and scarr'd his heart;  
 And rather comfort his distressed plight  
 Than prosecute the meanest or the best  
 For these contempts.—[*aside*] Why, thus it shall be-  
 come  
 High-witted Tamora to gloze with all:  
 But, Titus, I have toucht thee to the quick,  
 Thy life-blood out: if Aaron now be wise,  
 Then is all safe, the anchor's in the port.—

*Enter Clown.*

How now, good fellow! wouldst thou speak with us?

*Clo.* Yea, forsooth, an your mister-ship be imperial. 40

*Tam.* Empress I am, but yonder sits the emperor.

*Clo.* 'Tis he.—God and Saint Stephen give you god-  
 den: I have brought you a letter and a couple of  
 pigeons here. [SATURNINUS reads the letter.

*Sat.* Go, take him away, and hang him presently.

*Clo.* How much money must I have?

*Tam.* Come, sirrah, you must be hang'd.

*Clo.* Hang'd! by'r lady, then I have brought up a  
 neck to a fair end. [Exit, guarded.

*Sat.* Despiteful and intolerable wrongs! 50  
 Shall I endure this monstrous villainy?

I know from whence this same device proceeds:

May this be borne,—as if his traitorous sons,  
 That died by law for murder of our brother,  
 Have by my means been butcher'd wrongfully?—

Go, drag the villain hither by the hair;

Nor age nor honour shall shape privilege:

For this proud mock I'll be thy slaughter-man;

Sly frantic wretch, that holp'st to make me great,

In hope thyself should govern Rome and me. 60

*Enter ÆMILIUS.*

What news with thee, Æmilius?

*Æmil.* Arm, my lords,—Rome never had more cause!  
The Goths have gather'd head; and with a power  
Of high-resolved men, bent to the spoil,  
They hither march amain, under conduct  
Of Lucius, son to old Andronicus;  
Who threats, in course of this revenge, to do  
As much as ever Coriolanus did.

*Sat.* Is warlike Lucius general of the Goths?  
These tidings nip me; and I hang the head 70  
As flowers with frost, or grass beat down with storms:  
Ay, now begins our sorrows to approach:  
'Tis he the common people love so much;  
Myself hath often heard them say—  
When I have walked like a private man—  
That Lucius' banishment was wrongfully,  
And they have wisht that Lucius were their emperor.

*Tam.* Why should you fear? is not your city strong?

*Sat.* Ay, but the citizens favour Lucius,  
And will revolt from me to succour him. 80

*Tam.* King, be thy thoughts imperious, like thy name.  
Is the sun dimm'd, that gnats do fly in it?  
The eagle suffers little birds to sing,  
And is not careful what they mean thereby,  
Knowing that with the shadow of his wings  
He can at pleasure stint their melody:  
Even so mayst thou the giddy men of Rome.  
Then cheer thy spirit: for know, thou emperor,  
I will enchant the old Andronicus 90  
With words more sweet, and yet more dangerous,  
Than baits to fish, or honey-stalks to sheep;  
Whenas the one is wounded with the bait,  
The other rotted with delicious feed.

*Sat.* But he will not entreat his son for us.

*Tam.* If Tamora entreat him, then he will:

For I can smooth, and fill his aged ear  
 With golden promises; that, were his heart  
 Almost impregnable, his old ears deaf,  
 Yet should both ear and heart obey my tongue.—

[to ÆMILIUS] Go thou before, be our ambassador: 100  
 Say that the emperor requests a parley  
 Of warlike Lucius, and appoint the meeting  
 Even at his father's house, the old Andronicus.

*Sat.* Æmilius, do this message honourably;  
 And if he stand on hostage for his safety,  
 Bid him demand what pledge will please him best.

*Æmil.* Your bidding shall I do effectually. [*Exit.*

*Tam.* Now will I to that old Andronicus,  
 And temper him, with all the art I have,  
 To pluck proud Lucius from the warlike Goths. 110  
 And now, sweet emperor, be blithe again,  
 And bury all thy fear in my devices.

*Sat.* Then go successantly, and plead to him.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT V.

### SCENE I. *Plains near Rome.*

*Flourish.* Enter LUCIUS, with an army of Goths, with  
 drum and colours.

*Luc.* Approved warriors, and my faithful friends,  
 I have received letters from great Rome,  
 Which signify what hate they bear their emperor.  
 And how desirous of our sight they are.  
 Therefore, great lords, be, as your titles witness,  
 Imperious, and impatient of your wrongs;  
 And wherein Rome hath done you any scathe,  
 Let him make treble satisfaction.

*First Goth.* Brave slip, sprung from the great Andron-  
 icus,  
 Whose name was once our terror, now our comfort; 10  
 Whose high exploits and honourable deeds

Ingrateful Rome requites with foul contempt,  
Be bold in us: we'll follow where thou lead'st,—  
Like stinging bees in hottest summer's day,  
Led by their master to the flow'ring fields,—  
And be avenged on cursed Tamora.

*Goths.* And as he saith, so say we all with him.

*Luc.* I humbly thank him, and I thank you all.—  
But who comes here, led by a lusty Goth?

*Enter a Goth, leading of AARON with his  
Child in his arms.*

*Sec. Goth.* Renowned Lucius, from our troops I stray'd  
To gaze upon a ruinous monastery;  
And, as I earnestly did fix mine eye  
Upon the wasted building, suddenly  
I heard a child cry underneath a wall.  
I made unto the noise; when soon I heard  
The crying babe controll'd with this discourse:  
"Peace, tawny slave, half me and half thy dam!  
Did not thy hue bewray whose brat thou art,  
Had nature lent thee but thy mother's look,  
Villain, thou mightst have been an emperor: 30  
But where the bull and cow are both milk-white,  
They never do beget a coal-black calf.  
Peace, villain, peace!"—even thus he rates the babe,—  
"For I must bear thee to a trusty Goth;  
Who, when he knows thou art the empress' babe,  
Will hold thee dearly for thy mother's sake."  
With this, my weapon drawn, I rusht upon him,  
Surprised him suddenly; and brought him hither,  
To use as you think needful of the man.

*Luc.* O worthy Goth, this is the incarnate devil 40  
That robb'd Andronicus of his good hand;  
This is the pearl that pleased your empress' eye;  
And here's the base fruit of his burning lust.—  
Say, wall-eyed slave, whither wouldst thou convey  
This growing image of thy fiend-like face?

Why dost not speak? what, deaf? not a word?—  
A halter, soldiers! hang him on this tree,  
And by his side his fruit of bastardy.

*Aar.* Touch not the boy,—he is of royal blood.

*Luc.* Too like the sire for ever being good.— 50  
First hang the child, that he may see it sprawl,—  
A sight to vex the father's soul withal.—

Get me a ladder. [*A ladder brought, which AARON  
is made to ascend.*]

*Aar.* Lucius, save the child,  
And bear it from me to the empress.  
If thou do this, I'll show thee wondrous things,  
That highly may advantage thee to hear:  
If thou wilt not, befall what may befall,  
I'll speak no more but—vengeance rot you all!

*Luc.* Say on: an if it please me which thou speak'st,  
Thy child shall live, and I will see it nourisht. 60

*Aar.* An if it please thee! why, assure thee, Lucius,  
'Twill vex thy soul to hear what I shall speak;  
For I must talk of murders, rapes, and massacres,  
Acts of black night, abominable deeds,  
Complots of mischief, treason, villainies  
Ruthful to hear, yet piteously perform'd:  
And this shall all be buried in my death,  
Unless thou swear to me my child shall live.

*Luc.* Tell on thy mind; I say thy child shall live.

*Aar.* Swear that he shall, and then I will begin. 70

*Luc.* Who should I swear by? thou believest no god:  
That granted, how canst thou believe an oath?

*Aar.* What if I do not? as, indeed, I do not;  
Yet, for I know thou art religious,  
And hast a thing within thee called conscience,  
With twenty popish tricks and ceremonies,  
Which I have seen thee careful to observe,  
Therefore I urge thy oath; for that I know  
An idiot holds his bauble for a god,  
And keeps the oath which by that god he swears, 80



To that I'll urge him:—therefore thou shalt vow  
By that same god, what god soe'er it be,  
That thou adorest and hast in reverence,—  
To save my boy, to nourish and bring him up;  
Or else I will discover naught to thee.

*Luc.* Even by my god I swear to thee I will.

*Aar.* First know thou, I begot him on the empress.

*Luc.* O most insatiate and luxurious woman!

*Aar.* Tut, Lucius, this was but a deed of charity  
To that which thou shalt hear of me anon. 90

'Twas her two sons that murder'd Bassianus;  
They cut thy sister's tongue, and ravisht her,  
And cut her hands, and trimm'd her as thou saw'st.

*Luc.* O detestable villain! call'st thou that trimming?

*Aar.* Why, she was washt, and cut, and trimm'd;  
and 'twas

Trim sport for them that had the doing of it.

*Luc.* O barbarous, beastly villains, like thyself!

*Aar.* Indeed, I was their tutor to instruct them:

That coddling spirit had they from their mother,

As sure a card as ever won the set; 100

That bloody mind, I think, they learn'd of me,

As true a dog as ever fought at head.—

Well, let my deeds be witness of my worth.

I train'd thy brethren to that guileful hole,

Where the dead corpse of Bassianus lay:

I wrote the letter that thy father found,

And hid the gold within the letter mention'd,

Confederate with the queen and her two sons:

And what not done, that thou hast cause to rue,

Wherein I had no stroke of mischief in it? 110

I play'd the cheater for thy father's hand;

And, when I had it, drew myself apart,

And almost broke my heart with extreme laughter:

I pried me through the crevice of a wall

When, for his hand, he had his two sons' heads;

Beheld his tears, and laught so heartily,

That both mine eyes were rainy like to his:  
And when I told the empress of this sport,  
She swooned almost at my pleasing tale,  
And for my tidings gave me twenty kisses. 120

*First Goth.* What, canst thou say all this, and never  
blush?

*Aar.* Ay, like a black dog, as the saying is.

*Luc.* Art thou not sorry for these heinous deeds?

*Aar.* Ay, that I had not done a thousand more.

Even now I curse the day—and yet, I think,  
Few come within the compass of my curse—  
Wherein I did not some notorious ill:  
As, kill a man, or else devise his death;  
Ravish a maid, or plot the way to do it;  
Accuse some innocent, and forswear myself; 130

Set deadly enmity between two friends;  
Make poor men's cattle break their necks;  
Set fire on barns and hay-stacks in the night,  
And bid the owners quench them with their tears.  
Oft have I digg'd-up dead men from their graves,  
And set them upright at their dear friends' doors,  
Even when their sorrows almost was forgot;  
And on their skins, as on the bark of trees,  
Have with my knife carved in Roman letters  
"Let not your sorrow die, though I am dead." 140

Tut, I have done a thousand dreadful things  
As willingly as one would kill a fly;  
And nothing grieves me heartily indeed,  
But that I cannot do ten thousand more.

*Luc.* Bring down the devil; for he must not die  
So sweet a death as hanging presently.

[*AARON is brought down from the ladder.*]

*Aar.* If there be devils, would I were a devil,  
To live and burn in everlasting fire,  
So I might have your company in hell,  
But to torment you with my bitter tongue! 150

*Luc.* Sirs, stop his mouth, and let him speak no more.

*Enter a Goth.*

*Third Goth.* My lord, there is a messenger from Rome  
Desires to be admitted to your presence.

*Luc.* Let him come near.

*Enter ÆMILIUS.*

Welcome, Æmilius: what's the news from Rome?

*Æmil.* Lord Lucius, and you princes of the Goths,  
The Roman emperor greets you all by me;  
And, for he understands you are in arms,  
He craves a parley at your father's house,  
Willing you to demand your hostages, 160  
And they shall be immediately deliver'd.

*First Goth.* What says our general?

*Luc.* Æmilius, let the emperor give his pledges  
Unto my father and my uncle Marcus,  
And we will come.—March, away! [*Flourish. Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Rome. Before TITUS' bouse.*

*Enter TAMORA and her two SONS, DEMETRIUS and  
CHIRON, disguised.*

*Tam.* Thus, in this strange and sad habiliment,  
I will encounter with Andronicus,  
And say I am Revenge, sent from below  
To join with him and right his heinous wrongs.  
Knock at his study, where, they say, he keeps,  
To ruminat strange plots of dire revenge;  
Tell him Revenge is come to join with him,  
And work confusion on his enemies.

[*They knock and TITUS opens his study door.*]

*Tit.* Who doth molest my contemplation?  
Is it your trick to make me ope the door, 10  
That so my sad decrees may fly away,  
And all my study be to no effect?

You are deceived : for what I mean to do  
See here in bloody lines I have set down ;  
And what is written shall be executed.

*Tam.* Titus, I am come to talk with thee.

*Tit.* No, not a word : how can I grace my talk,  
Wanting a hand to give it action ?  
Thou hast the odds of me ; therefore no more.

*Tam.* If thou didst know me, thou wouldst talk  
with me. 20

*Tit.* I am not mad ; I know thee well enough :  
Witness this wretched stump, witness these crimson  
lines ;

Witness these trenches made by grief and care ;  
Witness the tiring day and heavy night ;  
Witness all sorrow, that I know thee well  
For our proud empress, mighty Tamora :  
Is not thy coming for my other hand ?

*Tam.* Know, thou sad man, I am not Tamora ;  
She is thy enemy, and I thy friend :  
I am Revenge ; sent from th' infernal kingdom, 30  
To ease the gnawing vulture of thy mind,  
By working wreakful vengeance on thy foes.  
Come down, and welcome me to this world's light ;  
Confer with me of murder and of death :  
There's not a hollow cave or lurking-place,  
No vast obscurity or misty vale,  
Where bloody murder or detested rape  
Can couch for fear, but I will find them out ;  
And in their ears tell them my dreadful name,—  
Revenge,—which makes the foul offenders quake. 40

*Tit.* Art thou Revenge ? and art thou sent to me,  
To be a torment to mine enemies ?

*Tam.* I am ; therefore come down, and welcome me.

*Tit.* Do me some service, ere I come to thee.  
Lo, by thy side where Rape and Murder stand ;  
Now give some surance that thou art Revenge,—  
Stab them, or tear them on thy chariot-wheels ;

And then I'll come and be thy wagoner,  
And whirl along with thee about the globe.  
Provide thee two proper palfreys, black as jet, 50  
To hale thy vengeful wagon swift away,  
And find our murderers in their guilty caves :  
And when thy car is loaden with their heads,  
I will dismount, and by the wagon-wheel  
Trot, like a servile footman, all day long,  
Even from Hyperion's rising in the east  
Until his very downfall in the sea :  
And day by day I'll do this heavy task,  
So thou destroy Rapine and Murder there.

*Tam.* These are my ministers, and come with me. 60

*Tit.* Are these thy ministers? what are they call'd?

*Tam.* Rapine and Murder; therefore called so,  
'Cause they take vengeance of such kind of men.

*Tit.* Good Lord, how like the empress' sons they are!  
And you, the empress! but we worldly men  
Have miserable, mad, mistaking eyes.

O sweet Revenge, now do I come to thee ;  
And, if one arm's embracement will content thee,  
I will embrace thee in it by and by. [*Exit above.*]

*Tam.* This closing with him fits his lunacy : 70  
Whate'er I forge to feed his brain-sick fits,  
Do you uphold and maintain in your speeches,  
For now he firmly takes me for Revenge ;  
And, being credulous in this mad thought,  
I'll make him send for Lucius his son ;  
And, whilst I at a banquet hold him sure,  
I'll find some cunning practice out of hand,  
To scatter and disperse the giddy Goths,  
Or, at the least, make them his enemies.—  
See, here he comes, and I must ply my theme. 80

*Enter TITUS, below.*

*Tit.* Long have I been forlorn, and all for thee :  
Welcome, dread Fury, to my woeful house :—

Rapine and Murder, you are welcome too:—  
How like the empress and her sons you are!  
Well are you fitted, had you but a Moor:—  
Could not all hell afford you such a devil?—  
For well I wot the empress never wags  
But in her company there is a Moor;  
And, would you represent our queen aright,  
It were convenient you had such a devil: 90

But welcome, as you are. What shall we do?

*Tam.* What wouldst thou have us do, Andronicus?

*Dem.* Show me a murderer, I'll deal with him.

*Cbi.* Show me a villain that hath done a rape,  
And I am sent to be revenged on him.

*Tam.* Show me a thousand that have done thee  
wrong,  
And I will be revenged on them all.

*Tit.* Look round about the wicked streets of Rome;  
And when thou find'st a man that's like thyself,  
Good Murder, stab him; he's a murderer.— 100  
Go thou with him; and when it is thy hap  
To find another that is like to thee,  
Good Rapine, stab him; he's a ravisher.—  
Go thou with them; and in the emperor's court  
There is a queen, attended by a Moor;  
Well mayst thou know her by thy own proportion,  
For up and down she doth resemble thee:  
I pray thee, do on them some violent death;  
They have been violent to me and mine.

*Tam.* Well hast thou lesson'd us; this shall we do. 110  
But would it please thee, good Andronicus,  
To send for Lucius, thy thrice-valiant son,  
Who leads towards Rome a band of warlike Goths,  
And bid him come and banquet at thy house;  
When he is here, even at thy solemn feast,  
I will bring in the empress and her sons,  
The emperor himself, and all thy foes;  
And at thy mercy shall they stoop and kneel,

And on them shalt thou ease thy angry heart.  
What says Andronicus to this device?

120

*Tit.* Marcus, my brother! 'tis sad Titus calls.

*Enter* MARCUS.

Go, gentle Marcus, to thy nephew Lucius;  
Thou shalt inquire him out among the Goths:  
Bid him repair to me, and bring with him  
Some of the chiefest princes of the Goths;  
Bid him encamp his soldiers where they are:  
Tell him the emperor and the empress too  
Feast at my house, and he shall feast with them.  
This do thou for my love; and so let him,  
As he regards his aged father's life.

130

*Marc.* This will I do, and soon return again. [*Exit.*

*Tam.* Now will I hence about thy business,  
And take my ministers along with me.

*Tit.* Nay, nay, let Rape and Murder stay with me;  
Or else I'll call my brother back again,  
And cleave to no revenge but Lucius.

*Tam.* [*aside to* DEM. *and* CHI.] What say you, boys?  
will you abide with him,  
Whiles I go tell my lord the emperor  
How I have govern'd our determin'd jest?  
Yield to his humour, smooth and speak him fair,  
And tarry with him till I turn again.

140

*Tit.* [*aside*] I know them all, though they suppose  
me mad,

And will o'er-reach them in their own devices,—  
A pair of cursed hell-hounds and their dam.

*Dem.* [*aside to* TAM.] Madam, depart at pleasure;  
leave us here.

*Tam.* Farewell, Andronicus: Revenge now goes  
To lay a complot to betray thy foes.

*Tit.* I know thou dost; and, sweet Revenge, farewell.

[*Exit* TAMORA.

*Cbi.* Tell us, old man, how shall we be employ'd?

*Tit.* Tut, I have work enough for you to do.— 150  
Publius, come hither, Caius, and Valentine!

*Enter* PUBLIUS, CAIUS, and VALENTINE.

*Pub.* What is your will?

*Tit.* Know you these two?

*Pub.* The empress' sons,  
I take them, Chiron and Demetrius.

*Tit.* Fie, Publius, fie! thou art too much deceived.—  
The one is Murder, Rape is the other's name;  
And therefore bind them, gentle Publius:—  
Caius and Valentine, lay hands on them:—  
Oft have you heard me wish for such an hour, 160  
And now I find it; therefore bind them sure;  
And stop their mouths, if they begin to cry. [*Exit.*  
[PUBLIUS, &c., lay hold on CHIRON and  
DEMETRIUS.

*Cbi.* Villains, forbear! we are the empress' sons.

*Pub.* And therefore do we what we are commanded.—  
Stop close their mouths, let them not speak a word.  
Is he sure bound? look that you bind them fast.

*Enter* TITUS, with a knife, and LAVINIA, with a basin.

*Tit.* Come, come, Lavinia; look, thy foes are bound.—  
Sirs, stop their mouths, let them not speak to me;  
But let them hear what fearful words I utter.—  
O villains, Chiron and Demetrius! 170  
Here stands the spring whom you have stain'd with  
mud;  
This goodly summer with your winter mixt.  
You kill'd her husband; and, for that vile fault,  
Two of her brothers were condemn'd to death,  
My hand cut off, and made a merry jest;  
Both her sweet hands, her tongue, and that more dear  
Than hands or tongue, her spotless chastity,  
Inhuman traitors, you constrain'd and forced.  
What would you say, if I should let you speak?





*First Goth.* And ours with thine, befall what fortune will.

*Luc.* Good uncle, take you in this barbarous Moor,  
This ravenous tiger, this accursed devil;  
Let him receive no sustenance, fetter him,  
Till he be brought unto the empress' face,  
For testimony of her foul proceedings:  
And see the ambush of our friends be strong;  
I fear the emperor means no good to us. 10

*Aar.* Some devil whisper curses in my ear,  
And prompt me that my tongue may utter forth  
The venomous malice of my swelling heart!

*Luc.* Away, inhuman dog! unhallow'd slave!—  
Sirs, help our uncle to convey him in.

[*Exeunt some Goths with AARON. Flourish  
witbin.*]

The trumpets show the emperor is at hand.

*Enter SATURNINUS and TAMORA, with ÆMILIUS,  
Tribunes, Senators, and others.*

*Sat.* What, hath the firmament more suns than one?

*Luc.* What boots it thee to call thyself a sun?

*Marc.* Rome's emperor, and nephew, break the parle;  
These quarrels must be quietly debated. 20

The feast is ready, which the careful Titus  
Hath ordain'd to an honourable end,  
For peace, for love, for league, and good to Rome:  
Please you, therefore, draw nigh, and take your places.

*Sat.* Marcus, we will. [*Hautboys. A table brought in.*]

*Enter TITUS, like a Cook, placing the meat on the table,  
and LAVINIA with a veil over her face, young LUCIUS,  
and others.*

*Tit.* Welcome, my gracious lord; welcome, dread  
queen;  
Welcome, ye warlike Goths; welcome, Lucius;

And welcome, all: although the cheer be poor,  
'Twill fill your stomachs; please you eat of it.

*Sat.* Why art thou thus attired, Andronicus? 30

*Tit.* Because I would be sure to have all well,  
To entertain your highness and your empress.

*Tam.* We are beholding to you, good Andronicus.

*Tit.* An if your highness knew my heart, you were.—  
My lord the emperor, resolve me this:

Was it well done of rash Virginius  
To slay his daughter with his own right hand,  
Because she was enforced, stain'd, and deflower'd?

*Sat.* It was, Andronicus.

*Tit.* Your reason, mighty lord? 40

*Sat.* Because the girl should not survive her shame,  
And by her presence still renew his sorrows.

*Tit.* A reason mighty, strong, and effectual;  
A pattern, precedent, and lively warrant,  
For me, most wretched, to perform the like:—  
Die, die, Lavinia, and thy shame with thee;

[*He kills her.*

And with thy shame thy father's sorrow die!

*Sat.* What hast thou done, unnatural and unkind?

*Tit.* Kill'd her, for whom my tears have made me  
blind.

I am as woeful as Virginius was, 50

And have a thousand times more cause than he  
To do this outrage;—and it now is done.

*Sat.* What, was she ravisht? tell who did the deed.

*Tit.* Will't please you eat? will't please your high-  
ness feed?

*Tam.* Why hast thou slain thine only daughter thus?

*Tit.* Not I; 'twas Chiron and Demetrius:  
They ravisht her, and cut away her tongue;  
And they, 'twas they, that did her all this wrong.

*Sat.* Go fetch them hither to us presently.

*Tit.* Why, there they are both, baked in that pie; 60  
Whereof their mother daintily hath fed,

Eating the flesh that she herself hath bred.

'Tis true, 'tis true; witness my knife's sharp point.

[*He stabs the Empress.*]

*Sat.* Die, frantic wretch, for this accursed deed!

[*Kills TITUS.*]

*Luc.* Can the son's eye behold his father bleed?

There's meed for meed, death for a deadly deed!

[*Kills SATURNINUS. A great tumult. LUCIUS,*

*MARCUS, and others go up into a gallery.*]

*Marc.* You sad-faced men, people and sons of Rome,

By uproar sever'd, like a flight of fowl

Scatter'd by winds and high tempestuous gusts,

O, let me teach you how to knit again

This scatter'd corn into one mutual sheaf,

These broken limbs again into one body;

Lest Rome herself be bane unto herself,

And she whom mighty kingdoms court'sy to,

Like a forlorn and desperate castaway,

Do shameful execution on herself.

But if my frosty signs and chaps of age,

Grave witnesses of true experience,

Cannot induce you to attend my words,—

[*to LUCIUS*] Speak, Rome's dear friend: 'as erst our  
ancestor,

When with his solemn tongue he did discourse

To love-sick Dido's sad-attending ear

The story of that baleful-burning night

When subtle Greeks surprised King Priam's Troy,—

Tell us what Sinon hath bewicht our ears,

Or who hath brought the fatal engine in

That gives our Troy, our Rome, the civil wound.—

My heart is not compact of flint nor steel;

Nor can I utter all our bitter grief,

But floods of tears will drown my oratory,

And break my utterance, even in the time

When it should move you to attend me most,

And force you to commiseration.

70

80

90

Here's Rome's young captain, let him tell the tale;  
While I stand by and weep to hear him speak.

*Luc.* Then, gracious auditory, be it known to you  
That Chiron and the damn'd Demetrius  
Were they that murdered our emperor's brother;  
And they it were that ravished our sister:  
For their fell faults our brothers were beheaded, 100  
Our father's tears despised, and basely cozen'd  
Of that true hand that fought Rome's quarrel out,  
And sent her enemies unto the grave.  
Lastly, myself unkindly banished,  
The gates shut on me, and turn'd weeping out,  
To beg relief among Rome's enemies;  
Who drown'd their enmity in my true tears,  
And oped their arms to embrace me as a friend:  
I am the turn'd forth, be it known to you,  
That have preserved her welfare in my blood; 110  
And from her bosom took the enemy's point,  
Sheathing the steel in my adventurous body.  
Alas, you know I am no vaunter, I;  
My scars can witness, dumb although they are,  
That my report is just and full of truth.  
But, soft! methinks I do digress too much,  
Citing my worthless praise: O, pardon me;  
For when no friends are by, men praise themselves.

*Marc.* Now is my turn to speak. Behold this child,—

[*Pointing to the Child in the arms of an Attendant.*

Of this was Tamora delivered; 120  
The issue of an irreligious Moor,  
Chief architect and plotter of these woes:  
The villain is alive in Titus' house,  
Damn'd as he is, to witness this is true.  
Now judge what cause had Titus to revenge  
These wrongs, unspeakable, past patience,  
Or more than any living man could bear.  
Now you have heard the truth, what say you, Romans?  
Have we done aught amiss,—show us wherein,

And, from the place where you behold us pleading, 130  
 The poor remainder of Andronici  
 Will, hand in hand, all headlong hurl ourselves,  
 And on the ragged stones beat forth our brains,  
 And make a mutual closure of our house.  
 Speak, Romans, speak; and if you say we shall,  
 Lo, hand in hand, Lucius and I will fall.

*Æmil.* Come, come, thou reverend man of Rome,  
 And bring our emperor gently in thy hand,  
 Lucius our emperor; for well I know  
 The common voice do cry it shall be so. 140

*Romans.* Lucius, all hail, Rome's royal emperor!

*Marc.* [to Attendants] Go, go into old Titus' sorrow-  
 ful house,  
 And hither hale that misbelieving Moor,  
 To be adjudged some direful-slaughtering death,  
 As punishment for his most wicked life.

[*Exeunt some Attendants.*]

LUCIUS, MARCUS, &c., *descend.*

*Romans.* Lucius, all hail, Rome's gracious governor!

*Luc.* Thanks, gentle Romans: may I govern so,  
 To heal Rome's harms, and wipe away her woe!  
 But, gentle people, give me aim awhile,—  
 For nature puts me to a heavy task:— 150  
 Stand all aloof;—but, uncle, draw you near,  
 To shed obsequious tears upon this trunk.—  
 O, take this warm kiss on thy pale cold lips,

[*Kissing* TITUS.]

These sorrowful drops upon thy blood-stain'd face,  
 The last true duties of thy noble son!

*Marc.* Tear for tear, and loving kiss for kiss,  
 Thy brother Marcus tenders on thy lips:  
 O, were the sum of these that I should pay  
 Countless and infinite, yet would I pay them!

*Luc.* Come hither, boy; come, come, and learn of us 160  
 To melt in showers: thy grandsire loved thee well:

Many a time he danced thee on his knee,  
 Sung thee asleep, his loving breast thy pillow;  
 Many a story hath he told to thee,  
 Meet and agreeing with thine infancy;  
 In that respect, then, like a loving child,  
 Shed yet some small drops from thy tender spring,  
 Because kind nature doth require it so:  
 Friends should associate friends in grief and woe:  
 Bid him farewell; commit him to the grave;  
 Do him that kindness, and take leave of him. 170

*Young Luc.* O grandsire, grandsire! even with all my  
 heart

Would I were dead, so you did live again!—  
 O Lord, I cannot speak to him for weeping;  
 My tears will choke me, if I ope my mouth.

*Enter Attendants with AARON.*

*Æmil.* You sad Andronici, have done with woes:  
 Give sentence on this execrable wretch,  
 That hath been breeder of these dire events.

*Luc.* Set him breast-deep in earth, and famish him;  
 There let him stand, and rave, and cry for food: 180  
 If any one relieves or pities him,  
 For the offence he dies. This is our doom:  
 Some stay to see him fasten'd in the earth.

*Aar.* O, why should wrath be mute, and fury dumb?  
 I am no baby, I, that with base prayers  
 I should repent the evils I have done:  
 Ten thousand worse than ever yet I did  
 Would I perform, if I might have my will:  
 If one good deed in all my life I did,  
 I do repent it from my very soul. 190

*Luc.* Some loving friends convey the emperor hence,  
 And give him burial in his father's grave:  
 My father and Lavinia shall forthwith  
 Be closed in our household's monument.  
 As for that ravenous tiger, Tamora,

No funeral rite, nor man in mourning weeds,  
No mournful bell shall ring her burial;  
But throw her forth to beasts and birds of prey:  
Her life was beast-like, and devoid of pity;  
And, being so, shall have like want of pity. 200  
See justice done on Aaron, that damn'd Moor,  
By whom our heavy haps had their beginning:  
Then, afterwards, to order well the state,  
That like events may ne'er it ruin. [Exeunt.]



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## **ROMEO AND JULIET.**

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

ESCALUS, *prince of Verona.*

PARIS, *a young nobleman, kinsman to the prince.*

MONTAGUE, } *heads of two houses at variance with each other.*

CAPULET, }

An Old Man, *of the Capulet family.*

ROMEO, *son to Montague.*

MERCUTIO, *kinsman to the prince, and friend to Romeo.*

BENVOLIO, *nephew to Montague, and friend to Romeo.*

TYBALT, *nephew to Lady Capulet.*

FRIAR LAWRENCE, *a Franciscan.*

FRIAR JOHN, *of the same order.*

BALTHASAR, *servant to Romeo.*

SAMPSON, } *servants to Capulet.*

GREGORY, }

PETER, *servant to Juliet's nurse.*

ABRAHAM, *servant to Montague.*

An Apothecary.

Three Musicians.

Page to Paris ; another Page ; an Officer.

LADY MONTAGUE, *wife to Montague.*

LADY CAPULET, *wife to Capulet.*

JULIET, *daughter to Capulet.*

Nurse to Juliet.

Citizens of Verona ; Kinsfolk of both houses ; Maskers, Guards,  
Watchmen, and Attendants.

Chorus.

SCENE—*Verona ; once, in the fifth act, at Mantua.*

## ROMEO AND JULIET.

### PROLOGUE.

*Enter Chorus.*

*Chor.* Two households, both alike in dignity,  
In fair Verona, where we lay our scene,  
From ancient grudge break to new mutiny,  
Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean.  
From forth the fatal loins of these two foes  
A pair of star-crossed lovers take their life;  
Whose misadventured piteous overthrows  
Doth with their death bury their parents' strife.  
The fearful passage of their death-marked love,  
And the continuance of their parents' rage,      10  
Which, but their children's end, naught could remove,  
Is now the two hours' traffic of our stage;  
The which if you with patient ears attend,  
What here shall miss, our toil shall strive to mend.  
[*Exit.*

### ACT I.

SCENE I. *Verona. A public place.*

*Enter* SAMPSON *and* GREGORY, *of the house of* CAPULET,  
*with swords and bucklers.*

*Sam.* Gregory, o' my word, we'll not carry coals.

*Gre.* No, for then we should be colliers.

*Sam.* I mean, an we be in choler, we'll draw.

*Gre.* Ay, while you live, draw your neck out o' th'  
collar.

*Sam.* I strike quickly, being moved.

*Gre.* But thou art not quickly moved to strike.

*Sam.* A dog of the house of Montague moves me.

*Gre.* To move is to stir ; and to be valiant is to stand :  
therefore, if thou art moved, thou runn'st away. 10

*Sam.* A dog of that house shall move me to stand : I  
will take the wall of any man or maid of Montague's.

*Gre.* That shows thee a weak slave ; for the weakest  
goes to the wall.

*Sam.* 'Tis true ; and therefore women, being the  
weaker vessels, are ever thrust to the wall :—there-  
fore I will push Montague's men from the wall, and  
thrust his maids to the wall.

*Gre.* The quarrel is between our masters and us their  
men. 20

*Sam.* 'Tis all one, I will show myself a tyrant : when  
I have fought with the men, I will be cruel with the  
maids, and cut off their heads.

*Gre.* The heads of the maids ?

*Sam.* Ay, the heads of the maids, or their maiden-  
heads ; take it in what sense thou wilt.

*Gre.* They must take it in sense that feel it.

*Sam.* Me they shall feel while I am able to stand :  
and 'tis known I am a pretty piece of flesh.

*Gre.* 'Tis well thou art not fish ; if thou hadst, thou 30  
hadst been Poor-John.—Draw thy tool ; here comes  
two of the house of the Montagues.

*Enter ABRAHAM and BALTHASAR, two Serving-men of  
the Montagues.*

*Sam.* My naked weapon is out : quarrel ; I will back  
thee.

*Gre.* How ! turn thy back and run ?

*Sam.* Fear me not.

*Gre.* No, marry ; I fear thee !

*Sam.* Let us take the law of our sides ; let them begin.

*Gre.* I will frown as I pass by ; and let them take it as they list. 40

*Sam.* Nay, as they dare. I will bite my thumb at them ; which is a disgrace to them, if they bear it.

*Abr.* Do you bite your thumb at us, sir ?

*Sam.* I do bite my thumb, sir.

*Abr.* Do you bite your thumb at us, sir ?

*Sam.* [*aside to GRE.*] Is the law of our side, if I say ay ?

*Gre.* [*aside to SAM.*] No.

*Sam.* No, sir, I do not bite my thumb at you, sir ; but I bite my thumb, sir.

*Gre.* Do you quarrel, sir ? 50

*Abr.* Quarrel, sir ! no, sir.

*Sam.* If you do, sir, I am for you : I serve as good a man as you.

*Abr.* No better.

*Sam.* Well, sir.

*Gre.* [*aside to SAM.*] Say "better : " here comes one of my master's kinsmen.

*Sam.* Yes, better, sir.

*Abr.* You lie.

*Sam.* Draw, if you be men.—Gregory, remember 60 thy swashing blow. [*They fight.*]

*Enter BENVOLIO.*

*Ben.* Part, fools ! [*Beats down their swords.*]  
Put up your swords ; you know not what you do.

*Enter TYBALT.*

*Tyb.* What, art thou drawn among these heartless hinds ?  
Turn thee, Benvolio, look upon thy death.

*Ben.* I do but keep the peace : put up thy sword,  
Or manage it to part these men with me.

*Tyb.* What, drawn, and talk of peace ! I hate the word,

As I hate hell, all Montagues, and thee :  
Have at thee, coward!

[*They fight.* 70

*Enter several of both houses, who join the fray; then enter  
three or four Citizens with clubs.*

*Citizens.* Clubs, bills, and partisans! strike! beat them  
down!

Down with the Capulets! down with the Montagues!

*Enter old CAPULET in his gown, and LADY CAPULET.*

*Cap.* What noise is this?—Give me my long sword,  
ho!

*La. Cap.* A crutch, a crutch!—why call you for a  
sword?

*Cap.* My sword, I say!—Old Montague is come,  
And flourishes his blade in spite of me.

*Enter old MONTAGUE and LADY MONTAGUE.*

*Mon.* Thou villain Capulet!—Hold me not, let me go.

*La. Mon.* Thou shalt not stir one foot to seek a foe.

*Enter PRINCE ESCALUS with his Train.*

*Prin.* Rebellious subjects, enemies to peace,  
Profaners of this neighbour-stained steel,— 80  
Will they not hear?—what, ho! you men, you beasts,  
That quench the fire of your pernicious rage  
With purple fountains issuing from your veins,—  
On pain of torture, from those bloody hands  
Throw your mistemper'd weapons to the ground,  
And hear the sentence of your moved prince.  
Three civil brawls, bred of an airy word,  
By thee, old Capulet, and Montague,  
Have thrice disturb'd the quiet of our streets;  
And made Verona's ancient citizens 90  
Cast-by their grave beseeching ornaments,  
To wield old partisans, in hands as old,  
Canker'd with peace, to part your canker'd hate:

If ever you disturb our streets again,  
Your lives shall pay the forfeit of the peace.  
For this time, all the rest depart away :—  
You, Capulet, shall go along with me ;—  
And, Montague, come you this afternoon,  
To know our further pleasure in this case,  
To old Freetown, our common judgement-place.— 100  
Once more, on pain of death, all men depart.

[*Exeunt all but* MONTAGUE, LADY MONTAGUE,  
*and* BENVOLIO.

*Mon.* Who set this ancient quarrel new abroad ?—  
Speak, nephew, were you by when it began ?

*Ben.* Here were the servants of your adversary,  
And yours, close fighting, ere I did approach :  
I drew to part them : in the instant came  
The fiery Tybalt, with his sword prepared ;  
Which, as he breathed defiance to my ears,  
He swung about his head, and cut the winds,  
Who, nothing hurt withal, hist him in scorn : 110  
While we were interchanging thrusts and blows,  
Came more and more, and fought on part and part,  
Till the prince came, who parted either part.

*La. Mon.* O, where is Romeo ?—saw you him to-  
day ?—

Right glad am I he was not at this fray.

*Ben.* Madam, an hour before the worshipt sun  
Peer'd forth the golden window of the east,  
A troubled mind drave me to walk abroad ;  
Where—underneath the grove of sycamore  
That westward rooteth from the city's side— 120  
So early walking did I see your son :  
Towards him I made ; but he was ware of me,  
And stole into the covert of the wood :  
I, measuring his affections by my own,  
Which then most sought where most might not be  
found,  
Being one too many by my weary self,



Pursued my humour, not pursuing his,  
And gladly shunn'd who gladly fled from me.

*Mon.* Many a morning hath he there been seen,  
With tears augmenting the fresh morning's dew, 130  
Adding to clouds more clouds with his deep sighs:  
But all so soon as the all-cheering sun  
Should in the farthest east begin to draw  
The shady curtains from Aurora's bed,  
Away from light steals home my heavy son,  
And private in his chamber pens himself;  
Shuts up his windows, locks fair daylight out,  
And makes himself an artificial night:  
Black and portentous must this humour prove,  
Unless good counsel may the cause remove. 140

*Ben.* My noble uncle, do you know the cause?

*Mon.* I neither know it nor can learn of him.

*Ben.* Have you importuned him by any means?

*Mon.* Both by myself and many other friends:  
But he, his own affections' counsellor,  
Is to himself,—I will not say how true,—  
But to himself so secret and so close,  
So far from sounding and discovery,  
As is the bud bit with an envious worm,  
Ere he can spread his sweet leaves to the air, 150  
Or dedicate his beauty to the sun.  
Could we but learn from whence his sorrows grow,  
We would as willingly give cure as know.

*Enter* ROMEO.

*Ben.* See, where he comes: so please you, step aside;  
I'll know his grievance, or be much denied.

*Mon.* I would thou wert so happy by thy stay  
To hear true shrift.—Come, madam, let's away.

[*Exeunt* MONTAGUE and Lady.]

*Ben.* Good morrow, cousin.

*Rom.* Is the day so young?

*Ben.* But new struck nine.

*Rom.* Ay me! sad hours seem long.  
Was that my father that went hence so fast? 160

*Ben.* It was.—What sadness lengthens Romeo's hours?

*Rom.* Not having that, which having makes them short.

*Ben.* In love?

*Rom.* Out—

*Ben.* Of love?

*Rom.* Out of her favour, where I am in love.

*Ben.* Alas, that love, so gentle in his view,  
Should be so tyrannous and rough in proof!

*Rom.* Alas, that love, whose view is muffled still,  
Should, without eyes, see pathways to his will!— 170  
Where shall we dine?—O me!—What fray was here?  
Yet tell me not, for I have heard it all.

Here's much to do with hate, but more with love:—  
Why, then, O brawling love! O loving hate!

O any thing, of nothing first create!

O heavy lightness! serious vanity!

Mis-shapen chaos of well-seeming forms!

Feather of lead, bright smoke, cold fire, sick health!

Still-waking sleep, that is not what it is!—

This love feel I, that feel no love in this. 180

Dost thou not laugh?

*Ben.* No, coz, I rather weep.

*Rom.* Good heart, at what?

*Ben.* At thy good heart's oppression.

*Rom.* Why, such is love's transgression.—  
Griefs of mine own lie heavy in my breast;  
Which thou wilt propagate, to have it prest  
With more of thine: this love, that thou hast shown,  
Doth add more grief to too much of mine own.  
Love is a smoke raised with the fume of sighs;  
Being purged, a fire sparkling in lovers' eyes;  
Being vext, a sea nourisht with lovers' tears: 190

What is it else? a madness most discreet,  
A choking gall, and a preserving sweet.—  
Farewell, my coz.

*Ben.* Soft! I will go along:  
An if you leave me so, you do me wrong.

*Rom.* Tut, I have lost myself; I am not here;  
This is not Romeo, he's some other where.

*Ben.* Tell me in sadness, who is that you love.

*Rom.* What, shall I groan, and tell thee?

*Ben.* Groan! why, no;  
But sadly tell me who.

*Rom.* Bid a sick man in sadness make his will,— 200  
Ah, word ill urged to one that is so ill!—  
In sadness, cousin, I do love a woman.

*Ben.* I aim'd so near, when I supposed you loved.

*Rom.* A right good mark-man!—And she's fair I  
love.

*Ben.* A right fair mark, fair coz, is soonest hit.

*Rom.* Well, in that hit you miss: she'll not be hit  
With Cupid's arrow,—she hath Dian's wit;  
And, in strong proof of chastity well arm'd,  
From love's weak childish bow she lives unharm'd.  
She will not stay the siege of loving terms, 210  
Nor bide th' encounter of assailing eyes,  
Nor ope her lap to saint-seducing gold:  
O, she is rich in beauty; only poor,  
That, when she dies, with her dies beauty's store.

*Ben.* Then she hath sworn that she will still live  
chaste?

*Rom.* She hath, and in that sparing makes huge  
waste;  
For beauty, starved with her severity,  
Cuts beauty off from all posterity.  
She is too fair, too wise; wisely too fair,  
To merit bliss by making me despair: 220  
She hath forsworn to love; and in that vow  
Do I live dead that live to tell it now.

*Ben.* Be ruled by me, forget to think of her.

*Rom.* O, teach me how I should forget to think.

*Ben.* By giving liberty unto thine eyes ;  
Examine other beauties.

*Rom.* 'Tis the way  
To call hers, exquisite, in question more :  
These happy masks that kiss fair ladies' brows,  
Being black, put us in mind they hide the fair ;  
He that is stricken blind cannot forget  
The precious treasure of his eyesight lost :  
Show me a mistress that is passing fair,  
What doth her beauty serve, but as a note  
Where I may read who past that passing fair ?  
Farewell : thou canst not teach me to forget.

230

*Ben.* I'll pay that doctrine, or else die in debt.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE II. *The same. A street.*

*Enter* CAPULET, County PARIS, and Servant.

*Cap.* But Montague is bound as well as I,  
In penalty alike ; and 'tis not hard, I think,  
For men so old as we to keep the peace.

*Par.* Of honourable reckoning are you both ;  
And pity 'tis you lived at odds so long.  
But now, my lord, what say you to my suit ?

*Cap.* But saying o'er what I have said before :  
My child is yet a stranger in the world,  
She hath not seen the change of fourteen years ;  
Let two more summers wither in their pride  
Ere we may think her ripe to be a bride.

10

*Par.* Younger than she are happy mothers made.

*Cap.* And too soon marr'd are those so early made.  
The earth hath swallow'd all my hopes but she,  
She is the hopeful lady of my earth :  
But woo her, gentle Paris, get her heart,  
My will to her consent is but a part ;

An she agree, within her scope of choice  
 Lies my consent and fair-according voice.  
 This night I hold an old-accustom'd feast, 20  
 Whereto I have invited many a guest,  
 Such as I love; and you, among the store,  
 One more, most welcome, makes my number more.  
 At my poor house look to behold this night  
 Earth-treading stars that make dark heaven light:  
 Such comfort as do lusty young men feel  
 When well-apparell'd April on the heel  
 Of limping Winter treads, even such delight  
 Among fresh female buds shall you this night  
 Inherit at my house; hear all, all see, 30  
 And like her most whose merit most shall be:  
 Which on more view of many, mine, being one,  
 May stand in number, though in reckoning none.  
 Come, go with me.—[*to the Servant, giving him a paper*]  
 Go, sirrah, trudge about  
 Through fair Verona; find those persons out  
 Whose names are written there, and to them say,  
 My house and welcome on their pleasure stay.

[*Exeunt* CAPULET and PARIS.

*Serv.* Find them out whose names are written here!  
 It is written that the shoemaker should meddle with  
 his yard, and the tailor with his last, the fisher with 40  
 his pencil, and the painter with his nets; but I am sent  
 to find those persons whose names are here writ, and  
 can never find what names the writing person hath here  
 writ. I must to the learned:—in good time.

*Enter* BENVOLIO and ROMEO.

*Ben.* Tut, man, one fire burns out another's burning,  
 One pain is lessen'd by another's anguish;  
 Turn giddy, and be help by backward turning;  
 One desperate grief cures with another's languish:  
 Take thou some new infection to thy eye,  
 And the rank poison of the old will die. 50

*Rom.* Your plantain-leaf is excellent for that.

*Ben.* For what, I pray thee?

*Rom.* For your broken shin.

*Ben.* Why, Romeo, art thou mad?

*Rom.* Not mad, but bound more than a madman is;  
Shut up in prison, kept without my food,  
Whipt and tormented, and—God-den, good fellow.

*Serv.* God gi' god-den.—I pray, sir, can you read?

*Rom.* Ay, mine own fortune in my misery.

*Serv.* Perhaps you have learn'd it without book: but,  
I pray, can you read any thing you see? 60

*Rom.* Ay, if I know the letters and the language.

*Serv.* Ye say honestly: rest you merry!

*Rom.* Stay, fellow; I can read. [*He reads the paper.*]

“Signior Martino and his wife and daughters; County Anselme and his beauteous sisters; the lady widow of Vitruvio; Signior Placentio and his lovely nieces; Mercutio and his brother Valentine; mine uncle Capulet, his wife, and daughters; my fair niece Rosaline; Livia; Signior Valentio and his cousin Tybalt; Lucio and the lively Helena.”

[*Giving back the paper*] A fair assembly: whither should  
they come? 70

*Serv.* Up.

*Rom.* Whither?

*Serv.* To supper to our house.

*Rom.* Whose house?

*Serv.* My master's.

*Rom.* Indeed, I should have askt you that before.

*Serv.* Now I'll tell you without asking: my master  
is the great rich Capulet; and if you be not of the  
house of Montagues, I pray, come and crush a cup  
of wine. Rest you merry! [*Exit.* 80

*Ben.* At this same ancient feast of Capulet's  
Supps the fair Rosaline whom thou so lovest;  
With all the admired beauties of Verona:  
Go thither; and, with unattainted eye,

Compare her face with some that I shall show,  
And I will make thee think thy swan a crow.

*Rom.* When the devout religion of mine eye  
Maintains such falsehood, then turn tears to fires;  
And these,—who, often drown'd, could never die,—  
Transparent heretics, be burnt for liars! 90  
One fairer than my love! the all-seeing sun  
Ne'er saw her match since first the world begun.

*Ben.* Tut, you saw her fair, none else being by,  
Herself poised with herself in either eye:  
But in that crystal scales let there be weigh'd  
Your lady-love against some other maid  
That I will show you shining at this feast,  
And she shall scant show well that now shows best.

*Rom.* I'll go along, no such sight to be shown,  
But to rejoice in splendour of mine own. [*Exeunt.* 100

SCENE III. *The same. A room in CAPULET'S house.*

*Enter LADY CAPULET and Nurse.*

*La. Cap.* Nurse, where's my daughter? call her forth  
to me.

*Nurse.* Now, by my maidenhead,—at twelve year  
old,—  
I bade her come.—What, lamb! what, lady-bird!—  
God forbid!—where's this girl?—What, Juliet!

*Enter JULIET.*

*Jul.* How now! who calls?

*Nurse.* Your mother.

*Jul.* Madam, I am here, what is your will?

*La. Cap.* This is the matter,—nurse, give leave  
awhile,  
We must talk in secret:—nurse, come back again;  
I have remember'd me, thou's hear our council. 10  
Thou know'st my daughter's of a pretty age.

*Nurse.* Faith, I can tell her age unto an hour.

*La. Cap.* She's not fourteen.

*Nurse.* I'll lay fourteen of my teeth,—and yet, to my teen be it spoken, I have but four,—she's not fourteen. How long is it now to Lammas-tide?

*La. Cap.* A fortnight and odd days.

*Nurse.* Even or odd, of all days in the year, Come Lammas-eve at night shall she be fourteen.

Susan and she—God rest all Christian souls!— 20

Were of an age: well, Susan is with God ;  
She was too good for me:—but, as I said,  
On Lammas-eve at night shall she be fourteen ;  
That shall she, marry ; I remember it well.

'Tis since the earthquake now eleven years ;  
And she was wean'd,—I never shall forget it,—  
Of all the days of the year, upon that day :

For I had then laid wormwood to my dug,  
Sitting in the sun under the dove-house wall ;  
My lord and you were then at Mantua:— 30

Nay, I do bear a brain:—but, as I said,  
When it did taste the wormwood on the nipple  
Of my dug, and felt it bitter, pretty fool,  
To see it tetchy, and fall out with the dug !  
Shake, quoth the dove-house: 'twas no need, I trow,  
To bid me trudge :

And since that time it is eleven years ;  
For then she could stand high-lone ; nay, by th' rood,  
She could have run and waddled all about ;  
For even the day before, she broke her brow : 40

And then my husband—God be with his soul !  
'A was a merry man—took up the child :  
"Yea," quoth he, "dost thou fall upon thy face?  
Thou wilt fall backward when thou hast more wit ;  
Wilt thou not, Jule?" and, by my holidame,  
The pretty wretch left crying, and said "Ay."  
To see, now, how a jest shall come about !  
I warrant, an I should live a thousand years,



I never should forget it : “ Wilt thou not, Jule ? ” quoth he ;

And, pretty fool, it stinted, and said “ Ay.” 50

*La. Cap.* Enough of this ; I pray thee, hold thy peace.

*Nurse.* Yes, madam :—yet I cannot choose but laugh, To think it should leave crying, and say “ Ay : ”

And yet, I warrant, it had upon it brow

A bump as big as a young cockerel’s stone ;

A parlous knock ; and it cried bitterly :

“ Yea,” quoth my husband, “ fall’st upon thy face ?

Thou wilt fall backward when thou comest to age ;

Wilt thou not, Jule ? ” it stinted, and said “ Ay.”

*Jul.* And stint thou too, I pray thee, nurse, say I. 60

*Nurse.* Peace, I have done. God mark thee to His grace !

Thou wast the prettiest babe that e’er I nursed :

An I might live to see thee married once,

I have my wish.

*La. Cap.* Marry, that “ marry ” is the very theme

I came to talk of :—tell me, daughter Juliet,

How stands your disposition to be married ?

*Jul.* It is an honour that I dream not of.

*Nurse.* An honour ! were not I thine only nurse, I would say thou hadst suckt wisdom from thy teat. 70

*La. Cap.* Well, think of marriage now ; younger than you,

Here in Verona, ladies of esteem,

Are made already mothers : by my count,

I was your mother much upon these years

That you are now a maid. Thus, then, in brief ;—

The valiant Paris seeks you for his love.

*Nurse.* A man, young lady ! lady, such a man

As all the world—why, he’s a man of wax.

*La. Cap.* Verona’s summer hath not such a flower.

*Nurse.* Nay, he’s a flower ; in faith, a very flower. 80

*La. Cap.* What say you ? can you love the gentleman ?

This night you shall behold him at our feast ;  
 Read o'er the volume of young Paris' face,  
 And find delight writ there with beauty's pen ;  
 Examine every married lineament,  
 And see how one another lends content ;  
 And what obscured in this fair volume lies  
 Find written in the margent of his eyes.  
 This precious book of love, this unbound lover,  
 To beautify him only lacks a cover : 90  
 The fish lives in the sea ; and 'tis much pride  
 For fair without the fair within to hide :  
 That book in many's eyes doth share the glory,  
 That in gold clasps locks in the golden story ;  
 So shall you share all that he doth possess,  
 By having him, making yourself no less.

*Nurse.* No less ! nay, bigger ; women grow by men.

*La. Cap.* Speak briefly, can you like of Paris' love ?

*Jul.* I'll look to like, if looking liking move :

But no more deep will I endart mine eye 100  
 Than your consent gives strength to make it fly.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Serv.* Madam, the guests are come, supper served up, you call'd, my young lady askt for, the nurse curst in the pantry, and every thing in extremity. I must hence to wait ; I beseech you, follow straight.

*La. Cap.* We follow thee. [*Exit Servant.*]—Juliet, the county stays.

*Nurse.* Go, girl, seek happy nights to happy days.  
 [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *The same. A street.*

*Enter ROMEO, MERCUTIO, BENVOLIO, with five or six other Maskers, and Torch-bearers.*

*Rom.* What, shall this speech be spoke for our excuse ?  
 Or shall we on without apology ?

*Ben.* The date is out of such prolixity :  
 We'll have no Cupid hoodwinkt with a scarf,  
 Bearing a Tartar's painted bow of lath,  
 Scaring the ladies like a crow-keeper ;  
 Nor no without-book prologue, faintly spoke  
 After the prompter, for our entrance :  
 But, let them measure us by what they will,  
 We'll measure them a measure, and be gone. 10

*Rom.* Give me a torch, I am not for this ambling ;  
 Being but heavy, I will bear the light.

*Mer.* Nay, gentle Romeo, we must have you dance.

*Rom.* Not I, believe me : you have dancing-shoes  
 With nimble soles : I have a soul of lead,  
 So stakes me to the ground I cannot move.

*Mer.* You are a lover ; borrow Cupid's wings,  
 And soar with them above a common bound.

*Rom.* I am too sore enpierced with his shaft,  
 To soar with his light feathers ; and so bound, 20  
 I cannot bound a pitch above dull woe :  
 Under love's heavy burden do I sink.

*Mer.* And, to sink in it, should you burden love ;  
 Too great oppression for a tender thing.

*Rom.* Is love a tender thing ? it is too rough,  
 Too rude, too boisterous, and it pricks like thorn.

*Mer.* If love be rough with you, be rough with love ;  
 Prick love for pricking, and you beat love down.—  
 Give me a case to put my visage in : [*Putting on a mask.*  
 A visor for a visor !—what care I 30  
 What curious eye doth quote deformities ?  
 Here are the beetle-brows shall blush for me.

*Ben.* Come, knock and enter ; and no sooner in,  
 But every man betake him to his legs.

*Rom.* A torch for me : let wantons, light of heart,  
 Tickle the senseless rushes with their heels ;  
 For I am proverb'd with a grandsire phrase,—  
 I'll be a candle-holder, and look on,—  
 The game was ne'er so fair, and I am done.

*Mer.* Tut, dun's the mouse, the constable's own word :

40

If thou art Dun, we'll draw thee from the mire  
Of this sir-reverence love, wherein thou stick'st  
Up to the ears.—Come, we burn daylight, ho !

*Rom.* Nay, that's not so.

*Mer.* I mean, sir, in delay  
We waste our lights in vain, like lamps by day.  
Take our good meaning, for our judgement sits  
Five times in that, ere once in our five wits.

*Rom.* And we mean well, in going to this mask ;  
But 'tis no wit to go.

*Mer.* Why, may one ask ?

*Rom.* I dreamt a dream to-night.

*Mer.* And so did I. 50

*Rom.* Well, what was yours ?

*Mer.* That dreamers often lie.

*Rom.* In bed asleep, while they do dream things true.

*Mer.* O, then, I see Queen Mab hath been with you.

She is the fairies' midwife ; and she comes

In shape no bigger than an agate-stone

On the fore-finger of an alderman,

Drawn with a team of little atomies

Athwart men's noses as they lie asleep :

Her wagon-spokes made of long spinners' legs ;

The cover, of the wings of grasshoppers ;

60

The traces, of the smallest spider's web ;

The collars, of the moonshine's watery beams ;

Her whip, of cricket's bone ; the lash, of film ;

Her wagoner, a small gray-coated gnat,

Not half so big as a round little worm

Prickt from the lazy finger of a maid ;

Her chariot is an empty hazel-nut,

Made by the joiner squirrel or old grub,

Time out o' mind the fairies' coachmakers.

And in this state she gallops night by night

70

Through lovers' brains, and then they dream of love ;

O'er courtiers' knees, that dream on court'sies straight;  
 O'er lawyers' fingers, who straight dream on fees;  
 O'er ladies' lips, who straight on kisses dream,—  
 Which oft the angry Mab with blisters plagues,  
 Because their breaths with sweetmeats tainted are:  
 Sometime she gallops o'er a courtier's nose,  
 And then dreams he of smelling out a suit;  
 And sometime comes she with a tithe-pig's tail  
 Tickling a parson's nose as 'a lies asleep, 80  
 Then dreams he of another benefice:  
 Sometime she driveth o'er a soldier's neck,  
 And then dreams he of cutting foreign throats,  
 Of breaches, ambuscadoes, Spanish blades,  
 Of healths five-fathom deep; and then anon  
 Drums in his ear, at which he starts, and wakes;  
 And, being thus frightened, swears a prayer or two,  
 And sleeps again. This is that very Mab  
 That plats the manes of horses in the night;  
 And bakes the elf-locks in foul sluttish hairs, 90  
 Which once untangled, much misfortune bodes:  
 This is the hag, when maids lie on their backs,  
 That presses them, and learns them first to bear,  
 Making them women of good carriage:  
 This is she—

*Rom.* Peace, peace, Mercutio, peace!  
 Thou talk'st of nothing.

*Mer.* True, I talk of dreams;  
 Which are the children of an idle brain,  
 Begot of nothing but vain fantasy;  
 Which is as thin of substance as the air;  
 And more inconstant than the wind, who woos 100  
 Even now the frozen bosom of the north,  
 And, being anger'd, puffs away from thence,  
 Turning his face to the dew-dropping south.

*Ben.* This wind, you talk of, blows us from ourselves;  
 Supper is done, and we shall come too late.

*Rom.* I fear, too early: for my mind misgives

Some consequence, yet hanging in the stars,  
 Shall bitterly begin his fearful date  
 With this night's revels; and expire the term  
 Of a despised life, closed in my breast, 110  
 By some vile forfeit of untimely death:  
 But He, that hath the steerage of my course,  
 Direct my sail!—On, lusty gentlemen!

*Ben.* Strike, drum.

*[They march about the stage, and exeunt.]*

SCENE V. *The same. A ball in CAPULET'S house.*

*Musicians waiting. Serving-men come forth with their napkins.*

*First Serv.* Where's Potpan, that he helps not to take away? he shift a trencher! he scrape a trencher!

*Sec. Serv.* When good manners shall lie all in one or two men's hands, and they unwasht too, 'tis a foul thing.

*First Serv.* Away with the joint-stools, remove the court-cupboard, look to the plate:—good thou, save me a piece of marchpane; and, as thou lovest me, let the porter let in Susan Grindstone and Nell.—Antony and Potpan! 10

*Sec. Serv.* Ay, boy, ready.

*First Serv.* You are lookt for and call'd for, askt for and sought for, in the great chamber.

*Third Serv.* We cannot be here and there too.—Cheerly, boys; be brisk awhile, and the longer liver take all. *[They retire behind.]*

*Enter CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, JULIET, TYBALT, and others of the house, with the Guests and Maskers.*

*Cap.* Welcome, gentlemen! ladies that have their toes  
 Unplagued with corns will have a bout with you:—

Ah ha, my mistresses! which of you all  
 Will now deny to dance? she that makes dainty, 20  
 She, I'll swear, hath corns; am I come near ye now?—  
 Welcome, gentlemen! I have seen the day  
 That I have worn a visor; and could tell  
 A whispering tale in a fair lady's ear,  
 Such as would please; 'tis gone, 'tis gone, 'tis gone:  
 You are welcome, gentlemen! Come, musicians, play.  
 A hall, a hall! give room! and foot it, girls.—

*[Music plays, and they dance.]*

More light, you knaves; and turn the tables up,  
 And quench the fire, the room is grown too hot.—  
 Ah, sirrah, this unlookt-for sport comes well. 30  
 Nay, sit, nay, sit, good cousin Capulet;  
 For you and I are past our dancing days:  
 How long is't now since last yourself and I  
 Were in a mask?

*Sec. Cap.* By'r lady, thirty years.

*Cap.* What, man! 'tis not so much, 'tis not so  
 much:

'Tis since the nuptial of Lucentio,  
 Come Pentecost as quickly as it will,  
 Some five-and-twenty years; and then we maskt.

*Sec. Cap.* 'Tis more, 'tis more: his son is elder, sir;  
 His son is thirty.

*Cap.* Will you tell me that? 40  
 His son was but a ward two years ago.

*Rom.* [*to a Servant*] What lady's that, which doth  
 enrich the hand  
 Of yonder knight?

*Serv.* I know not, sir.

*Rom.* O, she doth teach the torches to burn bright!  
 Her beauty hangs upon the cheek of night  
 Like a rich jewel in an Ethiop's ear;  
 Beauty too rich for use, for earth too dear!  
 So shows a snowy dove trooping with crows,  
 As yonder lady o'er her fellows shows. 50

The measure done, I'll watch her place of stand,  
 And, touching hers, make blessed my rude hand.  
 Did my heart love till now? forswear it, sight!  
 For I ne'er saw true beauty till this night.

*Tyb.* This, by his voice, should be a Montague:—  
 Fetch me my rapier, boy:—what, dares the slave  
 Come hither, cover'd with an antic face,  
 To flier and scorn at our solemnity?  
 Now, by the stock and honour of my kin,  
 To strike him dead I hold it not a sin. 60

*Cap.* Why, how now, kinsman! wherefore storm  
 you so?

*Tyb.* Uncle, this is a Montague, our foe;  
 A villain, that is hither come in spite,  
 To scorn at our solemnity this night.

*Cap.* Young Romeo is it?

*Tyb.* 'Tis he, that villain Romeo.

*Cap.* Content thee, gentle coz, let him alone,  
 He bears him like a portly gentleman;  
 And, to say truth, Verona brags of him  
 To be a virtuous and well-govern'd youth:  
 I would not for the wealth of all this town 70  
 Here in my house do him disparagement:  
 Therefore be patient, take no note of him,—  
 It is my will; the which if thou respect,  
 Show a fair presence, and put off these frowns,  
 An ill-beseeming semblance for a feast.

*Tyb.* It fits, when such a villain is a guest:  
 I'll not endure him.

*Cap.* He shall be endured:  
 What, Goodman boy!—I say, he shall;—go to;  
 Am I the master here, or you? go to.  
 You'll not endure him!—God shall mend my soul, 80  
 You'll make a mutiny among my guests!  
 You will set cock-a-hoop! you'll be the man!

*Tyb.* Why, uncle, 'tis a shame—

*Cap.* Go to, go to;



You are a saucy boy :—is't so, indeed?—  
 This trick may chance to scathe you,—I know what :  
 You must contrary me ! marry, 'tis time.—  
 Well said, my hearts !—You are a princox ; go :  
 Be quiet, or—More light, more light !—For shame !  
 I'll make you quiet : what !—Cheerly, my hearts !

*Tyb.* Patience perforce with wilful choler meeting 90  
 Makes my flesh tremble in their different greeting.

I will withdraw : but this intrusion shall,  
 Now seeming sweet, convert to bitter gall. [*Exit.*

*Rom.* [*to JULIET*] If I profane with my unworhiest  
 hand

This holy shrine, the gentle fine is this,—  
 My lips, two blushing pilgrims, ready stand  
 To smooth that rough touch with a tender kiss.

*Jul.* Good pilgrim, you do wrong your hand too  
 much,

Which mannerly devotion shows in this ;  
 For saints have hands that pilgrims' hands do touch, 100  
 And palm to palm is holy palmers' kiss.

*Rom.* Have not saints lips, and holy palmers too ?

*Jul.* Ay, pilgrim, lips that they must use in prayer.

*Rom.* O, then, dear saint, let lips do what hands do ;  
 They pray ; grant thou, lest faith turn to despair.

*Jul.* Saints do not move, though grant for prayers'  
 sake.

*Rom.* Then move not, while my prayer's effect I  
 take.

Thus from my lips, by yours, my sin is purged.

[*Kissing her.*

*Jul.* Then have my lips the sin that they have took.

*Rom.* Sin from my lips ? O trespass sweetly urged ! 110

Give me my sin again. [*Kissing her again.*

*Jul.* You kiss by th' book.

*Nurse.* Madam, your mother craves a word with you.

*Rom.* What is her mother ?

*Nurse.* Marry, bachelor,

Her mother is the lady of the house,  
And a good lady, and a wise and virtuous :  
I nursed her daughter, that you talkt withal ;  
I tell you, he that can lay hold of her  
Shall have the chinks.

*Rom.* Is she a Capulet ?

O dear account ! my life is my foe's debt.

*Ben.* Away, be gone ; the sport is at the best. 120

*Rom.* Ay, so I fear ; the more is my unrest.

*Cap.* Nay, gentlemen, prepare not to be gone ;  
We have a trifling foolish banquet towards.—

Is it e'en so ? why, then, I thank you all ;

I thank you, honest gentlemen ; good night.—

More torches here !—Come on, then, let's to bed.

[*to Sec. CAP.*] Ah, sirrah, by my fay, it waxes late :

I'll to my rest. [*Exeunt all but JULIET and Nurse.*]

*Jul.* Come hither, nurse. What is yond gentleman ?

*Nurse.* The son and heir of old Tiberio. 130

*Jul.* What's he that now is going out of door ?

*Nurse.* Marry, that, I think, be young Petruchio.

*Jul.* What's he that follows there, that would not  
dance ?

*Nurse.* I know not.

*Jul.* Go, ask his name :—if he be married,  
My grave is like to be my wedding-bed.

*Nurse.* His name is Romeo, and a Montague ;  
The only son of your great enemy.

*Jul.* My only love sprung from my only hate !  
Too early seen unknown, and known too late ! 140

Prodigious birth of love it is to me,

That I must love a loathed enemy.

*Nurse.* What's this ? what's this ?

*Jul.* A rime I learn'd even now  
Of one I danced withal. [*One calls within, "Juliet."*]

*Nurse.* Anon, anon !—

Come, let's away ; the strangers all are gone. [*Exeunt.*]



Romeo ! humours ! madman ! passion ! lover !  
 Appear thou in the likeness of a sigh :  
 Speak but one rime, and I am satisfied ;  
 Cry but " Ay me ! " pronounce but " love " and " dove ; " 10  
 Speak to my gossip Venus one fair word,  
 One nickname for her purblind son and heir,  
 Young Adam Cupid, he that shot so trim,  
 When King Cophetua loved the beggar-maid !—  
 He heareth not, he stirreth not, he moveth not ;  
 The ape is dead, and I must conjure him.—  
 I conjure thee by Rosaline's bright eyes,  
 By her high forehead and her scarlet lip,  
 By her fine foot, straight leg, and quivering thigh,  
 And the demesnes that there adjacent lie, 20  
 That in thy likeness thou appear to us !

*Ben.* An if he hear thee, thou wilt anger him.

*Mer.* This cannot anger him : 'twould anger him  
 To raise a spirit in his mistress' circle  
 Of some strange nature, letting it there stand  
 Till she had laid it and conjured it down ;  
 That were some spite : my invocation  
 Is fair and honest, and, in his mistress' name,  
 I conjure only but to raise up him.

*Ben.* Come, he hath hid himself among these trees, 30  
 To be consorted with the humorous night :  
 Blind is his love, and best befits the dark.

*Mer.* If love be blind, love cannot hit the mark.  
 Now will he sit under a medlar-tree,  
 And wish his mistress were that kind of fruit  
 As maids call medlars, when they laugh alone.—  
 O, Romeo, that she were, O, that she were  
 An open *et-cætera*, thou a poperin pear !  
 Romeo, good night :—I'll to my truckle-bed ;  
 This field-bed is too cold for me to sleep : 40  
 Come, shall we go ?

*Ben.* Go, then ; for 'tis in vain  
 To seek him here that means not to be found. [*Exeunt.*]

*Rom.* [*coming forward*] He jests at scars that never felt a wound.—

[*JULIET appears above at a window.*

But, soft! what light through yonder window breaks?  
It is the east, and Juliet is the sun!—

Arise, fair sun, and kill the envious moon,  
Who is already sick and pale with grief,

That thou her maid art far more fair than she:

Be not her maid, since she is envious;

Her vestal livery is but sick and green,

50

And none but fools do wear it; cast it off.—

It is my lady; O, it is my love!

O, that she knew she were!—

She speaks, yet she says nothing: what of that?

Her eye discourses; I will answer it.—

I am too bold; 'tis not to me she speaks:

Two of the fairest stars in all the heaven,

Having some business, do entreat her eyes

To twinkle in their spheres till they return.

What if her eyes were there, they in her head?

60

The brightness of her cheek would shame those stars,

As daylight doth a lamp; her eyes in heaven

Would through the airy region stream so bright,

That birds would sing, and think it were not night.

See, how she leans her cheek upon her hand!

O, that I were a glove upon that hand,

That I might touch that cheek!

*Jul.*

Ay me!

*Rom.*

She speaks:—

O, speak again, bright angel! for thou art

As glorious to this night, being o'er my head,

As is a winged messenger of heaven

70

Unto the white-upturned wondering eyes

Of mortals that fall back to gaze on him

When he bestrides the lazy-pacing clouds

And sails upon the bosom of the air.

*Jul.* O Romeo, Romeo! wherefore art thou Romeo?

Deny thy father, and refuse thy name ;  
Or, if thou wilt not, be but sworn my love,  
And I'll no longer be a Capulet.

*Rom.* [*aside*] Shall I hear more, or shall I speak at this?

*Jul.* 'Tis but thy name that is my enemy ;— 80  
Thou art thyself though, not a Montague.  
What's Montague? it is nor hand, nor foot,  
Nor arm, nor face, nor any other part  
Belonging to a man. O, be some other name!  
What's in a name? that which we call a rose  
By any other name would smell as sweet ;  
So Romeo would, were he not Romeo call'd,  
Retain that dear perfection which he owes  
Without that title:—Romeo, doff thy name ;  
And for that name, which is no part of thee, 90  
Take all myself.

*Rom.* I take thee at thy word :  
Call me but love, and I'll be new baptized ;  
Henceforth I never will be Romeo.

*Jul.* What man art thou, that, thus bescreen'd in  
night,  
So stumblest on my counsel?

*Rom.* By a name  
I know not how to tell thee who I am :  
My name, dear saint, is hateful to myself,  
Because it is an enemy to thee ;  
Had I it written, I would tear the word.

*Jul.* My ears have not yet drunk a hundred words 100  
Of that tongue's utterance, yet I know the sound :  
Art thou not Romeo and a Montague?

*Rom.* Neither, fair saint, if either thee dislike.

*Jul.* How camest thou hither, tell me, and wherefore?  
The orchard-walls are high and hard to climb ;  
And the place death, considering who thou art,  
If any of my kinsmen find thee here.

*Rom.* With love's light wings did I o'er-perch these  
walls ;

For stony limits cannot hold love out :  
 And what love can do, that dares love attempt ; 110  
 Therefore thy kinsmen are no let to me.

*Jul.* If they do see thee, they will murder thee.

*Rom.* Alack, there lies more peril in thine eye  
 Than twenty of their swords : look thou but sweet,  
 And I am proof against their enmity.

*Jul.* I would not for the world they saw thee here.

*Rom.* I have night's cloak to hide me from their  
 sight ;

And but thou love me, let them find me here :  
 My life were better ended by their hate  
 Than death prorogued, wanting of thy love. 120

*Jul.* By whose direction found'st thou out this place?

*Rom.* By love, who first did prompt me to inquire ;  
 He lent me counsel, and I lent him eyes.  
 I am no pilot ; yet, wert thou as far  
 As that vast shore washt with the furthest sea,  
 I would adventure for such merchandise.

*Jul.* Thou know'st the mask of night is on my face,  
 Else would a maiden blush bepaint my cheek  
 For that which thou hast heard me speak to-night.  
 Fain would I dwell on form, fain, fain deny 130  
 What I have spoke : but farewell compliment !  
 Dost thou love me ? I know thou wilt say "Ay ;"  
 And I will take thy word : yet, if thou swear'st,  
 Thou mayst prove false ; at lovers' perjuries,  
 They say, Jove laughs. O gentle Romeo,  
 If thou dost love, pronounce it faithfully :  
 Or if thou think'st I am too quickly won,  
 I'll frown, and be perverse, and say thee nay,  
 So thou wilt woo ; but else, not for the world.  
 In truth, fair Montague, I am too fond ; 140

And therefore thou mayst think my haviour light :  
 But trust me, gentleman, I'll prove more true  
 Than those that have more cunning to be strange.  
 I should have been more strange, I must confess,  
 But that thou overheard'st, ere I was ware,

My true love's passion : therefore pardon me ;  
And not impute this yielding to light love,  
Which the dark night hath so discovered.

*Rom.* Lady, by yonder blessed moon I swear,  
That tips with silver all these fruit-tree tops,— 150

*Jul.* O, swear not by the moon, th' inconstant moon,  
That monthly changes in her circled orb,  
Lest that thy love prove likewise variable.

*Rom.* What shall I swear by ?

*Jul.* Do not swear at all ;  
Or, if thou wilt, swear by thy gracious self,  
Which is the god of my idolatry,  
And I'll believe thee.

*Rom.* If my heart's dear love—

*Jul.* Well, do not swear : although I joy in thee,  
I have no joy of this contract to-night :  
It is too rash, too unadvised, too sudden ; 160  
Too like the lightning, which doth cease to be  
Ere one can say "It lightens." Sweet, good night !  
This bud of love, by summer's ripening breath,  
May prove a beauteous flower when next we meet.  
Good night, good night ! as sweet repose and rest  
Come to thy heart as that within my breast !

*Rom.* O, wilt thou leave me so unsatisfied ?

*Jul.* What satisfaction canst thou have to-night ?

*Rom.* Th' exchange of thy love's faithful vow for  
mine.

*Jul.* I gave thee mine before thou didst request it : 170  
And yet I would it were to give again.

*Rom.* Wouldst thou withdraw it ? for what purpose,  
love ?

*Jul.* But to be frank, and give it thee again.  
And yet I wish but for the thing I have :  
My bounty is as boundless as the sea,  
My love as deep ; the more I give to thee,  
The more I have, for both are infinite.  
I hear some noise within ; dear love, adieu !—

[Nurse calls within.]



Anon, good nurse!—Sweet Montague, be true.  
Stay but a little, I will come again. [Exit above. 180

Rom. O blessed, blessed night! I am afeard,  
Being in night, all this is but a dream,  
Too flattering-sweet to be substantial.

*Enter JULIET above.*

Jul. Three words, dear Romeo, and good night  
indeed.

If that thy bent of love be honourable,  
Thy purpose marriage, send me word to-morrow,  
By one that I'll procure to come to thee,  
Where and what time thou wilt perform the rite;  
And all my fortunes at thy foot I'll lay,  
And follow thee my lord throughout the world. 190

Nurse. [within] Madam!

Jul. I come, anon:—But if thou mean'st not well,  
I do beseech thee—

Nurse. [within] Madam!

Jul. By and by, I come:—  
To cease thy suit, and leave me to my grief:  
To-morrow will I send.

Rom. So thrive my soul—

Jul. A thousand times good night! [Exit above.

Rom. A thousand times the worse, to want thy light.—  
Love goes toward love, as schoolboys from their books;  
But love from love, toward school with heavy looks.  
[Retiring.

*Enter JULIET again.*

Jul. Hist! Romeo, hist!—O, for a falconer's voice, 200  
To lure this tassel-gentle back again!  
Bondage is hoarse, and may not speak aloud;  
Else would I tear the cave where Echo lies,  
And make her airy tongue more hoarse than mine,  
With repetition of my Romeo's name.  
Romeo!

Rom. It is my soul that calls upon my name:

How silver-sweet sound lovers' tongues by night,  
Like softest music to attending ears!

*Jul.* Romeo!

*Rom.* My dear?

*Jul.* At what o'clock to-morrow 210  
Shall I send to thee?

*Rom.* At the hour of nine.

*Jul.* I will not fail: 'tis twenty years till then.  
I have forgot why I did call thee back.

*Rom.* Let me stand here till thou remember it.

*Jul.* I shall forget, to have thee still stand there,  
Remembering how I love thy company.

*Rom.* And I'll still stay, to have thee still forget,  
Forgetting any other home but this.

*Jul.* 'Tis almost morning; I would have thee gone,—  
And yet no further than a wanton's bird, 220  
Who lets it hop a little from her hand,  
Like a poor prisoner in his twisted gyves,  
And with a silk thread plucks it back again,  
So loving-jealous of his liberty.

*Rom.* I would I were thy bird.

*Jul.* Sweet, so would I:  
Yet I should kill thee with much cherishing.  
Good night, good night! parting is such sweet sorrow,  
That I shall say good night till it be morrow.

[*Exit above.*]

*Rom.* Sleep dwell upon thine eyes, peace in thy  
breast!—  
Would I were sleep and peace, so sweet to rest! 230  
Hence will I to my ghostly father's cell,  
His help to crave, and my dear hap to tell. [*Exit.*]

SCENE II. *The same.* FRIAR LAURENCE'S cell.

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE, alone, with  
a basket.

*Fri. L.* The gray-eyed morn smiles on the frowning  
night,

Chequering the eastern clouds with streaks of light;  
 And flecked darkness like a drunkard reels  
 From forth day's path and Titan's fiery wheels:  
 Now, ere the sun advance his burning eye,  
 The day to cheer, and night's dank dew to dry,  
 I must up-fill this osier-cage of ours  
 With baleful weeds and precious-juiced flowers.  
 The earth, that's nature's mother, is her tomb;  
 What is her burying grave, that is her womb: 10  
 And from her womb children of divers kind  
 We sucking on her natural bosom find;  
 Many for many virtues excellent,  
 None but for some, and yet all different.  
 O, mickle is the powerful grace that lies  
 In herbs, plants, stones, and their true qualities:  
 For naught so vile that on the earth doth live,  
 But to the earth some special good doth give;  
 Nor aught so good, but, strain'd from that fair use,  
 Revolts from true birth, stumbling on abuse: 20  
 Virtue itself turns vice, being misapplied;  
 And vice sometime 's by action dignified.  
 Within the infant rind of this small flower  
 Poison hath residence, and medicine power:  
 For this, being smelt, with that part cheers each part;  
 Being tasted, slays all senses with the heart.  
 Two such opposed kings encamp them still  
 In man as well as herbs,—grace and rude will;  
 And where the worser is predominant,  
 Full soon the canker death eats up that plant. 30

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Rom.* Good morrow, father.

*Fri. L.* *Benedicite!*

What early tongue so sweet saluteth me?—  
 Young son, it argues a distemper'd head  
 So soon to bid good morrow to thy bed:  
 Care keeps his watch in every old man's eye,  
 And where care lodges sleep will never lie;

But where unbruised youth with unstuff'd brain  
Doth couch his limbs, there golden sleep doth reign:  
Therefore thy earliness doth me assure  
Thou art up-roused by some distemperature ; 40  
Or if not so, then here I hit it right,—  
Our Romeo hath not been in bed to-night.

*Rom.* That last is true ; the sweeter rest was mine.

*Fri. L.* God pardon sin ! wast thou with Rosaline ?

*Rom.* With Rosaline, my ghostly father ? no ;  
I have forgot that name, and that name's woe.

*Fri. L.* That's my good son : but where hast thou  
been, then ?

*Rom.* I'll tell thee, ere thou ask it me agen.  
I have been feasting with mine enemy ;  
Where, on a sudden, one hath wounded me, 50  
That's by me wounded : both our remedies  
Within thy help and holy physic lies :  
I bear no hatred, blessed man ; for, lo,  
My intercession likewise steads my foe.

*Fri. L.* Be plain, good son, and homely in thy drift ;  
Riddling confession finds but riddling shrift.

*Rom.* Then plainly know my heart's dear love is set  
On the fair daughter of rich Capulet :  
As mine on hers, so hers is set on mine ;  
And all combined, save what thou must combine 60  
By holy marriage : when, and where, and how,  
We met, we woo'd, and made exchange of vow,  
I'll tell thee as we pass ; but this I pray,  
That thou consent to marry us to-day.

*Fri. L.* Holy Saint Francis, what a change is here !  
Is Rosaline, whom thou didst love so dear,  
So soon forsaken ? young men's love, then, lies  
Not truly in their hearts, but in their eyes.

*Jesu Maria*, what a deal of brine  
Hath wash't thy sallow cheeks for Rosaline ! 70  
How much salt water thrown away in waste,  
To season love, that of it doth not taste !

The sun not yet thy sighs from heaven clears,  
 Thy old groans ring yet in mine ancient ears ;  
 Lo, here upon thy cheek the stain doth sit  
 Of an old tear that is not washt off yet :  
 If e'er thou wast thyself, and these woes thine,  
 Thou and these woes were all for Rosaline :  
 And art thou changed? pronounce this sentence, then,—  
 Women may fall, when there's no strength in men. 80

*Rom.* Thou chidd'st me oft for loving Rosaline.

*Fri. L.* For doting, not for loving, pupil mine.

*Rom.* And bad'st me bury love.

*Fri. L.* Not in a grave,

To lay one in, another out to have.

*Rom.* I pray thee, chide not: she whom I love now  
 Doth grace for grace and love for love allow ;  
 The other did not so.

*Fri. L.* O, she knew well

Thy love did read by rote, and could not spell.

But come, young waverer, come, go with me,

In one respect I'll thy assistant be ;

For this alliance may so happy prove,

To turn your households' rancour to pure love.

*Rom.* O, let us hence ; I stand on sudden haste.

*Fri. L.* Wisely, and slow ; they stumble that run fast.

[*Exeunt.*

### SCENE III. *A street.*

*Enter* BENVOLIO *and* MERCUTIO.

*Mer.* Why, where the devil should this Romeo be?—  
 Came he not home to-night?

*Ben.* Not to his father's ; I spoke with his man.

*Mer.* Ah, that same pale hard-hearted wench, that  
 Rosaline,

Torments him so, that he will sure run mad.

*Ben.* Tybalt, the kinsman to old Capulet,  
 Hath sent a letter to his father's house.

*Mer.* A challenge, on my life.

*Ben.* Romeo will answer it.

*Mer.* Any man that can write may answer a letter. 10

*Ben.* Nay, he will answer the letter's master, how he dares, being dared.

*Mer.* Alas, poor Romeo, he is already dead ! stabb'd with a white wench's black eye ; shot through the ear with a love-song ; the very pin of his heart cleft with the blind bow-boy's butt-shaft ; and is he a man to encounter Tybalt ?

*Ben.* Why, what is Tybalt ?

*Mer.* More than prince of cats, I can tell you. O, he is the courageous captain of complements. He fights 20 as you sing prick-song, keeps time, distance, and proportion ; rests me his minim rest, one, two, and the third in your bosom : the very butcher of a silk button, a duellist, a duellist ; a gentleman of the very first house, —of the first and second cause : ah, the immortal pas-sado ! the punto reverso ! the hay !—

*Ben.* The what ?

*Mer.* The pox of such antic, lispings, affecting fantasticoes ; these new tuners of accents !—“By Jesu, a very good blade !—a very tall man !—a very good 30 whore !” —Why, is not this a lamentable thing, grand-sire, that we should be thus afflicted with these strange flies, these fashion-mongers, these *pardonnez-mois*, who stand so much on the new form that they cannot sit at ease on the old bench ? O, their *bons*, their *bons* !

*Ben.* Here comes Romeo, here comes Romeo.

*Mer.* Without his roe, like a dried herring :—O flesh, flesh, how art thou fishified !—Now is he for the numbers that Petrarch flow'd in ; Laura, to his lady, was but a kitchen-wench,—marry, she had a better love 40 to be-rime her ; Dido, a dowdy ; Cleopatra, a gipsy ; Helen and Hero, hildings and harlots ; Thisbe, a gray eye or so, but not to the purpose :—

*Enter ROMEO.*

Signior Romeo, *bon jour!* there's a French salutation to your French slop. You gave us the counterfeit fairly last night.

*Rom.* Good morrow to you both. What counterfeit did I give you?

*Mer.* The slip, sir, the slip; can you not conceive?

*Rom.* Pardon, good Mercutio, my business was great; 50  
and in such a case as mine a man may strain courtesy.

*Mer.* That's as much as to say, Such a case as yours constrains a man to bow in the hams.

*Rom.* Meaning, to court'sy.

*Mer.* Thou hast most kindly hit it.

*Rom.* A most courteous exposition.

*Mer.* Nay, I am the very pink of courtesy.

*Rom.* Pink for flower.

*Mer.* Right.

*Rom.* Why, then is my pump well-flower'd. 60

*Mer.* Well said: follow me this jest now, till thou hast worn out thy pump; that, when the single sole of it is worn, the jest may remain, after the wearing, solely singular.

*Rom.* O single-soled jest, solely singular for the singleness!

*Mer.* Come between us, good Benvolio, for my wits fail.

*Rom.* Switch and spurs, switch and spurs; or I'll cry a match. 70

*Mer.* Nay, if thy wits run the wild-goose chase, I have done; for thou hast more of the wild-goose in one of thy wits than, I am sure, I have in my whole five: was I with you there for the goose?

*Rom.* Thou wast never with me for any thing when thou wast not there for the goose.

*Mer.* I will bite thee by the ear for that jest.

*Rom.* Nay, good goose, bite not.

*Mer.* Thy wit is a very bitter sweeting ; it is a most sharp sauce. 80

*Rom.* And is it not well served in to a sweet goose ?

*Mer.* O, here's a wit of cheveril, that stretches from an inch narrow to an ell broad !

*Rom.* I stretch it out for that word "broad ;" which, added to the goose, proves thee far and wide a broad goose.

*Mer.* Why, is not this better now than groaning for love ? now art thou sociable, now art thou Romeo ; now art thou what thou art, by art as well as by nature : for this drivelling love is like a great natural, that runs 90 lolling up and down to hide his bauble in a hole.

*Ben.* Stop there, stop there.

*Mer.* Thou desirest me to stop in my tale against the hair.

*Ben.* Thou wouldst else have made thy tale large.

*Mer.* O, thou art deceived ; I would have made it short : for I was come to the whole depth of my tale ; and meant, indeed, to occupy the argument no longer.

*Rom.* Here's goodly gear !

*Enter Nurse and her man PETER.*

*Mer.* A sail, a sail, a sail ! 100

*Ben.* Two, two ; a shirt and a smock.

*Nurse.* Peter !

*Peter.* Anon ?

*Nurse.* My fan, Peter.

*Mer.* Good Peter, to hide her face ; for her fan's the fairer face.

*Nurse.* God ye good morrow, gentlemen.

*Mer.* God ye good den, fair gentlewoman.

*Nurse.* Is it good den ?

*Mer.* 'Tis no less, I tell you ; for the bawdy hand of 110 the dial is now upon the prick of noon.

*Nurse.* Out upon you ! what a man are you !



*Rom.* One, gentlewoman, that God hath made, for himself to mar.

*Nurse.* By my troth, it is well said ;—“for himself to mar,” quoth ’a?—Gentlemen, can any of you tell me where I may find the young Romeo?

*Rom.* I can tell you ; but young Romeo will be older when you have found him than he was when you sought him : I am the youngest of that name, for fault of a worse. 120

*Nurse.* You say well.

*Mer.* Yea, is the worst well? very well took, i’faith ; wisely, wisely.

*Nurse.* If you be he, sir, I desire some confidence with you.

*Ben.* She will indite him to some supper.

*Mer.* A bawd, a bawd, a bawd ! So-ho !

*Rom.* What hast thou found?

*Mer.* No hare, sir ; unless a hare, sir, in a Lenten pie, that is something stale and hoar ere it be spent. 130

*[He walks by them and sings.*

An old hare hoar,  
And an old hare hoar,  
Is very good meat in Lent :  
But a hare that is hoar  
Is too much for a score,  
When it hoars ere it be spent.—

Romeo, will you come to your father’s? we’ll to dinner thither.

*Rom.* I will follow you.

*Mer.* Farewell, ancient lady ; farewell,—*[singing]* lady, 140  
lady, lady. *[Exeunt MERCUTIO and BENVOLIO.*

*Nurse.* Marry, farewell !—I pray you, sir, what saucy merchant was this, that was so full of his ropery?

*Rom.* A gentleman, nurse, that loves to hear himself talk, and will speak more in a minute than he will stand to in a month.

*Nurse.* An ’a speak any thing against me, I’ll take him down, an ’a were lustier than he is, and twenty such Jacks ; and if I cannot, I’ll find those that shall.

Scurvy knave! I am none of his flirt-gills; I am none <sup>150</sup>  
of his skains-mates.—And thou [*she turns to PETER her*  
*man*] must stand by too, and suffer every knave to use  
me at his pleasure?

*Peter.* I saw no man use you at his pleasure; if I  
had, my weapon should quickly have been out, I war-  
rant you: I dare draw as soon as another man, if I see  
occasion in a good quarrel, and the law on my side.

*Nurse.* Now, afore God, I am so vext, that every  
part about me quivers. Scurvy knave!—Pray you,  
sir, a word: and, as I told you, my young lady bade <sup>160</sup>  
me inquire you out; what she bade me say, I will  
keep to myself: but first let me tell ye, if ye should lead  
her into a fool's-paradise, as they say, it were a very  
gross kind of behaviour, as they say: for the gentle-  
woman is young; and therefore, if you should deal  
double with her, truly it were an ill thing to be offer'd  
to any gentlewoman, and very weak dealing.

*Rom.* Nurse, commend me to thy lady and mistress.  
I protest unto thee—

*Nurse.* Good heart, and, i'faith, I will tell her as <sup>170</sup>  
much: Lord, Lord, she will be a joyful woman.

*Rom.* What wilt thou tell her, nurse? thou dost not  
mark me.

*Nurse.* I will tell her, sir,—that you do protest;  
which, as I take it, is a gentlemanlike offer.

*Rom.* Bid her devise some means to come to shrift  
This afternoon;

And there she shall at Friar Laurence' cell  
Be shrived and married. Here is for thy pains.

*Nurse.* No, truly, sir; not a penny. 180

*Rom.* Go to; I say you shall.

*Nurse.* This afternoon, sir? well, she shall be there.

*Rom.* And stay, good nurse, behind the abbey-wall:  
Within this hour my man shall be with thee,  
And bring thee cords made like a tackled stair;  
Which to the high top-gallant of my joy

Must be my convoy in the secret night.  
Farewell; be trusty, and I'll quite thy pains:  
Farewell; commend me to thy mistress.

*Nurse.* Now God in heaven bless thee!—Hark <sup>190</sup>  
you, sir.

*Rom.* What say'st thou, my dear nurse?

*Nurse.* Is your man secret? Did you ne'er hear say,  
Two may keep counsel, putting one away?

*Rom.* I warrant thee, my man's as true as steel.

*Nurse.* Well, sir; my mistress is the sweetest lady—  
Lord, Lord! when 'twas a little prating thing,—O,  
there is a nobleman in town, one Paris, that would fain  
lay knife aboard; but she, good soul, had as lief see a  
toad, a very toad, as see him. I anger her sometimes, <sup>200</sup>  
and tell her that Paris is the properer man; but, I'll  
warrant you, when I say so, she looks as pale as any  
clout in the versal world. Doth not rosemary and  
Romeo begin both with a letter?

*Rom.* Ay, nurse; what of that? both with an R.

*Nurse.* Ah, mocker! that's the dog's name; R is for  
the— No; I know it begins with some other letter:—  
and she hath the prettiest sententious of it, of you and  
rosemary, that it would do you good to hear it.

*Rom.* Commend me to thy lady. <sup>210</sup>

*Nurse.* Ay, a thousand times. [*Exit* ROMEO.]—Peter!

*Peter.* Anon?

*Nurse.* Peter, take my fan, and go before. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE IV. *The same.* CAPULET'S orchard.

*Enter* JULIET.

*Jul.* The clock struck nine when I did send the nurse;  
In half an hour she promised to return.  
Perchance she cannot meet him:—that's not so.—  
O, she is lame! love's heralds should be thoughts,  
Which ten times faster glide than the sun's beams,  
Driving back shadows over louring hills:

Therefore do nimble-pinion'd doves draw love,  
 And therefore hath the wind-swift Cupid wings.  
 Now is the sun upon the highmost hill  
 Of this day's journey ; and from nine till twelve 10  
 Is three long hours,—yet she is not come.  
 Had she affections and warm youthful blood,  
 She'd be as swift in motion as a ball ;  
 My words would bandy her to my sweet love,  
 And his to me :  
 But old folks, many feign as they were dead ;  
 Unwieldy, slow, heavy and pale as lead.—  
 O God, she comes !

*Enter Nurse and her man PETER.*

O honey nurse, what news?  
 Hast thou met with him? Send thy man away.  
*Nurse.* Peter, stay at the gate. [*Exit PETER.* 20  
*Jul.* Now, good sweet nurse,—O Lord, why look'st  
 thou sad?

Though news be sad, yet tell them merrily ;  
 If good, thou shamest the music of sweet news  
 By playing it to me with so sour a face.

*Nurse.* I am a-weary, give me leave awhile :—  
 Fie, how my bones ache ! what a jaunt have I had !

*Jul.* I would thou hadst my bones, and I thy news :  
 Nay, come, I pray thee, speak ;—good, good nurse,  
 speak.

*Nurse.* Jesu, what haste? can you not stay awhile?  
 Do you not see that I am out of breath? 30

*Jul.* How art thou out of breath, when thou hast  
 breath

To say to me that thou art out of breath?  
 The excuse that thou dost make in this delay  
 Is longer than the tale thou dost excuse.  
 Is thy news good or bad? answer to that ;  
 Say either, and I'll stay the circumstance :  
 Let me be satisfied, is't good or bad?

*Nurse.* Well, you have made a simple choice; you know not how to choose a man: Romeo! no, not he; though his face be better than any man's, yet his leg<sup>40</sup> excels all men's; and for a hand, and a foot, and a body, —though they be not to be talkt on, yet they are past compare: he is not the flower of courtesy, but, I'll warrant him, as gentle as a lamb.—Go thy ways, wench; serve God.—What, have you dined at home?

*Jul.* No, no: but all this did I know before. What says he of our marriage? what of that?

*Nurse.* Lord, how my head aches! what a head have I!

It beats as it would fall in twenty pieces.  
My back o' t' other side,—ah, my back, my back!—<sup>50</sup>  
Beshrew your heart for sending me about,  
To catch my death with jauncing up and down!

*Jul.* I'faith, I am sorry that thou art not well. Sweet, sweet, sweet nurse, tell me, what says my love?

*Nurse.* Your love says, like an honest gentleman, and a courteous, and a kind, and a handsome, and, I warrant, a virtuous,—Where is your mother?

*Jul.* Where is my mother!—why, she is within; Where should she be? How oddly thou repliest!  
“Your love says, like an honest gentleman,—<sup>60</sup>  
Where is your mother?”

*Nurse.* O God's lady dear!  
Are you so hot? marry, come up, I trow;  
Is this the poultice for my aching bones?  
Henceforward do your messages yourself.

*Jul.* Here's such a coil!—come, what says Romeo?

*Nurse.* Have you got leave to go to shrift to-day?

*Jul.* I have.

*Nurse.* Then hie you hence to Friar Laurence' cell;  
There stays a husband to make you a wife:  
Now comes the wanton blood up in your cheeks,<sup>70</sup>  
They'll be in scarlet straight at any news.  
Hie you to church; I must another way,

To fetch a ladder, by the which your love  
Must climb a bird's-nest soon when it is dark :  
I am the drudge, and toil in your delight ;  
But you shall bear the burden soon at night.  
Go ; I'll to dinner ; hie you to the cell.

*Jul.* Hie to high fortune !—Honest nurse, farewell.  
[*Exeunt.*

SCENE V. FRIAR LAURENCE'S *cell.*

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE *and* ROMEO.

*Fri. L.* So smile the heavens upon this holy act,  
That after-hours with sorrow chide us not !

*Rom.* Amen, amen ! but come what sorrow can,  
It cannot countervail the exchange of joy  
That one short minute gives me in her sight :  
Do thou but close our hands with holy words,  
Then love-devouring death do what he dare,—  
It is enough I may but call her mine.

*Fri. L.* These violent delights have violent ends,  
And in their triumph die ; like fire and powder, 10  
Which, as they kiss, consume : the sweetest honey  
Is loathsome in his own deliciousness,  
And in the taste confounds the appetite :  
Therefore, love moderately ; long love doth so ;  
Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow.—  
Here comes the lady :—O, so light a foot  
Will ne'er wear out the everlasting flint :  
A lover may bestride the gossamer  
That idles in the wanton summer air,  
And yet not fall ; so light is vanity. 20

*Enter* JULIET *somewhat fast, and embraceth*  
ROMEO.

*Jul.* Good even to my ghostly confessor.

*Fri. L.* Romeo shall thank thee, daughter, for us  
both.

*Jul.* As much to him, else is his thanks too much.

*Rom.* Ah, Juliet, if the measure of thy joy  
Be heapt like mine, and that thy skill be more  
To blazon it, then sweeten with thy breath  
This neighbour air, and let rich music's tongue  
Unfold the imagined happiness that both  
Receive in either by this dear encounter.

*Jul.* Conceit, more rich in matter than in words, 30  
Braggs of his substance, not of ornament :  
They are but beggars that can count their worth ;  
But my true love is grown to such excess,  
I cannot sum up sum of half my wealth.

*Fri. L.* Come, come with me, and we will make short  
work ;  
For, by your leaves, you shall not stay alone  
Till holy church incorporate two in one. [Exeunt.

### ACT III.

#### SCENE I. Verona. A public place.

*Enter MERCUTIO, BENVOLIO, Page, and Servants.*

*Ben.* I pray thee, good Mercutio, let's retire :  
The day is hot, the Capulets abroad,  
And if we meet, we shall not scape a brawl ;  
For now, these hot days, is the mad blood stirring.

*Mer.* Thou art like one of those fellows that, when  
he enters the confines of a tavern, claps me his sword  
upon the table, and says, "God send me no need of  
thee !" and, by the operation of the second cup, draws  
it on the drawer, when, indeed, there is no need.

*Ben.* Am I like such a fellow ? 10

*Mer.* Come, come, thou art as hot a Jack in thy mood  
as any in Italy ; and as soon moved to be moody, and  
as soon moody to be moved.

*Ben.* And what to ?

*Mer.* Nay, an there were two such, we should have

none shortly, for one would kill the other. Thou! why, thou wilt quarrel with a man that hath a hair more or a hair less in his beard than thou hast: thou wilt quarrel with a man for cracking nuts, having no other reason but because thou hast hazel eyes;—what 20 eye, but such an eye, would spy out such a quarrel? Thy head is as full of quarrels as an egg is full of meat; and yet thy head hath been beaten as addle as an egg for quarrelling: thou hast quarrell'd with a man for coughing in the street, because he hath waken'd thy dog that hath lain asleep in the sun: didst thou not fall out with a tailor for wearing his new doublet before Easter? with another, for tying his new shoes with old riband? and yet thou wilt tutor me from quarrelling!

*Ben.* An I were so apt to quarrel as thou art, any 30 man should buy the fee-simple of my life for an hour and a quarter.

*Mer.* The fee-simple! O simple!

*Enter TYBALT and others.*

*Ben.* By my head, here come the Capulets.

*Mer.* By my heel, I care not.

*Tyb.* Follow me close, for I will speak to them.—  
Gentlemen, good den: a word with one of you.

*Mer.* And but one word with one of us? couple it with something; make it a word and a blow.

*Tyb.* You shall find me apt enough to that, sir, an 40 you will give me occasion.

*Mer.* Could you not take some occasion without giving?

*Tyb.* Mercutio, thou consort'st with Romeo,—

*Mer.* Consort! what, dost thou make us minstrels? an thou make minstrels of us, look to hear nothing but discords: here's my fiddlestick; here's that shall make you dance. Zounds, consort!

*Ben.* We talk here in the public haunt of men:  
Either withdraw unto some private place,



And reason coldly of your grievances,  
Or else depart ; here all eyes gaze on us.

*Mer.* Men's eyes were made to look, and let them  
gaze ;

I will not budge for no man's pleasure, I.

*Tyb.* Well, peace be with you, sir :—here comes my  
man.

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Mer.* But I'll be hang'd, sir, if he wear your livery:  
Marry, go before to field, he'll be your follower ;  
Your worship in that sense may call him man.

*Tyb.* Romeo, the hate I bear thee can afford  
No better term than this,—thou art a villain. 60

*Rom.* Tybalt, the reason that I have to love thee  
Doth much excuse the appertaining rage  
To such a greeting :—villain am I none :  
Therefore farewell ; I see thou know'st me not.

*Tyb.* Boy, this shall not excuse the injuries  
That thou hast done me ; therefore turn, and draw.

*Rom.* I do protest I never injured thee ;  
But love thee better than thou canst devise,  
Till thou shalt know the reason of my love :  
And so, good Capulet,—which name I tender 70  
As dearly as my own,—be satisfied.

*Mer.* O calm, dishonourable, vile submission !  
*Alla stoccata* carries it away.— [Draws.]

Tybalt, you rat-catcher, will you walk ?

*Tyb.* What wouldst thou have with me ?

*Mer.* Good king of cats, nothing but one of your  
nine lives ; that I mean to make bold withal, and, as  
you shall use me hereafter, dry-beat the rest of the  
eight. Will you pluck your sword out of his pilcher  
by the ears ? make haste, lest mine be about your ears 80  
ere it be out.

*Tyb.* I am for you. [Drawing.]

*Rom.* Gentle Mercutio, put thy rapier up.

*Mer.* Come, sir, your passado. [*They fight.*

*Rom.* Draw, Benvolio; beat down their weapons.—  
Gentlemen, for shame, forbear this outrage!  
Tybalt,—Mercutio,—the prince expressly hath  
Forbidden bandying in Verona streets:—  
Hold, Tybalt!—good Mercutio,—

[*TYBALT under ROMEO'S arm thrusts MERCUTIO,  
and flies.*

*Mer.* I am hurt;—  
A plague o' both your houses!—I am sped:— 90  
Is he gone, and hath nothing?

*Ben.* What, art thou hurt?

*Mer.* Ay, ay, a scratch, a scratch; marry, 'tis enough.  
Where is my page?—Go, villain, fetch a surgeon.

[*Exit Page.*

*Rom.* Courage, man; the hurt cannot be much.

*Mer.* No, 'tis not so deep as a well, nor so wide as  
a church-door; but 'tis enough, 'twill serve: ask for me  
to-morrow, and you shall find me a grave man. I am  
pepper'd, I warrant, for this world:—a plague o' both  
your houses!—Zounds, a dog, a rat, a mouse, a cat, to  
scratch a man to death! a braggart, a rogue, a villain, 100  
that fights by the book of arithmetic!—Why, the devil,  
came you between us? I was hurt under your arm.

*Rom.* I thought all for the best.

*Mer.* Help me into some house, Benvolio,  
Or I shall faint.—A plague o' both your houses!  
They have made worms'-meat of me: I have it,  
And soundly too:—your houses!

[*Exit, led by BENVOLIO and Servants.*

*Rom.* This gentleman, the prince's near ally,  
My very friend, hath got his mortal hurt  
In my behalf; my reputation stain'd 110  
With Tybalt's slander,—Tybalt, that an hour  
Hath been my kinsman:—O sweet Juliet,  
Thy beauty hath made me effeminate,  
And in my temper soften'd valour's steel!

*Enter* BENVOLIO.

*Ben.* O Romeo, Romeo, brave Mercutio's dead!  
That gallant spirit hath aspired the clouds,  
Which too untimely here did scorn the earth.

*Rom.* This day's black fate on more days doth depend;  
This but begins the woe others must end.

*Enter* TYBALT.

*Ben.* Here comes the furious Tybalt back again. 120

*Rom.* Alive, in triumph! and Mercutio slain!

Away to heaven respective lenity,  
And fire-eyed fury be my conduct now!  
Now, Tybalt, take the "villain" back again  
That late thou gavest me; for Mercutio's soul  
Is but a little way above our heads,  
Staying for thine to keep him company:  
Either thou or I, or both, must go with him.

*Tyb.* Thou, wretched boy, that didst consort him  
here,  
Shalt with him hence.

*Rom.* This shall determine that. 130

*[They fight; TYBALT falls.]*

*Ben.* Romeo, away, be gone!  
The citizens are up, and Tybalt slain:—  
Stand not amazed:—the prince will doom thee death,  
If thou art taken:—hence, be gone, away!

*Rom.* O, I am fortune's fool!

*Ben.* Why dost thou stay?  
*[Exit* ROMEO.

*Enter* Citizens and Officers.

*First Off.* Which way ran he that kill'd Mercutio?  
Tybalt, that murderer, which way ran he?

*Ben.* There lies that Tybalt.

*First Off.* Up, sir, go with me;  
I charge thee in the prince's name, obey.

*Enter* PRINCE, *old* MONTAGUE, CAPULET, *their*  
*Wives and all.*

*Prin.* Where are the vile beginners of this fray? 140

*Ben.* O noble prince, I can discover all  
The unlucky manage of this fatal brawl:  
There lies the man, slain by young Romeo,  
That slew thy kinsman, brave Mercutio.

*La. Cap.* Tybalt, my cousin! O my brother's child!  
O prince! O cousin! husband! O, the blood is spilt  
Of my dear kinsman! Prince, as thou art true,  
For blood of ours shed blood of Montague.—  
O cousin, cousin!

*Prin.* Benvolio, who began this bloody fray? 150

*Ben.* Tybalt, here slain, whom Romeo's hand did slay;  
Romeo, that spoke him fair, bade him bethink  
How nice the quarrel was, and urged withal  
Your high displeasure:—all this—uttered  
With gentle breath, calm look, knees humbly bow'd—  
Could not take truce with the unruly spleen  
Of Tybalt deaf to peace, but that he tilts  
With piercing steel at bold Mercutio's breast;  
Who, all as hot, turns deadly point to point,  
And, with a martial scorn, with one hand beats 160  
Cold death aside, and with the other sends  
It back to Tybalt, whose dexterity  
Retorts it: Romeo he cries aloud,  
“Hold, friends! friends, part!” and, swifter than his  
tongue,

His agile arm beats down their fatal points,  
And 'twixt them rushes; underneath whose arm  
An envious thrust from Tybalt hit the life  
Of stout Mercutio, and then Tybalt fled:  
But by and by comes back to Romeo,  
Who had but newly entertain'd revenge, 170  
And to't they go like lightning; for, ere I  
Could draw to part them, was stout Tybalt slain;

And, as he fell, did Romeo turn and fly:—  
This is the truth, or let Benvolio die.

*La. Cap.* He is a kinsman to the Montague,  
Affection makes him false, he speaks not true:  
Some twenty of them fought in this black strife,  
And all those twenty could but kill one life.  
I beg for justice, which thou, prince, must give;  
Romeo slew Tybalt, Romeo must not live.

180

*Prin.* Romeo slew him, he slew Mercutio;  
Who now the price of his dear blood doth owe?

*Mon.* Not Romeo, prince, he was Mercutio's friend;  
His fault concludes but what the law should end,  
The life of Tybalt.

*Prin.* And for that offence  
Immediately we do exile him hence:  
I have an interest in your hate's proceeding,  
My blood for your rude brawls doth lie a-bleeding;  
But I'll amerce you with so strong a fine,  
That you shall all repent the loss of mine:  
I will be deaf to pleading and excuses;  
Nor tears nor prayers shall purchase out abuses,—  
Therefore use none: let Romeo hence in haste,  
Else, when he's found, that hour is his last.  
Bear hence this body, and attend our will:  
Mercy but murders, pardoning those that kill. [*Exeunt.*

190

SCENE II. *The same.* CAPULET'S orchard.

*Enter JULIET.*

*Jul.* Gallop apace, you fiery-footed steeds,  
Towards Phœbus' lodging: such a wagoner  
As Phaethon would whip you to the west,  
And bring in cloudy night immediately.  
Spread thy close curtain, love-performing night,  
That runaway's eyes may wink, and Romeo  
Leap to these arms untalkt-of and unseen.  
Lovers can see to do their amorous rites

By their own beauties; or, if love be blind,  
 It best agrees with night.—Come, civil night, 10  
 Thou sober-suited matron, all in black,  
 And learn me how to lose a winning match,  
 Play'd for a pair of stainless maidenhoods:  
 Hood my unmann'd blood, bating in my cheeks,  
 With thy black mantle; till strange love, grown bold,  
 Think true love acted simple modesty.  
 Come, night; come, Romeo; come, thou day in night;  
 For thou wilt lie upon the wings of night  
 Whiter than new snow on a raven's back.—  
 Come, gentle night,—come, loving, black-brow'd night, 20  
 Give me my Romeo; and, when he shall die,  
 Take him and cut him out in little stars,  
 And he will make the face of heaven so fine,  
 That all the world will be in love with night,  
 And pay no worship to the garish sun.—  
 O, I have bought the mansion of a love,  
 But not possess't it; and, though I am sold,  
 Not yet enjoy'd: so tedious is this day,  
 As is the night before some festival  
 To an impatient child that hath new robes 30  
 And may not wear them.—O, here comes my nurse,  
 And she brings news; and every tongue that speaks  
 But Romeo's name speaks heavenly eloquence.

*Enter Nurse, wringing her hands, with the ladder of  
 cords in her lap.*

Now, nurse, what news? What hast thou there? the  
 cords

That Romeo bid thee fetch?

*Nurse.* Ay, ay, the cords.

*[Throws them down.]*

*Jul.* Ay me! what news? why dost thou wring thy  
 hands?

*Nurse.* Ah, well-a-day! he's dead, he's dead, he's  
 dead!

We are undone, lady, we are undone!—  
Alack the day!—he's gone, he's kill'd, he's dead!

*Jul.* Can heaven be so envious?

*Nurse.* 40  
Romeo can,  
Though heaven cannot:—O Romeo, Romeo!—  
Who ever would have thought it?—Romeo!

*Jul.* What devil art thou, that dost torment me thus?  
This torture should be roar'd in dismal hell.  
Hath Romeo slain himself? say thou but "I,"  
And that bare vowel "I" shall poison more  
Than the death-darting eye of cockatrice:  
I am not I, if there be such an "I;"  
Or those eyes shut, that make thee answer "I."  
If he be slain, say "I;" or if not, "no:"  
50  
Brief sounds determine of my weal or woe.

*Nurse.* I saw the wound, I saw it with mine eyes,—  
God save the mark!—here on his manly breast:  
A piteous corse, a bloody piteous corse;  
Pale, pale as ashes, all bedaub'd in blood,  
All in gore-blood:—I swoounded at the sight.

*Jul.* O, break, my heart! poor bankrout, break at  
once!

To prison, eyes, ne'er look on liberty!  
Vile earth, to earth resign; end motion here;  
And thou and Romeo press one heavy bier!  
60

*Nurse.* O Tybalt, Tybalt, the best friend I had!  
O courteous Tybalt! honest gentleman!  
That ever I should live to see thee dead!

*Jul.* What storm is this that blows so contrary?  
Is Romeo slaughter'd, and is Tybalt dead?  
My dear-loved cousin, and my dearer lord?—  
Then, dreadful trumpet, sound the general doom!  
For who is living, if those two are gone?

*Nurse.* Tybalt is gone, and Romeo banished;  
Romeo that kill'd him, he is banished.  
70

*Jul.* O God! did Romeo's hand shed Tybalt's blood?

*Nurse.* It did, it did; alas the day, it did!

*Jul.* O serpent heart, hid with a flow'ring face!  
Did ever dragon keep so fair a cave?  
Beautiful tyrant! fiend angelical!  
Dove-feather'd raven! wolvish-ravening lamb!  
Despised substance of divinest show!  
Just opposite to what thou justly seem'st,  
A damned saint, an honourable villain!—  
O nature, what hadst thou to do in hell, 80  
When thou didst bower the spirit of a fiend  
In mortal paradise of such sweet flesh?—  
Was ever book containing such vile matter  
So fairly bound? O, that deceit should dwell  
In such a gorgeous palace!

*Nurse.* There's no trust,  
No faith, no honesty in men; all perjured,  
All forsworn, all naught, all dissemblers.—  
Ah, where's my man? give me some *aqua-vita*:—  
These griefs, these woes, these sorrows make me old.  
Shame come to Romeo!

*Jul.* Blister'd be thy tongue 90  
For such a wish! he was not born to shame:  
Upon his brow shame is ashamed to sit;  
For 'tis a throne where honour may be crown'd  
Sole monarch of the universal earth.  
O, what a beast was I to chide at him!

*Nurse.* Will you speak well of him that kill'd your  
cousin?

*Jul.* Shall I speak ill of him that is my husband?  
Ah, poor my lord, what tongue shall smooth thy  
name,  
When I, thy three-hours wife, have mangled it?—  
But wherefore, villain, didst thou kill my cousin? 100  
That villain cousin would have kill'd my husband:  
Back, foolish tears, back to your native spring;  
Your tributary drops belong to woe,  
Which you, mistaking, offer up to joy.  
My husband lives, that Tybalt would have slain;



And Tybalt's dead, that would have slain my husband:  
 All this is comfort; wherefore weep I, then?  
 Some word there was, worsen than Tybalt's death,  
 That murder'd me: I would forget it fain;  
 But, O, it presses to my memory, 110  
 Like damned guilty deeds to sinners' minds:  
 "Tybalt is dead, and Romeo—banished;"  
 That "banished," that one word "banished,"  
 Hath slain ten thousand Tybalts. Tybalt's death  
 Was woe enough, if it had ended there:  
 Or,—if sour woe delights in fellowship,  
 And needly will be rankt with other griefs,—  
 Why follow'd not, when she said "Tybalt's dead,"  
 Thy father, or thy mother, nay, or both,  
 Which modern lamentation might have moved? 120  
 But with a rear-ward following Tybalt's death,  
 "Romeo is banished,"—to speak that word,  
 Is father, mother, Tybalt, Romeo, Juliet,  
 All slain, all dead:—"Romeo is banished,"—  
 There is no end, no limit, measure, bound,  
 In that word's death; no words can that woe sound.—  
 Where is my father, and my mother, nurse?

*Nurse.* Weeping and wailing over Tybalt's corse:  
 Will you go to them? I will bring you thither.

*Jul.* Wash they his wounds with tears: mine shall  
 be spent, 130

When theirs are dry, for Romeo's banishment.  
 Take up those cords:—poor ropes, you are beguiled,  
 Both you and I; for Romeo is exiled:  
 He made you for a highway to my bed;  
 But I, a maid, die maiden-widowed.  
 Come, cords; come, nurse; I'll to my wedding-bed;  
 And death, not Romeo, take my maidenhead!

*Nurse.* Hie to your chamber: I'll find Romeo  
 To comfort you:—I wot well where he is.  
 Hark ye, your Romeo will be here at night: 140  
 I'll to him; he is hid at Laurence' cell.

*Jul.* O, find him! give this ring to my true knight,  
And bid him come to take his last farewell.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. FRIAR LAURENCE'S cell.

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE.

*Fri. L.* Romeo, come forth; come forth, thou fearful man:  
Affliction is enamour'd of thy parts,  
And thou art wedded to calamity.

*Enter* ROMEO.

*Rom.* Father, what news? what is the prince's doom?  
What sorrow craves acquaintance at my hand,  
That I yet know not?

*Fri. L.* Too familiar  
Is my dear son with such sour company:  
I bring thee tidings of the prince's doom.

*Rom.* What less than doomsday is the prince's doom?

*Fri. L.* A gentler judgement—"banisht"—from his  
lips; 10  
Not body's death, but body's banishment.

*Rom.* Ha, banishment! be merciful, say "death;"  
For exile hath more terror in his look,  
Much more than death: do not say "banishment."

*Fri. L.* Hence from Verona art thou banished:  
Be patient, for the world is broad and wide.

*Rom.* There is no world without Verona walls,  
But purgatory, torture, hell itself.  
Hence-banished is banisht from the world,  
And world's exile is death:—then "banished" 20  
Is death mis-term'd: calling death "banished,"  
Thou cutt'st my head off with a golden axe,  
And smilest upon the stroke that murders me.

*Fri. L.* O deadly sin! O rude unthankfulness!  
Thy fault our law calls death; but the kind prince,

Taking thy part, hath rusht aside the law,  
 And turn'd that black word death to banishment:  
 This is dear mercy, and thou seest it not.

*Rom.* 'Tis torture, and not mercy: heaven is here,  
 Where Juliet lives; and every cat, and dog, 30  
 And little mouse, every unworthy thing,  
 Live here in heaven, and may look on her;  
 But Romeo may not:—more validity,  
 More honourable state, more courtship lives  
 In carrion-flies than Romeo: they may seize  
 On the white wonder of dear Juliet's hand,  
 And steal immortal blessing from her lips;  
 Who, even in pure and vestal modesty,  
 Still blush, as thinking their own kisses sin;  
 But Romeo may not,—he is banished: 40  
 This may flies do, when I from this must fly:—  
 And say'st thou yet, that exile is not death?  
 Hadst thou no poison mixt, no sharp-ground knife,  
 No sudden mean of death, though ne'er so mean,  
 But "banished" to kill me,—"banished"?  
 O friar, the damned use that word in hell;  
 Howling attends it: how hast thou the heart,  
 Being a divine, a ghostly confessor,  
 A sin-absolver, and my friend profest,  
 To mangle me with that word "banished"? 50

*Fri. L.* Thou fond mad man, hear me a little speak.

*Rom.* O, thou wilt speak again of banishment.

*Fri. L.* I'll give thee armour to keep off that word;  
 Adversity's sweet milk, philosophy,  
 To comfort thee, though thou art banished.

*Rom.* Yet "banished"?—Hang up philosophy!  
 Unless philosophy can make a Juliet,  
 Displant a town, reverse a prince's doom,  
 It helps not, it prevails not: talk no more.

*Fri. L.* O, then I see that madmen have no ears. 60

*Rom.* How should they, when that wise men have  
 no eyes?

*Fri. L.* Let me dispute with thee of thy estate.

*Rom.* Thou canst not speak of that thou dost not feel :  
Wert thou as young as I, Juliet thy love,  
An hour but married, Tybalt murdered,  
Doting like me, and like me banished,  
Then mightst thou speak, then mightst thou tear thy  
hair,

And fall upon the ground, as I do now,  
Taking the measure of an unmade grave. [*Nurse knocks.*

*Fri. L.* Arise; one knocks; good Romeo, hide thyself. 70

*Rom.* Not I; unless the breath of heart-sick groans,  
Mist-like, infold me from the search of eyes.

[*She knocks again.*

*Fri. L.* Hark, how they knock!—Who's there?—

Romeo, arise;

Thou wilt be taken.—Stay awhile!—Stand up; [*Knock.*  
Run to my study.—By and by!—God's will,  
What simpleness is this!—I come, I come! [*Knock.*  
Who knocks so hard? whence come you? what's your  
will?

*Nurse.* [*witbin*] Let me come in, and you shall know  
my errand;

I come from Lady Juliet.

*Fri. L.* Welcome, then.

*Enter Nurse.*

*Nurse.* O holy friar, O, tell me, holy friar, 80  
Where is my lady's lord, where's Romeo?

*Fri. L.* There on the ground, with his own tears  
made drunk.

*Nurse.* O, he is even in my mistress' case,  
Just in her case!

*Fri. L.* O woeful sympathy!  
Piteous predicament!

*Nurse.* Even so lies she,  
Blubbering and weeping, weeping and blubbering.—  
Stand up, stand up; stand, an you be a man:

For Juliet's sake, for her sake, rise and stand;  
 Why should you fall into so deep an O? [*He rises.*

*Rom.* Nurse!—

*Nurse.* Ah sir! ah sir!—Well, death's the end of all

*Rom.* Spakest thou of Juliet? how is it with her?

Doth she not think me an old murderer,  
 Now I have stain'd the childhood of our joy  
 With blood removed but little from her own?  
 Where is she? and how doth she? and what says  
 My conceal'd lady to our cancell'd love?

*Nurse.* O, she says nothing, sir, but weeps and weeps;  
 And now falls on her bed; and then starts up,  
 And Tybalt calls; and then on Romeo cries,  
 And then down falls again.

*Rom.* As if that name,  
 Shot from the deadly level of a gun,  
 Did murder her; as that name's cursed hand  
 Murder'd her kinsman.—O, tell me, friar, tell me,  
 In what vile part of this anatomy  
 Doth my name lodge? tell me, that I may sack  
 The hateful mansion.

[*He offers to stab himself, and Nurse snatches  
 the dagger away.*

*Fri. L.* Hold thy desperate hand:  
 Art thou a man? thy form cries out thou art:  
 Thy tears are womanish; thy wild acts denote  
 The unreasonable fury of a beast:  
 Unseemly woman in a seeming man!  
 Or ill-beseeming beast in seeming both!  
 Thou hast amazed me: by my holy order,  
 I thought thy disposition better temper'd.  
 Hast thou slain Tybalt? wilt thou slay thyself?  
 And slay thy lady that in thy life lives,  
 By doing damned hate upon thyself?  
 Why rail'st thou on thy birth, the heaven, and earth?  
 Since birth, and heaven, and earth, all three do meet  
 In thee at once; which thou at once wouldst lose.

Fie, fie, thou shamest thy shape, thy love, thy wit ;  
 Which, like a usurer, abound'st in all,  
 And usest none in that true use indeed  
 Which should bedeck thy shape, thy love, thy wit :  
 Thy noble shape is but a form of wax,  
 Digressing from the valour of a man ;  
 Thy dear love, sworn, but hollow perjury,  
 Killing that love which thou hast vow'd to cherish ;  
 Thy wit, that ornament to shape and love,  
 Mis-shapen in the conduct of them both, 130  
 Like powder in a skillless soldier's flask,  
 Is set a-fire by thine own ignorance,  
 And thou dismember'd with thine own defence.  
 What, rouse thee, man ! thy Juliet is alive,  
 For whose dear sake thou wast but lately dead ;  
 There art thou happy : Tybalt would kill thee,  
 But thou slew'st Tybalt ; there art thou happy too :  
 The law, that threaten'd death, becomes thy friend,  
 And turns it to exile ; there art thou happy :  
 A pack of blessings lights upon thy back ; 140  
 Happiness courts thee in her best array ;  
 But, like a misbehaved and sullen wench,  
 Thou pout'st upon thy fortune and thy love :—  
 Take heed, take heed, for such die miserable.  
 Go, get thee to thy love, as was decreed,  
 Ascend her chamber, hence and comfort her :  
 But look thou stay not till the watch be set,  
 For then thou canst not pass to Mantua ;  
 Where thou shalt live, till we can find a time  
 To blaze your marriage, reconcile your friends, 150  
 Beg pardon of the prince, and call thee back  
 With twenty hundred thousand times more joy  
 Than thou went'st forth in lamentation.—  
 Go before, nurse : commend me to thy lady ;  
 And bid her hasten all the house to bed,  
 Which heavy sorrow makes them apt unto :  
 Romeo is coming.

*Nurse.* O Lord, I could have stay'd here all the night  
To hear good counsel: O, what learning is!—

My lord, I'll tell my lady you will come. 160

*Rom.* Do so, and bid my sweet prepare to chide.

*Nurse.* Here is a ring, sir, that she bade me give you:

[*Nurse offers to go in and turns again.*

Hie you, make haste, for it grows very late. [*Exit.*

*Rom.* How well my comfort is revived by this!

*Fri.* Go hence; good night; and here stands all your  
state:—

Either be gone before the watch be set,

Or by the break of day disguised from hence:

Sojourn in Mantua; I'll find out your man,

And he shall signify from time to time

Every good hap to you that chances here: 170

Give me thy hand; 'tis late: farewell; good night.

*Rom.* But that a joy past joy calls out on me,

It were a grief so brief to part with thee:

Farewell.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE IV. *The same. A room in CAPULET'S bouse.*

*Enter old CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, and  
COUNTY PARIS.*

*Cap.* Things have faln out, sir, so unluckily,  
That we have had no time to move our daughter:  
Look you, she loved her kinsman Tybalt dearly,  
And so did I:—well, we were born to die.

'Tis very late, she'll not come down to-night:

I promise you, but for your company,

I would have been a-bed an hour ago.

*Par.* These times of woe afford no time to woo.—

Madam, good night: commend me to your daughter.

*La. Cap.* I will, and know her mind early to-morrow; 10  
To-night she's mew'd-up to her heaviness.

[*PARIS offers to go in and CAPULET calls  
him again.*

*Cap.* Sir Paris, I will make a desperate tender  
Of my child's love: I think she will be ruled  
In all respects by me; nay, more, I doubt it not.—  
Wife, go you to her ere you go to bed;  
Acquaint her here of my son Paris' love;  
And bid her, mark you me, on Wednesday next—  
But, soft! what day is this?

*Par.* Monday, my lord.

*Cap.* Monday! ha, ha! Well, Wednesday is too  
soon,

O' Thursday let it be:—o' Thursday, tell her, 20  
She shall be married to this noble earl.—  
Will you be ready? do you like this haste?  
We'll keep no great ado,—a friend or two;  
For, hark you, Tybalt being slain so late,  
It may be thought we held him carelessly,  
Being our kinsman, if we revel much:  
Therefore we'll have some half-a-dozen friends,  
And there an end. But what say you to Thursday?

*Par.* My lord, I would that Thursday were to-  
morrow.

*Cap.* Well, get you gone:—o' Thursday be it, then.— 30  
Go you to Juliet ere you go to bed,  
Prepare her, wife, against this wedding-day.—  
Farewell, my lord.—Light to my chamber, ho!—  
Afore me, it is so very late, that we  
May call it early by and by:—good night. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE V. JULIET'S chamber.

*Enter* ROMEO and JULIET at the window.

*Jul.* Wilt thou be gone? it is not yet near day:  
It was the nightingale, and not the lark,  
That pierced the fearful hollow of thine ear;  
Nightly she sings on yond pomegranate-tree:  
Believe me, love, it was the nightingale.

*Rom.* It was the lark, the herald of the morn,



No nightingale: look, love, what envious streaks  
 Do lace the severing clouds in yonder east:  
 Night's candles are burnt out, and jocund day  
 Stands tiptoe on the misty mountain tops. 10  
 I must be gone and live, or stay and die.

*Jul.* Yond light is not day-light, I know it, I:  
 It is some meteor that the sun exhales,  
 To be to thee this night a torch-bearer,  
 And light thee on thy way to Mantua:  
 Therefore stay yet,—thou need'st not to be gone.

*Rom.* Let me be ta'en, let me be put to death;  
 I am content, so thou wilt have it so.

I'll say yon gray is not the morning's eye,  
 'Tis but the pale reflex of Cynthia's brow; 20  
 Nor that is not the lark, whose notes do beat  
 The vaulty heaven so high above our heads:  
 I have more care to stay than will to go:—  
 Come, death, and welcome! Juliet wills it so.—  
 How is't, my soul? let's talk,—it is not day.

*Jul.* It is, it is,—hie hence, be gone, away!  
 It is the lark that sings so out of tune,  
 Straining harsh discords and unpleasing sharps.  
 Some say the lark makes sweet division;  
 This doth not so, for she divideth us: 30  
 Some say the lark and loathed toad change eyes;  
 O, now I would they had changed voices too!  
 Since arm from arm that voice doth us affray,  
 Hunting thee hence with hunt's-up to the day.  
 O, now be gone; more light and light it grows.

*Rom.* More light and light,—more dark and dark  
 our woes!

*Enter Nurse.*

*Nurse.* Madam!

*Jul.* Nurse?

*Nurse.* Your lady mother is coming to your chamber:  
 The day is broke; be wary, look about. [Exit. 40

*Jul.* Then, window, let day in, and let life out.

*Rom.* Farewell, farewell! one kiss, and I'll descend.

[*He goeth down.*]

*Jul.* Art thou gone so? my lord, my love, my friend!  
I must hear from thee every day in the hour,  
For in a minute there are many days:  
O, by this count I shall be much in years  
Ere I again behold my Romeo!

*Rom.* Farewell!

I will omit no opportunity

That may convey my greetings, love, to thee.

50

*Jul.* O, think'st thou we shall ever meet again?

*Rom.* I doubt it not; and all these woes shall serve  
For sweet discourses in our time to come.

*Jul.* O God, I have an ill-divining soul!  
Methinks I see thee, now thou art below,  
As one dead in the bottom of a tomb:  
Either my eyesight fails, or thou look'st pale.

*Rom.* And trust me, love, in my eye so do you:  
Dry sorrow drinks our blood. Adieu, adieu!

[*Exit below.*]

*Jul.* O fortune, fortune! all men call thee fickle:  
If thou art fickle, what dost thou with him  
That is renown'd for faith? Be fickle, fortune;  
For then, I hope, thou wilt not keep him long,  
But send him back.

*La. Cap.* [*within*] Ho, daughter! are you up?

*Jul.* Who is't that calls? is it my lady mother?  
Is she not down so late, or up so early?  
What unaccustom'd cause procures her hither?

*Enter* LADY CAPULET.

*La. Cap.* Why, how now, Juliet!

*Jul.* Madam, I am not well.

*La. Cap.* Evermore weeping for your cousin's death?  
What, wilt thou wash him from his grave with tears? 70  
An if thou couldst, thou couldst not make him live;

Therefore have done : some grief shows much of love ;  
But much of grief shows still some want of wit.

*Jul.* Yet let me weep for such a feeling loss.

*La. Cap.* So shall you feel the loss, but not the friend  
Which you weep for.

*Jul.* Feeling so the loss,  
I cannot choose but ever weep the friend.

*La. Cap.* Well, girl, thou weep'st not so much for  
his death,

As that the villain lives which slaughter'd him.

*Jul.* What villain, madam ?

*La. Cap.* That same villain, Romeo. 80

*Jul.* [*aside*] Villain and he be many miles asunder.—  
God pardon him ! I do, with all my heart ;  
And yet no man like he doth grieve my heart.

*La. Cap.* That is, because the traitor murderer lives.

*Jul.* Ay, madam, from the reach of these my hands :—  
Would none but I might venge my cousin's death !

*La. Cap.* We will have vengeance for it, fear thou not :  
Then weep no more. I'll send to one in Mantua,—  
Where that same banisht runagate doth live,—  
Shall give him such an unaccustom'd dram, 90  
That he shall soon keep Tybalt company :  
And then, I hope, thou wilt be satisfied.

*Jul.* Indeed, I never shall be satisfied  
With Romeo, till I behold him—dead—  
Is my poor heart so for a kinsman vext :  
Madam, if you could find out but a man  
To bear a poison, I would temper it ;  
That Romeo should, upon receipt thereof,  
Soon sleep in quiet. O, how my heart abhors 100  
To hear him named,—and cannot come to him,  
To wreak the love I bore my cousin Tybalt  
Upon his body that hath slaughter'd him !

*La. Cap.* Find thou the means, and I'll find such a  
man.

But now I'll tell thee joyful tidings, girl.

*Jul.* And joy comes well in such a needful time :  
What are they, I beseech your ladyship ?

*La. Cap.* Well, well, thou hast a careful father, child ;  
One who, to put thee from thy heaviness,  
Hath sorted out a sudden day of joy,  
That thou expect'st not, nor I lookt not for. 110

*Jul.* Madam, in happy time, what day is that ?

*La. Cap.* Marry, my child, early next Thursday morn,  
The gallant, young, and noble gentleman,  
The County Paris, at Saint Peter's Church,  
Shall happily make thee there a joyful bride.

*Jul.* Now, by Saint Peter's Church, and Peter too,  
He shall not make me there a joyful bride.  
I wonder at this haste ; that I must wed  
Ere he, that should be husband, comes to woo.  
I pray you, tell my lord and father, madam, 120  
I will not marry yet ; and when I do, I swear  
It shall be Romeo, whom you know I hate,  
Rather than Paris :—these are news indeed !

*La. Cap.* Here comes your father ; tell him so yourself,  
And see how he will take it at your hands.

*Enter CAPULET and Nurse.*

*Cap.* When the sun sets, the air doth drizzle dew ;  
But for the sunset of my brother's son  
It rains downright.—  
How now ! a conduit, girl ? what, still in tears ?  
Evermore show'ring ? In one little body 130  
Thou counterfeit'st a bark, a sea, a wind :  
For still thy eyes, which I may call the sea,  
Do ebb and flow with tears ; the bark thy body is,  
Sailing in this salt flood ; the winds, thy sighs ;  
Who,—raging with thy tears, and they with them,—  
Without a sudden calm, will overset  
Thy tempest-tossed body.—How now, wife !  
Have you deliver'd to her our decree ?

*La. Cap.* Ay, sir; but she will none, she gives you thanks.

I would the fool were married to her grave! 140

*Cap.* Soft! take me with you, take me with you, wife.  
How! will she none? doth she not give us thanks?  
Is she not proud? doth she not count her blest,  
Unworthy as she is, that we have wrought  
So worthy a gentleman to be her bridegroom?

*Jul.* Not proud, you have; but thankful, that you have:

Proud can I never be of what I hate;  
But thankful even for hate, that is meant love.

*Cap.* How now, how now, chop-logic! What is this?  
“Proud,”—and “I thank you,”—and “I thank you  
not;”— 150

And yet “not proud:”—mistress minion, you,  
Thank me no thankings, nor proud me no prouds,  
But fettle your fine joints 'gainst Thursday next,  
To go with Paris to Saint Peter's Church,  
Or I will drag thee on a hurdle thither.  
Out, you green-sickness carrion! out, you baggage!  
You tallow-face!

*La. Cap.* Fie, fie! what, are you mad?

*Jul.* Good father, I beseech you on my knees,  
[*She kneels down.*]

Hear me with patience but to speak a word.

*Cap.* Hang thee, young baggage! disobedient wretch! 160  
I tell thee what,—get thee to church o' Thursday,  
Or never after look me in the face:  
Speak not, reply not, do not answer me;  
My fingers itch.—Wife, we scarce thought us blest  
That God had sent us but this only child;  
But now I see this one is one too much,  
And that we have a curse in having her:  
Out on her, hilding!

*Nurse.* God in heaven bless her!—  
You are to blame, my lord, to rate her so.

*Cap.* And why, my lady wisdom? hold your tongue, 170  
Good prudence; smatter with your gossips, go.

*Nurse.* I speak no treason.

*Cap.* O, God ye god-den.

*Nurse.* May not one speak?

*Cap.* Peace, you mumbling fool!  
Utter your gravity o'er a gossip's bowl;  
For here we need it not.

*La. Cap.* You are too hot.

*Cap.* God's bread! it makes me mad: day, night,  
late, early,

At home, abroad, alone, in company,  
Waking, or sleeping, still my care hath been  
To have her matcht: and having now provided  
A gentleman of princely parentage, 180  
Of fair demesnes, youthful, and nobly train'd,  
Stuft, as they say, with honourable parts,  
Proportion'd as one's thought would wish a man,—  
And then to have a wretched puling fool,  
A whining mammet, in her fortune's tender,  
To answer—"I'll not wed,—I cannot love,  
I am too young,—I pray you, pardon me;"—  
But, an you will not wed, I'll pardon you:  
Graze where you will, you shall not house with me:  
Look to't, think on't, I do not use to jest. 190  
Thursday is near; lay hand on heart, advise:  
An you be mine, I'll give you to my friend;  
An you be not, hang, beg, starve, die in the streets,  
For, by my soul, I'll ne'er acknowledge thee,  
Nor what is mine shall never do thee good:  
Trust to't, bethink you; I'll not be forsworn. [*Exit.*

*Jul.* Is there no pity sitting in the clouds,  
That sees into the bottom of my grief?  
O, sweet my mother, cast me not away!  
Delay this marriage for a month, a week; 200  
Or, if you do not, make the bridal bed  
In that dim monument where Tybalt lies.

*La. Cap.* Talk not to me, for I'll not speak a word:  
Do as thou wilt, for I have done with thee. [*Exit.*]

*Jul.* O God!—O nurse, how shall this be prevented?  
My husband is on earth, my faith in heaven;  
How shall that faith return again to earth,  
Unless that husband send it me from heaven  
By leaving earth?—comfort me, counsel me.—  
Alack, alack, that heaven should practise stratagems 210  
Upon so soft a subject as myself!—  
What say'st thou? hast thou not a word of joy?  
Some comfort, nurse.

*Nurse.* Faith, here it is. Romeo  
Is banished; and all the world to nothing,  
That he dares ne'er come back to challenge you;  
Or, if he do, it needs must be by stealth.  
Then, since the case so stands as now it doth,  
I think it best you married with the county.  
O, he's a lovely gentleman!  
Romeo's a dishclout to him: an eagle, madam, 220  
Hath not so green, so quick, so fair an eye  
As Paris hath. Beshrew my very heart,  
I think you are happy in this second match,  
For it excels your first; or if it did not,  
Your first is dead; or 'twere as good he were,  
As living here, and you no use of him.

*Jul.* Speakest thou from thy heart?

*Nurse.* And from my soul too; else beshrew them  
both.

*Jul.* Amen!

*Nurse.* What? 230

*Jul.* Well, thou hast comforted me marvellous much.  
Go in; and tell my lady I am gone,  
Having displeased my father, to Laurence' cell,  
To make confession, and to be absolved.

*Nurse.* Marry, I will; and this is wisely done. [*Exit.*]

*Jul.* Ancient damnation! O most cursed fiend!

[*She looks after Nurse.*]

Is it more sin to wish me thus forsworn,  
 Or to dispraise my lord with that same tongue  
 Which she hath praised him with above compare  
 So many thousand times?—Go, counsellor ; 240  
 Thou and my bosom henceforth shall be twain.—  
 I'll to the friar, to know his remedy :  
 If all else fail, myself have power to die. [Exit.

## ACT IV.

SCENE I. Verona. FRIAR LAURENCE'S cell.

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE *and* PARIS.*Fri. L.* On Thursday, sir? the time is very short.*Par.* My father Capulet will have it so ;  
 And I am nothing slow to slack his haste.*Fri. L.* You say you do not know the lady's mind :  
 Uneven is the course ; I like it not.*Par.* Immoderately she weeps for Tybalt's death,  
 And therefore have I little talkt of love ;  
 For Venus smiles not in a house of tears.  
 Now, sir, her father counts it dangerous  
 That she doth give her sorrow so much sway ; 10  
 And, in his wisdom, hastes our marriage,  
 To stop the inundation of her tears ;  
 Which, too much minded by herself alone,  
 May be put from her by society :  
 Now do you know the reason of this haste.*Fri. L.* [*aside*] I would I knew not why it should  
 be slow'd.—  
 Look, sir, here comes the lady toward my cell.*Enter* JULIET.*Par.* Happily met, my lady and my wife !*Jul.* That may be, sir, when I may be a wife.



*Par.* That may be must be, love, on Thursday next. 20

*Jul.* What must be shall be.

*Fri. L.* That's a certain text.

*Par.* Come you to make confession to this father?

*Jul.* To answer that, were to confess to you.

*Par.* Do not deny to him that you love me.

*Jul.* I will confess to you that I love him.

*Par.* So will ye, I am sure, that you love me.

*Jul.* If I do so, it will be of more price,

Being spoke behind your back, than to your face.

*Par.* Poor soul, thy face is much abused with tears.

*Jul.* The tears have got small victory by that; 30

For it was bad enough before their spite.

*Par.* Thou wrong'st it, more than tears, with that report.

*Jul.* That is no slander, sir, which is a truth;

And what I spake, I spake it to my face.

*Par.* Thy face is mine, and thou hast slander'd it.

*Jul.* It may be so, for it is not mine own.—

Are you at leisure, holy father, now;

Or shall I come to you at evening mass?

*Fri. L.* My leisure serves me, pensive daughter,  
now.—

My lord, we must entreat the time alone. 40

*Par.* God shield I should disturb devotion!—

Juliet, on Thursday early will I rouse ye:

Till then, adieu; and keep this holy kiss. [*Exit.*

*Jul.* O, shut the door! and when thou hast done so,  
Come weep with me; past hope, past cure, past help!

*Fri. L.* Ah, Juliet, I already know thy grief;

It strains me past the compass of my wits:

I hear thou must, and nothing may prorogue it,

On Thursday next be married to this county.

*Jul.* Tell me not, friar, that thou hear'st of this, 50

Unless thou tell me how I may prevent it:

If, in thy wisdom, thou canst give no help,

Do thou but call my resolution wise,

And with this knife I'll help it presently.  
God join'd my heart and Romeo's, thou our hands ;  
And ere this hand, by thee to Romeo seal'd,  
Shall be the label to another deed,  
Or my true heart with treacherous revolt  
Turn to another, this shall slay them both :  
Therefore, out of thy long-experienced time, 60  
Give me some present counsel ; or, behold,  
'Twixt my extremes and me this bloody knife  
Shall play the umpire ; arbitrating that  
Which the commission of thy years and art  
Could to no issue of true honour bring.  
Be not so long to speak ; I long to die,  
If what thou speak'st speak not of remedy.

*Fri. L.* Hold, daughter : I do spy a kind of hope,  
Which craves as desperate an execution  
As that is desperate which we would prevent. 70  
If, rather than to marry County Paris,  
Thou hast the strength of will to slay thyself,  
Then is it likely thou wilt undertake  
A thing like death to chide away this shame,  
That copes with death himself to scape from it ;  
And, if thou darest, I'll give thee remedy.

*Jul.* O, bid me leap, rather than marry Paris,  
From off the battlements of yonder tower ;  
Or walk in thievish ways ; or bid me lurk  
Where serpents are ; chain me with roaring bears ; 80  
Or shut me nightly in a charnel-house,  
O'er-cover'd quite with dead men's rattling bones,  
With reeky shanks, and yellow chapless skulls ;  
Or bid me go into a new-made grave,  
And hide me with a dead man in his shroud ;  
Things that, to hear them told, have made me tremble ;  
And I will do it without fear or doubt,  
To live an unstain'd wife to my sweet love.

*Fri. L.* Hold, then ; go home, be merry, give consent  
To marry Paris : Wednesday is to-morrow ; 90

To-morrow night look that thou lie alone,  
Let not thy nurse lie with thee in thy chamber :  
Take thou this vial, being then in bed,  
And this distilled liquor drink thou off :  
When, presently, through all thy veins shall run  
A cold and drowsy humour ; for no pulse  
Shall keep his native progress, but surcease :  
No warmth, no breath, shall testify thou livest ;  
The roses in thy lips and cheeks shall fade  
To paly ashes ; thy eyes' windows fall, 100  
Like death, when he shuts up the day of life ;  
Each part, deprived of supple government,  
Shall, stiff and stark and cold, appear like death :  
And in this borrow'd likeness of shrunk death  
Thou shalt continue two-and-forty hours,  
And then awake as from a pleasant sleep.  
Now, when the bridegroom in the morning comes  
To rouse thee from thy bed, there art thou dead :  
Then, as the manner of our country is,  
In thy best robes, uncover'd, on the bier, 110  
Thou shalt be borne to that same ancient vault  
Where all the kindred of the Capulets lie.  
In the mean time, against thou shalt awake,  
Shall Romeo by my letters know our drift ;  
And hither shall he come : and he and I  
Will watch thy waking, and that very night  
Shall Romeo bear thee hence to Mantua.  
And this shall free thee from this present shame ;  
If no inconstant toy, nor womanish fear,  
Abate thy valour in the acting it. 120

*Jul.* Give me, give me ! O, tell not me of fear !

*Fri. L.* Hold ; get you gone, be strong and prosperous  
In this resolve : I'll send a friar with speed  
To Mantua, with my letters to thy lord.

*Jul.* Love give me strength ! and strength shall help  
afford.

Farewell, dear father !

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE II. *Hall in CAPULET'S house.*

*Enter CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, Nurse, and  
Serving-men two or three.*

*Cap.* So many guests invite as here are writ.—

[*Exit First Servant.*

Sirrah, go hire me twenty cunning cooks.

*Sec. Serv.* You shall have none ill, sir; for I'll try if they can lick their fingers.

*Cap.* How canst thou try them so?

*Sec. Serv.* Marry, sir, 'tis an ill cook that cannot lick his own fingers: therefore he that cannot lick his fingers goes not with me.

*Cap.* Go, be gone.— [Exit Second Servant.

We shall be much unfurnisht for this time.— 10

What, is my daughter gone to Friar Laurence?

*Nurse.* Ay, forsooth.

*Cap.* Well, he may chance to do some good on her: A peevish self-will'd harlotry it is.

*Nurse.* See where she comes from shrift with merry look.

*Enter JULIET.*

*Cap.* How now, my headstrong! where have you been gadding?

*Jul.* Where I have learn'd me to repent the sin  
Of disobedient opposition

To you and your behests; and am enjoin'd

By holy Laurence to fall prostrate here,

And beg your pardon:—pardon, I beseech you!

Henceforward I am ever ruled by you. 20

*Cap.* Send for the county; go tell him of this:  
I'll have this knot knit up to-morrow morning.

*Jul.* I met the youthful lord at Laurence' cell;  
And gave him what becomed love I might,  
Not stepping o'er the bounds of modesty.

*Cap.* Why, I am glad on 't; this is well,—stand up,—  
This is as 't should be.—Let me see the county;  
Ay, marry, go, I say, and fetch him hither.— 30  
Now, afore God, this reverend holy friar,  
All our whole city is much bound to him.

*Jul.* Nurse, will you go with me into my closet,  
To help me sort such needful ornaments  
As you think fit to furnish me to-morrow?

*La. Cap.* No, not till Thursday; there is time enough.

*Cap.* Go, nurse, go with her:—we'll to church to-morrow. [Exeunt JULIET and Nurse.]

*La. Cap.* We shall be short in our provision:  
'Tis now near night.

*Cap.* Tush, I will stir about,  
And all things shall be well, I warrant thee, wife: 40  
Go thou to Juliet, help to deck up her;  
I'll not to bed to-night;—let me alone;  
I'll play the housewife for this once.—What, ho!—  
They are all forth: well, I will walk myself  
To County Paris, to prepare him up  
Against to-morrow: my heart is wondrous light,  
Since this same wayward girl is so reclaim'd. [Exeunt.]

SCENE III. JULIET'S chamber.

*Enter JULIET and Nurse.*

*Jul.* Ay, those attires are best:—but, gentle nurse,  
I pray thee, leave me to myself to-night;  
For I have need of many orisons  
To move the heavens to smile upon my state,  
Which, well thou know'st, is cross and full of sin.

*Enter LADY CAPULET.*

*La. Cap.* What, are you busy, ho? need you my help?

*Jul.* No, madam; we have cull'd such necessaries  
As are behoveful for our state to-morrow:

So please you, let me now be left alone,  
 And let the nurse this night sit up with you ;      10  
 For, I am sure, you have your hands full all  
 In this so sudden business.

*La. Cap.*                                      Good night :  
 Get thee to bed, and rest ; for thou hast need.

[*Exeunt* LADY CAPULET and Nurse.

*Jul.* Farewell !—God knows when we shall meet  
 again.

I have a faint cold fear thrills through my veins,  
 That almost freezes up the heat of life :  
 I'll call them back again to comfort me ;—  
 Nurse !—What should she do here ?  
 My dismal scene I needs must act alone.—  
 Come, vial.—      20

What if this mixture do not work at all ?  
 Must I of force be married to the county ?  
 No, no ;—this shall forbid it :—lie thou there.—

[*Laying down her dagger.*

What if it be a poison, which the friar  
 Subtly hath minister'd to have me dead,  
 Lest in this marriage he should be dishonour'd,  
 Because he married me before to Romeo ?  
 I fear it is : and yet, methinks, it should not,  
 For he hath still been tried a holy man :  
 I will not entertain so bad a thought.—      30  
 How if, when I am laid into the tomb,  
 I wake before the time that Romeo  
 Come to redeem me ? there's a fearful point !  
 Shall I not, then, be stifled in the vault,  
 To whose foul mouth no healthsome air breathes in,  
 And there die strangled ere my Romeo comes ?  
 Or, if I live, is it not very like,  
 The horrible conceit of death and night,  
 Together with the terror of the place,—  
 As in a vault, an ancient receptacle,      40  
 Where, for this many hundred years, the bones

Of all my buried ancestors are packt ;  
Where bloody Tybalt, yet but green in earth,  
Lies festering in his shroud ; where, as they say,  
At some hours in the night spirits resort ;—  
Alack, alack, is it not like that I,  
So early waking,—what with loathsome smells ;  
And shrieks like mandrakes' torn out of the earth,  
That living mortals, hearing them, run mad ;—  
O, if I wake, shall I not be distraught,  
Environed with all these hideous fears?  
And madly play with my forefathers' joints?  
And pluck the mangled Tybalt from his shroud?  
And, in this rage, with some great kinsman's bone,  
As with a club, dash out my desperate brains?—  
O, look ! methinks I see my cousin's ghost  
Seeking out Romeo, that did spit his body  
Upon a rapier's point :—stay, Tybalt, stay !—  
Romeo, I come ! this do I drink to thee.

*[She falls upon her bed within the curtains.]*

SCENE IV. *Hall in CAPULET's bouse.*

*Enter* LADY CAPULET *and* Nurse.

*La. Cap.* Hold, take these keys, and fetch more spices, nurse.

*Nurse.* They call for dates and quinces in the pastry.

*Enter* CAPULET.

*Cap.* Come, stir, stir, stir ! the second cock hath crow'd,

The curfew-bell hath rung, 'tis three o'clock :—

Look to the baked meats, good Angelica :

Spare not for cost.

*Nurse.* Go, you cot-quean, go,

Get you to bed ; faith, you'll be sick to-morrow

For this night's watching.

*Cap.* No, not a whit : what ! I have watcht ere now  
All night for lesser cause, and ne'er been sick. 10

*La. Cap.* Ay, you have been a mouse-hunt in your  
time ;

But I will watch you from such watching now.

[*Exeunt* LADY CAPULET and Nurse.

*Cap.* A jealous-hood, a jealous-hood !

*Enter three or four Serving-men with spits, and  
logs, and baskets.*

Now, fellow,

What's there ?

*First Serv.* Things for the cook, sir ; but I know  
not what.

*Cap.* Make haste, make haste. [*Exit* First Serv.]—  
Sirrah, fetch drier logs :

Call Peter, he will show thee where they are.

*Sec. Serv.* I have a head, sir, that will find out logs,  
And never trouble Peter for the matter. [*Exit.*

*Cap.* Mass, and well said ; a merry whoreson, ha ! 20  
Thou shalt be logger-head.—Good faith, 'tis day :  
The county will be here with music straight,  
For so he said he would :—I hear him near.—

[*Play music.*

Nurse !—wife !—what, ho !—what, nurse, I say !

*Enter* Nurse.

Go waken Juliet, go and trim her up :  
I'll go and chat with Paris :—hie, make haste,  
Make haste ; the bridegroom he is come already :  
Make haste, I say. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE V. JULIET'S chamber.

*Enter* Nurse.

*Nurse.* Mistress !—what, mistress !—Juliet !—fast,  
I warrant her, she :—



Why, lamb!—why, lady!—fie, you slug-a-bed!—  
 Why, love, I say!—madam! sweetheart!—why, bride!  
 What, not a word?—you take your pennyworths now;  
 Sleep for a week; for the next night, I warrant,  
 The County Paris hath set up his rest  
 That you shall rest but little.—God forgive me,  
 Marry, and amen, how sound is she asleep!  
 I must needs wake her.—Madam, madam, madam!—  
 Ay, let the county take you in your bed; 10  
 He'll fright you up, i'faith.—Will it not be?  
 What, drest! and in your clothes! and down again!  
 I must needs wake you:—Lady! lady! lady!—  
 Alas, alas!—Help, help! my lady's dead!—  
 O, well-a-day, that ever I was born!—  
 Some *aqua-vitæ*, ho!—My lord! my lady!

*Enter* LADY CAPULET.

*La. Cap.* What noise is here?

*Nurse.* O lamentable day!

*La. Cap.* What is the matter?

*Nurse.* Look, look! O heavy day!

*La. Cap.* O me, O me!—My child, my only life,  
 Revive, look up, or I will die with thee!— 20  
 Help, help!—call help.

*Enter* CAPULET.

*Cap.* For shame, bring Juliet forth; her lord is come.

*Nurse.* She's dead, deceased, she's dead; alack the  
 day!

*La. Cap.* Alack the day, she's dead, she's dead, she's  
 dead!

*Cap.* Ha! let me see her:—out, alas! she's cold;  
 Her blood is settled, and her joints are stiff;  
 Life and these lips have long been separated:  
 Death lies on her like an untimely frost  
 Upon the sweetest flower of all the field.

*Nurse.* O lamentable day!

*La. Cap.* O woeful time! 30

*Cap.* Death, that hath ta'en her hence to make me  
wail,

Ties up my tongue, and will not let me speak.

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE *and* PARIS, *with* Musicians.

*Fri. L.* Come, is the bride ready to go to church?

*Cap.* Ready to go, but never to return:—

O son, the night before thy wedding-day  
Hath Death lain with thy wife:—see there she lies,  
Flower as she was, deflowered by him.

Death is my son-in-law, Death is my heir;  
My daughter he hath wedded: I will die,  
And leave him all; life, living, all is Death's. 40

*Par.* Have I thought long to see this morning's face,  
And doth it give me such a sight as this?

*La. Cap.* Accurst, unhappy, wretched, hateful day!  
Most miserable hour that e'er time saw  
In lasting labour of his pilgrimage!  
But one, poor one, one poor and loving child,  
But one thing to rejoice and solace in,  
And cruel Death hath catcht it from my sight!

*Nurse.* O woe! O woeful, woeful, woeful day!  
Most lamentable day, most woeful day, 50  
That ever, ever, I did yet behold!  
O day! O day! O day! O hateful day!  
Never was seen so black a day as this:  
O woeful day, O woeful day!

*Par.* Beguiled, divorced, wronged, spited, slain!  
Most detestable Death, by thee beguiled,  
By cruel cruel thee quite overthrown!—  
O love! O life!—not life, but love in death!

*Cap.* Despised, distressed, hated, martyr'd, kill'd!—  
Uncomfortable time, why camest thou now 60  
To murder, murder our solemnity?—  
O child! O child!—my soul, and not my child!—

Dead art thou!—alack, my child is dead;  
And with my child my joys are buried!

*Fri. L.* Peace, ho, for shame! confusion's cure lives not  
In these confusions. Heaven and yourself  
Had part in this fair maid; now heaven hath all,  
And all the better is it for the maid:  
Your part in her you could not keep from death;  
But heaven keeps his part in eternal life. 70

The most you sought was her promotion;  
For 'twas your heaven she should be advanced:  
And weep ye now, seeing she is advanced  
Above the clouds, as high as heaven itself?  
O, in this love, you love your child so ill,  
That you run mad, seeing that she is well:  
She's not well married that lives married long;  
But she's best married that dies married young.  
Dry up your tears, and stick your rosemary  
On this fair corse; and, as the custom is, 80  
In all her best array bear her to church:  
For though fond nature bids us all lament,  
Yet nature's tears are reason's merriment.

*Cap.* All things that we ordained festival  
Turn from their office to black funeral:  
Our instruments to melancholy bells;  
Our wedding cheer to a sad burial feast;  
Our solemn hymns to sullen dirges change;  
Our bridal flowers serve for a burial corse;  
And all things change them to the contrary. 90

*Fri. L.* Sir, go you in,—and, madam, go with him;—  
And go, Sir Paris;—every one prepare  
To follow this fair corse unto her grave:  
The heavens do lour upon you for some ill;  
Move them no more by crossing their high will.

[*They all, but the Nurse and Musicians, go  
forth, casting rosemary on her.*]

*First Mus.* Faith, we may put up our pipes and be  
gone.

*Nurse.* Honest good fellows, ah, put up, put up;  
For, well you know, this is a pitiful case. [*Exit.*]  
*First Mus.* Ay, by my troth, the case may be amended.

*Enter PETER.*

*Pet.* Musicians, O, musicians, "Heart's ease, Heart's  
ease:" O, an you will have me live, play "Heart's ease." 100

*First Mus.* Why "Heart's ease"?

*Pet.* O, musicians, because my heart itself plays "My  
heart is full of woe:" O, play me some merry dump,  
to comfort me.

*First Mus.* Not a dump we; 'tis no time to play now.

*Pet.* You will not, then?

*First Mus.* No.

*Pet.* I will, then, give it you soundly.

*First Mus.* What will you give us? 110

*Pet.* No money, on my faith; but the gleek,—I will  
give you the minstrel.

*First Mus.* Then will I give you the serving-creature.

*Pet.* Then will I lay the serving-creature's dagger on  
your pate. I will carry no crotchets: I'll *re* you, I'll  
*fa* you; do you note me?

*First Mus.* An you *re* us and *fa* us, you note us.

*Sec. Mus.* Pray you, put up your dagger, and put out  
your wit.

*Pet.* Then have at you with my wit! I will dry-beat 120  
you with an iron wit, and put up my iron dagger.—  
Answer me like men:

"When griping grief the heart doth wound,  
And doleful dumps the mind oppress,  
Then music with her silver sound"—

why "silver sound"? why "music with her silver  
sound"?—What say you, Simon Catling?

*First Mus.* Marry, sir, because silver hath a sweet  
sound.

*Pet.* Pretty!—What say you, Hugh Rebeck? 130

*Sec. Mus.* I say, "silver sound," because musicians sound for silver.

*Pet.* Pretty too!—What say you, James Soundpost?

*Third Mus.* Faith, I know not what to say.

*Pet.* O, I cry you mercy; you are the singer: I will say for you. It is "music with her silver sound," because such fellows as you have seldom gold for sounding:—

"Then music with her silver sound  
With speedy help doth lend redress." [Exit. 140

*First Mus.* What a pestilent knave is this same!

*Sec. Mus.* Hang him, Jack!—Come, we'll in here; tarry for the mourners, and stay dinner. [Exeunt.

## ACT V.

### SCENE I. Mantua. A street.

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Rom.* If I may trust the flattering eye of sleep,  
My dreams presage some joyful news at hand:  
My bosom's lord sits lightly in his throne;  
And all this day an unaccustom'd spirit  
Lifts me above the ground with cheerful thoughts.  
I dreamt my lady came and found me dead,—  
Strange dream, that gives a dead man leave to think!—  
And breathed such life with kisses in my lips,  
That I revived, and was an emperor.  
Ah me! how sweet is love itself possess'd,  
When but love's shadows are so rich in joy!

10

*Enter BALTHASAR, his man, booted.*

News from Verona!—How now, Balthasar!  
Dost thou not bring me letters from the friar?  
How doth my lady? Is my father well?  
How fares my Juliet? that I ask again;  
For nothing can be ill, if she be well.

*Bal.* Then she is well, and nothing can be ill:  
 Her body sleeps in Capels' monument,  
 And her immortal part with angels lives.  
 I saw her laid low in her kindred's vault, 20  
 And presently took post to tell it you:  
 O, pardon me for bringing these ill news,  
 Since you did leave it for my office, sir.

*Rom.* Is it even so? then I defy you, stars!—  
 Thou know'st my lodging: get me ink and paper,  
 And hire post-horses; I will hence to-night.

*Bal.* I do beseech you, sir, have patience:  
 Your looks are pale and wild, and do import  
 Some misadventure.

*Rom.* Tush, thou art deceived:  
 Leave me, and do the thing I bid thee do. 30  
 Hast thou no letters to me from the friar?

*Bal.* No, my good lord.

*Rom.* No matter: get thee gone,  
 And hire those horses; I'll be with thee straight.

[*Exit* BALTHASAR.]

Well, Juliet, I will lie with thee to-night.  
 Let's see for means:—O mischief, thou art swift  
 To enter in the thoughts of desperate men!  
 I do remember an apothecary,—  
 And hereabouts he dwells,—which late I noted  
 In tatter'd weeds, with overwhelming brows,  
 Culling of simples; meagre were his looks, 40  
 Sharp misery had worn him to the bones:  
 And in his needy shop a tortoise hung,  
 An alligator stuft, and other skins  
 Of ill-shaped fishes; and about his shelves  
 A beggarly account of empty boxes,  
 Green earthen pots, bladders, and musty seeds,  
 Remnants of packthread, and old cakes of roses,  
 Were thinly scatter'd, to make up a show.  
 Noting this penury, to myself I said,  
 "An if a man did need a poison now, 50

Whose sale is present death in Mantua,  
 Here lives a caitiff wretch would sell it him."  
 O, this same thought did but forerun my need;  
 And this same needy man must sell it me.  
 As I remember, this should be the house:  
 Being holiday, the beggar's shop is shut.—  
 What, ho! apothecary!

*Enter Apothecary.*

*Ap.* Who calls so loud?

*Rom.* Come hither, man.—I see that thou art poor;  
 Hold, there is forty ducats: let me have  
 A dram of poison; such soon-speeding gear 60  
 As will disperse itself through all the veins,  
 That the life-weary taker may fall dead;  
 And that the trunk may be discharged of breath  
 As violently as hasty powder fired  
 Doth hurry from the fatal cannon's womb.

*Ap.* Such mortal drugs I have; but Mantua's law  
 Is death to any he that utters them.

*Rom.* Art thou so bare and full of wretchedness,  
 And fear'st to die? famine is in thy cheeks,  
 Need and oppression stareth in thine eyes, 70  
 Contempt and beggary hangs upon thy back,  
 The world is not thy friend, nor the world's law:  
 The world affords no law to make thee rich;  
 Then be not poor, but break it, and take this.

*Ap.* My poverty, but not my will, consents.

*Rom.* I pay thy poverty, and not thy will.

*Ap.* Put this in any liquid thing you will,  
 And drink it off; and, if you had the strength  
 Of twenty men, it would dispatch you straight.

*Rom.* There is thy gold; worse poison to men's souls, 80  
 Doing more murders in this loathsome world,  
 Than these poor compounds that thou mayst not sell:  
 I sell thee poison; thou hast sold me none.  
 Farewell: buy food, and get thyself in flesh.—

Come, cordial, and not poison, go with me  
To Juliet's grave; for there must I use thee. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Verona.* FRIAR LAURENCE'S cell.

*Enter* FRIAR JOHN.

*Fri. J.* Holy Franciscan friar! brother, ho!

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE.

*Fri. L.* This same should be the voice of Friar John.—  
Welcome from Mantua: what says Romeo?  
Or, if his mind be writ, give me his letter.

*Fri. J.* Going to find a barefoot brother out,  
One of our order, to associate me,  
Here in this city visiting the sick,  
And finding him, the searchers of the town,  
Suspecting that we both were in a house  
Where the infectious pestilence did reign, 10  
Seal'd up the doors, and would not let us forth;  
So that my speed to Mantua there was stay'd.

*Fri. L.* Who bare my letter, then, to Romeo?

*Fri. J.* I could not send it,—here it is again,—  
Nor get a messenger to bring it thee,  
So fearful were they of infection.

*Fri. L.* Unhappy fortune! by my brotherhood,  
The letter was not nice, but full of charge  
Of dear import; and the neglecting it  
May do much danger. Friar John, go hence; 20  
Get me an iron crow, and bring it straight  
Unto my cell.

*Fri. J.* Brother, I'll go and bring it thee. [*Exit.*]

*Fri. L.* Now must I to the monument alone;  
Within this three hours will fair Juliet wake:  
She will beshrew me much that Romeo  
Hath had no notice of these accidents;  
But I will write again to Mantua,



And keep her at my cell till Romeo come ;—  
 Poor living corse, closed in a dead man's tomb ! [*Exit.*]

SCENE III. *The same. A churchyard ; in it a monument  
 belonging to the CAPULETS.*

*Enter* COUNTY PARIS *and his Page, with flowers  
 and sweet water.*

*Par.* Give me thy torch, boy : hence, and stand  
 aloof ;—

Yet put it out, for I would not be seen.  
 Under yond yew-trees lay thee all along,  
 Holding thine ear close to the hollow ground ;  
 So shall no foot upon the churchyard tread—  
 Being loose, unfirm, with digging-up of graves—  
 But thou shalt hear it : whistle then to me,  
 As signal that thou hear'st something approach.  
 Give me those flowers. Do as I bid thee, go.

*Page.* [*aside*] I am almost afraid to stand alone 10  
 Here in the churchyard ; yet I will adventure. [*Retires.*]

*Par.* Sweet flower, with flowers thy bridal bed I strew :  
 [*PARIS strews the tomb with flowers.*]

O woe, thy canopy is dust and stones !  
 Which with sweet water nightly I will dew ;  
 Or, wanting that, with tears distill'd by moans :  
 The obsequies that I for thee will keep,  
 Nightly shall be to strew thy grave and weep.

[*Boy whistles.*]

The boy gives warning something doth approach.  
 What cursed foot wanders this way to-night,  
 To cross my obsequies and true love's rite ? 20  
 What, with a torch !—muffle me, night, awhile. [*Retires.*]

*Enter* ROMEO, *and BALTHASAR with a torch, a  
 mattock, and a crow of iron.*

*Rom.* Give me that mattock and the wrenching-iron.  
 Hold, take this letter ; early in the morning

See thou deliver it to my lord and father.  
Give me the light: upon thy life, I charge thee,  
Whate'er thou hear'st or seest, stand all aloof,  
And do not interrupt me in my course.  
Why I descend into this bed of death,  
Is partly to behold my lady's face;  
But chiefly to take thence from her dead finger 30  
A precious ring,—a ring that I must use  
In dear employment: therefore hence, be gone:—  
But if thou, jealous, dost return to pry  
In what I further shall intend to do,  
By heaven, I will tear thee joint by joint,  
And strew this hungry churchyard with thy limbs:  
The time and my intents are savage-wild;  
More fierce and more inexorable far  
Than empty tigers or the roaring sea.

*Bal.* I will be gone, sir, and not trouble you. 40

*Rom.* So shalt thou show me friendship.—Take  
thou that:

Live, and be prosperous: and farewell, good fellow.

*Bal.* [*aside*] For all this same, I'll hide me hereabout:  
His looks I fear, and his intents I doubt. [*Retires.*]

*Rom.* Thou detestable maw, thou womb of death,  
Gorged with the dearest morsel of the earth,  
Thus I enforce thy rotten jaws to open,

[*ROMEO opens the tomb.*]

And, in despite, I'll cram thee with more food!

*Par.* This is that banisht haughty Montague  
That murder'd my love's cousin,—with which grief, 50  
It is supposed, the fair creature died,—

And here is come to do some villainous shame  
To the dead bodies: I will apprehend him.—

Stop thy unhallow'd toil, vile Montague!  
Can vengeance be pursued further than death?

Condemned villain, I do apprehend thee:

Obey, and go with me; for thou must die.

*Rom.* I must indeed; and therefore came I hither.—

Good gentle youth, tempt not a desperate man;  
 Fly hence, and leave me:—think upon these gone; 60  
 Let them affright thee.—I beseech thee, youth,  
 Put not another sin upon my head,  
 By urging me to fury:—O, be gone!  
 By heaven, I love thee better than myself;  
 For I come hither arm'd against myself:  
 Stay not, be gone;—live, and hereafter say,  
 A madman's mercy bid thee run away.

*Par.* I do defy thy conjurations,  
 And apprehend thee for a felon here.

*Rom.* Wilt thou provoke me? then have at thee, boy! 70

[*They fight.*]

*Page.* O Lord, they fight! I will go call the watch.

[*Exit.—PARIS falls.*]

*Par.* O, I am slain!—If thou be merciful,  
 Open the tomb, lay me with Juliet. [Dies. 75]

*Rom.* In faith, I will.—Let me peruse this face:—

Mercutio's kinsman, noble County Paris!—

What said my man, when my betossed soul

Did not attend him as we rode? I think

He told me Paris should have married Juliet:

Said he not so? or did I dream it so?

Or am I mad, hearing him talk of Juliet, 80

To think it was so?—O, give me thy hand,

One writ with me in sour misfortune's book!

I'll bury thee in a triumphant grave;—

A grave? O, no, a lantern, slaughter'd youth,

For here lies Juliet, and her beauty makes

This vault a feasting presence full of light.

Death, lie thou there, by a dead man interr'd.

[*Laying PARIS in the tomb.*]

How oft when men are at the point of death

Have they been merry! which their keepers call

A lightning before death: O, how may I 90

Call this a lightning? O my love! my wife!

Death, that hath suckt the honey of thy breath,

Hath had no power yet upon thy beauty:  
 Thou art not conquer'd; beauty's ensign yet  
 Is crimson in thy lips and in thy cheeks,  
 And death's pale flag is not advanced there.  
 Tybalt, liest thou there in thy bloody sheet?  
 O, what more favour can I do to thee,  
 Than with that hand that cut thy youth in twain  
 To sunder his that was thine enemy? 100  
 Forgive me, cousin!—Ah, dear Juliet,  
 Why art thou yet so fair? shall I believe  
 That unsubstantial Death is amorous;  
 And that the lean abhorred monster keeps  
 Thee here in dark to be his paramour?  
 For fear of that, I still will stay with thee;  
 And never from this palace of dim night  
 Depart again: here, here will I remain  
 With worms that are thy chamber-maids; O, here  
 Will I set up my everlasting rest; 110  
 And shake the yoke of inauspicious stars  
 From this world-wearied flesh.—Eyes, look your last!  
 Arms, take your last embrace! and, lips, O you  
 The doors of breath, seal with a righteous kiss  
 A dateless bargain to engrossing death!—  
 Come, bitter conduct, come, unsavoury guide!  
 Thou desperate pilot, now at once run on  
 The dashing rocks thy sea-sick weary bark!  
 Here's to my love! [*drinks*]—O true apothecary!  
 Thy drugs are quick.—Thus with a kiss I die. [*Dies.* 120

*Enter, at the other end of the churchyard, FRIAR  
 LAURENCE, with a lantern, crow, and spade.*

*Fri. L.* Saint Francis be my speed! how oft to-night  
 Have my old feet stumbled at graves!—Who's there?

*Bal.* Here's one, a friend, and one that knows you  
 well.

*Fri. L.* Bliss be upon you! Tell me, good my friend,  
 What torch is yond, that vainly lends his light

To grubs and eyeless skulls? as I discern,  
It burneth in the Capels' monument.

*Bal.* It doth so, holy sir; and there's my master,  
One that you love.

*Fri. L.* Who is it?

*Bal.* Romeo.

*Fri. L.* How long hath he been there?

*Bal.* Full half an hour. 130

*Fri. L.* Go with me to the vault.

*Bal.* I dare not, sir:

My master knows not but I am gone hence;  
And fearfully did menace me with death,  
If I did stay to look on his intents.

*Fri. L.* Stay, then; I'll go alone.—Fear comes upon  
me;

O, much I fear some ill unlucky thing.

*Bal.* As I did sleep under this yew-tree here,  
I dreamt my master and another fought,  
And that my master slew him.

*Fri. L.* Romeo!—

Alack, alack, what blood is this, which stains 140

[*Stoops and looks on the blood and weapons.*

The stony entrance of this sepulchre?—  
What mean these masterless and gory swords  
To lie discolour'd by this place of peace?

[*Enters the tomb.*

Romeo! O, pale!—Who else? what, Paris too?  
And steept in blood?—Ah, what an unkind hour  
Is guilty of this lamentable chance!—

The lady stirs. [JULIET wakes.]

*Jul.* O comfortable friar! where is my lord?—

I do remember well where I should be,  
And there I am: where is my Romeo? [*Noise within.* 150

*Fri. L.* I hear some noise. Lady, come from that nest  
Of death, contagion, and unnatural sleep:  
A greater power than we can contradict  
Hath thwarted our intents: come, come away:

Thy husband in thy bosom there lies dead ;  
 And Paris too : come, I'll dispose of thee  
 Among a sisterhood of holy nuns :  
 Stay not to question, for the watch is coming ;  
 Come, go, good Juliet ; I dare no longer stay. [*Exit.*]

*Jul.* Go, get thee hence, for I will not away. 160

What's here? a cup, closed in my true love's hand?  
 Poison, I see, hath been his timeless end :—  
 O churl! drunk all, and left no friendly drop  
 To help me after?—I will kiss thy lips ;  
 Haply some poison yet doth hang on them,  
 To make me die with a restorative. [*Kisses him.*]  
 Thy lips are warm !

*First Watch [within].* Lead, boy :—which way ?

*Jul.* Yea, noise?—then I'll be brief.—O happy dagger!  
 [*Snatching ROMEO'S dagger.*]

This is thy sheath ; there rust, and let me die. 170  
 [*She stabs herself and falls.*]

*Enter Watch, with the Page of PARIS.*

*Page.* This is the place ; there, where the torch doth  
 burn.

*First Watch.* The ground is bloody ; search about the  
 churchyard :

Go, some of you, whoe'er you find attach.

[*Exeunt some of the Watch.*]

Pitiful sight ! here lies the county slain ;—  
 And Juliet bleeding ; warm, and newly dead,  
 Who here hath lain these two days buried.—  
 Go, tell the prince,—run to the Capulets,—  
 Raise up the Montagues,—some others search :—  
 We see the ground whereon these woes do lie ;  
 But the true ground of all these piteous woes 180  
 We cannot without circumstance descry.

*Enter some of the Watch, with BALTHASAR.*

*Sec. Watch.* Here's Romeo's man ; we found him in  
 the churchyard.

*First Watch.* Hold him in safety, till the prince come hither.

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE, *and another* Watchman.

*Third Watch.* Here is a friar, that trembles, sighs, and weeps:

We took this mattock and this spade from him,  
As he was coming from this churchyard side.

*First Watch.* A great suspicion: stay the friar too.

*Enter the* PRINCE *and* Attendants.

*Prince.* What misadventure is so early up,  
That calls our person from our morning rest?

*Enter old* CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, *and others.*

*Cap.* What should it be, that they so shriek abroad? 190

*La. Cap.* The people in the street cry "Romeo,"  
Some "Juliet," and some "Paris;" and all run,  
With open outcry, toward our monument.

*Prince.* What fear is this which startles in our ears?

*First Watch.* Sovereign, here lies the County Paris  
slain;

And Romeo dead; and Juliet, dead before,  
Warm, and new kill'd.

*Prince.* Search, seek, and know how this foul murder  
comes.

*First Watch.* Here is a friar, and slaughter'd Romeo's  
man;

With instruments upon them, fit to open  
These dead men's tombs. 200

*Cap.* O heaven!—O wife, look how our daughter  
bleeds!

This dagger hath mista'en,—for, lo, his house  
Is empty on the back of Montague,—

And it mis-sheathed in my daughter's bosom!

*La. Cap.* O me! this sight of death is as a bell,  
That warns my old age to a sepulchre.

*Enter old MONTAGUE and others.*

*Prince.* Come, Montague; for thou art early up,  
To see thy son and heir more early down.

*Mon.* Alas, my liege, my wife is dead to-night; 210  
Grief of my son's exile hath stopt her breath:  
What further woe conspires against mine age?

*Prince.* Look, and thou shalt see.

*Mon.* O thou untaught! what manners is in this,  
To press before thy father to a grave?

*Prince.* Seal up the mouth of outrage for a while,  
Till we can clear these ambiguities,  
And know their spring, their head, their true descent;  
And then will I be general of your woes,  
And lead you even to death: meantime forbear, 220  
And let mischance be slave to patience.—  
Bring forth the parties of suspicion.

*Fri. L.* I am the greatest, able to do least,  
Yet most suspected, as the time and place  
Doth make against me, of this direful murder;  
And here I stand, both to impeach and purge  
Myself condemned and myself excused.

*Prince.* Then say at once what thou dost know in  
this.

*Fri. L.* I will be brief, for my short date of breath  
Is not so long as is a tedious tale. 230  
Romeo, there dead, was husband to that Juliet;  
And she, there dead, that Romeo's faithful wife:  
I married them; and their stoln marriage-day  
Was Tybalt's dooms-day, whose untimely death  
Banisht the new-made bridegroom from this city;  
For whom, and not for Tybalt, Juliet pined.  
You, to remove that siege of grief from her,  
Betrothed, and would have married her perforce,  
To County Paris:—then comes she to me;  
And, with wild looks, bid me devise some means 240  
To rid her from this second marriage,



Or in my cell there would she kill herself.  
 Then gave I her, so tutor'd by my art,  
 A sleeping potion ; which so took effect  
 As I intended, for it wrought on her  
 The form of death : meantime I writ to Romeo,  
 That he should hither come as this dire night,  
 To help to take her from her borrow'd grave,  
 Being the time the potion's force should cease.  
 But he which bore my letter, Friar John, 250  
 Was stay'd by accident ; and yesternight  
 Return'd my letter back. Then all alone  
 At the prefixed hour of her waking,  
 Came I to take her from her kindred's vault ;  
 Meaning to keep her closely at my cell  
 Till I conveniently could send to Romeo :  
 But when I came,—some minute ere the time  
 Of her awaking,—here untimely lay  
 The noble Paris and true Romeo dead.  
 She wakes ; and I entreated her come forth, 260  
 And bear this work of heaven with patience :  
 But then a noise did scare me from the tomb ;  
 And she, too desperate, would not go with me,  
 But, as it seems, did violence on herself.  
 All this I know ; and to the marriage  
 Her nurse is privy : and, if aught in this  
 Miscarried by my fault, let my old life  
 Be sacrificed, some hour before his time,  
 Under the rigour of severest law.

*Prince.* We still have known thee for a holy man.— 270  
 Where's Romeo's man ? what can he say in this ?

*Bal.* I brought my master news of Juliet's death ;  
 And then in post he came from Mantua  
 To this same place, to this same monument.  
 This letter he early bid me give his father ;  
 And threaten'd me with death, going in the vault,  
 If I departed not, and left him there.

*Prince.* Give me the letter,—I will look on it.—

Where is the county's page, that raised the watch?—  
 Sirrah, what made your master in this place? 280

*Page.* He came with flowers to strew his lady's grave;  
 And bid me stand aloof, and so I did:  
 Anon comes one with light to ope the tomb;  
 And by and by my master drew on him;  
 And then I ran away to call the watch.

*Prince.* This letter doth make good the friar's words,  
 Their course of love, the tidings of her death:  
 And here he writes that he did buy a poison  
 Of a poor pothecary, and therewithal  
 Came to this vault to die, and lie with Juliet. 290  
 Where be these enemies? Capulet, Montague,  
 See, what a scourge is laid upon your hate,  
 That heaven finds means to kill your joys with love!  
 And I, for winking at your discords too,  
 Have lost a brace of kinsmen: all are punisht.

*Cap.* O brother Montague, give me thy hand:  
 This is my daughter's jointure, for no more  
 Can I demand.

*Mon.* But I can give thee more:  
 For I will raise her statue in pure gold;  
 That while Verona by that name is known, 300  
 There shall no figure at such rate be set  
 As that of true and faithful Juliet.

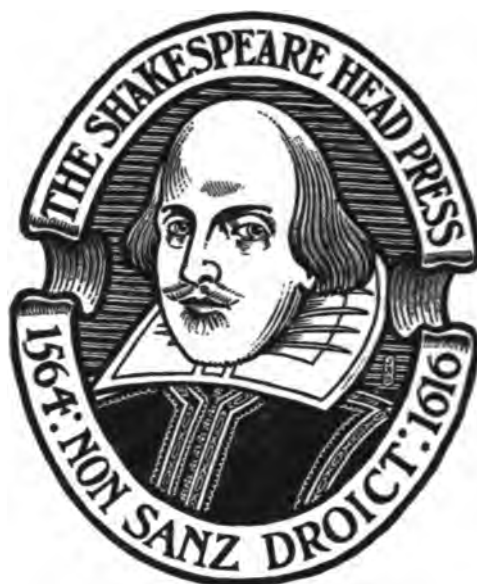
*Cap.* As rich shall Romeo by his lady lie;  
 Poor sacrifices of our enmity!

*Prince.* A glooming peace this morning with it  
 brings;

The sun, for sorrow, will not show his head:  
 Go hence, to have more talk of these sad things;

Some shall be pardon'd, and some punished:  
 For never was a story of more woe  
 Than this of Juliet and her Romeo. [Exeunt. 310

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